"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair today and Thursday; not much change in temperature.
Temperature yesterday—Max. 29, min. 22.
For full weather report see Page 17.

VOL. LXXII...No. 23,769. NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1923. TWO CENTS In Greater New York | THREE CENTS Within 300 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

TOMB TREASURES REVISE OUR IDEAS OF ANCIENT EGYPT

Artistic Attainments of the Age and Its High Civilization Had Never Been Dreamed Of.

BOOKS MUST BE REWRITTEN

More Evidence Is Found to Back Theory That Tut-ankh-Amen Was Only 18 Years Old.

IT MAY BE PROVED LATER

Excavators Face Many Months of Delicate Work to Take Objects From Newly Opened Rooms.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LUXOR, Egypt, Feb. 20.—It might be asked why not get some of the stuff out of the two chambers of the tomb of Tut-ankh-Amen that are still stored with treasures, and learn what is there. Mere human curiosity impels mightily in that direction, but curiosity must not be allowed to interfere with science.

In regard to the annex to the outer chamber I have explained before the great difficulty encountered is owing to the smallness of the present opening in the wall and to the fact that the floor of the annex is some feet lower than that of the outer chamber. Undoubtedly ultimately the opening must be carefully enlarged and the articles from the crowded floor below must be delicately lifted up to some sort of staging thrust out above till sufficient space is cleared on the floor to allow one to step down.

All this, with the extreme care that is necessary for the job, will take some time, and if done what disposition will be made of the articles taken out? At present the laboratory is crowded and the expert staff has months of work on hand with the articles already brought out. Anything more will have to be left lying round the floor of the outer chamber. That is unthinkable, so we can dismiss the suggestion of work in that annex.

Inner Chamber Still More Difficult.

Then there is the other treasure house opening off the sepulchral apartment with all its tantalizing temptation of unopened boxes. The difficulties here are much greater. How can any but the smallest objects be carried out through an apartment where there is only an eighteen-inch passage between the wall and the first screen? The tabernacles must first be taken down and each shell removed before the next can even be opened or examined. But this cannot be done with the present wall pierced by only a single small opening. That wall is only a built-up partition, or an accommodation wall, and will have to be largely demolished before the tabernacles inside can be dismounted. But the interior of this wall itself is all painted and inscribed, though the decoration apparently is not of the highest quality. All has to be carefully studied and interpreted, and if possible copied and photographed—though how it will be done in such a confined space is difficult to see.

The order of proceedings, therefore, presumably must be, first the study of the wall, secondly the demolition of a large section of the wall, thirdly the dismounting and removing of the first tabernacle, the exploring of its contents and the examination and recording, &c., of the inner surface of the new walls then exposed, which at present are inaccessible. Then there must be similar removals of the successive tabernacles with corresponding incidental work at each stage and careful handling of all the articles found. Last of all, we can get at the contents of the treasure house now exposed.

All the objects must have been put in the treasure house before the tabernacles were built round the sarcophagus, and the reverse order will have to be observed in the work of getting them out.

All this gives some conception of the embarrassments of the problem now confronting the excavaters, and suggests the impossibility of any considerable new progress this Spring. Of course, minor discoveries will continue to be made in the course of the work in the laboratory, &c., and the whole thing will be most fascinating; but the King has yet another Summer's sleep before him, undisturbed.

New Chariot Is Inferior to Others.

Among the extraordinary variety of articles crowded into the treasure house opening off the sepulchral chamber is another chariot, which seems out of character with most of the other contents. It is in a bad condition and seems to have been an inferior article compared with the fine vehicles found in the outer chamber. It is suggested that it was purely a funerary vehicle of some sort—not one of the King's usual driving chariots.

Another article in the inner chamber not mentioned before is a long gilded pole resting against the wall with what seems a large skin attached to it. It has not yet been investigated closely and no conjecture has been made in regard to its use. The only suggestion is that it has something to do with funeral rites of which we are ignorant. No one remembers that anything like it has been found before.

One of the boxes from which the lid has been lifted contains two unusually fine ushabti figures, and probably more will be found in the other boxes. The ushabtiu were supposed to be figures which would act as substitutes for the

Continued on Page Two.

Seaboard Florida Limited, 6:20 P. M. Thru sleepers, Palm Beach, Miami, Tampa, Belleair, St. Petersburg. Also 5:40 P. M., Savannah, Bradentown, Tampa, Belleair, St. Petersburg, Southern Pines, Pinehurst, Camden (stop-over privilege), and 12:45 m'd't. All serve Savannah and Jacksonville. Seaboard, 143 W. 42d St. Phone Bry. 5413.—Advt.

Boy, Standing on Hot Stove, Plugs Gas Leak With Finger

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Feb. 20.—Standing on the top of a hot kitchen range, Tony Scanapieco, a boy of 15 years, today plugged the broken end of a gas pipe with his finger while his baby sister frantically sought aid over a telephone.

A connection on the pipe became loosened and fell to the floor. Without a moment's hesitation, Tony scrambled to the top of the hot stove and pushed his finger into the pipe, shutting off the flow of gas. His sister crawled to the telephone. The operator was unable to understand the cries she heard, but notified the police, who within a few minutes broke into the house and shut off the gas.

His shoes scorched and his face drawn with pain, Tony persisted in sticking at his post until assured that all danger of an explosion was over.

22 TAKEN IN RAIDS AS COUNTERFEITERS

Federal Agents Start Round-Up of Suspects in Big Plot Centring Here.

5 CAUGHT ON LONG ISLAND

Arrests Made Without Aid of Police—Two Women Among Those Questioned.

Secret Service operatives under Captain John F. Tucker last night began a round-up of men and women in what was said to be one of the most extensive counterfeiting plots uncovered by Government officials in many years. Up to midnight twenty men and at least two women had been taken into custody. All of the prisoners were hurried to Captain Tucker's office in the Custom House.

Captain Tucker refused, however, to reveal anything about the arrests, but it was learned they were made following the discovery that an organized band of counterfeiters had been passing spurious bank notes in this city and vicinity for the last seven or eight months.

Three men and two women were arrested in a house in Third Street, Long Island City. It was said that they had been trailed to the house early in the evening by Secret Service agents, after a meeting of the leaders of the plot in Manhattan.

A group of the agents slipped into the yard of the house, and others went to the roofs of adjoining buildings, while a flying squadron of operatives forced the door in a room in the house in which the men and women were found. They were taken to Captain Tucker's office, and later, groups of agents began to arrive with other prisoners they had taken into custody in Brooklyn, Manhattan and the Bronx.

It could not be learned whether the Government officials had found the plant or plants in which the counterfeit bank notes were made. It was said, however, that the agents expected to be busy most of the night arresting others believed to be involved in the counterfeiting plot.

It was understood that the Government agents withheld information about the intended raids from the police, and that Captain Tucker had ordered all prisoners taken to his office to be questioned at length before they were sent to nearby stations to be locked up until arraigned before United States Commissioner Samuel Hitchcock this morning.

One group of Secret Service men, it was learned, arrested several men and women in a tenement at 168 Thompson Street, on the lower west side, and took them in automobiles to the Custom House. Guards were posted about Captain Tucker's office to prevent any information leaking out about the arrests.

It was said that agents from other cities were sent here to aid in a round-up of all men and women suspected of being connected with the counterfeiting plot. Each band of Secret Service agents, it was learned, was led by one of Captain Tucker's men, who for several months had been engaged in running down the band.

10,000 TACKLE NEW SNOW.

Commissioner Says Force Will Keep Streets Open.

Between two and three inches of snow was added to the month's total yesterday by a downfall that started early in the morning and continued until the early evening. More flurries were expected before daybreak, but the forecast for today and tomorrow is fair, without much change in temperature.

Street Cleaning Commissioner Alfred A. Taylor put all the city's 450 pieces of snow-fighting apparatus and 10,000 workers, including 4,000 regular employes, at work. At 10 o'clock 4,500 men relieved the regulars and the work was continued throughout the night.

"The snow is light and we anticipate no trouble in keeping the streets open," said Commissioner Taylor. "At 6 o'clock in the morning we will have 5,500 regulars and 6,000 extras at work carting away the accumulation."

W. S. S. Water. A natural laxative. American's Morning Drink. Bottled at White Sulphur Springs. Park & Tilford, Distributors.—Advt.

PROSECUTOR PUTS ANDERSON INQUIRY UP TO GRAND JURY

Pecora Announces That His Witnesses Will Be Ready on Friday.

ASKS WAIVER OF IMMUNITY

Writes Brackett to Obtain a Written Instrument From the Anti-Saloon League Head.

EX-SENATOR'S PLEA FAILS

Letter to Pecora Extols Anderson and Deplores Action of Assistant District Attorney.

Accepting an implied challenge contained in a letter received yesterday from ex-Senator Edgar T. Brackett, counsel for William H. Anderson, whose activities as State Superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League of New York have been under official investigation, Acting District Attorney Ferdinand Pecora late yesterday notified Senator Brackett that he would present the whole subject of his inquiry to the Grand Jury. Mr. Pecora said that he would convene the Additional January Grand Jury on Friday morning and have witnesses on hand.

Mr. Brackett's letter to the Acting District Attorney was as follows:

Feb. 20, 1923.

Dear Mr. Pecora:

I had thought that I had written my last letter in our correspondence. It did not, and does not, seem to me that we are getting anywhere. We have had a bully time—this epistolary sniping at each other—but no especial results.

I had hoped that:

The presumption of innocence always attaching to one accused;

The correct life that the man has led, the last ten years of which at least have been passed in a blaze that would have instantly revealed any slip or flaw;

The splendid work that he has done the people in wiping out the saloon and its attendant miseries;

The experience of all, certainly of all practitioners at the bar, that no man becomes a criminal in one step or overnight;

The fact that he could have had his tens of thousands by failing in his duty, without wrongfully taking money from friends;

That the trustees claimed to have been defrauded indignantly deny the charge;

That neither suspicion nor doubt is enough to warrant prosecution, there must be evidence.

Will Not Urge Further.

I had hoped that all these things, with a myriad of others that might be added, would move you to the conclusion that no prosecution should be undertaken, and I am sorry that they have not.

If you must, you must. I shall urge you no further.

There are one or two misunderstandings, mostly, I think, of the press, that in closing I want to clear up.

In one of my letters I said that Mr. Anderson had been indiscreet, perhaps unjust. This statement had not the slightest reference to anything here under scrutiny. I think that he has, or may have been, indiscreet through the years in antagonizing influences that he might have won over, and he has at times been unjust in his conclusions as to some men's work and motives. But, as a whole, he has accomplished great results, and petty errors must be overlooked.

You assume that Mr. Anderson had $24,000 cash from some source at one time, and draw certain inferences therefrom. You are mistaken. It was paid out as, and about as fast as, it came in. He had no such sum at any one time.

As to the business methods of the Board of Directors of the League, I leave the success of their corporation to speak. No institution with slipshod business methods could attain the success it has reached.

So, as a last word, you decide. I hope that you will decide our way, but, if you cannot and meet your views of duty, decide against us, and we must stand it.

With all good wishes to you, yours truly, EDGAR T. BRACKETT.

Mr. Pecora's Reply.

Mr. Pecora sent the following reply; Feb. 20, 1923.

Hon. Edgar T. Brackett,
120 Broadway, New York City.

Dear Senator Brackett—Your letter of this date in regard to the investigation relating to William H. Anderson has just reached me.

I agree with you as to the uselessness of further correspondence in the matter.

Under all of the circumstances which have been developed, I consider it my duty to present the whole subject of my recent inquiry to the Grand Jury for its action.

In his letter to District Attorney Banton of Sept. 30 last, Mr. Anderson implied his willingness to testify before the Grand Jury and stated

Continued on Page Five.

Czechs Sending Mission Here to Get Terms For Paying War Debt of $106,292,205

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—Czechoslovakia will soon send a financial mission to Washington to confer with the American Debt Refunding Commission relative to the debt owed to the United States. The Prague Government has so notified the State Department, through Lewis Einstein, American Minister to the Czechoslovak Government.

Coming on the heels of the agreement with Great Britain for refunding the British war debt to the United States, the decision of the Czech Government is regarded with gratification by American officials. It is expected that the mission will seek terms similar to those granted to Great Britain.

Compared with the debts owed by Great Britain, France, Italy, Belgium and Russia to the United States, the sum due from Czechoslovakia is relatively small, amounting on Nov. 15, 1922, to $106,292,205.32, of which $91,887,668.65 represented the loan and $14,404,536.67 the interest.

Czechoslovakia is one of the few countries in Europe which have recovered some measure of their financial stability since the war. The Czechoslovak crown has shown more consistency than most European monetary units, and it was pointed out at the legation today that from Jan. 28, 1922, to Jan. 31, 1923, the New York cable rate actually rose from $.0201 to $.0277, and that the crown is worth something like a third more than it was a year ago.

The latest commerce report gives the note circulation in Czechoslovakia on Jan. 23 of this year at 8,820,600,000, as compared with 9,400,000,000 crowns in circulation on Dec. 23. This constitutes a reduction for the thirty-day period of 580,000,000 crowns, and renders the paper circulation in the country the lowest since March, 1919.

Total Prague bank clearings amounted to 90,300,000,000 crowns for 1922 against 82,800,000,000 for 1921. December savings bank deposits increased 211,000,000 crowns over those for the previous month to 8,700,000, a sum approximately equal to the paper money circulation of the country.

PLEADING FOR FOOD, RUSSIA SELLS GRAIN

Petrograd Has 35,000 Tons Ready to Ship, Says American Relief Worker.

FAMINE MENACES 8,000,000

Soviet Accepts Only Cash and Print Paper for Food Exports, Declares James B. Walsh.

Shiploads of foodstuffs are being exported from Russia by the Soviet Government while appeals for 8,000,000 starving Russians are being sent out and answered all over the world, according to James B. Walsh of 61 East Sixty-fifth Street, who has just returned from Russia, where he served with the American Relief Administration. Mr. Walsh left Moscow on Jan 17, and sailed from Helsingfors, Finland.

"I was told at Ruunke, a Finnish border town," said Mr. Walsh, "that fifty-four carloads of grain (810 tons) were expected the next day, and that during the month preceding my arrival a total of 205 carloads (3,045 tons) had passed over the Russian border. But the most startling figures given me were those dealing with future deliveries of grain from a country which then was passing through famine. It was said that the Soviets were starting to ship from Petrograd alone more than 4,000 tons of grain and that for Spring and Summer delivery they would have available 35,000 tons."

The only raw material accepted by the Soviet Government in exchange for grain, Mr. Walsh said, was print paper, and that if they were unable to exchange grain for print paper the Soviets demanded payment either in Finnish marks or American dollars. Mr. Walsh declared that the export figures obtained by him tallied with those furnished to Charles G. Kagey, United States Minister to Finland. Mr. Walsh served in Ribinsk, Elizabethgrad and Saratov for the American Relief Administration. He began his relief work in Russia last April.

Shipments from Odessa.

From Odessa the Soviet Government has exported more than 50,000 tons of grains of different kinds, according to information gathered by ivestigators. Reports from Petrograd indicate that Mr. Walsh's figures on food exports were probably too conservative. These shipments included rye and other grains taken out of the Volga region itself, where starvation has made its greatest ravages. The exports from Petrograd, it is said, went to Finland and to the Scandinavian countries. The bulk of the food exports from Odessa is said to have gone into Germany.

From Novorossysk, an important port on the northeast side of the Black Sea, the Russian Government is said to have shipped 45,000 tons of rye, barley and wheat. Investigators have obtained copies of a statement by Klishko, representative of the All-Russian Co-operative Organizations, who said that the Soviet was not going to ship much grain out of the country, and that the total probably would not exceed 200,000 tons. The Russian export budget of the Board of Trade includes 7,000,000 bushels of wheat, rye and barley.

3,000,000 Children to be Fed.

While the Soviet Government is exporting foodstuffs the American Relief Administration is feeding 1,500,000 children daily, and its program calls for the feeding of 3,000,000 when the peak of relief requirements is reached in May. Ten days ago the Commission on Russian Relief, in a report to its parent organization, the National Information Bureau, Inc., estimated at 8,000,000 the number of people who would have to be fed in Russia this year. According to the commission, Kamenev said:

"Of course, owing to the extensive territory of the Russian Republic, there may be single instances of exportation of cereals, but I can assure you that this is a question of such considerable quantities and at all events of such cereals as, through transport or other reasons, cannot be utilized in the districts in need of bread."

For the work of the American Relief Administration Congress made an appropriation of $20,000,000. For medical supplies the American Red Cross gave $3,500,000, which Congress supplemented with $3,789,076 worth of surplus army medical supplies. Up to Dec. 14, 1922, the American Relief Administration had shipped into Russia more than 850,000 tons of foodstuffs, seeds, medical supplies and clothing. When it discontinued its feeding of the adult population Kamenev begged that relief be continued among 3,000,000 starving children.

Report Against German Loan Bill.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—The bill of Senator Bursum, Republican, New Mexico, for a Government loan of $1,000,000,000 to Germany for American purchases was unanimously reported adversely today by a Senate finance subcommittee.

RADIO WORLD. Stands today, 15c. Trial subs., 8 mos., $1. 1493 Broadway.—Advt.

MINERS SAY COAL IS $3.61 TOO DEAR

They Accuse Anthracite Operators of Levying This Amount Excessively as "Costs."

UNIFORM ACCOUNTING ASKED

Memorial to Coal Commission Declares Miners Are Tired of Bearing Blame for Strikes.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—Producers of anthracite, through "monopoly organization" of the industry, are taking an unjust overcharge of at least $3.61 per ton from consumers, officials of the miners' union in the Pennsylvania anthracite region charge in a memorial made public today upon its presentation to the Federal Coal Commission.

Declaring themselves "tired in the face of such figures of the operators' common cry that coal strikes are caused by the lack of ability to pay better wages," the memorial asks the commission to enforce uniform cost accounting systems, by which the facts could be determined beyond question, and to consider methods of making it possible for "men to engage in the business of mining coal to produce fuel instead of to produce profits."

Thomas Kennedy, C. J. Golden and W. J. Brennan, Presidents, respectively, of the three union districts in the anthracite region, and Ellis Searles and John Moore, representing the international organization, acting as a committee, signed the preliminary statement. Conclusions presented in it will be further explained by statistical data and additional reports which the committee intends to file later with the commission.

Overcharging in anthracite occurs in three separate divisions, the statement asserts, about $1.26 per ton being unnecessarily added as mining cost, $1 in transportation and $1.35 in distribution, while it is added that in "land owning there is an overcharge which we will not attempt to estimate, but which may become the most disturbing factor in the industry in the immediate future."

The household consumer of anthracite, it is also charged, "pays from $4 to $5 of the overcharge per ton on domestic sizes," because a part of the total anthracite production is only fit for steam firing and bears less of the overcharge claimed.

Report Overcharges $252,700,000.

Considering the whole annual output of anthracite, the committee says the overcharges alleged would result in taking $252,700,000 per year from the public in charges which its members "do not believe are inevitable or in any way necessary." Taking six of the larger corporations producing anthracite, the Lehigh Coal & Navigation Company, the Wilkes-Barre Coal Company, the Lehigh Valley Coal Company, the Philadelphia & Reading Coal and Iron Company, the Delaware & Hudson, and the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Coal Company, the committee continues, their total profit in 1920 was found to be $32,000,000 as compared with $8,800,000 in 1912. If all anthracite producers profited similarly during the period, it is added, 1920 earnings out of anthracite production would amount to $51,000,000 as compared with $18,000,000 in 1912.

The commission is asked to ascertain the facts as to production profits, because while the estimates given are asserted to be "as close to the truth as is permitted by the very limited information made public," the miners' officials have been unable to obtain all the data necessary to show the situation in its entirety.

"We therefore ask you to examine such charges on the industry with a view to eliminating everything which is unnecessary and unwarranted," the memorial says. "Until that is done, the anthracite coal industry will not be able to give the efficient public service we believe it should give. We know it is natural under the present system of long distance ownership that there should be such double charges, a keen desire for great profits and a resulting indifference to the welfare of the men who are investing their lives in the industry. You will find out that this is because the majority of the coal mined is controlled by the railroad companies, which in turn are controlled by large financial interests in New York and Philadelphia, by men who have never seen the inside of a mine. • • • We ask you to convince yourselves of these facts as we are convinced by tracing out the ownership of coal anthracite through the processes of mining, transportation and distribution—processes often controlled entirely by one interest which then takes four different profits on every ton."

If coal prices could be brought down, the memorial concludes, anthracite miners might find more regular employ-

Continued on Page Four.

BELL-ANS WILL RELIEVE YOUR Indigestion.—Advt.

ASSEMBLY ADOPTS VOLSTEAD ACT PLEA; SMITH WILL SIGN IT

Amended to Embarrass Governor by Requiring His Action, He Says "Sure I'll Sign It."

LAUGHS AT THE OPPOSITION

And Indicates That if Republicans Want to Shift Responsibility to Him, He Accepts It.

VOTE ON PASSAGE, 78 TO 64

Resolution Attacked and Defended in Lively Session Preceding Action.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 20.—With an amendment which will make it necessary for Governor Smith first to sign it and then to have it transmitted to every member of the United States Senate and House of Representatives, the Walker-Donohue concurrent resolution urging Congress to modify the Volstead law so as to permit the manufacture and sale of light wines and beer, was adopted in the Assembly this afternoon by a vote of 78 to 64. Fourteen Republicans joined with the Democratic majority in supporting the resolution, while two Democrats voted against it.

The resolution has been adopted by the Senate. The amendment requiring the Governor to sign and transmit it to Congress, which was tacked on in the Republican Assembly Judiciary Committee, however, will make it necessary to send it back to the upper house for concurrence. Favorable action by the Democratic Senate is fully expected.

There is no doubt that the amendment was proposed in the Republican Assembly Committee to embarrass Governor Smith. Somehow the impression has gone abroad that the Governor is inclined to pussyfoot on prohibition, fearing that too pronounced leanings to the "wets," if openly manifested, might how interfere with a quest for delegates to the next Democratic National Convention in the "dry" South which the Republican leaders here are fully convinced is under way with the sanction of Governor Smith. They believe that the Governor has the Presidential bee buzzing in his bonnet.

The Governor laughed outright when he learned, after the Assembly had voted, how the resolution had been amended.

"I'll Sign It," Says Smith.

"Why," he added, "it is to laugh. However, if the Republicans haven't nerve enough to go through with this themselves, and to appease their upState constituencies want to shift responsibility to me, I'll sign it for them. I started this myself. Did they think that I was going to run away from it under the circumstances? I never yet recommended anything that I was not willing to go through with."

Soon after the Assembly Judiciary Committee had handed in its report the Democrats made an attempt to restore the resolution to its original form. The initiative in this move was taken by Assemblyman McKee of the Bronx. The Republicans defeated this by a vote of 76 to 63 and then the amended resolution was taken up for final debate.

Tonight the Assembly Judiciary Committee, with only one adverse vote, that of Assemblyman Jenks of Broome, Chairman of the committee, decided to report favorably the proposed constitutional amendment introduced by Assemblyman Cuvillier of New York, which provides that amendments to the Federal Constitution submitted to the Legislature for ratification shall, before action is taken by the lawmakers, be submitted to the voters on a referendum. This measure is part of the "wet" program at the present session of the Legislature.

Today's vote in the Assembly is the first real test in the lower house to indicate its temper with regard to prohibition and prohibition enforcement. It is regarded here as foreshadowing favorable action on some one of the three pending measures providing for the repeal of the Mullan-Gage State Prohibition Enforcement act in the Assembly. There is no doubt regarding the attitude of the Democratic Senate toward that proposal. Nothing but a direct appeal from Governor Smith would be likely to prevent the passage of a repeal bill by that body.

The Assembly spent more than three hours debating the Walker-Donohue resolution, including the time consumed in defeating the Democratic attempt to defeat the amendment requiring the Governor to sign it. It is the first time

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Street Car Service Is Halted So That Scientists Can Work

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—In order to allow scientists in the geophysical laboratory of the Carnegie Institute to make delicate tests and experiments, street cars have stopped running at night on a part of Connecticut Avenue.

Dr. L. A. Bauer, Director of the Department of Terrestial Magnetism, and his staff are now determining corrections between the standard instruments in the Washington laboratory for measuring the earth's magnetism and the instruments sent to other parts of the country.

Although the street cars are half a mile away from the laboratory, the "leakage" from the electric lines affects the instruments so much that absolute precision is impossible. Therefore, for a week or two, autobuses will take the place of the "owl" service from the Calvert Street bridge to Chevy Chase Circle.

MELLON CONDEMNS LENROOT FARM BILL

Secretary Calls Rural Credits Measure "Unsound and Dangerous."

COMMENDS CAPPER'S PLAN

House Committee Is Drafting New Measure Based on the Kansas Senator's Bill.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—In a letter to Chairman McFadden, of the House Committee on Banking and Currency, Secretary of the Treasury Mellon condemns as unsound and dangerous Senator Lenroot's bill for the extension of rural credits, which has passed the Senate, and is under consideration by the House Committee on Banking and Currency. At the same time Secretary Mellon commends the rural credits bill of Senator Capper, head of the bipartisan farm bloc, and recommends that certain features of the Lenroot bill be incorporated in the Capper bill.

Secretary Mellon's letter was a good deal of a surprise. He says the Lenroot bill had some support in the belief that it would assist farmers in obtaining credits on their products, but he declares the system it proposes is financially unsound, and no benefits would come to the farmer therefrom. A sympathetic regard for the situation of the farmer under present conditions is expressed by Mr. Mellon, who shows that he is in accord with the desire for remedial legislation.

One of his statements is that students of banking have given too much attention to the commercial and industrial needs of the country, "and not enough to the vital problem of fitting our banking structure to the needs of agriculture."

A memorandum attached to Mr. Mellon's letter dissects the Lenroot bill section by section. In this memorandum it is stressed that the Lenroot measure overlaps certain discount functions of the Federal Reserve banks. The bill provides for the creation of twelve agricultural rediscount banking departments in the existing Federal Land Bank system, each with a capital of $5,000,000 to be paid in by the United States Government, and an additional $10,000,000 may be added to each department with the approval of the President of the United States.

Points to Federal Liability.

Noting that the capital of the farm credits department would be supplied entirely by the Government, the memorandum says:

"In effect, therefore, the system contemplates a policy of Government ownership and operation of an agricultural banking system through the medium of subsidiary corporations owned and operated by the United States. It does not appear to be contemplated that the United States shall be legally liable upon the debentures or other obligations of farm credits departments. Yet the moral obligation would be a strong one, for it is hardly conceivable that the United States Government would permit a corporate subsidiary owned and operated by it to default upon its just debts. In estimating the liability which the Government would assume in enacting the bill, we must therefore consider not only the technical liability, which under the bill might reach $120,000,000, but also the potential moral liability, which might be any amount up to $1,200,000,000."

Much opposition has developed in the House Committee on Banking and Currency to certain features of the Capper bill. After its meeting today the indications were said to be favorable for its adoption of most of the features of the

Continued on Page Two.

FILIBUSTER FORCES RECESS OF SENATE IN SHIP BILL FIGHT

Administration Leaders Yield at 11:30 P. M. After an All-Day Struggle.

SHEPPARD SPEAKS 10 HOURS

Utters About 60,000 Words, Which It Will Cost $1,500 to Print in Record.

RELAYS READY TO TALK

Heflin Says He May Discuss Tut-ankh-Amen—Crowded Galleries View the Scene.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—The Administration leaders failed to make good their promise to hold the Senate in session all of tonight in their resistance to the filibuster against the Ship Subsidy bill and at 11:20 P. M. agreed to a recess until 11 o'clock tomorrow morning.

The end was as sudden as it was unexpected. Senator Reed of Missouri had the floor and was proceeding merrily with a filibuster speech when he was interrupted by Senator Jones of Washington. When Mr. Jones suggested a recess Mr. Reed quickly acquiesced and the second day of the filibuster was at an end.

Mr. McKellar was ready to follow Mr. Reed when the latter concluded and he will start the proceedings tomorrow morning unless the program is changed over night.

Senator Sheppard of Texas made the longest speech of the session, ten hours and twenty-five minutes. He was followed by Senators Williams of Mississippi, Caraway of Arkansas and Reed of Missouri.

Long Delay for a Quorum.

At 11:20 o'clock tonight the Administration leaders gave up their chase of forcing an all-night session, and on motion of Senator Jones of Washington a recess was taken until 11 A. M. tomorrow.

At 8:30 o'clock tonight Senator Harrison made a point of no quorum and then followed a roast that required an hour to straighten out. As soon as the clerk began calling the roll, the Democrats went into their cloakroom, taking with them as a guest Mr. Brookhart. Their names were repeatedly called but not one emerged from the cloakroom. Three Democrats, Robinson, Reed and Hitchcock, remained in the chamber but refused to answer when their names were called.

When the Clerk announced that a quorum had not answered, Senator Robinson moved an adjournment, and when the roll call still showed that a quorum was not present, Mr. Harrison promptly repeated his point of no quorum. Still the Democrats refused to evacuate the cloakroom.

The next move was a motion by Senator Jones, directing the Sergeant-at-Arms to request the attendance of absentees. There was another roll call and the motion prevailed.

Mr. Barry entered the Democratic retreat and politely requested Messrs. Caraway, Smith, George, Brookhart and others who were in the room to appear in the Chamber. The reply was a unanimous but smiling refusal.

Mr. Lodge spied Senators Reed and Robinson quietly chatting in their seats and he suggested that their names be called. The clerk shouted the names, but the Missouri and Arkansas Senators made no response. The majority had mustered forty-one answers to the roll-call, which was eight short of a quorum.

New Orders to Sergeant-at-Arms.

Senator Jones was losing patience now. He moved that the Sergeant-at-Arms be directed to use "all necessary measures" to compel the attendance of absentee Senators.

About this time it dawned on the Administration leaders that one reason why a quorum was not to be had was the absence of thirteen pro-subsidy Senators. It was ascertained that some of them were dinner guests of Senator Frelinghuysen. About 10:20 o'clock Mr. Frelinghuysen and two of his guests, Senators Nelson and McCumber, entered the Chamber. It looked for a while, but not for long, as if a quorum might be in sight.

Senator Robinson moved a recess until noon tomorrow. The motion was lost, 30 to 9, owing to the retreat of the Democrats into their cloakroom before their names could be called. Once more the Sergeant-at-Arms was ordered to get busy. An hour and twenty-two minutes had elapsed since Mr. Harrison had made his first point of no quorum.

At 10:35 o'clock Senator Colt came into the Chamber. A moment later Messrs. Robinson and Reed responded when their names were called. A quorum was present.

Senator Reed took the floor and began a speech in which he suggested that President Harding be requested to enter into negotiations with Great Britain and France regarding the cession of the West Indies possessions of those nations to the United States. It was this speech which was in progress when the recess was taken.

$1,500 to Print Sheppard Speech.

The resumption and completion of Senator Sheppard's speech was the first move of the day in the filibuster. He had been selected to lead the filibuster for the first ten hours. His speech had begun at 6:25 P. M. yesterday and proceeded without interruption until the Senate adjourned at 10:12 P. M. Resuming at 11:25 this morning, and without stopping for lunch or even a glass of water, he continued to talk for more than six hours.

110,000,000 of Us, New Population Estimate; Total Is Expected to Be 120,000,000 in 1930

The National Bureau of Economic Research of 747 West Twenty-fourth Street has estimated that the population of the United States is growing at a steadily accelerated rate, partly by increased net immigration and partly by the decrease in the death rate. The population of the country was estimated at 110,000,000 on Jan. 1, 1923, and it was estimated that it would amount to 120,000,000 at the 1930 census.

"Because of the difficulties involved, the Census Bureau has made its estimates of the population for the intercensal years on the simple assumption that the rate of growth is the same as in the preceding decade," the bureau says.

"The census process, which is termed a straight line extrapolation, has mainly its simplicity to commend it, for, when applied, errors of considerable size gradually accumulate as changing conditions affect population growth. For example, the official method showed a population for Jan. 1, 1920, nearly 2,000,000 greater than that given by the actual census count on that date.

"Because more accurate estimates were needed by the National Bureau of Economic Research in continuation of its studies of income in the United States, Dr. Wulford I. King of the bureau's staff undertook to reduce this error. The numbers of births and deaths have been estimated for each half year, and the increase of population due to excess of births over deaths has been calculated. This amount has been corrected by adding the excess of immigration over emigration for each half year. As a test, the population for June 30, 1910, has been estimated from a smooth curve, and figures have then been built up for each half year until the census of 1920.

"The estimate thus arrived at for Jan. 1, 1920, is in error by approximately half a million, or only about one-fourth of the corresponding error resulting from the official method of estimate."

Deerfoot Farm Sausages are served by the best hotels and restaurants because of their quality. Order them by name.—Advt.

Jurists Outlaw Bombardment of Cities By Aircraft in War to Terrorize Civilians

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Feb. 20.—Although the revised rules of war recommended by the Jurists' Commission, which finished its labors and broke up yesterday, will remain a secret until the Governments have approved them, I learn that their report, which contains a draft of a code of rules for radio and for aircraft in time of war, embodies one rule about which the delegation reaches a unanimous and immediate agreement. This was a rule by which the so-called terrorization bombardment of open towns is absolutely condemned—in other words, bombardments with the only object of terrorising the population as practiced by the Germans during the recent war.

Albert Henry Washburn, American Minister at Vienna and second American delegate on the commission, is obliged to return to Vienna immediately, in order to act as President on an arbitration board on a case between Austria and Jugo-Slavia. Speaking to THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent, Mr. Washburn explained that this arbitration case concerned certain differences and difficulties of adjustment growing out of commercial treaties between Austrian and Jugoslavia. These treaties were provisional commercial arrangements for the reciprocal exchange of commodities just after the armistice, but still holding good, and of which there is at present no thought of terminating.

The Arbitration Board will be composed of three members of each of the interested countries, and Mr. Washburn as neutral President.

"The Dancing Girl." Musical Triumph. New Winter Garden, B'way & 50th.—Advt.

P. M. he yielded to Senator John Sharp Williams of Mississippi.

Mr. Sheppard talked at the rate of about 6,000 words an hour, the total of words, all of which will be printed in the Record, being estimated at about 60,000. The cost of printing the speech at $30 a page will be about $1,800.

Warned Not to Talk Too Fast.

Once in the course of the day Senator Brookhart became alarmed because of an apparent speeding up of delivery by Senator Sheppard. The Iowa Senator approached the Texan, and in a voice that could be heard in the galleries admonished him to talk more slowly.

"Conserve your voice, slow down. This is no time to rush matters," said Mr. Brookhart.

Mr. Sheppard smiled and thereafter spoke a little more slowly. When warned by Mr. Brookhart he was talking the story of the King of Hedjaz.

Near the close of his speech Senator Sheppard suggested that certain quoted parts of his speech be printed without reading.

"No, no," interrupted Senator Harrison. "Read it all or else let the clerk read it. This is too important. We must hear it all, every word of it."

Senator Sheppard replied with a weary "I will" and proceeded to read the regulations governing the League of Nations.

Congratulated by Associates.

When Senator Sheppard concluded his speech Messrs. La Follette, Brookhart, Heflin and Jones of New Mexico went over and congratulated him. Mr. Brookhart said it was a splendid service he had rendered and that he hoped to be able at least to equal the record of the Texas Senator. Mr. Heflin also indicated that he would be heard from soon, and it is rumored that his topic will be the Federal Reserve Board.

Medill McCormick ambled over from the Republican side. He slapped Mr. Sheppard on the back.

"Morris, you little devil," said Mr. McCormick.

"Yes, some little devil," Senator Harrison remarked.

Spoke Only at the League.

The speech of Senator Sheppard had to do entirely with the work of the League of Nations. It was a story that began in London, moved thence to Paris and Berlin, across the Atlantic to Washington, back again to Paris and Rome, east to Athens, Constantinople and Arabia, and on to the islands of the Pacific, after which the road was from London to India, the Holy Land and Albania.

The program of the filibusters calls for speeches, or rather long-distance talking fests, by Senators McKellar, Harrison, Brookhart and La Follette, with such talkers as Borah, Stanley, Williams, Norris, Fletcher and other foes of the subsidy filling in as the occasion may demand.

Senator Harrison, it is said, will read and describe the bills now on the Senate calendar. Senator Stanley's speech will be captioned "Topics of the Hour." Mr. Borah will discuss Russia, while Mr. Brookhart is expected to inform his colleagues what the farmers out West think of them.

Endurance Test Accepted.

The Administration leaders admit their helplessness and have settled down for a fight to a finish. There appears to be just one way by which the deadlock may be broken, and that is to keep the Senate in continuous sessions until the filibusters wear themselves out. Whether this plan of campaign will work only time can tell. Tonight there is no sign of a break anywhere in the ranks of the filibusters.

Senator Jones announced early in the day that the Senate would continue in session all night and continuously after that, if necessary, to force a vote on the Ladd motion to supplant the subsidy bill with the Filled Milk bill. The Washington Senator said that he had not the remotest intention of giving in and that no matter how long the filibuster continued he would see to it that there was always a quorum of Administration Senators within call.

"There is nothing to do but force the issue," said Senator Jones, "and that is what we are going to do. We cannot stop them from talking, but so long as they insist on talking we can keep them at it."

La Follette Holds the Record.

The longest continuous speech ever made in a Senate filibuster was delivered by Mr. La Follette in 1908 in the debate on the Aldrich-Vreeland Emergency Currency act. On that occasion he held the floor for eighteen hours and twenty-three minutes.

In the free silver debate of 1893 Senator Allen of Nebraska held the floor all night, while in 1914 in a filibuster against the Rivers and Harbors bill Senator Burton of Ohio spoke from 5:55 P. M. until 6:05 the following morning.

The longest continuous session of the Senate was forced by the Democrats in 1915 during the debate to authorize the appointment of a Shipping Board to operate an American merchant marine. Among other things the bill authorized the purchase of the interned German vessels. In that filibuster Senator Jones of Washington, who is in charge of the pending shipping bill and who is leading the fight to break the deadlock, was one of the chief cogs in the machine that opposed the Wilson measure. He held the floor for many hours.

And now," said an Anti-Subsidy Senator today, "he is getting a good dose of his own medicine."

Senator McKellar is ready to begin reading the speech that Senator Smoot made in the closing days of the Sixty-fourth Congress in 1915. Mr. Smoot used up 15 hours and 25 minutes on that speech, which was in opposition to acquiring by purchase the German vessels then interned. Senator McKellar said that he believed he could, by taking his time, stretch the speech to about thirteen hours.

Williams Defends Filibuster.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20 (Associated Press).—In the Senate filibuster Senator Williams spoke for about three-quarters of an hour early tonight, and then Senator Caraway of Arkansas took up the burden during the dinner hour with a speech vigorously criticising President Harding for the "wholesale dismissal" of Bureau of Engraving employes nearly a year ago.

Senator Williams said that filibustering was justifiable in two situations: to protect State rights and "when an accidental, incidental, temporary majority tries to forestall the future and defeat the will of the people as expressed at the last election."

The Mississippi Senator referred to the "lame ducks" as "mis-representatives" owing to their defeat, and said that everybody knew the Shipping bill could not pass in the next Congress.

Attacking the recent speech of Senator Underwood of Alabama, the Democratic leader, in favor of the majority right to have a vote on the measure, Senator Williams said that Mr. Underwood's position was "illogical and would lead to unethical results." Referring to the right of lame duck Senators to vote he declared:

"It is unethical and immoral to put this legislation over. It is treason to democracy. We should prevent it by every means within our power."

The cry of filibustering was hurled back at the Republicans by Senator Williams, who said that Senator Jones, in charge of the Shipping bill, was the "chief and head of the filibusters by keeping other legislation that the people are in favor of."

May Talk of Tut-ankh-Amen.

Senator Heflin said he might contribute to the filibuster by discussing the discovery of the tomb of King Tut-ankh-Amen.

"I have been reading about old Tut, and if it is true that he was the Pharaoh of the Exodus the Bible accounts would tend to indicate that he was the originator of the deadly deflation policy put into effect by W. P. G. Harding as head of the Federal Reserve Board in 1920," said Senator Heflin, who scarcely lets a week pass without attacking former Governor Harding and his administration of the Federal Reserve system.

An endeavor to bring about a recess through an offer to vote at 12 o'clock tomorrow on the pending Ladd motion to displace the Shipping bill with the filled milk measure was made by Senator Robinson of Arkansas, but Senator Jones objected, saying that he believed the Senate should continue in session.

The proceedings tonight attracted crowded galleries, and long lines of persons unable to get seats extended far down the corridors.

WILL NOT CHANGE IMMIGRATION LAW

Republican Leaders Decide Congress Cannot Pass New Act at This Session.

TOLD OF LABOR SHORTAGE

Representatives of Many Industries Declare That Lack of Foreign Laborers Is Hampering Progress.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—Although witnesses representing many industries urged the Senate Committee on Immigration today to let down the bars to admit labor from abroad, Republican leaders decided, after conferences with Senators and Representatives, that no change shall be made by this Congress in the restriction law.

Senate leaders said that, even though the House passed the new bill, based on 2 per cent. of the 1890 census, instead of 3 per cent. of the 1910 census, as at present, the Senate could not, under present conditions in its chamber, enact new immigration legislation. Opposition to the changed basis and exclusion of Japanese were issues in the new bill which would make its acceptance doubtful at any time, and certainly it could not be passed now, with the filibuster in progress, Senate leaders said.

Witnesses before the Senate Committee on Immigration today argued that economic chaos would follow if the present shortage in common labor continued. Fourteen representatives of as many industries were among those who sought to demonstrate that there was a shortage of labor in many of the great producing States.

The testimony was in support of the bill introduced by Senator Colt of Rhode Island, which provides that the immigration quota be figured on the net instead of the inflexible 3 per cent. basis, and that the Secretary of Labor have power to permit the admission of immigrants in excess of the quota when such necessity is made clear to meet certain industrial requirements.

Opposed to "Prohibition" of Labor.

James A. Emery, general counsel of the National Association of Manufacturers, headed the group of manufacturers heard. He told the committee the manufacturers were not opposed to "restriction," but did not believe in "prohibition" of immigration. He said they did not maintain that there was a general shortage of labor, but that there was a decided shortage in certain industries, which threatened industry as a whole.

Mr. Emery testified that the United States was dependent on foreign labor for development; that up to 1919 the average net immigration had grown to something more than 925,000 a year, but that the war reduced it to a minimum, and there had been only one year of considerable immigration since. The inevitable result, he said, was a drain on industries that could not be supplied from native channels and had not been met through those channels in many years.

R. C. Marshall Jr., General Manager of the Associated General Contractors, testified that there was an actual labor shortage in the construction industry, and there "would be a need for 300,000 more men than they were going to have this Spring."

Senator Colt, Chairman of the Committee, asked if construction was held back because of inability to get labor. Mr. Marshall said that this was true, adding that he had recently come from Los Angeles, where 300 contractors did not see how their program for the Spring could be carried out.

R. M. Welch of the Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company of Youngstown, Ohio, said there was a shortage of common labor, not only in his particular mills but in the Youngstown section generally, and that this was reflected in the labor above common. His plant now needed 300 laborers, and there was a similar shortage throughout the iron and steel industry.

Says Miners Are Unavailable.

Mr. Welch said it was impracticable for the steel plants to use unemployed miners, as the transportation expense was a serious drawback.

Some members of the committee seemed to think that as the steel industry had run full blast during the war there should be little trouble now in obtaining labor for all jobs, but Mr. Welch replied that during the war many so-called non-essential industries were closed down and their employes sought places in the steel mills.

Asked by Senator Willis of Ohio, what would happen if the immigration bars were kept up, the witness said the time would soon come when people would quit buying goods at the high prices required to be asked because of high prices of production due to an extent to high wages for common labor.

Senator King, of Utah, remarked that he was opposed to the Colt bill, saying, "Any form of contract labor savors much of servitude and causes a revulsion of feeling on the part of the American people."

Advocates of the bill replied that the plan proposed in the Colt bill was similar to one adopted after the Civil War, and that Lincoln favored the idea.

Frank W. Noxon of the Railway Business Association of Philadelphia said there was a shortage in the railway business and that replies to a questionnaire had shown a shortage of 31,000 men. If the same ratio were applied to all members of the association, he said, there would be a shortage of 265,000 men. There would be need, he said, "for 300,000 men in the railway business in the Spring."

S. H. Kincott, representing the Immigration Restriction League, appeared in rebuttal of the claims of the manufacturers. He favored further restriction and contended that there was no such shortage as claimed.

Representative Albert Johnson, Chairman of the House Immigration Committee, who denounced "preying immigration lawyers" yesterday and said they were housed in a New York city building known as the "Den of Forty Thieves," still declined to divulge the location of the building.

"I intend to make my information against these lawyers more effective," he said. "I will tell the Grand Jury about their doings very shortly."

SUPREME COURT SPEEDS UP

Revives Old Rule Which May Throw Out a Number of Cases.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—A long-disregarded regulation of the Supreme Court, which requires that the record of each case must be printed within ninety days after it has been docketed, was revived by the court today as a part of its effort to simplify and expedite the business brought before it.

Attorneys predicted that as a result a number of cases would be stricken from the docket. In recent years it has not been customary to prepare the records for printing until just before arguments are begun, the delay sometimes amounting to as much as two years. Hereafter, however, if any litigant fails to complete his record within the ninety-day limit his case will be dismissed.

STANDS BY OUR CONSULS.

United States Refuses to Recede From Position in Newcastle Case.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—The American reply to the last British communication in the Newcastle consulate case has been forwarded by mail to Ambassador Harvey in London for presentation to the British Foreign Office. Pending its arrival in London, the text will not be made public.

There is reason to believe that the communication reaffirms the position taken by the Washington Government at the time the consulate was ordered closed and when charges had been made by the British Foreign Office alleging improper exercise of authority by Consulate Officers Brooks and Slater. At that time the exequaturs of the two officers were canceled by the British Government, on the basis of the charges that they had discriminated against British shipping interests by persuading travelers to patronize American ships.

After three separate investigations had been made by direction of the State Department, the Washington Government held that the allegations were, in the opinion of its officials, without basis of fact, and the British Foreign Office was advised that the consulate would be kept closed until Slater and Brooks had been publicly exonerated.

There has been, during the prolonged correspondence between the two Governments, no indication that the Washington Government has seen any reason to recede from its original position, and the new communication is understood to make this clear and reassert the belief that the two officials should be publicly cleared by some formal action of the British Foreign Office, thus removing from the records of the two consular officers all trace of the charges now resting against them.

PRESSING NEW FOR CABINET

He Declines Porto Rico Post and Friends Renew Campaign.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—Senator New of Indiana, who has been mentioned for various Federal positions in view of his coming retirement from the Senate, is understood to have declined to permit his name to be considered in connection with the Governorship of Porto Rico. As a result his supporters are concentrating their efforts toward his selection to a place in the Cabinet, and they predicted today that President Harding would eventually decide to make him Postmaster General, despite the protest presented at the White House by some Indiana Republicans. The President was said to have been on the verge of a decision several times, but to have delayed final action in order to give consideration to all the elements involved.

The general expectation is that Mr. Harding will announce within a few days his selection of a new Secretary of the Interior to fill the vacancy which will be caused by the retirement of Secretary Fall. It has been indicated that the post would be given to Postmaster General Work and that the latter might be succeeded by Assistant Secretary Bartlett if the President decided not to appoint Senator New. The Interior portfolio already has been declined by Secretary Hoover and by John Hays Hammond, now head of the Coal Commission.

Elimination of Senator New as a possibility for Governor of Porto Rico is expected to make it possible for the Administration to decide on a choice for that place in the very near future.

Acceptance of the resignation of E. Mont Reily as Governor of the Island was announced formally today, but Administration spokesmen would give no hint of his probable successor.

ASK POST FOR GEN. HINES.

Calder and House Delegation Back Him for Veterans' Bureau.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—Senator Calder and other members of the New York delegation in Congress have recommended Brig. Gen. Frank T. Hines, chief of transportation of the army during the World War and now head of the Baltic Steamship Corporation of America, with headquarters in New York, for appointment as chief of the Veterans' Bureau.

At the request of President Harding, Secretary Weeks has sent General Hines's army record to the White House. It is understood that the Secretary has told the President that he regards General Hines as an extremely competent man.

The question of a head for the Veterans' Bureau is understood to be still under consideration.

HAYS NAMED IN MOVIE SUIT.

Jersey Man Asks $150,000—Charges Producers Plot to Ruin Him

NEWTON, N. J., Feb. 20.—Sidney E. Samuelson of the Park Theatre here today began suit for $150,000 in the Supreme Court of New York against Will H. Hays and all members of the Motion Picture Producers and Distributors of America, Inc., of which the former Chairman of the Republican National Committee is President.

Mr. Samuelson charges that a conspiracy exists against theatre owners whom the corporation is trying to make subservient to the interests of a motion picture trust. The corporation is made co-defendant with the Famous Players-Lasky Corporation, Associated First National Pictures, Inc., and forty-two other producers.

Mr. Samuelson alleges conspiracy to ruin his business by injuring his credit.

Philadelphia Mayor Quits Fair Board

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 20.—Mayor J. Hampton Moore today resigned from the Board of Directors of the Sesquicentennial Exhibition Association. The Mayor said that recently it had been impossible to "render the service which should be expected of a Director," and that he resigned in order that his place could be filled by some one "who may be more helpful."

The Directors adopted a resolution requesting the Fairmount Park Commission to give a definite answer at its next meeting on March 14 as to its approval or disapproval of the Parkway-Fairmount Park site recommended by the association for the proposed exposition in 1926.

Noted Oklahoma Bandit Caught.

SALLISAW, Okla., Feb. 20.—Ed. Lockardt, a noted Oklahoma bandit and companion of Henry Starr, who was killed in an attempted robbery of the People's Bank of Harrison, Ark., two years ago, was captured here early today, with his brother, Sam Lockardt, and E. Matt Carlisle. Owing to the closing of the Sallisaw Bank and Trust Company on Saturday, a considerable sum was brought to Sallisaw by another bank, and it was generally known that the cash was being held in the bank's vault.

Twelve-Mile Zero Trip in Pajamas.

ROCHESTER, Feb. 20.—Clad only in night clothes and a pair of light bedroom slippers, Harold Schlicker, an inmate of the State Agricultural and Industrial School at Industry, twelve miles from here, was found today by a patrolman as he crouched near the firebox in the cab of a locomotive after having fled from the school last night, plodding his way through fields and roads deep with snow and with the mercury hovering close to the zero mark.

Indictment Is Based on Horse's Kick

CLARKSBURG, W. Va., Feb. 20.—An indictment charging a man with the death of another who was killed by a horse's kick was returned today by the Gilmer County Grand Jury, sitting at Glenville. It is for manslaughter and is against Morgan James, a Gilmer County farmer, for the death of Will Marks, another farmer, who was almost instantly killed when kicked by a horse which he acquired in a trade with James.

REPUBLICAN CAUCUS DELAYED BY BLOC

Advocates of Selection of a House Leader This Month Find Opposition Too Strong.

WILL MEET IN NOVEMBER

Democrats Will Revive Old Fight for Larger Membership on Important Committees.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—Opposition of the farm bloc and radical progressive members from Wisconsin to the holding of a Republican caucus on Feb. 23 to select a floor leader for the next House has caused the leaders to abandon this program. The caucus will be held early in November.

Friends of Representative Longworth, the first to advocate the caucus long in advance of the assembling of the next Congress, found that some of their most ardent supporters were opposed to early action. They were compelled to concede to the demand, fearing that if they forced the caucus, as they could, Mr. Longworth might lose the votes necessary to elect him leader.

The Democratic caucus for floor leader also will not be held until a few days before the December meeting.

Indications are that a caucus of the Republican House members will be held the last of the month to select the committee on committees and authorize it to select the Appropriations Committee for the next House. This plan is deemed necessary because the Appropriations Committee usually begins its work a month in advance of the convening of Congress.

There will be a revival of the old fight by the Democrats to increase their membership on committees. Their increased strength in the House, they say, justifies the increasing of Democratic assignments by at least three on the Ways and Means Committee and five on the Appropriations Committee.

At present ten Republicans are on the Ways and Means and eight Democrats. The Democratic leaders are prepared to fight for twelve members, and they expect to obtain the support of the radical La Follette followers in the House, who have enough votes to control the situation. Led by Representative Frear, the radicals are said to be anxious to make this right, because if the Democrats obtain an additional representation of four Mr. Frear believes he and his followers, in combination with the Democrats, will be able to control the character of taxation legislation.

There will be four vacancies in the Republican representation on the Ways and Means because of the absence of Representatives Fordney, Copley, Chandler and Bowers. All except the first were defeated for re-election. Mr. Fordney retired. Representative Green of Iowa will become Chairman of this committee if the seniority rule is followed. His views are regarded as none too conservative by the Eastern members, and therefore the Republican leaders will oppose increasing the Democratic representation, lest control should rest with the Democrats and radical Republicans.

RUMANIA TRIES MAGYARS.

Begins Court-Martial of Seven Charged With Plot to Kill the King.

BUCHAREST, Rumania, Feb. 20.—The trial was begun today before a military court of seven Hungarians charged with plotting to assassinate the King. The Hungarians admitted that they were members of the organization known as "the awakening Hungarians." Likewise they were in close contact with the Fascisti and secret German patriotic organizations. They looked upon the King as the head of an enemy Government.

It is asserted that the leader of the Hungarians, Garocsy, has confessed.

The life of Queen Marie was not threatened.

Music Unseats Canadian M. P.

OTTAWA, Ont., Feb. 20.—Music from a band on Election Night cost R. M. Johnson his seat in the House of Commons as member from Moose Jaw, Saskatchewan. In filing his election expense returns Mr. Johnson neglected to itemize the fact that he hired a band to play "Hail to the Chief." The Supreme Court of Canada today dismissed Johnson's appeal from a ruling of a Saskatchewan election court and voided the election.

Canada Open to Pan American Bid.

OTTAWA, Feb. 20.—John Barrett, former Director General of the Pan American Union, left for Montreal tonight after discussing the Union with Premier King and James A. Robb, Minister of Trade and Commerce. No official intimation was given by Premier King as to what attitude Canada would take if invited to become a member of the Union, but it is understood that the Government would regard an invitation favorably.

PROMINENT UTAH MEN ARRESTED FOR SMOKING

They Are Seized in a "Public Place" as Campaign to Enforce the Law Is Pressed.

SALT LAKE CITY, Feb. 20.—Three prominent Salt Lake City citizens were arrested by Deputy Sheriffs in a downtown restaurant at noon today and a fourth man was named later in a warrant charging violation of that section of the State Anti-Cigarette law which prohibits smoking in public places.

Ernest Bamberger, Republican National Committeeman for Utah and recently an unsuccessful Republican candidate for United States Senator; Edgar Newhouse, official of the American Smelting and Refining Company, and John C. Lynch, a local capitalist, were arrested in the café. The warrant was for A. N. McKay, general manager of The Salt Lake Tribune. All four were released on their personal recognisance.

Bamberger, Lynch and Newhouse were having an after-dinner smoke when the deputies entered. Bamberger and Lynch were puffing cigars and Newhouse had a cigarette. McKay bought a cigar at the restaurant counter, and is alleged to have lighted it before leaving the place.

The arrests were in line with the announced intention of new county peace officers to enforce the Anti-Cigarette law to the letter. Scores of arrests have been made in the last few weeks of dealers who continue the sale of cigarettes. Cigarette prices have mounted in consequence.

RABBI IS UNFROCKED.

Leaves His Home in the Bronx After Trimming His Long Beard.

Rabbi Yahouda Elfenbein of the Congregation Tiferith, the Bronx, was unfrocked on Monday night by a committee of the Union of Orthodox Rabbis. The meeting was held at the office of the union, 130 East Second Street.

Elfenbein came from a town in Austrian Galicia. He had been charged in Europe with having been concerned in some of the false charges of ritual murders of Christians made against Jews in Galicia in 1889 and 1900.

Elfenbein, who lived at 2,572 Bainbridge Avenue, the Bronx, left there last evening, saying he was going to leave New York City. He had trimmed his long beard and was dressed in a gray business suit. Before leaving he called on members of his former congregation to say good-bye.

Samuel Berger, President of the congregation, said that Elfenbein had been dismissed as rabbi before he was unfrocked because he could not get along with the children in the congregation's school. He added that the charge that Elfenbein had testified against Jews in ritual murder cases was a surprise to him and other members of the congregation.

MEXICO FEARED 'NEW TEXAS'

Could Not Permit Americans to Buy Vast Tract, Official Explains.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, Feb. 20.—Charges that the purchase of the Terrazas estate in Chihuahua was a financial disaster for the Government, were denied today by the Under Secretary of the Treasury Luis Leon. He declared the Government was forced to purchase as Terrazas was entering negotiations with the McQuatters Syndicate backed by American capital.

The Government, said Señor Leon, could not permit a large extension of land situated in the heart of the State of Chihuahua to pass into American hands. If this were permitted, he added, it might form a new Texas, referring to the first division of Mexican territory.

TWO BURN IN THEIR HOME.

Father Learns of Children's Death While at Bedside of Another.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Feb. 20.—At the bedside of a son, critically ill in a hospital here, Charles Bailey received word today that his home at Crosby, Pa., was swept by fire last night and two of his children were burned to death. The dead are Charles Bailey Jr., 12 years old, and Genevieve, 4.

Wilson Bailey, 22 years old, was seriously burned while trying to rescue other members of the family.

Mexican Financial Mission Coming.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, Feb. 20.—A Mexican financial commission, accompanied by A. De Lima, an American banker, will leave here Thursday to study minor points connected with the Lament-De La Huerta agreement.

Man 69 Years Old Commits Suicide.

After leaving a note directing a friend to take care of his body, Edward Berkkheim, 69 years old, of 304 East Eightieth Street, committed suicide in his room last night by inhaling illuminating gas.

Death Sentence for Attack on Lenin

RIGA, Feb. 20.—The Supreme Court at Moscow has sentenced to death Colonel Svejevski for complicity in a recent attempt on Nikolai Lenin's life.

POLES PUT BLAME ON THE LITHUANIANS

Assert the Latter Are Provoking Hostilities by Attacks in the Neutral Zone.

LITHUANIA RUSSIA'S TOOL?

This Accusation Is Made by Both Poles and French as Moscow Proffers Mediation.

WARSAW, Feb. 20 (Polish Telegraph Agency).—Premier Sikorski today gave out a statement in regard to the incidents between the Poles and Lithuanians during the taking over of the neutral zone near Vilna. The statement, called forth by a communiqué recently given out by the Lithuanian Legation in Paris, was as follows:

"Poland, during the taking over of that part of the neutral zone assigned to Poland by the Council of the League of Nations, has adhered with scrupulous exactness to the line and limitations laid down by the League.

"Poland carried out the mandate to take possession of that part of the neutral zone exclusively with the aid of police and two battalions of customs guards who took up their duties along the new line of demarcation.

"These forces were very small, considering the extent of the operations, and particularly since it had been known and was expressly declared by the Lithuanian Prime Minister that the Kovno Government would resist Poland's occupation of the part of the neutral zone awarded to her by the League of Nations.

"By her procedure, which consisted in using only administrative officials and not soldiers, Poland has wished on the one hand to prove her peaceful intentions in the fullest sense of the word, and on the other hand to avoid giving the Lithuanian Government a pretext for the continuation of the latter's provocative methods toward Europe, just as the Lithuanian Government is trying to use armed provocation toward Poland.

"It is idle to talk of numerous encounters between detachments of regular troops in the neutral zone, as was done in the statement of the Lithuanian Legation. While taking possession of the neutral zone there were only disarmed bands called 'Szaulis.'

"Today, however, I have to call attention to attacks by detachments of regular Lithuanian troops upon the Polish police and customs guards. On the Polish side the losses so far suffered in this action have been ten killed and sixteen wounded.

"Attempts to attribute to these incidents the character of regular military engagements and to exaggerate the number of wounded, as well as other similar tricks, are devoid of all foundation and have been made consciously by the Lithuanians in order to give the impression that the Polish action, which is legally justified and is based on international authority, signifies the beginning of a turmoil of war in Eastern Europe.

"I declare categorically that the Polish Government has up to the present time shown the greatest possible moderation in this question.

"It is not impossible that the Polish police and customs guards, under the pressure of attacks from regular Lithuanian detachments, may be forced to quit localities occupied by them, in view of the fact that it is not within the province of the police to undertake regular military activities.

"The police and customs battalions guarantee solely and exclusively the public safety in the localities recently occupied, in which the population has received the Polish authorities with so much enthusiasm and has expressed its delight at the termination of the state of anarchy which had prevailed there, and at the introduction of a normal condition of affairs based on the rule of law.

"It is evident that Poland cannot tolerate on her frontiers a state of affairs which would humiliate her.

"It is Lithuania, solely and exclusively, that will be responsible for further events, which she has provoked lightheartedly in a way which I cannot understand."

Paris Sees Peril in the Situation.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Feb. 20.—According to information reaching the French Foreign Office, the situation between Poland and Lithuania is full of danger. Some hostilities have been going on for two days.

The League of Nations, on Feb. 3, rendered a decision regarding the Polish Lithuanian frontier in the Vilna region, giving the Kovno-Vilna Railroad to Poland. The Lithuanian delegate at the time of the meeting, which was held in Paris, refused to accept the decision, but the Council of the League ruled it stood nevertheless, and that Poland had full right to occupy the section assigned her. On Feb. 4 Warsaw notified Kovno of the Polish intention to occupy the part of the neutral zone assigned her, and a week ago started to do so. There were some local skirmishes, but the Lithuanian troops generally withdrew. For the last two days there has been artillery action on both sides, said to have been started by the Lithuanians' firing upon villages in the region occupied by the Poles.

After having refused to accept the League's decision, Lithuania, strangely enough, has now appealed to the Council of the League to intervene to prevent war.

The Poles deny emphatically the Lithuanian charge that they have trespassed on the section assigned to the Kovno Government.

Reports received by French officials here say that the Lithuanians have massed considerable forces of troops, not only opposite the Polish troops relating the newly acquired sector, but also in the region of Orany, on the Polish border.

It is the belief in Paris that the Moscow Government is pushing the Lithuanians to try to seize the section given to Poland. The Temps says tonight:

"This affair would not be important were it not for the role of Soviet Russia. The Moscow Government has told Kovno that it will not disinterest itself, and that it considers Russia menaced because the Kovno-Vilna Railroad is completely in Polish hands."

The Temps says that if Lithuania tries with the Polish Vilna section the trick which worked at Memel she will get different results.

Call Lithuania Tool of Russia.

PARIS, Feb. 20 (Associated Press).—The Government set up early in January at Memel by Lithuanian insurgents has notified the Council of Ambassadors that it accepts the decision of the Council by which Memel is to become part of Lithuania. It has informed the Council also that it is ready to send delegates to Paris to discuss, under the auspices of the Council, arrangements with Poland for sea and river transportation and for the Government of the port of Memel in such manner as to coordinate it with the respective interests of Poland and Lithuania.

A dispatch to the Havas Agency from Warsaw says the Polish Diet has adopted a resolution demanding that the Polish Government take the necessary action to secure the guarantee to Poland of her rights to the full use of the port of Memel. The resolution was adopted after a discussion of foreign affairs, during which it was declared that Lithuania was a docile instrument in the hands of the Russian and Germans to the menace of the peace of Eastern Europe.

200 Casualties Since Saturday.

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KOVNO, Feb. 20.—Two hundred persons have been killed and wounded in the fighting between the Poles and Lithuanians since Saturday over the occupation of the neutral zone.

Since the first clash on Saturday when the Poles began to occupy the share of the neutral zone assigned to them by the League of Nations, when ten were killed and many wounded, there has been continued fighting, although there has been no declaration of war.

So far the irregular warfare has been carried on between Polish frontier guards and Lithuanian patriotic organizations, although there have been some regular troops in action on both sides.

The Lithuanian organizations have been largely financed from America.

Lithuanian regulars on Sunday captured two British officers attached to the British mission at Warsaw, who have been investigating conditions in the neutral zone. They were held until this morning, when they were found by the British Consul.

General Carton de Wiart and Major H. H. Grant, members of the Allied military mission, have been released, but two Polish staff officers acting as their interpreters are held prisoners of war at Kovno.

The Lithuanians report that they have captured forty Polish officers and hundreds of soldiers from the 14th Polish division. They also admit that they are using artillery, saying that it is field guns captured from the Poles by patriotic organizations.

MOSCOW, Feb. 20. (Associated Press).—Russia is alarmed by the situation on her southwestern border, declares her Foreign Minister, George Tchitcherin, in a note sent to Poland and Lithuania under date of Feb. 17, proffering the friendly assistance of Russia in settling the disputes over Memel and the neutral zone in the Vilna region.

Whereas Poland has referred the dispute to the League of Nations, M. Tchitcherin says, the treaty signed at Riga provides that Lithuania and Polish territorial differences shall be settled between themselves.

Russia does not recognize the League of Nations, the notes adds, as this organization, ruled by nations which hitherto have not relinquished their idea of unfriendly acts toward Russia."

AUSTRIAN DEFICIT CUT.

Difference of Two Trillion Crowns Covered by League Loan.

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VIENNA, Feb. 20. The Government today submitted the Austrian budget for 1923. The deficit is reduced from 5,205,000,000,000 crowns to 2,350,000,000,000 crowns, which is covered by the League of Nations loan. An increase of receipts and reduction of employes is effected to economize.

Exchange rose today to 71,450 crowns to the dollar, compared with 75,000 crowns to a dollar in December.

THREATEN VERA CRUZ TIE-UP

Unions Talk of General Strike to Enforce Boycott.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, Feb. 20.—A general strike is threatened at the Port of Vera Cruz. The unions say they will call a general strike if the Government persists in protecting non-union labor which is now used in an effort to break the boycott against the Aguila Oil Company.

A general strike, if called, will completely tie up both the Mexican and International Railways through a lack of fuel oil.

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MELLON CONDEMNS LENROOT FARM BILL

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

Capper bill and for inclusion with them of some of the provisions of the Lenroot measure.

In addition to holding that the Lenroot bill is unsound and dangerous, Secretary Mellon contends that its administrative features are unworkable. Referring to the suffering caused to the farmer in the past by unsafe banking systems, Mr. Mellon pleads against adding to this source of danger by giving the sanction of the Government to a system "which violates every canon of sound banking to which the Government has been committed since the establishment of the national banking system."

Secretary Mellon's Views.

The letter of the Secretary of the Treasury to Chairman McFadden says:

"I have been particularly concerned to see whether the bill conforms to sound banking principles and whether its administrative features are workable.

"I have had prepared, and send you herewith, a detailed memorandum analyzing the bill from these points of view and commenting also upon some other features which seem to be important. This memorandum points out grave defects in the bill, not only in matters of craftsmanship, but in its larger outlines and policies as well. It seems to me that a careful study of the measure in the light of this memorandum leads necessarily to the conclusion that its financial provisions as now drawn are unsound and dangerous and that its administrative features are unworkable.

"I realize that some support has been given to the bill in the belief that it will assist the farmers of the country in obtaining credit accommodation adapted to the needs of agriculture and in sufficient amounts to avoid the disastrous effect of a credit stringency similar to the one through which this country has recently passed. With this object I am in the heartiest accord. I feel that the students of our banking structure have given too much attention in the past to the commercial and industrial needs of the country and not enough attention to the vital problem of fitting our banking structure to the needs of agriculture. I am convinced, however, that no benefits will enure to the farmer from a system which is financially unsound.

"The farmer has suffered enough in the past from unsafe banking systems. Let us not now add to this source of danger to the farmer by giving the sanction of the United States Government to a system which violates every canon of sound banking to which this Government has been committed since the establishment of the national banking system.

Not Endorsed by Commission.

"Some support has also been given upon the assumption that this bill was endorsed by the Joint Commission of Agricultural Inquiry, which conducted an elaborate investigation and has published a valuable report upon agricultural conditions. This, however, is a misapprehension, for the bill in its present form differs radically from the bill which the joint commission endorsed. Many of the features especially criticised in the accompanying memorandum were not contained in the bill endorsed by the joint commission, but were added in subsequent revisions. The endorsement given to the bill in its original form, therefore, was not applicable to the bill as it passed the Senate.

"In my opinion, the greatest service could be rendered to agriculture by enacting into law at the present session the Capper bill and withholding action upon the Lenroot bill until the situation can be made thoroughly investigated. The Capper bill has the endorsement of the live stock industry and of the great co-operative marketing movement. It will go far, in my opinion, in satisfying the needs of those sections of the country which have suffered in the past from inadequate credit facilities. At the same time it is financially sound and its administrative features avoid the objective centralization which, in my opinion, constitutes a serious defect in the Lenroot bill.

"The Capper bill carries with it important amendments to the Federal Reserve act. It also includes a provision extending for nine months the time during which the War Finance Corporation can make loans for agricultural purposes, thus bringing assurance that any unforeseen credit needs will be amply taken care of during

RUHR CITIES STRIKE AGAINST EXPULSIONS

Banks, Telephone and Telegraph Offices, Stores and Schools All Close.

ESSEN POLICE DISBANDED

Former Chancellor Wirth Quoted as Saying Resistance Is Designed to Start Negotiations.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUESSELDORF, Feb. 20 (via telephone to Paris).—As a protest against the arrest and expulsion of District President Gruetzner and Ober-Burgomaster Koerdgen, all the banks, post and telegraph offices and schools closed this afternoon and public service was suspended.

Both the expelled men were popular figures in the town and by their expulsion the French deprived the citizens of almost the only leaders they have left.

Herr Koerdgen was expelled on the official grounds that he had repeatedly refused to publish in the local press and post the decrees issued by General Degoutte. In every case the decrees were published and all the Burgomaster refused to do was to give them an official stamp. This refusal was, however, adjudged sufficient grounds for expulsion.

During the night posters appeared at all windows exhorting the shopkeepers to a general boycott. This afternoon the strike was sanctioned and it is expected to last twenty-four hours.

Streets Heavily Guarded.

The usual demonstrations by gangs of young men and disturbances such as marked the Essen trials were prevented by snow which covers the town. Nevertheless cavalry and armored car patrols are guarding the streets, and the sentry posts have been doubled.

At Essen and Buer similar strikes are in progress as a protest against the expulsion of the burgomasters of those towns. At Essen a decree disbanding the Green Police has been officially issued, and the work of enrolling 600 municipal police to do the work of the 1,500 Green Police has been commenced.

The outbreak of protest strikes occurring in the district is regarded as temporary and not as indicating a stiffening of opposition. On the left bank of the Rhine, notably at Coblenz, the French say, relations with the local authorities are improving.

French headquarters today denied a report published in a Paris paper that in the negotiations between M. le Trocquer and the British Government with regard to the railway lines any use had been made of the argument of a possible armed rising in the Ruhr, or that there existed any necessity for preparing for the sudden concentration of French troops in the Ruhr. The French have perfect confidence in their present military strength. General Payot maintains that the use of the six-mile intersection of the Duesseldorf-Duren line was desired only for hauling coal and not for the passage of troops.

Strike on Line British Gave Up.

DUESSELDORF, Feb. 20 (Associated Press).—The workmen on the Duren-Grevenbroich section of the railway taken over from the British occupation authorities by the French have gone on strike rather than continue their services under the supervision of the French military.

The Director of Posts and Telegraphs at Mayence was arrested today, whereupon the whole staff went on strike, and troops occupied the buildings.

The editor of the Bochum Anzeiger has been arrested for publishing an article considered derogatory to the French and Belgian army of occupation.

The French Intelligence Bureau says the German Government has sent out word to the Ruhr workers that the Government would pay 90 per cent. of the strike fund if they held out. This is expected to bring about serious trouble, as it is considered it will greatly encourage the strikers to induce workers in other lines to continue their resistance. The French declare they will seize strike funds wherever found.

MAYENCE, Feb. 20.—The Military Tribunal has passed sentences ranging from ten to sixty days' imprisonment on many railway officials for disobedience and inciting the railroad employes to strike.

The Director of the Disconto Gesellschaft has been sentenced to twenty-five days' imprisonment, and all the banks have closed as a protest.

The Chief of Police was placed under arrest for refusing to salute.

A Geisenkirchen dispatch says that the employes of the Reichsbank struck today in protest against the arrest of their Director.

Darmstadt Not to Be Occupied.

PARIS, Feb. 20 (Associated Press).—The French Foreign Office stated this afternoon that reports circulated abroad that a French military movement from Mayence toward Darmstadt was under way are absolutely without foundation. Nothing has been changed as regards the position of the French troops to give rise to such a statement, it was added.

One of the results of the increased resistance of the Germans in the Ruhr and Rhineland has been the temporary cutting off of telephonic and telegraphic communication between those regions and France and Belgium. However, the French are taking over the central stations at Düsseldorf and other points.

LONDON, Feb. 20.—A Dortmund dispatch to The London Times describes Geisenkirchen as "a city of the dead." The stores, cafés, theatres and moving picture houses are closed and the streets deserted from 7 o'clock in the evening until 7 in the morning because of the boycott, which caused the French to attempt the seizure of commodities.

Every public building is occupied by the troops and protected with wire entanglements. Warnings are posted that the inhabitants approach these buildings at the risk of their lives.

German sabotage continues. The two coal barges sunk in the Rhine-Herne Canal will block water transport of coal for several weeks.

Today all the German customs officials in the occupied territory were dismissed. They will be replaced with French.

Apparently the Germans are making no attempt to procure export licenses from the French authorities; not a single application has been made at Essen. Thus the metal products are completely cut off from the rest of the world.

Another Protest by Germany.

BERLIN, Feb. 20 (Associated Press).—The German Government has sent a note to the French, British and Belgian Governments and the Rhineland Commission at Coblenz vigorously protesting against the expulsion of German officials from the occupied territories. The note also protests against what is described as the brutal manner in which the expulsions were carried out.

The Minister of Railways has instructed the German railway administration to cut the supplies of gas, water and electricity at all stations under French or Belgian military control.

Herr Siering, Prussian Minister of Commerce and Industry, and Herr Hirtsiefer, Prussian Minister of Public Welfare, have been in the Ruhr this week, it is announced, consulting local officials, labor representatives and business men.

Participants in the conference held by Herr Siering said that all the conferees were convinced that a long campaign of resistance to the occupation might be necessary.

It was announced at the meetings that the Federal and Prussian Governments had taken measures to insure the payment of wages and an adequate supply of foodstuffs.

According to the Vossische Zeitung, former Chancellor Wirth told a meeting of Centre Party members at Ulm that the resistance in the Ruhr was aimed at bringing about negotiations. The Government, he added, must be watchful so as not to miss the moment when negotiations will be possible.

The Minister of Finance and the banks are carrying on discussions regarding the prospective internal loan of 500,000,000 gold marks to be issued in short term Treasury bills. Subscriptions will be paid in foreign currency and the loan will be redeemable in either gold or paper marks, but at the gold rate.

DUTCH MILK FOR THE RUHR.

Rights of Holland to Be Respected in Occupied Territory.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Feb. 20.—In reply to representations made by the Dutch Ministers to Paris and Brussels the Dutch Government has received official assurances from both the French and Belgian Governments that the rights and interests of the Netherlands in the German occupied territory will be respected, especially Dutch Rhine shipping and the right to maintain the latter.

The Netherlands has arranged to send 6,000 liters of milk daily to the Ruhr.

BRITISH WONT PUT OUT FEELER HERE ON RUHR

Bonar Law Tells Commons of Stand—Lloyd George Jests At Lord Robert Cecil.

LONDON, Feb. 20 (Associated Press).—Prime Minister Bonar Law stated in the House of Commons today that it would not be proper for Great Britain to initiate a discussion with the American Government as to whether the French action in the Ruhr was in accordance with the Treaty of Versailles, since the United States was not a party to the treaty.

The Premier's statement was in answer to a question by J. O. Wedgwood, Laborite, as to whether Great Britain would ascertain the views of the United States Government on the subject, for the purpose of adopting a common policy, "seeing that the action of France in occupying the Ruhr without the cooperation of the Allies is hardly in accordance with their legitimate powers under the Versailles Treaty and in view of the expressed opinions of Senator Borah."

Political gossip today is busying itself with the future of Lord Robert Cecil, who, hitherto the champion of the League of Nations, showed himself in yesterday's debate in the Commons on the Ruhr to be exceedingly and surprisingly lukewarm to that institution. His motive was instantly attributed to his wish not to embarrass the Government, because he had been invited to join the Cabinet.

It is a common topic how deficient the present Ministry is in debating talent, and in consequence of this an enormous amount of work has been thrown on Premier Bonar Law, whose health can hardly be expected to stand the strain. There are rumors that the Government is seeking to induce Austen Chamberlain, Lord Birkenhead and others who accompanied Lloyd George "into the wilderness" to return to the Government fold as members of the Government, and it is said that Birkenhead is willing if he can have the Foreign Secretaryship.

Mr. Lloyd George, in a political speech in London tonight, made humorous reference to Lord Robert Cecil's "turn-about face," and remarked:

"It was brutal. Lord Robert was the man who got himself up for the rôle of the Savonarola of the League, and last night he doffed the sombre garments of the preaching friar and attempted to join the gay throng on the Treasury bench."

CONCERNED ABOUT BRITAIN.

Belgian Premier to Urge Poincare to Preserve Entente.

BRUSSELS, Feb. 20.—Premier Theunis, who is to visit Paris, will not limit his discussion with French officials to the technical point of the occupation of the Ruhr and the question of special currency for the occupied districts, but will insist that everything possible be done to maintain the Franco-British Entente, which is so important for Belgium.

The Belgian Government would deeply regret any incident which would result in the withdrawal of the British troops, and the British Government is aware of the Belgian viewpoint on this subject.

KEMAL PASHA, WEDDED SPEAKS FOR WOMEN

Says That Turkey's Welfare Demands That They Take Active Part in Public Affairs.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Feb. 20.—Mustapha Kemal Pasha, who was recently married to the daughter of a rich Smyrna notable, has made a noteworthy public pronouncement in favor of the emancipation of Turkish women. Speaking before the Teachers' Association at Brusa, he declared that the work before the nation could be perfected only if Turkish women joined equally with the men in educating themselves and in taking active part in the nation's affairs.

Kemal ascribed the present seclusion of the sex in Turkey to Persian influence, asserting that it was not in accordance with the precepts of the Moslem religion. He recalled the olden times when Turkish women went to war side by side with their husbands, and when women succeeded to the throne of the Sultans. At the very dawn of Islamism there were woman savants, women of letters, women orators and women who opened schools, lectured and took a great part in public life. The Moslem religion, he said, ordered women to educate themselves in the same degree as men.

It was only in the large towns, even now, he continued, that women secluded themselves. In the country they worked with the men and participated in all their activities. In the cities the tradition of seclusion had been carried too far.

Kemal concluded, however, that women ought to seclude themselves moderately, but not hide themselves. "If they do," he added, "social life suffers and society moves only haltingly toward perfection."

Kemal Pasha's bride is Latife Hanoum. She is reported to have brought his a dowry of 1,000,000 Turkish lire, or approximately $650,000 at the present rate of exchange. The marriage ceremony was in Turkish style, the two principals taking places before the mufti. Kemal simply declared: "I have decided to marry Latife Hanoum. Will you please accomplish the necessary ceremonies?" The mufti then addressed the woman, saying: "Do you accept as husband Ghazi Mustapha Kemal Pasha in return for a gift from him of ten drams of silver, and on condition of a nuptial indemnity as agreed upon by you in event of separation?" The affirmative replies concluded the ceremony.

BONAR LAW UPHELD OVER MESOPOTAMIA

Commons Defeats, 273 to 167, a Motion to Cut British Activities There.

OIL INCENTIVE IS DENIED

Lady Astor Raises the Question of the Offer of the Mandate to America.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Feb. 20.—To stay or not to stay in Mesopotamia was the subject of a debate in the House of Commons today on an amendment to the address in reply to the speech from the throne, moved by George Lambert, calling for the "immediate and drastic curtailment of British responsibility" in those regions.

Mr. Lambert, who is a Liberal, said that the Government had become the heir of an unsound and disastrous policy which had cost 3,100 lives, as well as 51,000 wounded and not less than £147,000,000, in the three years following the armistice, and that it was being committed to the defense of Mesopotamia against armed aggression.

Mr. Asquith, in supporting the amendment, reiterated criticisms of the Government's policy which he had made outside of Parliament. He argued that it was not possible to make Mesopotamia in any real sense a country or a State. Whether there was any oil in Mosul or not he did not know, but he objected to spending any British money on the oil supply.

Prime Minister Bonar Law, in reply, said that he was in agreement with a great deal that had been said on the subject that an amendment to the address was a vote of censure on the Government and could not be accepted whatever its terms were. In the election campaign he had said that he wished that Great Britain had never gone into Mesopotamia. All he could say to the House now was that the Government had an open mind on the question and was seriously considering the matter. It was bound up with the Lausanne Treaty, the discussion of which was to take place at Angora tomorrow. To come to a decision before the treaty was signed would be unwise.

"Our being in Mesopotamia," said the Prime Minister, "is entirely unselfish. There is no question of oil and there never has been."

Lady Astor inquired whether the United States had not been asked to administer Mesopotamia. Mr. Bonar Law said he could not say with absolute certainty but his recollection was that the mandate had been offered to America.

The amendment was negatived by a vote of 273 to 167.

The Commons tonight unanimously adopted the address in reply to the speech from the throne, after having rejected, by a vote of 307 to 175, a labor amendment criticising the Pension Ministry and its administration.

LONDON, Feb. 20 (Associated Press).—The Lambert amendment for the curtailment of British activities in Mesopotamia, which was defeated in the House of Commons today, reflected the strong views of the Liberal and Labor Parties in favor of evacuating Mesopotamia.

Former Premier Herbert H. Asquith, supporting the amendment, said that Great Britain had spent £150,000,000 in Mesopotamia since the armistice without any visible material results. It was the worst investment of British money in modern times, he declared. He had formerly advocated the withdrawal of the British to Basra, but now would not even advocate the retention of that place. Mr. Asquith urged the Government once for all to quit all responsibilities in that part of the world.

New Haven Actress Dies of Poison.

NEW HAVEN, Feb. 20.—Miss Georgianna Hewitt, ingenue in a local stock company, died late today in the New Haven Hospital, to which she was admitted Feb. 11 after swallowing poison tablets. A roommate told the police that Miss Hewitt had taken the tablets in error for headache tablets.

FRENCH ARE PLEASED WITH BRITISH STAND

Hope Bonar Law's Speech Against Intervention Will Restrain United States.

DENOUNCE LLOYD GEORGE

Poincare Wants Rest of World to Regard Franco-German Struggle as a Private One.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Feb. 20.—Premier Poincaré, I understand, hopes that the statement of Premier Bonar Law in the Commons yesterday that France would not only repel but regard as an unfriendly act intervention at Paris in the Ruhr situation by England and America, as proposed by Mr. Lloyd George, will serve in Washington to restrain the United States from attempted mediation for the present.

It is certain that when the British Prime Minister spoke yesterday he was in possession of a report from the British Ambassador in Paris as to the probable French attitude toward intervention, and there is no good reason to suppose that Ambassador Herrick is not perfectly familiar with the sentiments of the Quai d'Orsay.

The French press receives with a great deal of favor Mr. Bonar Law's statement that the time has not come for intervention and interpret as fair play the Prime Minister's policy of kindly neutrality in the contest going on between Germany and France.

Anger Against Lloyd George.

On the contrary, wrath is turned loose against Mr. Lloyd George, and, in fact, the French polemists have good material for the distinguished member of the House of Commons, who yesterday characterized the Ruhr occupation as wrong and a colossal blunder, more than once himself when in power and Chairman of various allied meetings threatened Germany with the selfsame action.

For example, the covering letter sent to Berlin with the schedule of reparation payments drafted in London May 5, 1921, and signed by Mr. Lloyd George, said that if the Germans did not accept and execute the schedule the Allies would "proceed to the occupation of the Ruhr Valley and take such other military and naval measures as might be required, the occupation to last as long as Germany shall not have fulfilled the conditions imposed."

Before this threat the Germans had agreed to the London schedule, but they did not live up to it—which is why the French are in the Ruhr.

The French papers say that when the former Prime Minister talks of fair play he is not honest. They also attack his theory that all the French are not back of M. Poincaré now.

The Journal des Debats ends a long article on the situation thus:

"Finally Mr. Bonar Law, while persisting in his criticism of French action, declared that any British intervention would be regarded by France as a hostile act, and that he wished to keep French friendship. These words were applauded and resulted in a big vote in his favor. We hope this manifestation will be translated into deeds in the negotiations now going on for use by the French of the railroads through the British occupied zone."

The Temps declares that Mr. Lloyd George's words were "an insult to France and adds:

"This politician seems to have lost in the too-prolonged exercise of power, qualities which are necessary to deserve confidence and inspire good faith."

The Temps concludes that there is not much use worrying about Lloyd George, because the Commons vote disposed of him.

Denounced as Pro-German.

The Matin in bitter style says:

"Lloyd George for the past three months has been not only a collaborator of Hearst, a confirmed insulter of France, but also a contributor to Stinnes's Norddeutsche Allgemeine Zeitung. Lloyd George defends his bank balance and the interests of his patrons."

The Matin says Mr. Lloyd George's attack is the best eulogy for M. Poincaré and quotes Cardinal de Retz: "A statesman is only great when he draws the hatred of rascals."

The Gaulois observes that while Lloyd George sees in the intervention of England and America the salvation of France the Germans see the salvation of Germany, and the newspapers conclude that the Germans are nearer right than Lloyd George.

It is true the French Government has now realized it cannot operate the great Ruhr machine without the co-operation at least of the German workers, and perhaps without the co-operation of the German Directors. They have just about given up that hope, and their whole play is now to force the Germans to yield and work the Ruhr machine again for the partial profit of the Allies.

It is because it is an open-and-shut game of forcing Germany to her knees, a game in which the French are quite confident they will eventually win, that M. Poincaré is so much opposed to outside efforts at intervention, which would inevitably strengthen German resistance, while rejection of it would serve to gain sympathy for Germany in some quarters.

Regardless of what the future may bring, it is now the wish of M. Poincaré, his friends say, that the rest of the world consider the French-German struggle as a private fight.

FRENCH MINE STRIKE OFF.

Strike Situation in Sarre Reported as Showing Improvement.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Feb. 20.—The strike of French coal miners has been called off.

The decision was made at a meeting here of the National Council of the United Federation. The more extreme element of the federation, which itself is communist, fought bitterly to hold out, but was voted down by the majority. An order for resumption of work was sent out by the Council.

Information from the Sarre shows amelioration in the strike of German miners in that district.

UNEARTH OLD TEMPLE IN RUINS OF CITY OF UR

American and British Excavators Report Discovery That May Date Back to 3,000 B. C.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 20.—An ancient temple whose history goes so far back beyond the reign of Pharaoh Tut-ankh-Amen that nobody knows exactly how old it is has been found in Ur, the Chaldean city which was the home of Abraham in Babylonia, Dr. George B. Gordon, Director of the University of Pennsylvania Museum, announced tonight.

The discovery, according to Dr. Gordon, was made in excavations conducted jointly by the British Museum and the University of Pennsylvania Museum. A letter from the excavators brought the news of the discovery.

Sir Frederic Kenyon, Director of the British Museum, who is touring the United States, was in conference with Dr. Gordon today.

"The latest reports from the excavators," said Sir Frederic, "indicate that some ancient temple, built about three millenniums [3,000 years] before Christ, was found. Additions and repairs were made by King Nebuchadnezzar.

"However, the work is in its early stages, and it is impossible to say how much history will be revealed. The two museums are continuing the excavations."

The present work of the joint expedition was started last November in an entirely new spot in Ur, and the ancient temple was the first thing turned up. Sir Frederic was unable to give further details, as the reports he had received before leaving England were only preliminary.

Ur mentioned in this dispatch is the Biblical "Ur of the Chaldees," the site of which was near the junction of the Shat-el-Hai and the Euphrates. This territory today bears the name of Mukeir (Mugheir) or Mukayyir (Mekayyar). Ur rose to prominence early in the history of Assyria, and was the capital city of at least three dynasties, its earliest known King being Lugal-Kigubni-dudu, who reigned about 3900 B. C. Ur was sacred to the moon god Sin, and it is probable that the temple now discovered was dedicated to that deity.

TOMB DISCOVERY EXCITES ALL EGYPT

Steamship Man Tells of Trains in Double Sections From Cairo to Luxor.

TOURISTS' INTEREST KEEN

Throng of Europeans Vies With Americans in Eagerness for Latest Details.

According to Roland Jenkins of the International Mercantile Marine Company, who returned yesterday on the Adriatic from a cruise to the Near East, the discovery of the tomb of Tut-ankh-Amen near Thebes had caused a rush of tourists to Egypt from European countries as well as the United States. The Earl of Carnarvon traveled on the Adriatic from Monaco to Alexandria, Mr. Jenkins said, and the passengers were greatly interested in him, but he was reticent and kept to himself.

American officials who have lived in Egypt a long time told Mr. Jenkins that they had never seen anything, even the riots two years ago, that had aroused such intense interest in the country. Copies of THE NEW YORK TIMES on file in Shepheard's Hotel and the Semiramis Hotel in Cairo were read eagerly by American visitors, the majority of whom did not have time to go to Luxor to see the royal tomb. To supplement their reading they besieged visitors returning from Upper Egypt for the latest details. Mr. Jenkins added that sleeping car trains from Cairo to Luxor were running in double sections to accommodate the demand by eager tourists.

With regard to Greece, he said that Athens was quiet and there was no trouble in getting transportation from Piraeus to the capital. Nor were there either political troubles or sickness to prevent landing at Piraeus. Hotel service in Athens had improved since last year and was cheap for Americans because of the rate of exchange on the dollar, he said.

There were 30,000 refugees living in and near Athens, Mr. Jenkins saw many living in the ruined temple of Theseus and others were camped round the ruins of the temple of Jupiter.

Many of the 600 tourists on the Adriatic, he said, visited the Holy Land as well as Cairo. The Palestinians and the Zionists were quietly minding their own business, he added.

Among the passengers who returned on the ship were Former Sheriff David E. Knott and Mrs. Knott, Joseph Keele of the Canadian Department of Mines, George H. Putnam, the publisher, and Mrs. Putnam; Mr. and Mrs. Winthrop Dwight, Mr. and Mrs. Preston J. Jones and Mrs. H. I. Housman.

The ship brought nine stowaways from Naples after numbers had been put ashore there and at Morocco by the Italian police. They were found two day out from Gibraltar in a cave they had burrowed under the coal in a bunker. They will be held at Ellis Island until Friday afternoon and then sent back in the ship.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 20.—Dr. H. F. Lutz, Egyptologist of the University of California, called attention today to the marriage scarab of Amen-hotep, father of Tut-ankh-Amen, which rests in a case in the Anthropological Museum of the Affiliated Colleges, a branch of the university. This, he says, is the only Amen-hotep scarab in America.

"Woven in its hieroglyphics is the story of a great love of a Pharaoh of Egypt," said Dr. Lutz. "Amen-hotep was the father of Tut-ankh-Amen, and to understand Tut-ankh-Amen one must know the story of his father and his love for Tii, whom he made Queen of Egypt.

"Amen-hotep, called the Magnificent, had a harem like the kings before him, and Tut-ankh-Amen was the son of one of his inferior wives. For Tii was his first wife, his Queen, although she was a commoner, the daughter of a Captain who probably led mercenary troops.

Tut-ankh-Amen, however, married the third daughter of the son of Amen-hotep and Tii. His wife lines were thereby doubly entwined with the fortunes of his father. Tut-ankh-Amen married the daughter of his half brother.

"Those who cannot easily visualize family trees may get lost in this genealogical forest where it was the custom for sister and brother to wed.

"Amen-Hotep waited until he became king and then married Tii and made her his first wife and no one could undo the marriage. At the time of the marriage Tii was a lady in waiting at the court."

REVISE OUR IDEAS OF ANCIENT EGYPT

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

deceased king in doing his labors in the other world. A Pharaoh might be expected to have many such aides, so it is reasonable to expect more will be found, either in the boxes or nearer the body in the spaces between the successive tabernacles.

Some of the boxes are wonderful works of art themselves. One has a sort of lacelike open work geometrical pattern of extraordinarily fine inlaying of ivory and ebony on a very minute scale. Another instead of being rectangular is cartouche-shaped, and with other decoration has a very striking panel of a checkerboard design inlaid with alternating colors.

A very distinguished authority said to me last evening:

"I thought I knew something about Egyptian art until today; but we have all got to recast all our ideas."

This seems true and many books will have to be rewritten. Even if more wonders are not found the present stores have revealed artistic attainments hitherto undreamed of.

To revert to a most interesting subject, namely, the age of King Tut-ankh-Amen, the more progress is made with the examination and restoration of the various articles found, the more it seems likely he must have died quite young. This entirely accords with such historical data as are available, such as the length of his reign, the age of his wife and so forth. There is the manikin, or dress dummy, of which you have heard. Some correspondents appear to consider this to be the figure of Queen Ankh-nes-Amen, presumably misled by the fact that the head-dress is rather reminiscent of that of Queen Nefer-it-Thi in the wonderful statue found by the Germans at Tell-el-Amarna. Others more imaginative have seen a resemblance to the Mona Lisa. What are called close-up photographs should be reaching you about now from which you will see how hard this is on Mona Lisa.

Obviously this figure shows the King as quite a young man. The head is small and the body is the same, and the features are those of a boy. Of course it is well known that nearly all the kings were represented as young, but it is seldom that we see what is evidently a portrait made to represent a mere boy. Again the portion of the body shown was probably made carefully to measure to save the king the trouble of trying on such things as a corselet. It is a boy's body without even the smallest conventional indication of femininity.

There is very little doubt about the sex, however, because the face is colored brown, which is the invariable masculine color, with the headdress of yellow.

May Try Corselet on It.

It will be extremely interesting to see at some future date how closely the corselet now being restored actually fits the dummy. We already see that the collar could only have encircled the neck of a mere boy, or an extraordinarily thin-necked man.

Then there is the matter of the size of the gloves or gauntlets found. You have already had fully described the first specimen found and know that even allowing for any abnormal shrinkage that may have occurred during three thousand years it must have been made for a very small hand. We have now found two or three others, one of which is very peculiar. It is divided into three sections, one for the thumb, one for the first finger and one, necessarily much larger, for the remaining three fingers. It is difficult to imagine the use of this curious partitioning, but possibly they were driving gloves. Of course, gloves or mittens are often made now with one chamber for the thumb and another for the fingers undivided, especially for wear in cold countries, because they are supposed to keep the hands warmer than when each finger is separately cased, but the question of the warmth of a glove can hardly have been considered in Egypt. It seems more likely that it had to do with the convenience of handling the reins. Anyhow, if these gloves are very small and can hardly have been worn by a full grown man.

With the other indications they seem strongly to reinforce the theory already put forward that Tut-ankh-Amen was still young at his death, probably not exceeding 17 or 18 years. Perhaps some day we shall learn some details of the tragic story of the boy's short reign and early death, for all the circumstances of his period are at present shrouded in mystery.

Visitors Still Flock to the Tomb.

This morning again there was great activity on the west bank of the Nile because the day had been fixed for the first batch of general visitors equipped with permits from the Ministry of Public Works. There were between fifty and sixty visitors to the new chamber, many coming up specially from Cairo. Besides these there were the weekly steamer loads of tourists who always visit the west bank on Tuesdays and Wednesdays. As a result of this crowding those who had not taken the precaution of hiring some conveyance could procure neither donkey, mule, sand cart nor carriage.

Tut-ankh-Amen's tomb has, indeed, proved a veritable godsend not only to transport owners but also to the hotels, liveries and shopkeepers. One tradesman said to me: "Insh Allah [Please God], they find a new tomb next year also."

Among those who visited the tomb today were Lady Somerleyton and Lady Ribblesdale, Sir Donald and Lady MacLean, Sir Edward and Lady Beauchamp, Whiting Andrews, First Secretary to the American Legation, and R. Furness, Oriental Secretary to the Residency. There was much disappointment because no one could see the inside of the sepulchral chamber. A barrier had been erected across the antechamber where the wall had been, permitting only a view of the side of the catafalque with its glorious gold and blue decoration and of the entrance to the store chamber.

The Queen of the Belgians attended today the native fair which is held every Tuesday outside Luxor. She remained some time in the camel and donkey market, and was much amused by the native trick performers, who are always a feature of these local gatherings. The Queen, who has always been greatly interested in Egyptological matters and came to Luxor chiefly to see Tut-ankh-Amen's tomb, will revisit the more important monuments which she already knows from a previous visit. Accompanied by Professor Jean Capart, she has been to Karnak, and has also spent a long time in that gem of ancient temples, the Luxor Temple, where she examined with interest the obliteration of Tut-ankh-Amen's cartouches, which had been ordered out of jealousy by Her-em-eb, his next but one successor.

May Close Whole Tomb Next Week.

Some days ago I informed you that after devoting this week to visitors and sightseers, it was the intention again to close up the inner chamber of the Tomb of Tut-ankh-Amen. A larger program is now contemplated, and probably at the end of this week, or perhaps on Monday, the whole tomb will be closed. Nothing has been definitely decided, but it is quite on the cards that in a fortnight from now every entrance will finally be sealed till next Autumn, and that the whole tomb will be buried deep under a few hundred tons of stones in order to keep it safe through the Summer.

As for the inner chamber, I told you yesterday of the dangers and apprehensions of allowing more visitors to go in. As a matter of fact, an examination discloses that some damage has already been done. In places the gilding of the wall of the tabernacle has been abrased and bits of the beautiful blue faience inlaying have been dislodged. It is nothing serious or irreparable, but it shows that while Lord Carnarvon and Mr. Carter are anxious to show every consideration both to Government officials and to the general public, they have already strained courtesy to utmost limits of prudence.

For the rest a brief survey of the situation will make things clear. You know how tremendous was the treasure disclosed on the first discovery last year, and you have read daily accounts of the wonderful articles as they were brought out of the tomb and have seen photographs of many of them. It is now estimated that all that represents perhaps about one-fourth of what is now in sight. When I say in sight it must be remembered that there are successive tabernacles yet to be opened, and, while all is conjectural, there is reasonable hope that they will contain the most precious, though not largest, things of all.

Moreover, Providence only knows what yet lies unsuspected in the two treasure chambers now opened, namely, the annex to the outer chamber and the room opening off the apartment containing the tabernacles which have not been explored. The wealth of the whole discovery is almost unrealizable.

THINKS HEB SED FEAST IS KING'S REMARRIAGE

Professor Newberry Argues That it Coincides With Discarding of Old Wives for New.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Feb. 20.—Curious deductions concerning the time of Tut-ankh-Amen were drawn tonight by Professor Percy C. Newberry in a lecture before the Royal Anthropological Society. He was discussing the royal festival of Heb Sed, which generally took place when the King had reigned about thirty years, and which most Egyptologist have taken to be a kind of jubilee in which the King renewed his divinity. Some have believed that in the old days the Egyptian Kings when they had passed their prime were slain to make room for more virile successors, and then as the people grew more civilized they only called Pharaohs by deputy, and Heb Sed was the ceremonial which kept up the remembrance of the old custom.

Professor Newberry, however, declared tonight that the feast was connected with the curious marriage and succession laws of the Egyptian Kings. Their title to the throne was derived from their marriage to "hereditary princesses," but as the chief object of matrimony in Egyptian eyes was the raising of a family, when the Pharaoh's wife was beyond the child bearing age his marriage became practically over and he was obliged to take a new spouse.

So Professor Newberry argued that as girls in Egypt are marriageable at from 12 to 14 years of age, and as they have no hope of having more children after they are 42 or 45 years old, it was necessary for the Pharaohs to take to themselves new wives after thirty years with their original ones.

But then if the Pharaoh married a girl who was not a hereditary princess he would invalidate his title to the throne and consequently he often married his own daughter. Thus Amen-hotep III. thirty years after he married Queen Thi married his own daughter Satiene. She seems to have died in three years and he then took to wife his second daughter Hentan-ed. In the same way there are, said Professor Newberry, many cases in which in order to keep the kingship in the family a prince of royal blood married his own sister.

As proof of this theory he exhibited an Egyptian painting of the festival of Heb Sed, in which the King is shown seated under a marriage tent and the Queen is borne toward him in a palanquin. Behind her are the figures of three running men. These, said Professor Newberry, may be symbolic of marriage. There are many legends of Kings of Greece and other ancient countries giving their daughters in marriage to winners of races. Perhaps the prizes of the first Olympic games were wives. It may be assumed that the ancient custom in historic times became a mere tradition, but it is quite possible that the form was remembered and kept up.

Tut-ankh-Amen's title to the throne was undoubtedly his marriage to the daughter of Khu-n-aten. He was succeeded by Ai, who was the husband of Thi. Who was Thi? Could she possibly be Thi, the widow of Amen-hotep III.? Now Thi was the daughter of Ai, who is known to have been a priest from Ekhmin in upper Egypt, and judging by his features perhaps not a man of Egyptian blood at all. There was an Ai who was master of the horse for Khu-n-aten and an Ai who was Grand Vizier for Tut-ankh-Amen. Is it possible that all these are the same man; that Ai, the father of Thi, was court official under Khu-n-aten and Tut-ankh-Amen, and then by marrying his own daughter became for a few years Pharaoh himself.

The difficulty would be his age, but Professor Newberry reckoned that supposing this theory was right Ai would be at the death of Tut-ankh-Amen about 90 years old and Queen Thi 70 years old, and it was possible they went through the form of marriage and reigned for a few years. The mummies of Ai and Thi are in Cairo and they are to be examined shortly to see whether they give any evidence in support of this theory. In any case they are known to have been well on in years before they came to the throne.

Professor Newberry also believes that whether his identification of Ai is correct or not, Ai, the priest from Ekhmin was of great force of character and was really responsible for Khu-n-aten's heresy. Khu-n-aten, he declared, was a weakling suffering from a severe disease and it is easy to understand how a stern priest of foreign blood might get dominion over him and turn him from the Amen faith of his forefathers.

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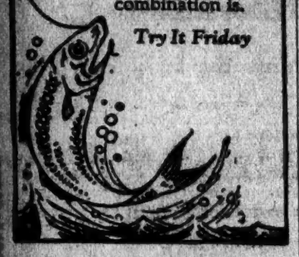

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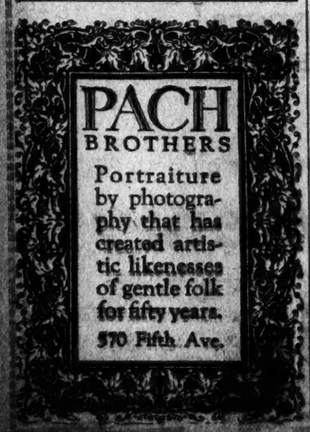

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BARS COAL SEIZURES EXCEPT BY GOETHALS

Attorney General Declares Sidetracked Fuel Available, but Requires Legal Procedure.

SARATOGA ACTION UNLAWFUL

Goethals Denounces It and the Local Administrator Removes Mayor From His Board.

I. C. C. DENIES REAL CRISIS

Reports Soft Coal Is Rejected by Complaining Districts—Brooklyn Situation Aggravated.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 20.—State authorities have decided that coal sidetracked in transit ceases to be interstate commerce and becomes liable to seizure, but all communities were warned today by Attorney General Carl Sherman that such seizures are "wholly unlawful" except when made under the direction of the State Fuel Administrator, General Goethals.

"The seizure of coal must be by the State Fuel Administrator," said the Attorney General; "others are not authorized to act. The price will be fixed by the Fuel Administrator, and steps will be taken to replace any coal seized with other shipments."

The Attorney General said today he had been informed that General Goethals had advised C. B. Kilmer, the Fuel Administrator at Saratoga Springs, to seize and distribute coal taken from cars which had been sidetracked at communities where hospitals and charitable institutions were in need and in cases of local dire necessity and emergency. It previously had been understood here that the seizure of the coal at Saratoga on Monday was made without the consent of the local Fuel Administrator.

Deputy Attorneys General Edward G. Griffin and Francis W. Cullen, the Attorney General announced today, appeared before the Interstate Commerce Commission in Washington and made application for authorization to seize sidetracked cars of coal, taking the position that such cars lost their interstate status when blocked in transit. This view was endorsed by Attorney General Sherman, and is also supported by General Goethals, according to information given out this evening at the office of the Attorney General.

"Both the State legal authorities and the Coal Administrators are acting under orders from Governor Smith, who is determined to prevent suffering from lack of coal in this State," the Attorney General said.

General Goethals, in a talk with Attorney General Sherman over the telephone, deplored the seizure of coal at Saratoga yesterday, where local authorities, in the face of information that coal was coming in shipments sufficient for their needs, appropriated a large quantity of coal. Such action tends to disorganize the plan of the Fuel Administration, General Goethals told the Attorney General.

Attorney General Sherman takes the position that priority orders should be issued by the Interstate Commerce Commission for the Northern New York districts. He pointed out that the northern counties, however, are benefiting from what might be termed voluntary priority orders. He said he had been advised that 114 cars of coal had been delivered for Nothern New York for the 24-hour period ending at 8 o'clock tonight. He said he believed that if the deliveries throughout the northern section continued in this proportion the present emergency could be met satisfactorily.

I. C. C. Reports Suffering Unnecessary.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—The fuel situation in New York State and New England was discussed by President Harding today with Chairman B. H. Meyer of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

While telegraphic appeals for coal pour into Washington, and Senator Walsh of Massachusetts almost daily reads into the Senate record letters and petitions from his State asking for relief, the Administration takes the position that the fuel shortage in the Northeast is only temporary and that actual shortages have been speedily relieved. Mr. Meyer informed the President this morning that after the request of Federal Fuel Distributor Wadleigh for priority orders for coal shipments to districts in Northern New York and New England the Interstate Commerce Commission sent agents into this field, who returned reports that in virtually every instance of complaint the shortage had been relieved.

The commission Chairman told the President. It was said at the White House, that in his opinion it was fear of a future shortage if cold weather continued, and not a present lack of coal, that had created a condition of hysteria in this section.

The President was told that much of the complaints of shortage in the Northeast was due to unwillingness of residents of this section to dilute their anthracite supplies with bituminous coal. It was pointed out that the cessation of hard coal production during the coal strike rendered impossible an adequate supply of anthracite this Winter, even for household use. It was therefore recommended by Government fuel authorities that fuel consumers accustom themselves to the use of bituminous coal.

Mr. Meyer told the President today of instances where Northeastern coal consumers had refused to buy soft coal, and he declared that from Port Jervis, N. Y., there came a demand for immediate shipments of anthracite coal, together with an indignant refusal to requisition a whole trainload of bituminous coal that lay on the railroad sidings of the town.

Coal Board Drops Saratoga Mayor.

Special to The New York Times.

SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y., Feb. 20.—Mayor James D. McNulty was removed tonight from the Coal Advisory Board of Clarence B. Kilmer, Fuel Administrator for the Fourth District, for his support of Commissioner of Public Safety Arthur J. Leonard in the unauthorized seizure of coal from the Delaware & Hudson Railroad here yesterday.

Administrator Kilmer said the Mayor, who represented this city on the board, had been removed at the direction of State Administrator Goethals. No successor will be appointed, he said, and Saratoga Springs therefore will not be officially represented in future activities of the Fuel Administration.

SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y., Feb. 20.—Delivery of twenty-eight carloads of anthracite to points in Northern New York State today made unnecessary further seizures of coal and, Fuel Administration officials say, has for the time being solved coal shortage problems.

Arthur J. Leonard, Saratoga Commissioner of Public Safety, today released the seven remaining cars of the nine-car coal train seized yesterday by police and firemen. City employes worked throughout last night unloading and delivering to emergency cases the coal from two of the seized cars.

Dr. Leonard said tonight that arrival of ten cars today averted unloading of the seven seized cars, but added that he is prepared to take action again if another emergency arises.

Officials of the coal company whose branch office and equipment was taken over yesterday at Dr. Leonard's direction to facilitate unloading and distribution of the coal, today pressed on Dr. Leonard and other members of the City Council a complaint in an action brought to obtain a permanent injunction preventing further seizures. Application for a temporary injunction pending the outcome of the action will be made shortly, attorneys for the coal company said tonight.

GOETHALS DENOUNCES SARATOGA SEIZURES

Reports Coal Was on the Way and Now Has Been Delivered —Brooklyn Shortage Worse.

The seizure by municipal authorities at Saratoga of coal cars from the Delaware & Hudson side tracks were characterized as "ill-considered and unwarranted" yesterday by General George W. Goethals, State Fuel Administrator. General Goethals said the seizure was made against the advice of Clarence B. Kilmer, district administrator for Saratoga, representatives of the Federal Fuel Distributer and Interstate Commerce Commission.

"The State Fuel Administration disavows all responsibility for the seizure and for the disorderly manner in which it was carried out," said General Goethals.

Mr. Kilmer, according to fuel officials, had reported before the seizure that Saratoga, although in need, was not in a situation to require seizure. One of the cars seized was billed to Dannemora, and the action of the Saratoga officials, it was pointed out, deprived Dannemora of a greatly needed supply.

Up to yesterday morning 114 carloads of coal had been delivered to the famine section, it was announced at the administration offices. Twenty-five localities were relieved by these deliveries, among them Saratoga, Fort Edward and Ballston Spa. There are still thirty-six towns to which no shipments have been made. These include Tupper Lake, Lake Clear Junction, Massena, Ogdensburg and De Kalb Junction.

The recent cold weather had greatly aggravated the situation in Brooklyn, Samuel J. Drummond, District Fuel Administrator, said yesterday. More than 450 requests for emergency orders because of sickness or lack of any fuel at all were received yesterday.

Mayor John F. Kenah of Elizabeth, N. J., has received about 900 tons of coal from Boston. Mayor Kenah turned to other sources when State Fuel Administrator William Grier, to whom he had applied for more coal, told him that Elizabeth had already exceeded its quota. The twelve or fifteen coal yards in Elizabeth are said to be entirely out of coal.

Peter Widisky, aged 26, a Bayonne mechanic, who lives at 155 Hobart Street, received a suspended sentence when he was arraigned yesterday before Acting Recorder Cain on a charge of stealing coal from the New Jersey Central. Widisky said he was well able to buy coal, but had been unable to obtain any. When he went home yesterday and found his wife and three children sick and suffering from lack of fuel, he said, he went down to the railroad yard and was picking up some coal from the tracks when he was arrested.

SHORTAGE IN CONNECTICUT.

Police Warn People to Make Use of Coal Substitutes.

HARTFORD, Conn., Feb. 20.—The seriousness of the fuel shortage in Connecticut tonight prompted the State Police Department, now in charge of the situation, to issue a request to the public for co-operation in meeting conditions.

The department requested newspapers to print suggestions for the guidance of both coal dealers and consumers, including the following:

Anticipate needs of the immediate future and make timely application for fuel needed.

Avoid unnecessary accumulation of fuel.

Utilize substitutes as much as possible, considering health and safety conditions.

Apply to regular dealer first. Accept what he has to offer.

Don't expect another dealer to furnish you hard coal in preference to his regular customers, who may already be using substitutes.

WHITEHALL FOR SEIZURE.

Residents Decide to Take Rail Coal if No Supplies Arrive.

WHITEHALL, N. Y., Feb. 20.—Residents of Whitehall tonight decided to seize coal trains passing over the Delaware & Hudson Railroad tomorrow unless anthracite is received through regular channels by early morning. City officials, while not authorizing the action, would countenance it in view of the existing emergency, it was said.

Two-thirds of the householders in the village are reported to be without coal tonight, or will have empty bins by morning, less than one day's supply being provided by the single car of anthracite which was delivered today.

The temperature dropped to six below zero early tonight, with indications of going further, and much suffering was reported.

Coal dealers said tonight they were unable to obtain anthracite, yet at Granville, some ten miles away, independent dealers had a supply sufficient to meet demands.

JAILED FOR THEFT OF COAL.

Three Up-State Men Had Taken Fuel From Railroad Yards.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Feb. 20.—Elmer Wyant of Modena and Jerry Babcock and William Spring of Newburgh have been locked up in the County Jail at Goshen, having been sentenced to fifteen days each by Justice Cressy of New Windsor for theft of coal belonging to the New York Military Academy, which was in freight cars on the Ontario & Western siding at Modena.

Wyant claimed he took the coal to keep his home and family warm.

SHIP REACHES PORT WITH RESCUE STORY

Egremont's Chief Brings Details of Saving the Santino's Crew.

STORM MADE TASK HARD

Captain of Five-Master Burned Tar Barrels as Distress Beacon.

Another story of the fury of the storms which have been raging on the Atlantic for the last three months was related yesterday when the Kerr Line freighter Egremont arrived in New York with a more detailed account of the rescue on Sunday of the Captain and crew from the sinking American schooner Santino of Bedford, Mass., forty miles off the Nantucket Lightship.

When the Santino was sighted shortly after dawn on Feb. 18 by Chief Officer Eldrick Holt, who was on the bridge, there was a heavy sea running and it was snowing hard. The five-masted schooner lay on the port bow of the freighter, with her head sails and spanker lowered and flying no signals. As the Egremont approached the schooner's crew hoisted the ensign at half mast.

Captain John Inhulsen of the Egremont hailed the Santino and was told by Captain Poppe that the schooner was bound from Norfolk to Boston with coal, had sprung a leak in the storm on Saturday night, and had fourteen feet of water in her hold. The pumps were broken, Captain Poppe added, there was no fresh water on board, and the water was rising a foot an hour. He asked that a wireless message be sent to the United States Coast Guard for a cutter. The Acushnet at Woods Hole, eighty miles away, replied that she was starting at 11:30 that morning to tow in the Santino.

Five hours later on Sunday afternoon, the decks of the Santino were awash, and it was evident she was sinking rapidly. Captain Poppe was urged to abandon his vessel with his crew, which he reluctantly agreed to do.

"We hove to on the lee side," said "and five of the crew came in the schooner's whaleboat and then it returned to the derelict and brought off Chief Officer Holt of the Egremont, the Captain and the other five men. Many of the men were suffering from exposure after working three days and nights on deck with nothing to drink but tomato juice."

Captain Poppe told Holt how they had burned tar barrels all night on the ice-covered decks in the heavy snowstorm Saturday night, but the light did not attract the attention of three steamships which passed the helpless schooner. The cutter Acushnet arrived at 6 P. M. Sunday and tried to take the Santino in tow, but the schooner soon sank in 30 fathoms of water.

BOSTON, Feb. 20.—Captain George E. Poppe of Brooklyn, master of the five-masted schooner Santino, which he abandoned as it was sinking off Nantucket Island on last Sunday, emphatically denied tonight that he was a hero. Landed here today with his crew of eleven men by the coast guard cutter Acushnet, Captain Poppe learned for the first time, he said, that he had remained with his schooner until a brawny sailorman knocked him down and dragged him off. The story was told in New York by sailors of the Egremont, which rescued the Santino's crew and transferred them to the Acushnet.

"It is absolutely false," Captain Poppe said; "nobody knocked me down and took me off the schooner." The skipper is six feet tall and built in proportion. Members of his crew expressed the opinion that it would be "some job" to knock him down.

Captain Poppe said he abandoned his schooner when the arrival of the cutter was delayed and went aboard the Egremont.

ICE BLOCKS HARBORS ON NEW ENGLAND COAST

Several Ports Report Serious Coal Shortages, With No Means of Getting Fuel In.

BOSTON, Feb. 20.—The ice blockade in which ports along the New England coast have been held fast for days, in some instances weeks, persisted today, while calls went out for Coast Guard cutters or other vessels to break the embargo.

Searsport and Belfast, in Maine, reported that they were frozen in by ice from fifteen inches to two feet thick, to the exclusion of coal and supplies urgently needed. Quincy Bay was all ice. Bussards Bay was packed. Manufacturing interests and householders asked for help.

The Coast Guard cutter Acushnet, just arrived here from the ice-littered waters of Nantucket Sound, went at once to Quincy Bay to break a lane there and let a string of coal barges up to Neponset. She was ordered to make haste with this work and proceed immediately afterward to Salem, where the ice has blockaded the port.

The Cape Cod Canal was opened to traffic today after a temporary interruption, but not in time to save the Metropolitan Line freighter Delaware the long trip around the cape on her voyage from New York. The Delaware was held up half way through the canal by the ice.

Plymouth Harbor is frozen over, and other harbors and channels are almost impassable because of the ice, or dangerous for navigation because of the confusion caused by buoys and other aids being obscured by ice coating or carried off their stations.

PAWTUCKET, R. I., Feb. 20.—The Rhode Island General Assembly will be asked by Fuel Administrator George H. Webb to appropriate funds to break the ice in the Pawtucket River and thus prevent a coal famine here.

This action was announced by Captain Webb today after he had been informed by the Navy Department that no ice cutters were available.

VINEYARD HAVEN, Mass., Feb. 20.—Vineyard Sound and Nantucket Shoal are packed with drift ice, making it difficult for steamers and tugs with barges to navigate. Vineyard Haven Harbor is frozen over and crews of barges anchored here walk ashore on the ice.

The schooner Frederick J. Lovatt, St. John, N. B., for New York, with a cargo of lath, was towed here from Nantucket Shoals last night by the tug Paoli. The Lovatt had been dragging about at the mercy of the ice pack since last Saturday, showing her colors union down in her rigging to attract a coast guard boat to her assistance. The schooner's planking was badly cut by the ice.

ROCKLAND, Me., Feb. 20.—A temperature of 10 degrees below zero today made ice conditions in Rockland Harbor and Penobscot Bay the worst of the Winter.

The steamer Governor Bodwell, which managed to beat her way across the bay last night after landing long delayed mails at Stonington and Swan's Island, was tied up at her dock here until further orders.

A barge load of coal intended to relieve the fuel famine at Stonington was still in the harbor here, with small prospect of early removal. Two four-masted schooners with coal for the Rockland and Rockport Lime Corporation were in the outer harbor, unable to get in.

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., Feb. 20.—The Norwegian steamer Daghild, which arrived here today from Rotterdam, reported that she was compelled to feel her way through 500 miles of ice to reach this port. The vessel was delayed five days by the ice pack.

Other vessels arriving here recently reported unprecedented ice floes over the Grand Banks and in the North Atlantic.

The Daghild came here to load 6,000 tons of iron ore, the cargo of the steamer Capto, which was towed to St. John's two weeks ago from mid-ocean in a crippled condition.

SYDNEY, N. S., Feb. 20.—The Reid Line steamer Sagona, six days out from Port-aux-Basques, was caught in an ice field thirty-five miles off Louisburg, it was reported tonight. The Government ice breaker Stanley has been unable to penetrate the heavy ice packs to reach her. The Sagona was said to be in no immediate danger. She had sufficient fuel and provisions for a month.

ICE BARS LINER FROM SLIP.

Frederik VIII, From Copenhagen Arrives In Garb of Ice Herself.

When the Scandinavian-American liner Frederik VIII. arrived yesterday from Copenhagen and Christiania with 622 passengers and mails she had great difficulty in entering her slip at the foot of Seventeenth Street, Hoboken, because of the ice which had collected there and frozen into a solid mass. Several tugs battered the ice for more than two hours before an opening was made for the bow of the liner. The officers said that the ship was so encrusted with ice forward that steam pipes had to be turned on under the foc'sle head before they could get the windlass gear to move before reaching Quarantine yesterday morning.

Among the passengers was Anicerte de Valdevia Sissy Andrade, Envoy from Cuba to Norway, who is returning on leave of absence; George Bech, the Danish Consul General in New York, returning after three months at his home in Denmark, and Eric Reinhardt, son of one of the directors of the United Steamship Company of Copenhagen, owners of the Scandinavian-American Line, who will study the steamship business here.

At the pier with his arms filled with flowers was Frederick Barentzen of 256 Dean Street, Brooklyn, to greet his three children and his future wife, Sigrid Svensson. Mrs. Barentzen died three years ago, and Miss Svensson has cared for the children ever since. Miss Svensson and Barentzen expected to be married this afternoon but immigration officials refused to permit Miss Svensson and the three children to leave the boat until Barentzen supplies necessary affidavits.

ADRIFT IN PACIFIC STORM.

Yacht Eloise Signals Helplessness Off Lower California Coast.

LOS ANGELES, Feb. 20.—The yacht Eloise, flying the flag of the Corinthian Yacht Club of San Francisco, is helpless in the grip of rough seas 100 miles off the coast of Lower California and is sending out distress signals, according to radio messages received here today. Without fuel for three days, the Eloise is unmanageable and is drifting toward the rocky coast near Ensenada, near the California boundary.

The yacht Seaward at Ensenada has been ordered to the assistance of the Eloise, and the tug Salt left Los Angeles late today on the same errand.

Aboard the endangered yacht are John C. Pivers, President of the San Francisco Shipping Register, owner and captain of the Eloise; G. Hunt, marine insurance man of San Francisco; Matt T. Mancha and Leonard C. Jones of Los Angeles and a number of others.

TO HEAR HYLAN TRANSIT BILL.

Legislative Committee Also to Listen to Gas Bill Arguments.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 20.—Senator Walker announced today that a hearing would be held on March 6 before the Senate and Assembly Committees on Public Service on Mayor Hylan's New York City Transportation bill, which would abolish the Transit Commission and transfer its functions and powers to a Transportation Commission appointed by the Mayor and the Board of Estimate.

On the same date the two committees will hear arguments for and against a bill introduced by Senator Walker which limits to $1 for 1,000 cubic feet the charge made for gas in New York City. This bill, also, would abolish the British thermal unit as a standard for the quality of gas and restore the candle-power standard. It was indicated today that the bill might be amended so as to include some other provisions before the time for the hearing is at hand.

It was learned today that the last bill in the Governor's utilities series which has not been presented to the Legislature probably would be introduced within a day or two. This will deal with regulation of the operations of public utility corporations by municipal authorities, taking over that function from the Public Service Commission.

A measure increasing from three to twelve the monthly instalments of rent which a tenant must have paid under an agreement for rent to be deprived of defenses in action for relief from oppressive rents was introduced by Assemblyman Mahan, Democrat, of New York.

Expenses for burial of soldiers, sailors and marines who died without friends or money would be increased from $75 to $100 under a bill introduced by Assemblyman Dunne, Democrat, of Kings.

The creation of a State commission to regulate public dance halls and supervise dances is provided for in a bill introduced by Assemblyman Duke, Republican, of Allegany, it carries an appropriation of $50,000.

SEARCH FOR MOTIVE IN REMINGTON MURDER

Los Angeles Detectives Question Engineer's Associates—Widow Makes a Statement.

LOS ANGELES, Feb. 20.—Former business associates of Earle Remington, electrical engineer, who was shot to death in the driveway of his home here last Thursday night, were subjected to questioning today by detectives in the hope, they said, that some motive for the slaying could be found.

The officers refused to make known the names of the men or to reveal the result of the questioning.

Blanche F. Remington, sister of the dead man, also was questioned. She is said to have given new details concerning her brother's life before and after his marriage to Mrs. Virginia Remington, his widow.

Search for a friend of the slain man believed to have recommended to him a private detective, Charles A. Dana Collins, who declared Remington had sought his services as a bodyguard the night he was killed, was continued today by the police without success. Remington failed to keep an appointment with the detective Thursday.

Since the death of her husband Mrs. Remington has been stricken with bronchial pneumonia, according to her physician, and has been unable to talk to the officers Tonight, however, she made a statement to the police, which they decline to make public.

Remington may have been slain with his own shotgun, according to declarations by police detectives today. The detectives discovered that a sixteen-gauge double barreled shotgun was the only article stolen and not recovered when his offices were entered, presumably by burglars, several weeks ago.

The police said Remington had several pistols and shotguns in both his office and his home, as he and Mrs. Remington were expert trap shooters, but they were unable to find any of the weapons.

MURDER TRIALS BREAK RECORD IN BROOKLYN

Verdicts in Two First Degree Cases Reached Within a Week —McDermott Acquitted.

A record has been made in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court, Brooklyn, where two first degree murder cases have been ready and verdicts brought in within one week. The first case was that of Mrs. Lillian S. Raizen, found guilty of second degree murder in killing Dr. Abraham Glickstein, and the second case was completed at 6:30 o'clock last evening, when a jury found Joseph McDermott of 240 Seventh Street, Brooklyn, not guilty of having shot to death Michael J. Mulroy, his brother-in-law. The speed with which the jury was impaneled on Monday, witnesses examined and the case summed up by Alexander Geismar for the State and by Edward J. Reilly for the defense is believed to constitute a record for Kings County in similar cases. Both cases were heard before Justice Cropsey.

McDermott pleaded self-defense. The defendant and Mulroy lived in the same house. There was a family altercation on June 21 last, precipitated, it was alleged, by Mulroy's accusation that Mc-Dermott was neglecting his family. The latter said on the stand that Mulroy attacked him when he tried to explain, and that he was forced to shoot him to protect himself.

The jury retired at 1:30. After the verdict McDermott was congratulated by some of the jurymen. The foreman shook him by the hand as he was leaving court. The prisoner was held on a charge of having a revolver.

ARREST 2 FOR THEFT OF RADIO MATERIAL

Washington Navy Yard Officials Are Making Inquiry About Alleged Heavy Loss.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—Reports that thousands of dollars' worth of Government material had been taken away from the Navy Yard here by employes to rig up home radio sets were in circulation today as a result of the arrest of two civilian employes on a charge of larceny from the United States.

Marion R. Frazier, employed in the yard's radio test shop, and Charles H. Southard, a chauffeur at the yard, were taken into custody after police, naval intelligence officers and Department of Justice agents had investigated the disappearance of property. Both were released under $1,000 bond.

Rear Admiral Dayton, commandant of the Navy Yard, refused to discuss the matter further than to say a report had been sent to the Judge Advocate General of the navy. It is understood an effort is being made to ascertain whether any considerable number of civilian employes or officers and enlisted men of the navy, stationed at the yard, are in possession of any of the message equipment.

NUN CLUE FAILS IN TEST.

Drug in Sister Cecilia's Room Was a Harmless Medicine.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 20.—An analysis of the contents of the bottle of fluid found in the music room of the Notre Dame convent at Frederick, Md., from which Sister Mary Cecilia says she was drugged and kidnapped on Feb. 12, shows it to be a "popular medicine" for an ordinary ailment, and that it could not possibly have been used to produce unconsciousness.

The report of the analysis was submitted by Penniman & Brown of Baltimore to Dr. William M. Smith, the Sister's attending physician.

As far as the authorities of Frederick and Baltimore are concerned the investigation has been dropped until more definite clues and information are furnished by either Sister Cecilia or the authorities of Notre Dame convent.

$21,000 INCOME FOR GIRL, 12

Foster Daughter to Share in Estate of Georgia Timken Fry.

Surrogate Foley yesterday awarded $21,000 a year income to Fredericka Fry, 12 years old, of 200 West Fifty-seventh Street, from the estate of her foster mother, Georgia Timken Fry. The application was made by John H. Fry, foster father, who said he gets the income from three-fourths of the estate and she receives the remainder. Upon the death of Fry, the girl will get the entire income, and when she is 25 years old she will receive one-third of the principal, the remainder going to her heirs.

The bulk of the estate is in stock of the Timken Roller Axle Company, which produced an income of $49,980 as the girl's share in 1922.

$25,000 Verdict in Beauty Suit.

A verdict for $25,000 was awarded by a jury before Supreme Court Justice Erlanger, yesterday, to Miss Florence M. Glever, said to be a dancer in the Metropolitan Opera ballet, in her suit against Dr. Oswald C. Blackheuse and the John H. Woodbury Company, Inc., charging that her face was disfigured as the result of treatment to reduce the hearth of her nose.

MINERS SAY COAL IS $3.61 TOO DEAR

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

ment because the market for their product would be widened.

Walsh Rejects Soft Coal.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—Coal needs of New England now are for anthracite and not bituminous, Senator Walsh, Democrat, of Massachusetts, today informed C. P. Ingold, a Morgantown, W. Va., bituminous operator, who conferred with the Senator regarding the New England coal situation.

Mr. Ingold was prepared to offer a supply of bituminous to aid the New England situation.

HUBER TESTIFIES ON LEHIGH COAL SALE

Denies Giving Information to Reynolds Withheld From Other Bidders.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 20.—C. F. Huber, President of the Lehigh and Wilkes-Barre Coal Company, testifying before the Federal District Court today in the hearing on the objections to the sale of the coal company's stock to the Jackson R. Reynolds syndicate of New York, denied that he had given Mr. Reynolds "inside information" concerning the property. He admitted, however, that he had discussed with Mr. Reynolds the proposed sale of the stock by the Central Railroad of New Jersey. The complainants alleged that Reynolds attended meetings of the Jersey Central Directors after he was supposed to have resigned and that he was given certain information that was withheld from other bidders.

"I didn't know," Mr. Huber testified, "what price Mr. Reynolds intended to offer for the stock. We discussed the matter, however, and Mr. Reynolds asked me my opinion as to its value, and I said I thought it was worth between $150 and $200 a share."

Mr. Huber admitted that he wanted to see the stock awarded to the Reynolds syndicate because he was a member of the syndicate. He said that he had refused to give the Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company, one of the successful bidders, detailed costs at each colliery, because it would have led to endless investigation and because his company was negotiating a wage agreement with the mine workers.

Harry Graves Jr., a Director of the Jersey Central and a member of the committee which received bids for the stock, said that Mr. Reynolds had refused to commit himself when asked at a board meeting in November, 1921, by Daniel Willard, E. T. Stotesbury and others whether his syndicate would continue the tenancy of the coal company over the Jersey Central lines if he was awarded the stock.

Other witnesses today included George M. Shriver, First Vice President of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad; John N. Humphries, President of the Lehigh Valley Coal Company; Captain W. J. May, President of the Pennsylvania Coal Company, and D. F. Hemalbright of Scranton.

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The following are typical of the many outstanding values featured in this Sale

3-Piece Costumes

The three-piece suit is the accepted vogue for the coming season. Here are assembled stunning creations of silk and wool fabrics, richly embroidered and braided and in the new Spring colors.

Actual Values $120 to $200 NOW $75 to $110

Afternoon Frocks

Original Paris and American adaptations—developed in twills, flat crepe, satin, novelty cantons and Paisleys with the Eastern motifs in trimming that are the keynote for Spring, 1923.

Actual Values $85 to $300 NOW $35 to $95

Tailleur Frocks

Decidedly new conceptions of the Street Dress, also suitable for present wear under your fur coat. The new tans, beige and navy, etc.

Actual Values $85 to $165 NOW $45 to $75

Dance and Evening Gowns

Showing a radical departure from previous styles in straight, slenderizing models, as well as youthful, bouffant effects in shot taffetas, chiffons. Laces and Novelty fabrics.

Actual Values $65 to $200 NOW $35 to $95

Sport Frocks

Smart sport frocks of French hand-printed silks, Mallinson's Bokara crepe, printed cantons and silk knitted fabrics in one and two-piece styles.

Actual Values $85 to $145 NOW $29.50 to $65

Sport Coats

Delightfully swanky models, of the novelty English cloths, in various lengths. Equally smart for town or country wear.

Actual Values $65 to $135 NOW $35 to $75

ORIENTAL RUGS

in the Mid-Winter Sale

Flint's Fine Furniture

A Chinese Rug, 4x2, for $18

less than two-thirds its regular cost

BEFORE THE SALE, this Chinese rug, which measures four feet by two, was priced at $28. Now, during our Mid-Winter Sale, even this moderate price has been reduced by more than one-third, and the rug is now offered for $18. It is of extraordinary thickness, and is a splendid example of Oriental weaving. This is indeed an exceptional value; and yet, in another sense, it is quite typical—for there are many more such values at Flint & Horner's Mid-Winter Sale.

SAROUK RUGS, averaging 3¼ ft. x 4½, formerly $125, are now reduced one-third, to $130.

KERMAN RUGS, 6½ ft. x 4, formerly $187.50, are now $135.

LILLIHAN RUGS, 7 ft. x 5, formerly $195, are now $130.

CHINESE CARPETS, 12 x 9, from $249 to $297; 10 x 8, $186; 9 x 6, $130—a third off their original prices.

MOUSSOL RUGS, averaging 3¼ ft. x 2 ft. 9 in., a few, more than 6 x 3, are now one-third off, $32.50 and $97.50.

Persian carpets, too, at reductions of one-third, starting at $245 for the 12 x 9 size.

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SHAW'S LIST SHOWS $1,750,000 IN LIQUOR

Customs Agents Are Checking Up Stock Held in Warehouses for Importer.

TO LOOK UP WITHDRAWALS

Whisky, Alcohol and Wine Seized in Secret Compartment of Grocer's Cellar.

Customs agents are engaged in checking up the stock of liquors and wines held in customs warehouses here for Alexander D. Shaw & Co., wine and liquor importers, 40 Water Street, whose place was raided a few days ago and a quantity of liquors seized. The check is being made against an inventory submitted on Oct. 7 last by Munson G. Shaw, head of the concern. The purpose is to see whether any of the stock has been illegally withdrawn since that time. Shaw and five others were arrested last week in connection with the raid. Shaw was arraigned before Commissioner Hitchcock last week, while the others were before him yesterday, being released in bail of $500 each.

The inventory submitted by Shaw and given out yesterday at prohibition headquarters by Dr. L. A. Reeves, Assistant Federal Prohibition Director for this State, shows that at that time the corporation had in the customs warehouses liquors and wines valued at more than $1,750,000 at local retail bootleg prices. These wines and liquors were imported prior to the enactment of the Willis-Campbell law by Congress, according to the inventory, which was sworn to before a notary public.

In the warehouses of Ely & Co., Inc., 58-60 Greenwich Street, and William R. Boyce & Son, 24 West Street, were stored, according to the inventory, a total of 5,296 gallons of wine and 59,396½ gallons of liquors of various kinds. Stored in the warehouse of Baker & Williams, 519 West Twentieth Street, were 124 cases of champagne. The inventory also showed that in the Silas W. Driggs warehouse, 276-280 South Street, were stored 122 cases of Bush Mills Irish whisky and 437 cases of Coates Plymouth dry gin. Besides, the list showed 88½ gallons of tax-paid wine in the company's warehouse at 40 Water Street.

Hold Five Men in $500 Bail.

Munson G. Shaw, President of the importing firm and member of the Racquet and Tennis Club, was arrested last Thursday with five others when dry agents are alleged to have arranged to purchase twenty-five cases of whisky from Shaw. Before Commissioner Hitchcock yesterday were arraigned Edward A. Farrel, John Backle, Richard Schuman, Henry Murphy and George Glascow. They are charged with illegal possession of liquors. Pending hearing the defendants were released in $500 bail. In the raid the agents seized books indicating that the firm had been doing a liquor business in the financial district of $15,000 a week.

It was understood at the Federal Building yesterday that Major John Holley Clark Jr. expects to appear later in the week before the Federal Grand Jury and submit his evidence against the six defendants.

Federal Prohibition Agents William J. McCay, A. Michael Hanley and John Mannix yesterday discovered in a raid on a Bronx grocery store a unique method of hiding liquors. It was the store of Carlo Rubano, 2,494 Arthur Avenue. McCay said he had arranged to buy ten gallons of alcohol at $10 a gallon and on the strength of this had obtained a search warrant from Commissioner Hitchcock.

Secret Compartment in Cellar.

In a room in the rear of the store was a small counter, behind which was a small trap door that was apparently sealed up and never used. Just in front of the counter was a trap door that led by means of a ladder to the cellar. Through this trap door the agents descended. They found nothing in the cellar to indicate a violation of the dry laws, McCay made measurements and found that five feet from the foundation wall was a blind partition. Entrance to this part of the cellar was made through the apparently unused trap door behind the counter. On three walls of the compartment were shelves. These revolved on pivots. Behind the shelves, agents said they found one barrel of 118 proof whisky, one barrel of alcohol and three barrels of wine.

McCay said that his information was that Rubano had been doing a big liquor business ever since the dry law went into effect. He never sold less than a gallon, McCay said. The whisky was offered at $30 a gallon and the alcohol at $10 a gallon. He added that both whisky and alcohol were greatly diluted before reaching the public.

Rubano and his clerk, Pete Natalanto, were arrested. They will be arraigned this morning before Commissioner Hitchcock.

Assistant Federal Prohibition Commissioner James E. Jones was here yesterday from Washington. He conferred during the day with E. C. Yellowley, Acting Federal Prohibition Director for this State, and Palmer Canfield, head of the legal division of the local unit of the Prohibition Department. It was considered likely that the conference had something to do with the appointment soon to be made of a Director to succeed Mr. Yellowley. Mr. Canfield continues to be prominently mentioned for the place.

Seize 2,500 Bottles on the France.

Customs agents, under the direction of O. A. Hokensen, Monday night seized 2,500 bottles of various kinds of whisky aboard the steamship France of the French Line. The whisky was found in a storeroom. It did not appear on the manifest of the ship, neither was it on the stores list. Officials of the French Line protested the seizure of the liquor, contending that the steamship company was entirely blameless as the liquor had been stolen by members of the crew from the storerooms of the company at Havre, France, and had been secreted aboard the ship. The labels on the bottles it is claimed, bear out this contention.

The trial of ex-Judge Harold L. Hart, formerly Federal Prohibition Director for this State and William A. Orr, former Secretary of ex-Governor Charles S. Whitman, charged with conspiracy to violate the Volstead law through the illegal withdrawal of liquors, scheduled to begin yesterday in Federal Court here, was postponed until March 5.

Felipe Antigorgis of 126 West 126th Street, a Filipino, was held in $500 bail yesterday by Commissioner Hitchcock, when arraigned on a charge of attempted extortion. He was arrested in a restaurant at 129 West 125th Street. It is alleged that he impersonated a Federal prohibition agent.

Samuel Garet, 25 years old, of the Merchant Marine Officers' Club, 152 Riverside Drive, arrested Sunday morning on a charge of violating the Mullan-Gage law, was discharged yesterday by Magistrate Max S. Levine, in West Side Court. The Magistrate held that there was no evidence against the defendant.

Two chauffeurs lost their licenses and were sentenced to thirty days each in the workhouse when arraigned yesterday before Magistrate Norman J. Mann in Traffic Court on a charge of driving automobiles while intoxicated. Martin A. Smith, 42 years old, of 336 West Seventy-second Street, pleaded guilty to driving Sunday night at Broadway and Thirty-fourth Street, while intoxicated. Rafael Luciano, 36 years old, of 125 Second Street, Brooklyn, entered a plea of guilty of intoxication while driving at Broadway and Canal Street Sunday night.

MEXICO'S DRY BORDER PLAN

Embassy Confirms Intention to Clean Up a Zone Fifty Miles Wide.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—A dry zone, fifty miles wide, is to be established along the Mexican side of the international frontier between the United States and Mexico by the Mexican Government, according to announcement made today by the Mexican Embassy at Washington, confirmatory of dispatches from Mexico City quoting President Obregon in that sense.

Details of the plan have not been worked out by the Mexican authorities, but the rules are expected to be comprehensive in scope, banning not only the illicit drug traffic, prohibition of liquor sales, stopping of gambling and the eradication of the so-called "red light districts" are understood to be four principal phases of the Mexican authorities' plan of campaign.

The Mexican Government is also expected to abolish horse racing in the dry zone.

LAYS MURDERS TO 'HOOCH.'

Philadelphia Coroner Reports a Large Increase in Killings.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 20.—Bad liquor was largely responsible for the increase in killings here in 1922, Coroner William R. Knight Jr. said today in his annual report.

"From the inquests it is evident that many murders are committed during debauches caused by drinking poisonous liquor, which is sold throughout the city," he said. "This stuff acquires all the passions of men and incites them to crimes more brutal and daring than have been known in the past."

According to the Coroner, there were 136 killings last year, the greatest number in the city's history. In 1921 there were 102. The report also showed a record number of deaths from motor accidents, 289 persons having been killed by automobiles.

20 YEARS TO DRY NATION.

Harding Thinks It Will Take That Long—Sees Progress Made.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—President Harding believes it will take twenty years to enable the United States to realize complete prohibition. It was learned at the White House. The President thinks so long a period of popular education and perhaps a longer one will be needed before the people become adjusted to the situation.

Progress toward making the country dry is being made, in the President's opinion. He is said to be convinced that the Volstead law is being enforced with increasing effectiveness.

No doubt was left in the minds of those who listened today to a White House spokesman, whose statements were uttered with the knowledge of the President, that Mr. Harding intended to take every available measure to enforce the prohibition statutes.

GIVE BAIL; ARE REARRESTED.

Federal Officers Hold Eight Men in Staten Island Court.

Eight men arrested by the police on Staten Island on the night of Jan. 26 on a charge of transporting liquor without a permit were arrested yesterday afternoon by four Deputy Federal Marshals for the same offense just after they had arranged bail before Magistrate William Featherstone at Stapleton, S. I. They had waived examination and the bail was for their release pending Grand Jury action. The courtroom was crowded and there was considerable excitement when the four Deputy Marshals stepped forward and took the eight men into custody.

The Federal warrant was issued by Commissioner Hennessey of Brooklyn, before whom they were later arraigned and held in $1,000 bail for examination Friday. Lawyers in the Magistrate's Court said that this was the first time on State Island, and probably in the State, that the Federal authorities had stepped in and arrested defendants for an offense still pending in the city or State courts.

The eight men are charged with having been engaged in the unloading of whisky from a former submarine chaser at a pier at South Beach, S. I., on the night of Jan. 26. The boat and eighty-six cases of whisky were seized. Two schooners got away.

BRYAN SAYS PARTY MUST NAME A DRY

Asserts the Democrats Will Not Adopt W. Bourke Cockran's Wet Plank.

WON'T NAME CANDIDATE

Says It Is Too Early, but Declares the Country's Sentiment Is Progressive.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—William Jennings Bryan, who is here consulting Democratic leaders in a series of conferences which have become more frequent as the Democratic campaign assumes some seriousness, declared today that the majority sentiment in the country favored prohibition enforcement. The Democratic Party, he said, would not go against that sentiment and would not adopt the wet plank suggested by Representative W. Bourke Cockran of New York and Democratic leaders in New York, New Jersey, Illinois, Massachusetts and Indiana.

Representative Cockran said that it was useless for the Democrats to nominate a candidate for President unless the platform contained a wet plank, Mr. Bryan was told.

"Does Mr. Cockran expect a change in the Constitution to confine the vote to the underworld?" he asked. "It depends altogether on the vote to which the Democratic Party is going to appeal. A large majority of the American public is for prohibition, and against any weakening of the law. The Democratic Party has no chance for success unless it takes the side of the people and favors enforcement of the Prohibition law. The Democratic National Convention in 1920 defeated a dry plank by the aid of the wet Democrats. The convention gave twice as many votes for a wet plank as for a dry one. It lost the election by a 7,000,000 majority. At that rate by how much would we have lost the election if we had adopted a wet plank?"

"What candidate is in the lead for the Democratic nomination?" was the next question.

"It is too far from election to handicap a candidate by suggesting his name," Mr. Bryan answered, "and we cannot tell until we know what the issues are who will be the most available. It is easier to eliminate than nominate. It is safe to say that no wet or Wall Street man will be nominated by the Democratic Party. The one outstanding fact in the last election was the growth of progressive sentiment in both parties. There has been nothing since election to indicate a reaction."

While asserting that he favored majority rule and opposed filibustering, Mr. Bryan did not favor the application of that rule to the ship subsidy situation in the Senate. "That question," he said, "will be settled by the majority in November."

Mr. Bryan also said that he favored the Norris resolution, which provides that Congress shall convene two months after having been elected instead of thirteen months and moves up the inauguration of the President to correspond with the convening of Congress.

"There is no honest argument that could be advanced against this proposed change in the Constitution," said he. "The Senate reflected the sentiment existing in the country when it passed the resolution by a vote of 11 to 1. I have no doubt that the majority will be large in the House. If it is submitted immediately, it can be ratified by the Legislatures now in session, since most of the Legislatures of the States are meeting this year."

CALL WHISKY DEATH MURDER

Chicago Bootlegger Is Formally Accused When Woman Dies.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Feb. 20.—A charge of murder was placed against Vincent Cutaia today after two witnesses had testified that moonshine whisky, supposedly responsible for the death of Mrs. Katherine Thompson, had been sold by him.

This is the first instance in Chicago of a murder charge being placed against the seller of poisoned whisky which resulted in death. Cutaia, a wealthy resident of the North Side Italian colony, was booked at the East Chicago Avenue Police Station after evidence was taken before a Coroner's jury.

DIPLOMATS NEED NOT GIVE LIQUOR STATISTICS

Hughes Will Advise Against Making Public the Amount of Their Importations.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—Secretary Hughes today sent to Secretary Mellon a response to the latter's inquiry with respect to the advisability of making public the facts as to the amount of liquor brought in by the various embassies and legations in Washington under Treasury permits, approved by the State Department. Secretary Hughes has also written an this subject to Representative Crampton of Michigan, who has been active in demanding this information.

It is understood that Mr. Hughes will advise against making such information public, the Secretary holding the attitude that under international law and under the revised statutes diplomatic representatives enjoy immunity from the jurisdiction of the country to which they are accredited, and that they are not subject to arrest nor are their goods subject to search or seizure.

The American revised statutes bearing on this point are practically identical, it is stated, with the old statutes of Queen Anne, which lay down the rule that Ambassadors represent in person their sovereign, and that Ministers represent their Government. As an example of the operation of this law, a case which came up in the time of Secretary Seward was cited, in which an attache of an embassy forged the name of his chief but under both international law and the revised statutes he could not be prosecuted by the American authorities. This immunity extends practically to every member of the staff and suite of legation, provided the person in question is registered as belonging to the legation or embassy staff.

Should a diplomatic representative here become obnoxious to the authorities the only recourse is to have him recalled, it is stated. In ordinary practice, however, diplomats, despite their immunity, are expected to conform to ordinary police and sanitary regulations. For example, members of the American delegation to the Pan-American Congress at Santiago will be acting under this conception of the law if they comply with the Chilean regulation requiring vaccination.

ADMITS HE BUYS LIQUOR.

C. W. Rowley, a Boston Lawyer, Tells Legislators He Does It Legally.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Feb. 20.—Clarence W. Rowley, one of the most prominent attorneys of this city, admitted with the utmost frankness that he was a regular purchaser of liquor at $10 a quart, before the Legislative Committee on Public Health at the State House today. He added that he had every intention of continuing his purchases as long as the Volstead act was on the statute books.

"Sure, I buy liquor. I buy it legally," he said.

Then his attack upon the "terrible stuff" that drug stores were selling left his audience in considerable doubt as to his legal source of supply. The drug store liquor had "a headache in every drink," he exclaimed.

Rowley was speaking on his petition for a law to punish by life imprisonment any person who sells hard liquor that results in death. He wants a twenty-year sentence for sellers of "moonshine," where death is not involved.

Prohibition is a great success from the standpoint of depriving the Government of revenues and filling the courts," he said.

HAWAIIANS BACK DRY LAW.

Hilo Citizens Call on Legislature to Enforce Volstead Act.

HILO, Island of Hawaii, Feb. 20 (Associated Press).—A mass meeting here last night, attended by school principals, teachers and citizens generally, passed a resolution asking the Territorial Legislature, which will meet tomorrow, to empower county officers to enforce the Volstead act.

Speakers declared that school children frequently were seen drunk on the streets of Hilo and that some public officials openly indulged in drinking to excess.

NEW PRIMARY BILL AIMED AT HARDING

Senator Swift Offers Measure at Albany Regarded as Republican Move Against President.

CITIZENS UNION FAVORS IT

Democrats See in It a Chance to Promote Smith's Nomination for the Presidency.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 20.—Presidential primaries for the election of delegates to national conventions are provided for in a bill introduced today by Senator Swift, an Erie County Republican.

The bill, which in other respects follows pretty closely the lines of the Direct Primary bill proposed to the Legislature and fought for by former Governor Hughes fourteen years ago, is said to have the backing of many influential Republicans, not all of them Progressives who do not favor the renomination of President Harding, but believe he will have the support of the delegates from this State to the national convention unless some way is found to give popular expression to sentiment among the party rank and file.

The Swift bill represents what is said to be the first anti-Harding note sounded by Republicans in this or any other State. What fate will befall it in the Legislature it would be difficult to predict at this early date.

Governor Smith has been asked to lend his support to the bill. Friends of the Governor appear to be well disposed toward the measure, though it has been opposed by a Republican. They feel that if the Democratic rank and file has an opportunity to express their preference in the matter of a Presidential nominee, the result will be an overwhelming expression in favor of Governor Smith.

The Citizens Union and the New York State Association are known to favor the general proposal, if not this particular bill, and are expected to lend their joint influence to promote its success.

All the important States in the immediate vicinity of New York, spokesmen for these organizations point out, now have in effect preferential primary laws applying to Presidential nominees. Massachusetts, New Jersey and Pennsylvania are among the number. It is stated that sixteen of the forty-eight States in the Union have Presidential primary laws that are binding. Six more have laws which, while not absolutely binding on the delegates elected at Spring primaries in Presidential years, afford an opportunity for the voters to state their preference.

The Swift bill would do away with the official State and judiciary conventions provided for through legislation enacted while Mr. Miller was Governor. Like the old Hinman-Greene bill favored by Governor Hughes, it would provide for the designation of party candidates for offices voted for on a State-wide basis, as well as for candidates for nominations to the Supreme Court by designating committees, leaving an opening for independent groups of voters within the party to designate contesting candidates and permitting unofficial party conventions to adopt platforms and formulate party programs.

Should the proposal embodied in the Swift bill win favor with the Democratic leaders here, it probably will be incorporated in the official Democratic Party bill providing for restoration of direct primaries and other amendments to the Election law which now is pending before the Legislature.

ANDERSON INQUIRY UP TO GRAND JURY

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

that he is "ready to sign any kind of waiver of immunity."

Will you have the kindness to advise me as speedily as possible whether or not Mr. Anderson is willing to testify before the Grand Jury in this matter under a written waiver of immunity? Very sincerely yours,

FERDINAND PECORA,
Acting District Attorney.

The Grand Jury action is the outgrowth of an inquiry started by the District Attorney early last month on "information" that Mr. Anderson had carried out an enforced commission-splitting arrangement with C. Bertsall Phillips, former chief financial field agent of the Anti-Saloon League. Charges of having caused corrected entries to be made in the books of the organization and of an unexplained public bill of $34,700 which Mr. Anderson collected from the League against advances of that amount he said he had made out of his own funds were other features of the Phillips charges.

The source and expenditures of this $34,700 publicity account especially interested the District Attorney, Mr. Anderson, on the advice of Mr. Brackett, declined to tell to whom he had paid the money or how he had come into possession of it.

ASSEMBLY ADOPTS VOLSTEAD ACT PLEA

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

that any one here can recall where a concurrent resolution of this character has been so worded as to demand action by a Governor in token of his approval.

The fourteen Republicans who voted with the Democrats for the resolution were Assemblymen George N. Cosse, Joseph Steinberg, Sol Ullman, Victor R. Kaufmann, all of New York City; Arthur Benson of Onondaga, E. C. Campbell of Albany, Walter F. Clayton and Joseph F. Ricca of Kings, Russel B. Griffith and Vincent R. Murphy of Monroe, Charles L. Mead of Orange, August Seelbach of Erie, H. E. Shonk of Westchester, and S. B. Van Wagenen of Ulster.

The two Democrats who broke away from the minority and voted against the resolution were Oscar Kahler of Chemung, and Robert R. Livingston of Columbia. Both Chemung and Columbia Counties are regarded as exceptionally "dry."

Galleries Applaud Vote.

A wave of applause swept through the Chamber when the clerk announced the result. One of the galleries was fairly well filled with members of the Women's Christian Temperance Union. A score or more of other "dry" advocates occupied chairs in the rear of the Chamber.

The McKee amendment to the resolution and the resolution itself were debated for nearly four hours. The Republicans attacked the resolution as "nothing but bunk," while the Democrats charged that the amendment made by the Republicans in the Judiciary Committee was "cheap politics." More time was spent in debating the Democratic attempt to restore the resolution to its original form than on the resolution itself.

Replying to the charge made by Assemblyman McKee that the amendment made by the Republicans was "the cheapest kind of politics that has ever been played in any State of the Union," Assemblyman Jenks, Chairman of the Judiciary Committee, who acted as majority leader in the absence of Assemblyman Adler, declared, "If the cheap politics which the Democrats are talking about were washed out of this resolution there wouldn't be anything left of it. We will be fools to adopt it, as we probably will, but it's only fair that the Governor make a fool out of himself along with us."

The assertion by Assemblyman McKee that the "Republicans are playing cheap politics in amending the resolution in an effort to involve the Governor in something that does not concern him," brought this retort from Assemblyman Esmond, Republican, of Saratoga:

"The Democrats ought to remember that this resolution is the Governor's own baby. He has attempted to lay it on the doorstep of the Republican Assembly, and inasmuch as it was recommended by him, there can be no good reason why he should not sign it and forward it to every Representative in Congress."

Assemblyman McKee said the Democrats were not seeking to eliminate the amendment "with any thought of defending the Governor, because he needs no defense at our hands."

Republicans Attack Smith.

The resolution was described as "pure bunk" by Assemblyman Ullman of New York City. "There will be more Republicans in this House next year because the people realize now that Governor Smith put one over on them good and proper when he led them to believe, prior to last Fall's election, that he would be able to give them light wines and beer.

"This resolution can bring no relief from the Volstead law and the Democrats know it just as they knew that the people were being fooled last Fall by their candidate for Governor."

This plea for every Republican to vote against the resolution was made by Assemblyman Esmond of Saratoga. He said:

"The Republican Party stands for the enforcement of the Prohibition law. Every Republican, no matter if he represents what is supposed to be a 'dry' district, ought to vote against this resolution because the Republican Party is opposed to booze."

"This resolution reminds me of a hen trying to incubate a doorknob," said Assemblyman Hutchinson, Republican, of Fulton-Hamilton. "Of course, Governor Smith, prior to the last election, posed as the Moses in the Prohibition desert and now he wants to keep right on trying to fool the thirsty."

Pointing his finger at the Republican members, Assemblyman Cuvillier said: "If you are going to play cheap politics with this subject, play it right and repeal. A resolution of this nature, asking Congress to modify the Volstead law, would be the first real step toward bringing about a repeal of the Volstead law. The enforcement of prohibition in every Eastern State is worse than a joke.

"The whole prohibition question is the most devilish piece of legislation ever inflicted upon a free people," said Assemblyman Griffith, of Monroe. "The thing is wrong in principle and impossible of operation. They say I represent a 'dry' district, but if I do they certainly have picked the wrong man when it comes to the 'wet' and 'dry' question."

Minority Leader Donohue said the resolution was recommended by Governor Smith because the result of the last election plainly indicated that the sentiment of the people of the State was for a modification of the Volstead law. He said it simply carried out one of the planks in the Democratic platform.

"The Democratic Party," Mr. Donohue said, "is trying to keep faith with the voters of the State and for that reason the resolution was introduced."

In closing the debate, Assemblyman Jenks called the resolution "foolish and vicious" in asking Congress to do something it is "powerless to do."

Governor Takes His Stand.

Following the action of the Assembly, the attention of Governor Smith was called to the fact that the resolution had been branded as a meaningless gesture by some of its critics during the debate.

"If this is a meaningless gesture," said the Governor, "then every resolution or petition adopted by the Legislature is meaningless. I should think Congress would pay some attention to what I regard as a very forceful expression of sentiment on this subject in the greatest State of the Union. There is a background of cumulative history behind this action, and what the Assembly did today is only a step in history which started when Congress first submitted this amendment to the States and it could be ratified only after the Republicans had dragged their representatives in the Legislature into a party caucus and compelled favorable action."

"Governor, it has been reported that you favored a Statewide referendum on prohibition before any action was taken by the Legislature, Governor Smith was told.

"I did give some considerations to that, but I am pretty thoroughly convinced there is no more call for a referendum on the prohibition plank than there is for a referendum on any other plank in the Democratic platform," he replied.

"The people of this State have shown upon every opportunity offered them that they favored light wines and beer. We had a law in this State, and right now might have enjoyed our wine and beer except for the interpretation the United States Supreme Court placed on the phrase 'concurrent jurisdiction' in the amendment itself and on the definition of intoxicating beverages in the Volstead law. Under those decisions our only avenue toward relief leads through a plea for another amendment. Once that law, increasing the alcoholic percentage of non-intoxicants, and that is precisely what this resolution asks Congress to do."

The "wets" and "drys" will meet and voice their divergent views on the proposed repeal of the Mullan-Gage Prohibition Enforcement act at a joint legislative hearing to be held here before the Senate Judiciary and the Assembly Codes and Excise Committees tomorrow.

WINES AND BEER ASKED BY REPUBLICAN CLUB

Resolution Is Adopted By 38 to 21 Vote After Spirited and Lengthy Debate.

After one of the most spirited and lengthy debates held in many months by the National Republican Club, 54 West Fortieth Street, the regular monthly meeting last night adopted a resolution by a vote of 38 to 21 favoring the definition of intoxicating liquors so as to permit the manufacture, sale and importation of light wines and beer.

The resolution, which has been under consideration for some time, reads as follows:

"Whereas, Congress has power under the Eighteenth Amendment of the Constitution of the United States to define intoxicating liquor within the prohibition of said amendment; and

"Whereas, the present definition of intoxicating liquors under the National Prohibition law is in the opinion of any law-abiding citizen unreasonable and unnecessarily strict and oppressive, thereby encouraging disrespect for the law.

"Now, therefore, be it resolved by the National Republican Club that Congress be, and it is hereby respectfully petitioned to amend said act by liberalising within constitutional limitations the definitions of intoxicating liquors as therein contained, so as to permit the manufacture, sale and importation of light wines and beer."

Another resolution, which was unanimously adopted, praising President Harding's enforcement of the Prohibition law, was:

"Recognizing that civilization is founded on respect for law and that the safety of our country and the welfare of the people lie in reverence and regard for law, the National Republican Club deplores the widespread violation of the Prohibition law and commends President Harding for his earnest efforts to secure the enforcement of and obedience to the Federal Prohibition law."

Those who spoke in favor of the resolution regarding the amendment of the law in order to permit the sale of light wines and beer were Robert W. Bonynge, Arthur J. Smith, Joseph Lavison, Emanuel Hertz and Louis Gunther. Those who opposed were W. H. Van Benschoten, Henry A. Melville, Charles F. White, J. C. Spooner, Arthur S. Leland, William T. Trimble and others.

The debate on liberalising the Eighteenth Amendment lasted for more than four hours, and although it was said at the close of the meeting that the arguments were very spirited and to the point, their substance could not be learned as the meeting was closed to all except members.

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DE VALERA WANTS BOYCOTT

He "Proclaims" British Goods Still Barred—French's Mansion Is Looted by Republicans.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUBLIN, Feb. 20.—The Minister for Home Affairs, Keith O'Higgins, has become, next to President Cosgrave, the stoutest spokesman for the Government. This he demonstrated today when 1,400 members of the Civic Guard, the Free State's new police force, paraded and passed in review before the President, who took the salute standing on the steps of the Government buildings on Merrion Street, surrounded by the Ministers, officers of state and military chiefs. It was an inspiring spectacle for the thousands of citizens who attended, and the President described the new force as the finest body of men he ever saw—" A splendid force of which Ireland ought to be proud."

On their arrival back at the police depot in Phoenix Park the guards were addressed by the Minister of Home Affairs, who reminded them that they would uphold and defend the laws passed by the people's representatives. The people of Ireland, he said, would fulfil their destiny and a day would come when the law could be upheld without arms. He said the Government had had to do strong, stern things in the course of the last few months, and it might have to do them again—not for love of them, but for real love of the Irish people. They would do their duty; they would not allow the British to come back, with more authority than before, and they would prevent it by holding fast to their duty, whatever the trouble and odium to themselves.

The 1,400 parading guards form part of a force of 4,000 being established to replace the former Metropolitan Police and Royal Irish Constabulary which were maintained under London direction during the Imperial régime in Ireland. The new force is unarmed.

De Valera Issues a Proclamation.

DUBLIN, Feb. 20.—The Republican Bulletin tonight publishes a proclamation signed by de Valera as "President," and Colivet as " Minister of Economics," ordering rigid enforcement of the boycott on certain classes of British goods, on the ground that " this unjust and grievous war of aggression is still pursued with increased bitterness by Great Britain through her agents and creatures in Ireland."

When questioned in the Dail Eireann today in regard to the Ulster Boundary Commission, provided for in the Anglo-Irish Treaty, the President of the Cabinet, William T. Cosgrave, replied that the matter could not be dealt with under the present circumstances.

Report Arizna Rebels Escape.

LONDON, Feb. 20.—The Dublin correspondent of The London Times comments on the mystery surrounding the operations in the Arigna Mountains. While it was announced some days ago that the whole area had been completely surrounded, it now seems that the Irregular leader Lotin and his men have managed to squeeze through the net and are harassing the Free State troops in the rear.

EARL OF YPRES' HOUSE LOOTED BY IRREGULARS

Raiders Carry of Costly Furniture of Former British Commander, Then Sir John French

DUBLIN, Feb. 20.—The residence of Field Marshal, the Earl of Ypres (formerly Sir John French), at Drumdoe, County Roscommon, was raided last night. The members of the gang removed the costly furniture, completely stripping the interior of the house, and carried off their loot in carts.

The Earl of Ypres, then Field Marshal Sir John French, was commander of the British expeditionary forces in France from the outbreak of the World War in 1914 until 1916, when he relinquished command to Field Marshal Haig. From 1916 to 1918 he was commander of the forces in the United Kingdom, and from 1918 to 1921 was Lord Lieutenant of Ireland. He was created a Viscount in 1916 and Earl of Ypres in 1921.

Mrs. Charlotte Despard, a sister of the Earl, is an ardent Sinn Feiner and woman suffragist. She has been a speaker at numerous Sinn Fein demonstrations and otherwise has been active in behalf of the organization. Early in the present year she sent a cable dispatch to a woman friend in the United States asking President Harding's intervention in behalf of republican prisoners in Ireland and was among the signers of the protest to the League of Nations against executions in Ireland.

STANDARD DISPUTES BLACK.

Asks Senate Hearing to Disprove Oil Price Fixing Charge.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—Declaring that charges made against it by Thomas S. Black of the Western Petroleum Company of Chicago were " flagrantly untrue," the Standard Oil Company of Indiana today filed requests for a hearing before the Senate Oil Investigating Committee.

The Standard company said in its request that it desired to produce witnesses to refute the testimony given by Black at the final session of the committee's inquiry into conditions and prices in the oil industry. In this testimony Black charged the Standard of Indiana, by which company he said he was employed for twenty-two years, with price fixing.

The company asserted that the charges of Black were " manifestly made for the purpose of prejudicing the Standard company in the eyes of the public and embarrassing it in the conduct of its business." It added that he was never in the employ of the Standard.

CHIDES NEW YORK CLERGY.

Bishop Gailor Thinks Desire of Some Is to Shock Somebody.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Feb. 20.—Bishop Thomas F. Gailor, titular head of the Episcopal Church in America, in an address here last night commented on the " eccentricities of genius among the clergymen of New York," as exemplified by Dr. Percy Stickney Grant.

" I find that in New York you have to have a pretty robust sense of humor," said Bishop Gailor. " The idea there seems to be that you have to say something striking in order to get into the public press. It depends upon what you say and how you say it. The main desire among some of the clergy seems to be to shock somebody."

Bishop Gailor delivered a stirring message on Americanism and closed with a call to the faith and an appeal to renewed militant Christianity.

WHALEN ASKS BONDS TO PAY FERRY MEN

Board of Aldermen Refers Matter to Finance Committee—$482,702.75 Needed.

Commissioner of Plant and Structures Grover A. Whalen requested the Board of Aldermen yesterday to authorize $482,702.75 in special revenue bonds for the payment of city employes of the Union ferries, taken over by the city, although Controller Charles L. Craig had declared at last week's Board of Estimate meeting that there was sufficient allowance in the 1923 budget to take care of the item and that the delay in paying the employes was due to Whalen himself, who had not sent in to the Finance Department the regular payrolls.

Upon the Controller's suggestion, the Estimate Board members voted not to give Commissioner Whalen the money, and Aldermanic Vice President William P. Collins had the matter referred back to the Board of Aldermen, which body had previously recommended the bond issue. Mr. Whalen in a hearthy letter to the Board yesterday said the money would be needed later in the year anyway, and the only proper action the Aldermen could take would be to appropriate the money now. The matter was referred to the Finance Committee.

Relinquishing his chair as presiding officer of the board in the absence of President Murray Hulbert, Mr. Collins rose to a question of personal privilege and replied to a recent criticism of himself and the board made by Alderman Bruce M. Falconer, Republican. He declared that Falconer himself was responsible for much of the disgraceful proceedings he had complained about.

Alderman William F. Quinn presented a resolution calling for the elimination of all horse-drawn vehicles from the streets in Manhattan. It was referred to committee without discussion. By a vote of 52 to 8 the board provided $25,000 in special revenue bonds for this year's administration expenses for the Mayor's Committee of Women, of which Mrs. William R. Hearst is Chairman.

CAR THIEVES USE RADIO IN INTERSTATE TRAFFIC

Three Arrests in Boston Are Said to Reveal $100,000 Lost in Six Months.

BOSTON, Feb. 20.—An interstate traffic in stolen automobiles, known to have involved $100,000 in recent months, was brought to light by Federal authorities today when they arrested Louis Schwartz, John J. Silverman and Abraham Alpert as some of the men responsible. The warrants, charging conspiracy to violate the Dyer act by transporting stolen automobiles from one State to another, were issued on the basis of a secret indictment returned by the Grand Jury here. Several additional warrants in the case were sent to New York.

Schwartz was held in $5,000 bonds and Silverman and Alpert in bonds of $3,000 each. All pleaded not guilty.

The principals in the traffic in stolen automobiles communicated with one another and with others by radio, according to the exposed beliefs of Government officials tonight.

According to Government officials, the three prisoners were overheard after their arrest discussing their methods of communication by radio. Government officials refused to make known whether the radio communication system had figured in the gathering of evidence or in the making of the arrests.

Federal officers said tonight that losses to automobile buyers in recent months would total more than $100,000 as a result of the gang's activities.

Federal officials said the gang handled only high-class cars, of which thirty-three had been definitely traced as stolen in New York and Connecticut, brought here and sold. In nearly every instance the loss fell on the second-hand dealers who had the cars in stock when they were discovered. Sales were made on various pretexts.

Engine numbers were altered by a process of chemical treatment and renumbering.

JESTED ABOUT BULLDOG FOR MISS ROBERTSON

But Conneaut Physician Won't Back Out Now on His Offer of Great Scrapper.

Special to The New York Times.

CONNEAUT, Ohio, Feb. 20.—Dr. W. H. Loet, a Conneaut physician, is lamenting a little joke.

Noticing in the newspapers that Miss Alice Robertson, Oklahoma's Congresswoman, who leaves office on March 4, said she would like a bulldog, Dr. Leet, in a letter, to a friend, Representative John G. Cooper of Youngstown, mentioned that he would be pleased to present his own year and a half old bulldog to her.

The statement was made rather jokingly, but was not so construed by Mr. Cooper nor by Miss Robertson, to whom the letter was shown. Now Miss Robertson wants the dog.

Newspapers carried accounts of Miss Robertson's intention to accept the gift which was described as a protector extraordinary, " able and willing to whip any man or beast in the country.

" The worst thing about the whole business," said the doctor today, " is that the dog really belongs to my daughter Polly, and I had no right to offer to give him away."

After a family conference, however, it was decided to " stand by " the offer and let Miss Robertson have the bulldog if she wants him.

GANDHISM IN KOREA.

Non-Co-operative Movement Is Begun Against the Japanese.

SEOUL, Korea, Feb. 20 (Associated Press).—One of the recent symptoms of the undercurrent of unrest which apparently is pervading Korea is an attempt to copy the Gandhi movement in India. Koreans are being urged by leaders to use only articles of Korean manufacture and to aid otherwise in non-co-operation.

Meetings of the dissatisfied element recently were held in Seoul and Ping-Yang, but a parade planned for Seoul was stopped by the police. A number of Koreans are returning to their native garb as a protest against conditions.

While the movement is ostensibly an economic one, it is not difficult to perceive a current of feeling similar to that which caused the trouble in 1919, when Koreans attempted to gain the independence of the country from Japan.

Koreans are said to have used the recent murder of a native by Chinese as a pretext to protest the lack of protection afforded by the Japanese régime. In public meetings many have renounced their domicile.

TOKIO, Feb. 20 (Associated Press).—Koreans residing in Japan are preparing to launch a certain concerted movement on March 1, the anniversary of the annexation of Korea by Japan, according to the newspaper Hochi. It is stated that Korean residents of Siberia and China are expected to join in the movement.

Governor General Saito of Korea, who has been attending the Diet sessions, said that the reported unrest in Korea should not be taken seriously. Koreans, as a whole, he said, were well satisfied with the present régime.

Girl Missing Three Months Is Found

RAVENA, N. Y., Feb. 20.—Miss Hazel Merrill, who has been missing from her home here since Nov. 22 last, has been found in Florida, according to a telephone message received by her parents today. When Miss Merritt left here she is said to have met a girl friend in Watervliet, and both left for the South. Recently Miss Merritt was taken seriously ill, and her chum notified her parents.

SOVIET RAIDS FAIL TO SUPPRESS VODKA

Bootlegging and Illicit Distilling Increase Despite Great Number of Arrests.

BEER AND WINE TOO HIGH

While They Are on Sale at Every Grocery Store, the People Cling to Strong Spirits.

MOSCOW, Feb. 20 (Associated Press).—The Russian Government has declared war on bootleggers and manufacturers of illicit " hooch," and the campaign is duplicating in many of its scenes the situation in New York and other American cities.

The sale of wines and beers is legal in Russia, but the Soviet régime has continued the war policy, established early in 1915, of banning vodka and other stronger intoxicants. These are now being made in huge quantities illicitly and nearly every one of Moscow's newly rich has his private source of supply.

During the last three months of 1922, according to statistics furnished the correspondent by the Moscow authorities, the police made 5,807 house searches and discovered nearly 3,000 private stills. Evidence secured even indicated that there were " vodka trusts " or combinations of capital to produce the liquor in large quantities. Restaurants have been raided and quantities of brandies and high-power spirits seized, while in some instances patrons " bringing their own " have been arrested.

Special rewards are made to policemen for discovering stills; and heavy prison sentences, or expulsion from Moscow, are the penalties applied to violators of the law. A new decree makes the Chairmen of each House Committee responsible for preservation of the anti-vodka law in each apartment building, the theory being that the committees, composed of residents of each building, certainly must know if any stills are being operated.

At the present low prices of grain, a gallon of alcohol may be produced in Moscow privately for the same cost as a quart bottle of weak wine or two bottles of beer.

Some Government officials attribute the growth of illicit distilling and bootlegging to the high taxes placed on wine and beer. These are sold in every grocery store and in big Government shops, but at a figure beyond the means of the average Russian. Others declare that even cheap wine and beer would never cure the Russian—a vodka drinker for generations—of his taste for spirits, and have endeavored to secure restoration of legalized sale of vodka, manufactured under a Government monopoly.

This monopoly, in the days of the Czar, supplied a great share of the State revenues. The Communist program, however, is against drink of all kinds, and, even though greatly in need of funds, Premier Lenin and other higher officials are understood to oppose the restoration of vodka, which, they point out, made Russian village feasts drunken orgies and contributed greatly to the ignorance of the peasants, whom the Government is now trying to educate. However, there is still a strong campaign for its restoration.

ARMOUR MEETING PUT OFF.

Awaits Completion of Audit as Basis of Annual Report.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Feb. 20.—The annual stockholders' meeting of Armour & Co., which was scheduled to be held tomorrow, has been postponed pending completion of audit on which the final annual report will be based. The meeting was made subject to call when the company changed its fiscal year to end Dec. 31 instead of Oct. 31, as heretofore. The annual meeting of the Armour Leather Company will be held tomorrow.

The old preferred stock of Armour & Co. of Illinois was subjected to considerable pressure today, probably as the result of more study of the preliminary fiscal statement giving effect to the recent refinancing through the formation of the Delaware corporation of Armour & Co.

The statement issued by J. Ogden Armour in connection with the marketing of $50,000,000 of bonds and $80,000,000 preferred stock of the Delaware corporation last month carried the following explanation:

" All of the common stock of the new company will be owned by Armour & Co. of Illinois, which will receive the proceeds of the guaranteed preferred stock and first mortgage bonds issued by the new company."

In creating the Delaware corporation, Armour & Co. turned over tangible assets of $202,239,640 and liabilities of $43,122,103. Thus Armour & Co. of Illinois divested itself of $159,117,537 of net assets, to which was added a charge of $10,882,463 as the Delaware corporation's share of the cost of segregating and financing. This makes a net asset total of $170,000,000.

In return for the $170,000,000 net assets Armour & Co. of Illinois received the $60,000,000 common stock, the $50,000,000 bonds and the $60,000,000 preferred stock for the Delaware corporation, which also totals $170,000,000.

RUMOR OF ARMOUR SALE.

Mrs. J. Ogden Denies Story of Disposal of Country Estate.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Feb. 20.—Reports were current in Chicago today as an aftermath of the refinancing plans of Armour & Co. that Melody Farm, J. Ogden Armour's country estate, west of Lake Forest, has been put on the market. But Mrs. Armour denied the report, declaring it " absolutely false."

Most of the servants at the north shore home of the family are said to have been discharged. About sixty have left Lake Forest in the last two months.

TO BRING STAGG BODIES.

Niece of Palm Beach Suicides Leaves Connecticut Home.

Special to The New York Times.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Feb. 20.—Mrs. Robert D. Sammis, niece of Mrs. Charles E. Stagg, and Mr. Sammis left for Palm Beach today to bring back to Stratford the bodies of Pauline Stagg and her mother, who shot themselves yesterday. They plan to bring back also the 7-year-old son of Pauline Stagg, Charles Stagg Weller, who was wounded by his mother with a carving knife before she killed herself.

Mrs. Charles E. Stagg, widow of Sheriff Stagg, and her daughter, Pauline, are known to have suffered financial reverses several years ago in the failure of the Stratford Lumber Company, started by Frank E. Weller, since divorced from Pauline. The fear that they would lose their Stratford home and property in litigation is believed to have contributed to their mental breakdown and the tragedy.

Chamber to Vote Ruhr Expense Bill.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Feb. 20.—The Cabinet today approved unanimously the project of Finance Minister de Lasteyrie for an appropriation of 115,000,000 francs to meet the cost of the Ruhr occupation. Later in the day a bill calling for this appropriation was introduced in the Chamber and referred to the Finance Committee. There is not the slightest doubt of its early passage by a vote of all the Deputies except the Communists.

FAVOR CARPENTERS ON METAL DOOR WORK

Eleven Companies Making 80 Per Cent. of Material Heard in Union Fight.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—Eleven companies manufacturing 80 per cent. of the hollow metal doors and trim made in the United States are in favor of having carpenters rather than sheet metal workers put hollow metal appliances in buildings, according to testimony today before the National Board for Jurisdictional Awards in the building industry.

E. F. Albee, head of the B. F. Keith Circuit, in a letter addressed to Chairman Russell, appealed for a settlement of the dispute and said his organization had lost more than $500,000 because the jurisdictional dispute delayed the completion of a theatre in Cleveland.

The testimony was largely a repetition of the remarks made yesterday by manufacturers, contractors and architects in favor of carpenters. An analysis of a questionnaire sent out by the Charles Anderson Company of Cincinnati was presented to the board by Hope Thompson, a lawyer, of Chicago. He read letters from manufacturers who stated that the cost in using sheet metal workers on hollow metal doors and trim was from 85 to 95 per cent. higher than the cost in using carpenters. The Master Builders' Association of St. Louis in a letter to the board said that fifty of the largest general contractors in St. Louis believed carpenters should have jurisdiction.

Mr. Anderson, testifying, said there was so much uncertainty regarding the erection of hollow trim that many architects would not specify this material, thus retarding the progress of the industry.

George Thesmacher, a sheet and hollow metal contractor and manufacturer of Cleveland, said he had always employed sheet metal workers to do the disputed work. He had always found them capable and had never had a job rejected by an architect or building owner.

NEWARK CABARETS RAIDED.

Woman and Five Men Arrested—Alleged Liquor Is Seized.

Two saloons and two cabarets were raided by Federal prohibition agents here last night, six persons were arrested, including a woman and two negroes, and a large quantity of alleged whisky and wines was seized.

The first place visited was the Iroquois Café, a cabaret in the Halsey Street section, where Oscar Nicholas, proprietor, was arrested. The second place was the saloon of Louis Waldman, who also was arrested.

Several barrels of alleged wine were found in the cellar of the saloon of Charles S. Lutz, prohibition agents reported. Lutz was arrested.

A cabaret alleged to be owned by Max Ertager was visited, and Mrs. Ertager, who said she owned the property but that her husband conducted the cabaret, was arrested when she came to a police station to give bail for two negro employes.

Nicholas, Waldman and Lutz were released in $500 bail each. Mrs. Ertager and the two negroes were held in $1,000 bail each.

ARRESTED IN $2,600 THEFT.

Former Employe Had $1,800 When Taken in Rochester Home.

Charged with taking $2,600 from the safe of the Robertson-Cole Distributing Company, motion picture firm of 275 Seventh Avenue, on Dec. 9, where he was employed as a confidential secretary, Wray Hertzelin, 19, of 597 Lake Avenue, Rochester, N. Y., was locked up in the West Forty-seventh Street Station last night. He was arrested at his home in Rochester Monday and brought here by Detective Brady of the West Forty-seventh Street Station.

William Poucher, general manager of the film firm, alleged that Hertzelin and the $2,600 were missed at the same time. The police said $1,800 was found on Hertzelin when he was arrested.

DIET BACKS TOKIO CABINET.

Lower House Acts After Peers Had Attacked Foreign Policy.

TOKIO, Feb. 20 (Associated Press).—The lower house of the Diet by a large majority today defeated a motion expressing lack of confidence in the Government.

The action of the lower house came a few hours after the House of Peers had shattered all precedents by unanimously adopting resolutions calling on the Kato Government to " consolidate its diplomatic policy," which speakers described as " retrogressive and weak."

WOMEN BACK POINCARE.

American Club in Paris Strong for French Policy in Ruhr.

PARIS, Feb. 20.—The American Women's Club of Paris at a special meeting today went on record as endorsing the French policy in the Ruhr and as declaring that France was justified in enforcing the Treaty of Versailles.

The club also expressed its sympathy with the women of France " at a time when the friendship between the countries which fought side by side is being impugned in different quarters."

NEW FRENCH LOAN VOTED.

Senate Approves 13,000,000,000-Franc Short-Term Bond Issue.

PARIS, Feb. 20 (Associated Press).—The Senate, almost without discussion, today voted the bill already passed by the Chamber authorizing the Government to issue short-term Treasury bonds to the amount of 13,000,000,000 francs during the present year.

The bonds must be repaid within ten years.

GIFTS FOR YORK'S FIANCEE.

Queen and Queen Mother Present Gems to Lady Elizabeth.

LONDON, Feb. 20.—Queen Mary has given to Lady Elizabeth Bowes-Lyon a sunburst diamond brooch, the stones being set in the form of a rising sun. The gift was presented when the Duke of York and his fiancée visited the King and Queen at Sandringham.

Queen Mother Alexandra also presented Lady Elizabeth with a piece of jewelry.

Flagships of Four Nations at Manila

MANILA, Feb. 19 (Associated Press).—Three Admirals and one former Admiral, their ships flying the flags of four nations, gave naval circles of Manila a decidedly cosmopolitan appearance today. Making his headquarters here for the Winter is Vice Admiral E. A. Anderson, commander of the American Asiatic Fleet. Admiral Leveson, commander of the British China Squadron, arrived on a visit of courtesy on Friday. Today Admiral Gilly, flying his flag from the French cruiser Victor Hugo, dropped anchor in the bay, while over at Mariveles Quarantine Station is the former naval leader of the Russian Imperial Fleet, Admiral Stark, still keeping afloat the homeless flag of the murdered " Czar of all the Russians." The French cruiser is escorting a French economic mission aboard the steamer Jules Michelet on a tour of the Far East.

COMMEND DECISION ON LABOR BOARD

Daugherty and Compers Express Satisfaction With Supreme Court's Ruling.

BOARD LEFT 'WHERE IT WAS'

Compers Says Its Powerlessness Is Made Obvious—Government Supreme, Says Daugherty.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—The opinion which the United States Supreme Court rendered yesterday, sustaining the authority of the Railroad Labor Board to suggest rules and working conditions to the carriers and their employes and allowing the board to publish the fact that its rulings had been disregarded, met with approval from two widely separated sources today. Attorney General Daugherty was gratified because governmental agencies had been recognized as " supreme." Samuel Gompers of the American Federation of Labor was pleased because the court said the board had no power to enforce its decisions.

A statement from the Department of Justice quoted Mr. Daugherty as saying that few decisions recently handed down affecting the industrial situation were of more general significance. The statement, which dealt largely with Mr. Daugherty's activities in connection with the case, asserted that early in the controversy he told the forces opposing the Labor Board that their contentions were legally untenable.

" From the day the controversy became acute," said the statement, " Mr. Daugherty personally sought an adjudication thereof and used the whole power of his office to bring out an understanding that would be acceptable to both sides. The Attorney General took the position that the Federated Shop Crafts were entitled to their own representation before the Labor Board, and because of this view he directed that the hearings be expedited with all possible speed."

Mr. Daugherty, the statement asserted, " explained that he had not only heard the side of organized labor, but that he had conferred on several occasions with officials of the complainant, pointing out on each occasion that the Government and its legally constituted agencies were and must be supreme if the laws of the land and the rights of its citizens, whether banded together as labor organizations or officials of great corporations, should be protected. He contended that while the authority of the Labor Board might be construed differently by technical lawyers, yet the intent of Congress was plain, and that intent should be accepted by both sides to the controversy then pending."

In his statement Mr. Gompers said that, while the Supreme Court decision could neither " improve nor revive the Esch-Cummins Transportation act," the court had pursued the only logical course.

" It is particularly noteworthy," continued Mr. Gompers, " that the Supreme Court decision puts upon the Transportation act the interpretation that has been put upon it from the beginning by the labor movement. It is pointed out now by the Supreme Court that the Railroad Labor Board is vested with no powers of compulsion, and that, so far as wage-earners or railroads are concerned, in matters of wages or working conditions, there is no constraint upon them to do what the board decides they should do.

" In this specific case the board is upheld on the grounds that the law gives it the authority to determine how such representatives (of the workers) ought to be chosen. Thus it is finally established that, while the Railroad Labor Board may decide to recognize and deal with the bona fide trade unions in spite of the objections of any railroad, the board cannot enforce decisions.

" The only element of strength in the Railroad Labor Board is the backing of public opinion, and if it cannot secure this it is absolutely powerless.

" It is the view of the trade union movement, and it leaves the Railroad Labor Board exactly where it was."

MAY JOIN LABOR CONGRESS.

American Federation Takes Favorable View of Its Activities.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—The American Federation of Labor may soon decide to enter into active co-operation with the International Labor Organization at Geneva. A forecast of such a step is found in a declaration today by the Executive Council of the Federation. It says that the Federation learns with pleasure of the awakening interest in the International Labor Organization by employers in the United States, remarks that employers may send representatives to the next annual meeting in Geneva to observe and report, reviews the large part the Federation played in its formation and concludes:

" Inasmuch as the constitution, rules and objects of the International Labor Organization are intended to safeguard the methods and procedure of determining and securing standards and conditions of employment of the more advanced nations, the Executive Council of the Federation looks to a not far distant participation of American workers and employers in its affairs, thereby assisting in a material and substantial way in the solution of the many problems due to unjust and unwarranted standards of life and work."

Thaw Gets Leave to Visit Mother.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 20.—Harry K. Thaw, slayer of Stanford White, who is an inmate of the Pennsylvania Hospital for Mental and Nervous Diseases in West Philadelphia, was today granted a ten days' leave from the institution to visit his mother in Pittsburgh. The application permitting Thaw to leave was granted by the Common Pleas Court in this city which committed him to the hospital. The leave is effective tomorrow. Thaw will go to Pittsburgh under guard.

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FIFTH AVENUE
34th Street 35th Street

Three-Piece COSTUME SUIT

Étole

THREE-PIECE COSTUME SUIT WITH CIRCULAR EMBROIDERED JACQUETTE
$95

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Hand Bags
For Wednesday

A newly designed bag introducing the Egyptian cabochon catch; shown in Brown, Navy and Black Moire or Mocha. Specially priced.

7.75

A Connoisseur's Bargain Counter
ORIENTAL RUGS
An Unexampled Opportunity for Bargain Hunters
An Exhibit of Ravishing Beauty for the Artistic

OPEN THURSDAY! An opportunity for the busy! The 50% Sale is almost over. Last week Mr. Hanan disposed of a large part of his famous rug collection. But there is still a dazzling selection of bargains. Visit this Eastern Rug Fair this week,—before it is over.

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PECK & PECK

NEW YORK NEWPORT SOUTHAMPTON
Peck & Peck
CHICAGO PALM BEACH FRENCH LICK

"BREAD AND BUTTER" STOCKINGS
Sturdy silk stockings $2.00 a pair

JUST BECAUSE the name of Peck and Peck is so indissolubly linked with the best and most fashionable hosiery in America, do not permit that to obscure the fact that in staple hosiery, Peck and Peck are also the best prepared.

To point the moral specifically, Long-Wearing silk stockings, of excellent workmanship and sturdy silk, are obtainable at $2.00 a pair.

They are obtainable in 63 shades,—another advantage which accrues to you when you come to Peck and Peck.

"Bread and Butter" Stockings have toes, heels and tops made of the finest Sea Island cotton for long wear.

PECK & PECK
Fifth Avenue at 48th Street Fifth Avenue at 42nd Street

PECK & PECK

REVOLUTION HEROES TO GET WAR HONORS

Military Funeral on Washington's Birthday for Bones Disinterred at Tuckahoe.

PLAN MANY OBSERVANCES

Sons of the Revolution Will Meet in Carnegie Hall—Governor Smith's Address to Be Broadcast.

Washington's Birthday tomorrow will be marked by church services, meetings and dinners at which the Revolutionary leader, first President and "Father of His Country" will be extolled. Up in Tuckahoe will take place an unusual ceremony—burial services for two Revolutionary soldiers whose graves were recently uncovered when excavations for a new building were made.

The skeletons of these men, apparently hastily buried in a sandpit after they had been killed in the skirmishes that marked Washington's retreat from White Plains, were found several days ago and since then have been lying in state in the Town Hall of Tuckahoe. They will be buried again with military honors and Washington's Birthday was selected as the most appropriate time.

The largest meeting in this city will probably be the annual Washington's Birthday memorial celebration of the Sons of the Revolution in Carnegie Hall at 11 o'clock, at which Governor Alfred E. Smith will speak. Robert Olyphant, President of the society, will preside. The Fire Department Band will play. Governor Smith's speech will be broadcast.

A special service will be held in St. Paul's Chapel, Broadway and Fulton Street, at noon under the auspices of the Sulgrave Institution. Dr. Joseph Patton McNaman, Vicar, will have charge. The Rev. Caleb R. Stetson, rector of Trinity, will read the lesson and the Right Rev. William Cabell Brown, Bishop of Virginia, will deliver the sermon.

A celebration and dinner will be held in the Brace Memorial Newsboys' Home in memory of Randolph Guggenheimer, who arranged the first Washington's Birthday celebration at the home. Governor Smith, Murray Hulbert, President of the Board of Aldermen; Major F. H. LaGuardia, H. V. Kaltenborn, Louis Wiley, Richard H. Waldo, Raymond Gunnison and H. Randolph Guggenheimer are expected to speak. There will be three dinners at which 1,200 newsboys will sit down.

The dinners will be served by women of the Teachers College of Columbia University.

There will be a moving picture performance for children at the Children's Theatre in the Heckscher Foundation at Fifth Avenue and 105th Street.

The Mayor's Committee of Women, of which Mrs. William Randolph Hearst is Chairman, will hold a mass meeting in the Town Hall at 8 P. M. Bainbridge Colby and George Gordon Battle will talk on "America for Americans." The State Democratic Forum will give a "President's Tea" at the Hotel Astor at 2 P. M. Judge William Harmon Black will speak on "Patriotism." United States Senator William E. Borah will speak on "The Ruhr Invasion and How It Affects America," at a meeting in Madison Square Garden.

The first step in the construction of a new George Washington High School will be marked by exercises at 11 o'clock at Amsterdam Avenue and 190th Street. The contract for the erection of the $2,000,000 building will be delivered by Dr. John A. Ferguson to John E. Dorgan, President of the John T. Brady Construction Company, and a drill will make the first cutting on the ledge. Murray Hulbert, Controller Charles L. Craig and George P. Ryan, President of the Board of Education, will speak. Pupils from the school will present a historical pageant and sing "America the Beautiful."

All the posts of the American Legion in New York County will join in observing Washington's Birthday by an Americanization ceremony in the Wanamaker Auditorium this afternoon.

The Kings County Volunteer Firemen's Association will parade on Washington's Birthday in Brooklyn and be reviewed by Borough President Riegelmann.

STUDENT CONFESSES ROBBING STORE SAFE

Says He Took Money in Order to Supply Funds to a Young Woman.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Feb. 20.—To provide money for a young woman with whom he was infatuated, James Pashall, aged 26, of Alliance, Ohio, a student at the School of Pharmacy, University of Pittsburgh, rifled the safe of P. J. Crowley's drug store, where he was employed, taking $185. The cash register was also looted and $30 taken.

When taken to Detective Headquarters, the student emphatically denied that he had any connection with robbery. Later he broke down and admitted he had looted the safe and register to get funds to send to a young woman.

The student in his confession declared that recently he had been leading a fast life and that the money he received from home and earned was insufficient to keep pace with his companions.

"I met a young woman while attending an all-night party, and became infatuated with her," Pashall told the police. "I suppose she believed that I had a lot of money, for she kept asking me for money. Last week she called me on the phone and said she needed some money. I was broke, and not wanting to disappoint her, I decided to rob the safe and cash register."

MOVE TO FREE BRINDELL.

Albany Bill Said to Be in Convicted Labor Leader's Interest.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 20.—A measure supposed to have for its purpose the release from Sing Sing Prison of Robert P. Brindell, convicted labor leader, serving a five-year sentence, was introduced today by Assemblyman Hamill of New York. A similar bill sponsored last year by Assemblyman O'Connor of New York was vetoed by former Governor Miller on the ground that it placed too much power in the Parole Board's hands.

Drastic changes in the State's present parole system are provided for in the bill. Any first offender, except a person convicted of first-degree murder, could be paroled under its terms after serving only one day of his sentence.

At the hearing on the measure last year before former Governor Miller, Warden Lawes of Sing Sing and Father Cashin, Catholic Chaplain at the institution, spoke in favor of it. They declared the measure would open an avenue of parole for many young men never before convicted of crime. They denied that the real purpose behind the measure was the release on parole of Brindell.

Ever since Brindell was sentenced labor leaders have been trying to have him freed. No efforts will be spared, it is understood, by these leaders to have the Hamill measure passed by the Legislature and approved by Governor Smith.

Handkerchief Factory Burns.

PASSAIC, N. J., Feb. 20.—Fire today destroyed the handkerchief factory of Davis & Cattarall and threatened a row of tenement houses. The damage was estimated at $100,000. The blaze was caused by a back draught from a boiler, it was reported. Residents of the neighborhood said they heard an explosion just before the fire started.

OSCAR BRUEN, BROKER, FORFEITS $10,000 BAIL

Failed to Appear at Trial on Larceny Charge—Under Indictment in West Virginia.

Oscar H. Bruen of Rahway, N. J., who formerly was head of the firm of Bruen, Roberts & Stake, a brokerage firm at 82 Broadway, failed to appear for trial before Judge Nott in General Sessions on two indictments charging grand larceny, and his bail of $10,000 was forfeited. According to the indictments, Bruen and his two partners in July, 1921, appropriated $690.58 worth of stock belonging to a customer, and in October of the same year he and one of the partners, Walter W. Stake, appropriated forty-six shares of stock belonging to another customer and sold them for $4,903.76.

When the case was called Assistant District Attorney Hugo Wintner informed Judge Nott that Bruen left the city for Connecticut the day before and then was known to have boarded a train for Morgantown, W. Va., where he also is to appear for trial on an indictment.

Bruen's firm went into bankruptcy, and a receiver found that there were practically no assets. A lawyer who appeared before Judge Nott yesterday said that Bruen would appear in court within a week and probably would plead guilty to the charge. Mr. Wintner insisted that the bail be forfeited, as Bruen knew the case was to be called for trial yesterday and left the city.

MORGANTOWN, W. Va., Feb. 20.—Oscar H. Bruen was indicted here last October under the name of O. B. Harris, R. P. Posten, Prosecuting Attorney, announced tonight. He was charged in a bill containing eight counts with having operated a "bucket shop," construed by West Virginia laws as an illegal enterprise.

After having spent a week in jail here Bruen posted a $2,500 cash bond for his appearance for trial in April. He had not been heard from since, Mr. Posten said.

NON-EXISTENT WILL ADMITTED TO PROBATE

Decedent's Relative Gives Contents—Says Nurse Tore Up Document by Mistake.

Surrogate Wingate in Brooklyn yesterday allowed the probate of the contents of the non-existent will of Edward P. McNulty, former curb broker and member of the firm of Jones & Baker, who died on Nov. 4 last. It was alleged that the will was torn up by mistake by Margaret J. Lough, a nurse, shortly after the broker's death.

Martin Malone, a brother of Mrs. McNulty, who inherited the decedent's seat on the Curb Exchange and who had knowledge of the contents of the will, waived his rights as a beneficiary in order to testify concerning the former existence of the will. The estate is valued at $100,000.

The provisions of the destroyed will were set forth in detail. Mrs. McNulty, the widow, receives $50,000 and the McNulty home at 524 Eighth Street, Brooklyn. Her mother, Sarah O'Connor, receives $10,000, and Edward P. McNulty, the decedent's 4-year-old son, $20,000.

Daniel J. McPartland, representing the son, in opposing probate charged that a will never existed. He placed the nurse on the stand and she testified that she had never torn up a will. She said that on the day of the funeral Mrs. McNulty had given her a paper which she had thrown away. It was a memorandum regarding underwear, she said, and not a will. She said Mrs. McNulty had handed her the paper with a handkerchief.

Surrogate Wingate ruled that there had been a will and its contents were as alleged.

FINE OLD BLACKTHORN BOOMERANG TO DONOR

McLean Has His Skull Opened Up By Brother-in-Law to Whom He Had Presented Stick.

A blackthorn walking stick which Thomas McLean, 60, an elevator operator in Bellevue Hospital, gave his brother-in-law, Fred Amory, 66, last Christmas, was turned against the donor last night when Amory told McLean low with several whacks across the head.

McLean had a day off yesterday and he called on his sister and brother-in-law at their home in the tenement at 306 East Twenty-eighth Street. Amory suffers from rheumatism and carries crutches. At Christmas time McLean told him that he would look more dignified if he discarded the crutches and used a walking stick in his rambles about the gas house district, and surprised Amory several days later by presenting him with a fine blackthorn stick with a record of long use in Ireland in terminating "little mix-ups."

Yesterday, when McLean called on his brother-in-law he spoke with pride of his gift and was surprised when Amory told him that he had laid it in a corner for his crutches. On word followed another row with Mrs. Amory, according to Policeman Miller of the East Thirty-fifth Street Station, supplying much of the controversy. Eventually Amory picked up the blackthorn and opened up several gashes in McLean's scalp. Dr. Wenger of Bellevue Hospital was not sure last night that the skull had not been fractured.

After McLean had been sent to Bellevue in an ambulance Policeman Miller took Amory on his crutches to the station. The blackthorn will be exhibit A when Amory is arraigned on a charge of felonious assault this morning in the Yorkville Court.

SEEK TO SAVE DOVEDALE.

English Beauty Spot, Made Famous by Walton, Is Offered for Sale.

LONDON, Feb. 20.—Efforts are being made by the National Trust to preserve for the people the famous beauty spot Dovedale, made famous by Isaak Walton and his friend Charles Cotton.

The place is near "George Eliot's" country, where Adam Bede toiled in his little wheelwright shop. Here also Tom Moore wrote "Lalla Rookh."

Thousands of visitor come to Dovedale every year, and it has recently been offered for sale.

Army Plans to Set Flying Records.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., Feb. 20.—The United States Army Air Service will make a systematic attempt this year to break every world's record not already held by an American aviator, according to information received here today from Washington. Orders for special training of airmen have been prepared. The War Department has sent word that there now is being built a plane which is expected to eclipse by more than forty miles an hour the fastest time ever made over a measured course.

Acquit Mrs. Ford in Husband's Death

DETROIT, Mich., Feb. 20.—Mrs. May B. Ford was acquitted tonight of a charge of conspiracy to kill her estranged husband, Ney J. Ford, a wealthy Wayne County farmer.

SILZER ROAD BOARD STILL UNCONFIRMED

New Jersey Senate May Ask Governor to Submit New Names for Highway Body.

HOLD CAUCUS ON DISPUTE

Executive Nominates Edward Maxson for Banking and Insurance Head—Names Two Judges.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 20.—Governor Silzer today sent to the Senate his nomination of Edward Maxson of Summit, a lawyer, for State Commissioner of Banking and Insurance, to succeed the late William E. Tuttle of Westfield. The term is three years and the annual salary is $6,000. Chancellor Walker recommended him to the Governor for appointment.

Silzer also nominated Daniel T. O'Regan of Jersey City to succeed Clyde D. Souter as a District Court Judge in Jersey City, and William M. Seufert of Englewood as Judge of the Court of Common Pleas in Bergen County.

The Senate again failed today to either confirm or reject the four men designated by the Governor as members of the new State Highway Commission. A committee of seventeen Republican Assemblymen met with the seventeen Republican Senators to discuss the matter and then the Senators went into a conference of their own. It was understood that decision was practically reached to refuse confirmation and call upon the Executive to send in the names of four other men.

Both the Senate and Assembly paid tribute today to the memory of Judge Robert Williams of the Court of Errors and Appeals, who died in Florida yesterday. Resolutions were adopted and eulogies voiced.

The Senate passed the Mathis bill, extending the State highway route from Camden to Toms River, and Senator Wallworth's measure for a State highway route through West Berlin to the approach of the proposed Delaware River bridge.

After a discussion the Assembly passed the Rowland bill creating a State board to examine and license stenographers. It also adopted the Stevens bill, appropriating $25,000 for sea walls and bulkheads in Cape May County.

The Legislature received the annual report of William L. Dill, State Commissioner of Motor Vehicles, showing that in 1922 there were 527 deaths in New Jersey as the result of automobile mishaps. Mr. Dill urged that there be a more rigid enforcement of the law to stop speeding and driving by intoxicated persons. He asked that jail sentences be imposed in place of fines, declaring that many motorists regarded fines as a license to violate the statutes.

BANDITS BLOW UP BANK AND LOOT A POSTOFFICE

Inhabitants of a Small Illinois Town Are Terrified by Shots Fired by Robbers.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 20.—Terrorizing the inhabitants of the little town of Easton, which lies half way between Mason City and Havana, Ill., and cutting them off from appeals for help by severing all telephone wires, a gang of bank robbers leisurely looted the Farrer State Bank at Easton last night, and escaped after firing a fusillade of shots as a farewell.

This morning the little bank is a partial wreck. The bandits, the inhabitants say, fired six charges of explosive. One shot blew the bank safe through the brick wall and landed it in the restaurant next door. About $5,000 in cash was obtained.

All telephone wires were cut, and Easton cut off not only from all local communication, but also from use of its long distance wires.

The inhabitants dared not venture from their homes. One woman whose window faces the bank watched the bandits operate. Those who attempted to leave their houses went scurrying back at the sight of the watchers the robbers had placed about the bank.

When the robbers in the bank were ready to go they called the watchers in by firing three shots. They left in two automobiles.

COLUMBUS, Ind., Feb. 20.—The Columbus post office was broken into some time after midnight last night and $5,000 in war savings stamps and internal revenue stamps, and $100 in cash taken, it was learned this morning. The robbers also made away with several thousand dollars worth of non-negotiable paper, it was said. The safe in the office was blown open.

SAYS PREPAREDNESS IS GOAL

Wainwright Tells of Progress in Organizing Industries.

Assistant Secretary of War J. Mayhew Wainwright was the guest of honor at a dinner given in the Harvard Club last evening by the officers of the United States Army supply branches. The organization of the country's industries for quick action in time of war, which is being developed under his supervision, was the subject of his address.

"Our goal," said Mr. Wainwright, "is to be able to advise the industrial establishments and factories exactly what we shall require, just what will be the job of each of them, if war comes. We have made progress for quite a distance along that road. The Navy Department is giving us the best co-operation where our task relates to naval requirements, and the business men and manufacturers are ready with the advice and assistance that we require from them."

Major Gen. M. M. Patrick, Chief of the Army Air Service, declared that the United States was no better prepared for war in this branch than it was in 1917. Other speakers were John W. Lalb, Chairman of the Industrial Committee of the New York Merchants' Association; Guy E. Tripp, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company; John J. Carty, Vice President of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company; Major Gen. George O. Squier, Chief of the Signal Corps of the Army, and Major Gen. Robert Lee Bullard, Commanding the Second Corps Area.

Invites Ford to Develop Nebraska.

LINCOLN, Neb., Feb. 20.—The State Senate, after considerable discussion last night, adopted by a vote of 25 to 8 a resolution inviting Henry Ford to come to Nebraska to survey the State's water power and engage in its development. A similar resolution was adopted by the House last week. Objections were made by a number of Senators to portions of the resolution that coupled with the invitation an endorsement of Mr. Ford's Muscle Shoals project. Objection also was made to the possible inference that the State pledged its influence and support in any development Mr. Ford might undertake in Nebraska.

Fall at Capitol Injures Congressman

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—Representative Freeman of Connecticut sustained a fracture of the ankle tonight as he was leaving the House. He slipped and fell on the steps in the subway connecting the Capitol with the House office building.

POLISH CONSUMERS UNITE.

Co-operative Movement Greatly Extended Since the War.

The consumers' co-operative movement in Poland has greatly developed since the war, according to information compiled by the French Co-operative Review. In 1914, it was stated, there were in Russian Poland 1,220 consumers' societies with 110,000 members and annual sales of about 3,000,000 marks ($8,337,000, par), and in Austrian Poland 100 societies with 22,000 members and annual sales of 5,000,000 marks ($1,121,000, par). In German Poland, there were few consumers' societies but a great many agricultural credit societies. The war, the occupation of the country by the Germans and Austrians, and the restrictions on supplies made the development of the co-operative movement slow and difficult. Nevertheless, by 1917 there were 2,200 societies with 280,000 members and yearly sales of 120,000,000 marks ($28,840,000, par).

After the signing of the Armistice, the movement made great progress and was even favored by the Government in the matter of supplies. In 1920, there were 4,000 societies with 1,300,000 members having an annual turnover of 2,000,000,000 marks ($470,000,000, par). This membership represented about 13.5 per cent. of the total population of the country.

There are three large central unions of societies: (1) The Union of Polish Consumers' Societies, a Rochdale organization having, in 1920, 713 affiliated retail societies representing 800,000 co-operators; (2) the Union of Workers' Co-operative Societies, a Socialist-Communist organization established in 1919 and having, in 1920, sixty-seven affiliated societies representing 161,000 co-operators; and (3) the Centra of Christian Workers' Consumers' Societies, a Catholic organization established in 1919. The first two organizations, it is stated, are showing a tendency toward amalgamation, but the Catholic association has not as yet indicated any desire to combine with the others.

There are also in Poland a number of "neutral" organizations, some of which have a large membership. One of the most important of these is the Central Union of State Railway Employes, whose affiliated societies have a total membership of 113,000.

PAASCH URGES FAMILY TREE

Berlin Counselor Says It May Insure Sound Offspring.

According to the Vienna correspondent of The New York Medical Journal and Medical Record, Dr. Paasch, "secret counsellor in Berlin," has addressed an earnest warning to all German youths and their parents. He advises every family to compile its family tree, comprising all its members, and indicating what diseases each member suffers from. From this information Dr. Paasch wishes to be able to state, in cases of couples about to be married, whether or not healthy offspring can be expected.

According to his opinion, it is possible to lengthen human life, but only through generations, and only then if healthy parents are engendering healthy offspring. He recommends children as well as parents to be careful in their manner of living. Those should not overstrain themselves either bodily or mentally, should take care of their nutrition and clothing, and an adequate equilibrium between physical and mental work should be established. They should beware of sexual diseases. They should take a sufficient amount of sleep, because the most important requirement in long life is conserving the vital forces.

However, all these factors come to expression only in the second and third generations and at that time are very noticeable.

Mme. Walska Severely Criticised in Detroit.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Feb. 20.—Making her second appearance in this country, trying out public feeling before essaying a New York, Boston or Chicago début, Mme. Ganna Walska gave a concert in Orchestra Hall this evening. The Detroit Free Press, which severely criticises her singing, says of it:

"Throughout the program there was every evidence of a mechanical following of definite construction and this not of the correct or truly artistic kind. That Mme. Walska is in earnest, valiantly striving to reach her ambitious dreams is clearly evident, but nature at the start has endowed her neither with the vocal gifts nor the keen intelligence to ease her path."

Sets a New Date for His Own Death.

Special to The New York Times.

BATH, Me., Feb. 20.—Dr. William J. Rouse, who had been quoted as predicting he would die today, explained that there had been a mistake in the reckoning and he is not scheduled to pass on until Feb. 23, 1924. The doctor's mother and her father died when they were 77 years 10 months 17 days old. The doctor will be that age on the date given and he said today he probably would die then. When a throng gathered at his home today he came out and said he didn't intend to die today—and he didn't.

Buys Kinloch Telephone System.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—Approval was given today by the Interstate Commerce Commission to the Southwestern Bell Telephone Company's project to purchase the entire Kinloch Telephone System, located in and around St. Louis. The Bell Company will pay $140,000 in cash and $4,200,000 in 7 per cent. preferred stock and will assume $3,500,000 in bonded and other indebtedness for the properties.

Autoist's Body Recovered From Lake

Special to The New York Times.

SANDUSKY, Ohio, Feb. 20.—Searchers found just before noon today the body of Dr. T. G. Greist, who, with Miss Sylvia Schultz of Toledo, was drowned in Lake Erie Saturday night, when an automobile in which they were riding broke through the ice. Dr. Greist's body was found near the spot west of Green Island, where the automobile and body of Miss Schultz were recovered last night.

Russia May Make Monday Rest Day

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MOSCOW, Feb. 20.—There is a movement throughout Russia to drop the Christian Sunday, the Jewish Sunday and the Mohammedan Friday as Sabbaths and make Monday a general day of rest. The workmen of numerous Odessa railroad repair shops and also many Kiev factories have decided to carry out the Monday Sabbath idea.

Falls Three Stories From Scaffold.

While working on a scaffold three stories above the sidewalk at 12 East Eighty-sixth Street, where a new building is being erected, Thomas Steele, 30 years old, of 114 West 127th Street, yesterday lost his balance and fell to the sidewalk. Steele was taken to Reception Hospital where it was said his condition is serious.

Receivership Bond Increased.

City Court Justice John L. Walsh yesterday increased the bond, required in the receivership granted to Julius Sachs against Ben All Haggin, from $250 to $5,007.75, because the receivership lien has been extended to include claims against the artist aggregating the amount on the new bond.

Officials for Canada's Railways.

OTTAWA, Ontario, Feb. 20.—Appointment of S. J. Hungerford as Vice President in charge of operation and maintenance, and W. D. Robb, as Vice President in charge of natural resources, was announced by the Canadian National Railways administration today.

Why Put It Off? Buy Your Studebaker Used Car TODAY!

Don't waste your all-day holiday tomorrow sitting around the house wishing for summer.

Insure a pleasant summer for yourself by buying a Studebaker used car tomorrow. Better yet—today.

Why put the actual purchase off when you have already decided to own a car anyway?

Now is the time to pick out your car for spring. $100 holds the car for you until you want it. Right now we have an exceptionally excellent assortment but later when everybody begins to think they want a car that day you might have to take second choice.

It's a case of the early birds gobbling up all the best buys.

The very car you have always wanted is here and will be tagged with your name for a hundred dollars first payment. Subsequent payments until the day you drive it away in April or May won't worry you.

Don't be afraid of buying a Studebaker used car. You might hesitate to buy a used car from a firm whose name meant nothing.

But Studebaker used cars can only go out for delivery after they have been put in first-class shape mechanically, and repainted if they need it—in short, not until they are worthy to bear the protection of the Studebaker name and will add to the seventy-one year Studebaker reputation for big value.

Just come and see for yourself if these are not extraordinary values.

Look them over—the prices are plain and you won't be bothered by salesmen, you will sell yourself.

Don't forget in a few weeks when the spring rush for cars really comes, when the supply is low, you won't have the same opportunity to pick exactly your car that you have now and the universal law of supply and demand might possibly raise the price of the very car you want.

Read over the detailed descriptions below:

Cars at New York

Studebaker 1922 Special Six Touring

Just out of the paint shop. Painted a wonderful rich gray with black running gear and white striping. Certainly a very smart car. All nickel parts the way they came from the factory. Completely equipped—automatic windshield wiper and all the little refinements that make a car a joy to its owner.

Studebaker 1922 Special Six Touring

A gold-striped rich maroon—not a red. Completely renickeled. Panelled fenders, the car that will make you hunt up the Blue Book for summer tours. New tires all 'round. Only enough mileage to make the engine as elastic as an old shoe. *This car will not stay on the floor long.*

Studebaker 1922 Big Six Touring

One car it is impossible to overdescribe and the kind of a car very seldom offered from a used car floor. Nickel radiator, new windshield, a paint job like new, tight fitting curtains making it as cozy as a closed car, five tires.

Studebaker 1922 Special Six Touring

This car's previous owner wanted a different type and he was the kind of an owner who spent all his spare time on the car. Not a scratch or a dingy spot on it. Beautifully upholstered, five tires, all nickel parts completely renickeled.

Studebaker 1921 Special Six Touring

An ideal car for your use now with cozy close-fitting curtains and in the summer it couldn't be beat. Remember a hundred dollars reserves it until you want it in the spring. Has complete equipment, including mirroscope and several comfort-aiding devices. Nothing better on our floor for a new driver's first car.

Studebaker 1921 Big Six Touring

Seats seven in perfect comfort. An ideal car for the whole family with room over for lunch hampers and golf clubs. Flexible, wonderfully easy to drive, cost of upkeep very low as all Studebaker cars. Standard color. All metal parts renickeled, new cord tires all 'round, completely equipped, including mirroscope.

Studebaker 1922 Big Six Touring

Original color. Just out of the paint shop. Would make a wonderful surprise gift to the whole family. Five new tires, double spare tire carrier, mirroscope, windshield wiper, step-plates, upholstery not even scuffed, carpet fresh. One of the best buys on the floor.

Studebaker 1922 Six Touring

Very few used cars have the desirability of this one. Original color. This car is going to attract the early rush of holiday buyers and sixty days from now no car anywhere like it in value will be offered in any second hand department in New York. New tires, new nickeling, fresh carpeting, upholstery perfect, tire carriers and all equipment that any one could wish.

Cars of Other Makes from $200 Up.

$100 Is All You Need to Buy a Used Car

You can reserve a Studebaker used car for a first payment of $100.

Then, after a few monthly payments are made—payments so reasonable that you won't mind them—you can drive the car away.

Until that time we will store and insure the car free.

Cars at Brooklyn

Studebaker 1922 Special Six Touring

A car that has been revarnished the original color, has just about enough mileage on it to sweeten the engine, and looks like new. Has a bumper, motometer, windshield wiper and full, complete equipment. One of the best purchases we have ever offered.

Studebaker 1922 Big Six Touring

A car for the whole family. A car that costs only a reasonable amount of money. Turned in for closed type. Shines like a new car. Besides the ordinary equipment the car has step plates, windshield wiper, bumper and an inside mirroscope. At the price it will not remain long unsold.

Studebaker 1921 Light Six Touring

Has been repainted a black with vermilion wheels. Certainly a most attractive car for any use. Leather upholstery, windshield wiper and all the usual equipment which characterize Studebaker cars. This car means a lot of enjoyment next summer for you.

Studebaker 1921 Special Six Touring

Car has been thoroughly overhauled and repainted standard color. Equipped with disc wheels. Has extra tire. An attractive car in very good condition.

Studebaker 1921 Special Six Touring

Repainted standard color. Completely overhauled. Has been driven less than five thousand miles. Has tonneau light, step light, snug-fitting curtains. This car has had such good care that it was not necessary to even put in new carpet. All nickel parts completely renickeled.

Studebaker 1922 Big Six Touring

Seven passenger, run only a few hundred miles, two extra tires, side wings, windshield wiper, mirroscope, bumpers front and rear, all nickel parts completely renickeled. Beautifully upholstered. Like new.

Studebaker 1922 Big Six Touring

A car for the whole family—a car that costs only a reasonable amount of money. Turned in for closed type. Shines like a new car. Besides the ordinary equipment, the car has step plates, windshield wiper, bumper and an inside mirroscope. At the price it will not remain unsold long.

Studebaker 1921 Special Six Touring

Five passenger. This car, which was turned in for a closed type, has been thoroughly rebuilt. It has five new cord tires, all nickel parts have been renickeled and the car has full equipment including step plates and a bumper. Repainted Oxford Lake with black fenders and chassis. The wheels are vermilion—a snappy, smart-looking car that will attract a lot of attention on the road next summer.

Cars of Other Makes from $200 Up.

THE STUDEBAKER CORPORATION OF AMERICA

Both Stores Open All Day Washington's Birthday, Thursday, February 22nd

1700 Broadway
Cor. 54th Street
Phone Circle 6200

1469 Bedford Ave.
Corner Sterling Place
Phone Prospect 8310

A NEW SKYSCRAPER FOR TIMES SQUARE

Northeast Corner of Broadway and 40th Street Sold for a 22-Story Business Building.

WAS VALUED AT $3,500,000

Large Plot a Part of Van Ingen Estate — Buying Syndicate to Spend $7,000,000 or More.

Another notable improvement in the Times Square section is to be made as the result of the sale yesterday of the northeast corner of Broadway and Fortieth Street as a site for a 22-story store, office and loft building.

The plot embraces about 33,000 square feet and was sold by the Van Ingen estate to a syndicate of real estate men and merchants represented by Zoltan Friedmann. It is planned to invest between $7,000,000 and $8,000,000 in the project, Mr. Friedmann said.

Details of the sale were not announced, but the plot has been in the market for many months at a valuation of $3,500,000. It was reported sold to a syndicate for an office building site last Fall, but the deal was never consummated. Mr. Friedmann announced yesterday that a statement would be issued shortly regarding the buying syndicate.

The purchase includes the row of old-fashioned two-story frame buildings at 121-131 West Fortieth Street; the four-story and three-story building adjoining, at 1,434 to 1,444 Broadway, known as the Holland Building, and the three three-story brick dwellings abutting at 124 to 128 West Forty-first Street.

The Fortieth Street frontage is 203.4 feet, the Broadway measurement 128.1 feet, and the Forty-first Street frontage sixty-five feet, the depths being very irregular.

Ready for Improvement.

The plot is considered one of the most valuable in the Times Square section in that, in addition to the location, it can be taken over at once and is ready for immediate improvement.

The old Holland Building, on the corner of Broadway and Fortieth Street, and especially the row of quaint little two-story houses on the side street are landmarks of this section. They are cottages with courtyards in front that once were noted for their roses and flower beds. Today they are littered with antiques and junk. They were built over a half century ago when Times Square was in the suburbs of Manhattan Island and the north end of Broadway was a country road.

The property has been held for years by the family of the late Edward H. Van Ingen, the estate being represented by Horace S. Ely & Co.

Second Deal of Kind Recently.

This is the second big deal within two weeks involving a Broadway corner between Thirty-fourth and Forty-second Streets. About ten days ago the Hotel Marlborough property at Broadway and Thirty-sixth Street was sold to A. E. Lefcourt as a site for a store, loft and office building, the deal involving about $5,000,000. Work on this structure will begin next Fall.

The new Greenwich Savings Bank Building is in course of construction at the corner of Thirty-sixth Street and Broadway, and the Emerson Shoe Company is erecting a new building on the northwest corner of Fortieth Street and Broadway. In addition, numerous commercial lofts are being erected in the adjacent streets and on Seventh Avenue. It is likely that the new Weber & Fields Theatre will be erected in the Times Square section, where several sites are now under consideration.

K. OF C. BUYS SITE FOR FINE NEW HOME

Deal Involving $1,000,000 Provides for 12-Story Building in 8th Av. at 51st St.

The New York Chapter, Knights of Columbus, representing forty-two councils in the Boroughs of Manhattan and the Bronx, has purchased as a site for a new home a plot 100 by 150 feet on the southeast corner of Eighth Avenue and Fifty-first Street.

The property, which consists of seven old four-story tenement houses, was purchased from Samuel Brener, a real estate operator. It is known as 834 to 846 Eighth Avenue, and was recently acquired by Mr. Brener from the Heggeman estate, which had held title to the property for many years.

In part payment the Knights of Columbus gave to Mr. Brener 234 to 256 West Fifty-first Street, a plot 88 by 100 feet, covered with four four-story dwellings and one five-story apartment house, together with the abutting plot, which runs through to 235 and 237 West Fiftieth Street, and contains a garage. The two latter plots have been held by the Knights for several years as a prospective site for their new headquarters.

Edward A. Arnold, who assembled the original plot held by the Knights of Columbus, negotiated the exchange. The properties were traded in free and clear, the transaction involving approximately $1,000,000.

In a statement, Nicholas F. Brady, Chairman of the Building Committee of the Knights of Columbus, said:

"The Knights of Columbus, through the medium of this advantageous move, has secured one of the finest sites in the city for its purpose, and is now proceeding with the preparation of plans for its improvement. The location is an ideal one, being in the very heart of the city, and by reason of exceptional transit facilities, easily reached. Upon this corner will be constructed a building which the Knights plan to make a monument to their organization."

The building will contain an auditorium, gymnasium, swimming pools, restaurant, 300 living rooms, classrooms for the educational department and meeting rooms and offices to house a large percentage of the councils of the Knights of Columbus in the Boroughs of Manhattan and the Bronx, and several of the charitable bureaus of the archdiocese.

Associated with Mr. Brady on the Building Committee are Archbishop Hayes and Bishop Dunn.

COURT HALTS MEETING.

Injunction Blocks the All-American Brokers Stockholders.

The All-American Brokers, Inc., with offices at 19 West Forty-fourth Street, was restrained by injunction from holding its annual stockholders' meeting yesterday.

According to Paul Jones of 38 Park Row, attorney for the firm, the restraining order was delivered by mail only a short time before the scheduled time for the meeting. It was issued on Monday by Supreme Court Justice Lazansky in Brooklyn to three stockholders who, through their lawyer, Thomas J. Evers, swore they did not receive notification of the meeting, which was in violation of the corporation laws.

When told that Paul Jones, counsel for the All-American Brokers, had branded their action as a continuation of the legal fight the company has been waging with the All-American Investing Company, Mr. Evers said he had no such information.

The plaintiffs are Katherine McNamara, 125 East Seventy-second Street; David Morley, 324 East Fifty-second Street, and Michael J. Forkon, 828 Third Avenue.

5TH AVE. ASSOCIATION RE-ELECTS R. G. COOKE

President Starts Sixteenth Term —Towne Again Heads Board of Directors

The Fifth Avenue Association, at its annual meeting at the Hotel Biltmore yesterday, re-elected Robert Grier Cooke President for his sixteenth term, and for the fifth time re-elected John H. Towne, Secretary of Yale & Towne Manufacturing Company, Chairman of the Board of Directors. Mr. Towne has served as President of the Merchants' Association and has been closely identified with the activities of other organizations of business men. Commenting upon the re-election of Mr. Towne, President Cooke said:

"During the last four years of his administration the membership has almost doubled and the association's accomplishments have been such as to make it stand today as the foremost of its kind in the country."

Other Vice Presidents re-elected include Michael Friedsam, President of B. Altman & Co.; Ancell H. Ball, President of Best & Co.; Douglas L. Elliman, President of Douglas L. Elliman & Co. Harris A. Dunn, Vice President of the Irving Bank-Columbia Trust Company, was elected Treasurer; Captain William J. Pedrick re-elected General Manager and Thomas W. Hughes re-elected Secretary.

The following Directors were re-elected for the full term to expire in 1926: Paul B. Bodes, L. M. Boomer, Ezra H. Fitch, Dr. John A. Harriss, J. R. Polk, John Sloane, Walter Stabler, Louis Stewart and Arthur Williams. The new Directors include, besides Captain Pedrick, John Slater and Emil W. Kohn.

POLICE START MOVE TO CUT AUTO DEATHS

Truck Owners at Conference Are Urged to Co-operate—Enright Tells of Safety Plans.

Representatives of 200 corporations and individuals who operate commercial vehicles on the streets of the city attended a conference yesterday at Police Headquarters, at which Police Commissioner Enright and Marcus Dow, Executive Secretary to Special Deputy Commissioner Barron Collier, asked for their co-operation in an intensive safety campaign. Ways and means of reducing the accident and death rate by automobiles were discussed.

Commissioner Enright said that he hoped plans he had under way would reduce street fatalities 50 per cent. during the year. He said that in 1921 there had been 991 fatalities in the city, compared with 846 last year. He said he was determined that 600 lives should be saved during this year.

Mr. Dow told of efforts made in other cities to reduce accidents, notably Detroit, which he said had cut its automobile death rate in half in a year. He suggested ways in which truck operators could help, and said the Police Department would send lieutenants to give safety talks to chauffeurs and furnish literature for distribution.

SCAN NIAGARA ICE FOR MAN.

Police Turn Out on Report of Victim Floating Toward the Falls.

NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y., Feb. 20.—A woman caused a furor here today when she reported to Police Headquarters by telephone from La Salle that a man was floating down the Niagara River toward the cataract on a cake of ice and was signaling for help.

Police automobiles were sent along the American shore and word was telephoned to the Canadian side, asking officers there to scan the river for the imperiled man.

For an hour officers scurried up and down the river road, and field glasses were used in an effort to locate the distress signal. The alarm was sent in about 3:30 o'clock, and an hour later the search was abandoned.

The woman, the police said, either was deceived by a piece of driftwood in the current, or, if she did see a man, he was washed into the river and drowned. The police were inclined to think the woman was mistaken. No report of a missing man came from La Salle or near-by places. Very little ice was moving in the current, and the day was comparatively clear. Boatmen at La Salle said the woman probably was mistaken.

HELD IN SLOT PHONE THEFT.

Pier Guard Charged With Taking Marked Coins From Booth.

Charged with manipulating a slot telephone in the Waldorf-Astoria until five marked nickels dropped out, Harry Nicholls, who said he was head of the Cunard Line pier guards, was held last night in $300 bail by Magistrate Frothingham in Night Court. Inspectors Cullum and Kelly of the New York Telephone Company appeared against Nicholls.

The inspectors said they had tacked an "out of order" sign on one of the hotel booths and that Nicholls had entered the booth and with a piece of wire with cotton at the end jiggled the coin box until the marked coins dropped. The inspectors alleged that the nickels were found on Nicholls when he was searched at the West Forty-seventh Street Station.

The prisoner denied the charge. He said he had tried to telephone his wife, a cashier in a cafeteria, and when the operator reported the line busy, the extra nickels had been returned along with the one he had deposited.

MORE PNEUMONIA DEATHS.

82 Yesterday, Against 55 Monday—515 New Influenza Cases.

Health Department figures yesterday showed an increase in influenza cases and deaths and an increase in deaths from pneumonia. New cases of pneumonia, however, dropped from 194 to 171.

Influenza patients reported yesterday were 515, 12 more than Monday's total. The deaths were 24, against 10 for the day before. Despite the decrease in the total of pneumonia cases, the deaths were 82, against 55 on Monday. Influenza continued to be of the mild type, the chief danger, physicians said, lying in the likelihood that pneumonia might follow neglected symptoms.

Miss Whitehurst Did Not Recant.

It was erroneously stated in THE NEW YORK TIMES last Sunday that Miss Lucile Whitehurst of 1,730 Broadway, in Jefferson Market Court on last Saturday had recanted her story that she had been knocked down and her engagement ring taken from her by Mariano Vidal, Spanish Vice Consul in this city. Miss Whitehurst merely withdrew the charges in the Magistrate's Court, she said. Ralph Gutschen, Assistant District Attorney, who represented the District Attorney in the Magistrate's Court, said yesterday that Miss Whitehurst did not recant, but had withdrawn the complaint.

Pan-American Post for J. B. Wright

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—J. Butler Wright, now at Rio de Janeiro, as a member of the American delegation at the Brazilian centennial, has been named as Secretary of the mission to the Pan-American Congress at Santiago, according to an announcement made at the State Department today.

CHURCH WILL BUILD APARTMENT HOUSE

St. James's Episcopal to Use Land It Owns at Morris Av. and St. James Park.

PLAN TO EXPEND $300,000

Metropolitan Life Insurance Company to Furnish Loan—Expect $10,000 Annual Profit.

St. James's Episcopal Church, 190th Street and Jerome Avenue, will build a $300,000 apartment house on property it owns adjacent to it. The purpose is to add to the income of the church. So far as is known this is the first church in the country to attempt an undertaking of this nature. Plans will be filed March 1 next.

It is estimated that the apartment will bring in $20,000 annually, and that $10,000 will be profit. Haley Fiske, President of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, who is a prominent layman in the Episcopal Diocese of New York, has consented to furnish a loan through the Metropolitan Life to finance the building operations.

The property owned by the church covers an entire block bounded by 190th Street, St. James Park, Jerome Avenue and Morris Avenue. The apartment will go up at Morris Avenue and St. James Park. There will still be room for a second apartment which it is hoped to build some day. But at present arrangements have been made only for one.

Bishop William T. Manning and the Standing Committee of the Diocese have given their consent.

The Rev. Dr. De Witt L. Pelton, rector of the church, conceived the idea of the church erecting the apartment house following the attempt of a realty company to buy the property for that purpose.

The apartment will have a frontage of 150 feet on Morris Avenue and a depth of 100 feet. It will be five stories with basement. Living quarters will be provided in the apartment for the sexton, deaconess and a curate.

The project is under the supervision of a committee of laymen of the parish. William H. Moore will furnish the material and supervise construction. Paul Hunter, an architect, has drafted the plans. Edmund L. Ellis, one of the vestrymen, has agreed to act in an advisory capacity to Mr. Hunter.

Charles F. Reynolds, junior warden of the parish, is head of the Building Committee. Harry B. Chambers, former Vice President of the Board of Education, will serve in a legal capacity on the committee. Colonel Harry H. Treadwell, senior partner of Tiffany & Co., who is one of the vestrymen, will be in charge of the finances.

CHURCH RENTS ITS LOTS.

Gasoline Station Will Be Erected on Fordham Road.

The Augustinian Fathers, in charge of the Church of St. Nicholas of Tolentine, Andrews Avenue and Fordham Road, have rented for an indefinite period the two lots which they own at Fordham Road and University Avenue. A gasoline filling station will be erected by the firm of Sealy & Devery.

The Fathers bought this property six months ago for $165,000, and will erect a large church on it in about three years. At present the congregation worships in a combination church and parochial school.

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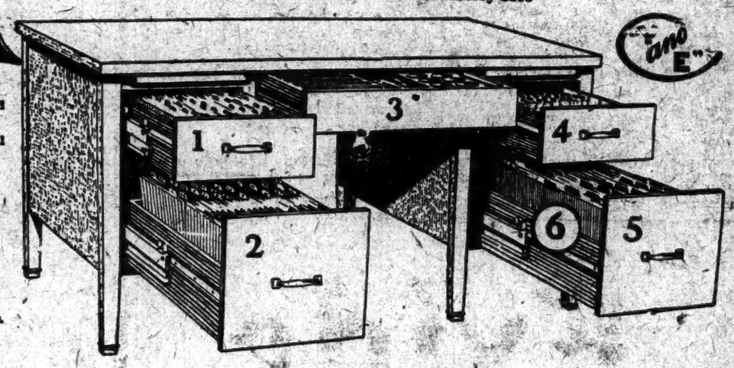

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THE program includes The Children's Corner by Debussy played by Mr. Cortot, and Ensemble numbers for two pianos by Chopin, César Franck and Saint Saëns, in which Mr. Cortot enlists the services of the Duo-Art Piano.

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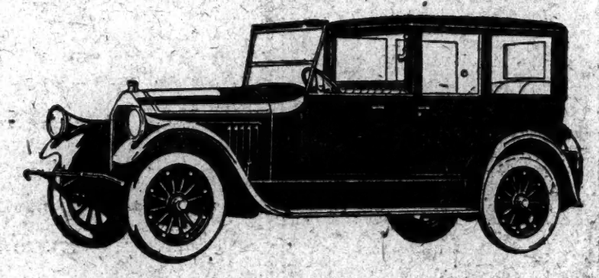

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To the quiet richness of the luxurious interior has been added increased seating capacity. Seven may be accommodated in generous comfort. Thus the usefulness of the car has been widened.

While essentially a town car, this excellent model is finding favor for swift runs from town to country or for week-end trips and extended tours.

The long Pierce-Arrow chassis—low but not too low; the buoyant springs; the nicely-balanced weight; the smooth, flowing power of the Dual-Valve, Dual-Ignition, Six-Cylinder engine insure uninterrupted service and supreme comfort under any and all road and weather conditions.

We will deem it a pleasure to demonstrate this or other late Pierce-Arrow open or closed models. A car will be placed at your disposal for a complete test.

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Our Showrooms will be open all day Thursday, February 22nd. We shall welcome your inspection of the Packard Twin-Six and Single-Six Standard and custom-built cars now on display. The Single-Six is available in eleven standard models, the five-passenger touring car being priced $2485 at Detroit. On the Twin-Six chassis we have for immediate delivery a few special town cars, sedans and open models.

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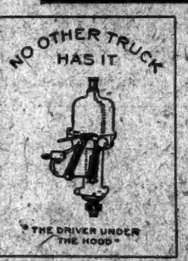

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HIRSHFIELD IS WARY OF SHAKING HANDS

Says Strangers With a 'Sucker' in Tow Prey on Public Officials for a Purpose.

POSE AS HAVING A "PULL"

Commissioner Comments on Representative Johnson's Charge of a "Den of Forty Thieves" Here.

The assertion of Representative Albert Johnson, Chairman of the House Rules Committee, that a group of lawyers, with offices in a Manhattan building known as the "den of forty thieves," were selling the "influence" of Representatives in immigration cases without knowledge of the latter, brought a similar charge yesterday from Commissioner of Accounts David Hirshfield.

"Every time I go through City Hall Park or any other public place or through a hotel lobby," Mr. Hirshfield said, "I stick my hands in my pocket, hang my head and walk as rapidly as I can, without looking either to the right or to the left. Things have got so bad in this city that every city official is sold every day in the week without his even suspecting it. Long ago I warned many of the Commissioners to do as I do and under no circumstances shake hands with anybody where others can see him.

"The way the scheme is worked is very simple. An official, for instance, will be on his way to his office. Some man will come up to him, stick out his mitt and shout, 'How are you, Mr. Official?'

"The official, holding a public office, will naturally stop and shake hands with the man. Maybe he knows him and maybe he doesn't. But what the official doesn't know or suspect is that the whole thing is a plant, that this stranger has sold the official to some 'sucker' and is giving a physical demonstration of his 'pull.' The 'sucker' in the fraud is usually standing some few feet away where he can see but cannot hear what is going on. The man returns to his victim, his face aglow with that knowing smile. He tugs his victim to a secluded corner and whispers in his ear, 'Everything is jake; the official says, "Go to it."'

Mr. Hirshfield said that when he first took office a gambler fitted up a house in Harlem and boasted to detectives that he was dealing with Commissioner Hirshfield. Commissioner Enright repeated this remark to District Attorney Swann, who told it to Mayor Hylan, who asked Mr. Hirshfield for an explanation.

"I told the Mayor that I did not know the man, had never seen him and certainly had had no dealings with him," Mr. Hirshfield said. "Imagine the predicament I would have been in if the Mayor had not known me so well and had not had complete confidence in me. I probably would have been thrown out of office in disgrace. The dispatch from Washington is no exaggeration. You never know when you are being sold out or who is doing it. That's why it pays to take precautions and be careful even with your friends, in public places."

SUN PRAISES ENGLISH RULE.

Says His Study at Hongkong Made Him a Revolutionist.

HONGKONG, Feb. 20 (Associated Press).—Sun Yat-sen, here on his way to Canton to assume his old place as head of affairs in South China, was the guest of the University Union today. His arrival at the gate of the university, where as a youth he attended Queen's College, was the signal for an outburst of cheering students, who carried him shoulder high from the motor car to the auditorium.

In the absence of the British Vice Chancellor, the Colonial Secretary welcomed the Southern leader.

"This university," said Dr. Sun, "is my intellectual birthplace. More than a thousand times the question has been put to me when and how I got my revolutionary ideas. I can only answer in this very place, the colony of Hongkong. The difference between the Colonial Government of Hongkong and the Government of China so impressed me, the orderliness and security of the former contrasted with the misgovernment of the latter, that it led me to become a revolutionist. When I became a revolutionist people began to say all sorts of things about me. But, after all, China's revolutionist is but a modern European politician.

"The Chinese republic now has been established twelve years and by means to stay. It will be everlasting."

Dr. Sun advised the Chinese students to learn English. He exhorted them to carry the example of good government to all parts of China.

DAUGHERTY NOT TO RESIGN.

Harding Denial Issued—Warren Had Been Talked Of for Post.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—President Harding today authorized a denial that Attorney General Daugherty, who has been confined to his home by illness for several weeks, plans to leave the Cabinet.

The President has paid two visits to Mr. Daugherty since his illness and it was said at the White House that his rapid recovery is indicated and that he will be back soon at his desk at the Department of Justice. This official denial is the first notice that the White House has taken of reports that Mr. Daugherty contemplated resigning on account of his illness. It was also denied that the subject had been discussed between the President and the Attorney General.

One report today said that Charles B. Warren, recently Ambassador to Japan, was to take Daugherty's place.

K.K.K. Threats to Florence Officials

FLORENCE, Ala., Feb. 20.—The three members of the Florence City Commission today received in the mails a warning that they would be "waited upon" their "tyrannical acts." The Commissioners said that they supposed the writers of the notes referred to efforts to enforce a plan to collect delinquent assessments for street and school bonds.

ILLEGITIMACY LAW CHANGES ARE ASKED

Authorities Say Code of 1828 Does Not Protect Unmarried Mother or the Child.

CONFUSION IS CHARGED

Miss Ruth Taylor, Public Welfare Director, Sees No Real Justice Until Whole Law Is Recast.

Asserting that ninety-six Judges, Magistrates and Justices of the Peace and forty Overseers of the Poor have jurisdiction in Westchester County in cases involving the rights of illegitimate children, Miss Ruth Taylor, Director of the Department of Public Welfare and a recent candidate for Judge of the Children's Court of that county, told the members of the Women's City Club and their guests at a luncheon in the McAlpin yesterday that the utmost confusion surrounded the administration of the State illegitimacy laws.

"No real justice will be done unmarried mothers and their children until the whole law is recast," Miss Taylor said. "The local poor law officials in Westchester County who have jurisdiction are among the most poorly paid public servants and are not even expected to give their full time. Of twenty-five of these town officials, five were found to have no more than a common school education and one could neither read nor write.

"The father of an illegitimate child who is faced with a civil suit for its support can make a compromise settlement out of court for anything from $5 up. Few cases are dealt with by the courts. The officials are without legal advice altogether.

"Worst of all, the defendant can take an appeal from a court decision, but the Overseer of the Poor cannot. The right of appeal should be equal for both the complainant and the defendant, and the illegitimate child whose mother dies should be enabled to bring an action itself through counsel. Amendments to the present law along these lines are absolutely essential."

The subject of the discussion was "Are the Laws of 1828 Applying to Unmarried Mothers Good Enough for 1923?" Justice Frederic Kernochan, Presiding Justice of the Court of Special Sessions in New York City, said the illegitimacy laws had scarcely been amended since 1828, and that cases involving the rights of these unfortunate children had become "a cold-blooded civil proposition, in which the city wants to be spared expense."

"Public interest in these matters has increased markedly in the last three or four years," he added, "enough for pressure to be brought to bear upon carefully prepared enactments.

"The only concern of the State and city under the present legal principle is an economic one, said Miss Mary Tinney, General Inspector of the New York City Department of Public Welfare. A defect in the present law, she pointed out, is that no action to compel the father of an illegitimate child to provide for its support could be brought unless there was proved danger of the child's becoming a public charge.

Walter Clarke, Administrative Director of the National Health Council, said the illegitimacy laws in Norway deserved study here.

"Under these laws the State is responsible for the maintenance of the child and the determination of its paternity," he said. "Where there are two or more possible fathers of an illegitimate child, all must contribute to its support. Under three years of the Norway laws, from 1916 to 1918, the rates of illegitimacy decreased from 6.416 to 4.262."

SCHWAB ILL IN LONDON.

Has Been Suffering From Grip, but Says He Is Better Now.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Feb. 20.—Charles M. Schwab has been ill with the grip since he arrived here on Saturday.

He told THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent tonight that he was better and hoped to be out tomorrow.

Count Lerchenfeld at White House.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—Count Lerchenfeld, former Premier of Bavaria, who is now head in the United States of an organization for the relief of German children, called at the White House today in company with Dr. Wiedfeldt, the German Ambassador, and was presented to the President. It is understood that Count Lerchenfeld thanked President Harding for a letter which the President wrote some days ago in the interest of the cause which the Count represents. Count Lerchenfeld, whose headquarters are in New York, expects to make a tour of the United States shortly, speaking in the interest of the relief organization.

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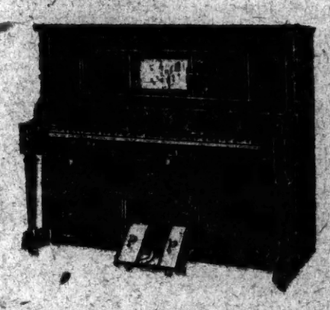
The ever-increasing fame of the wonderful Duo-Art has brought a large number of high-grade Pianos and Player-pianos to Aeolian Hall. These instruments come from some of the finest homes in New York and bear such famous names as Steinway, Weber, Chickering, Knabe, Hardman, etc. Every piano has been through the Aeolian repair shops and carefully overhauled. Many of them are practically indistinguishable from new. There will doubtless be a great demand for pianos of this grade at these prices and, as the stock is not unlimited, we would suggest an early call.

PIANOS *from* $125

THERE are pianos of standard make, taken in exchange for the Duo-Art Reproducing Piano. These instruments are all in excellent playing condition. Any of them will give years of satisfactory service.

Steinway, Weber, Kroeger, Steck, Chickering, Estey, Hardman, Ivers & Pond

Terms as Low as $4 *Monthly*



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IN this group will be found a large variety of Player-pianos including the world-famous Pianola at sweeping reductions. These instruments are equipped with up-to-date expression devices and have been put in excellent condition.

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Also a quantity of Song and Dance Rolls from 10 cents

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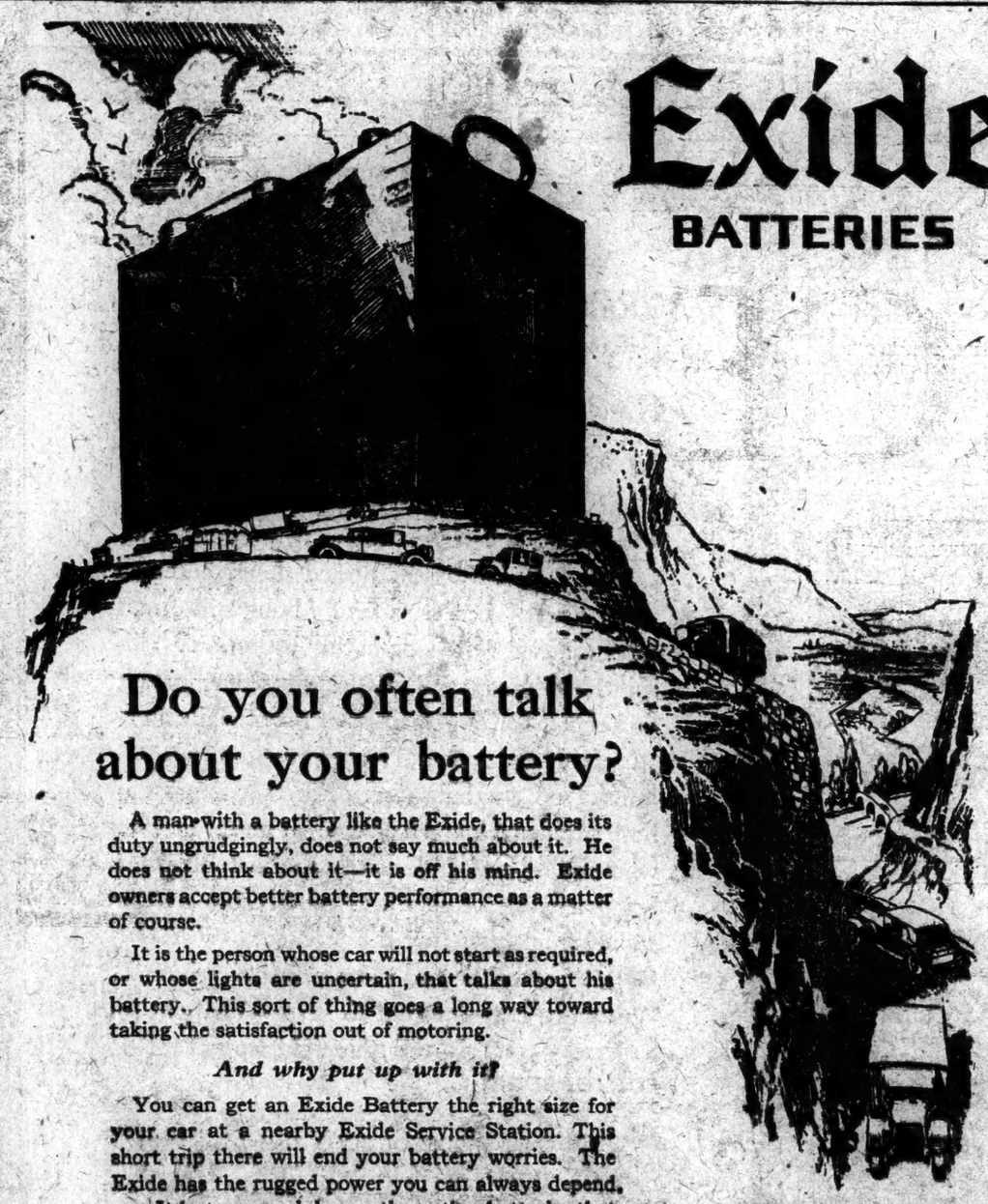

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A man with a battery like the Exide, that does its duty ungrudgingly, does not say much about it. He does not think about it—it is off his mind. Exide owners accept better battery performance as a matter of course.

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The Electric Storage Battery Co., Philadelphia

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RADIO *For your radio set get an Exide Radio Battery*

THE LONG-LIFE BATTERY FOR YOUR CAR

Ovington's lamps and shades were never ridiculously priced, as lamps often are, and this sale provides an opportunity to procure a lamp of unusual charm at a price of unusual attraction.

Do you need a lamp?

THIS year the February Sale of lamps embraces not only all the charming lamps and shades which are clustered in Ovington's display, and not only every stick of novel furniture from muffin trays to cabinets, but it also includes the fine and varied display of mirrors which is presented always by Ovington's.

And the discounts of 10% to 50% are the rule during February.

OVINGTON'S

"The Gift Shop of Fifth Avenue"

FIFTH AVENUE AT 39TH STREET

35 to 50% Savings on *Genuine*

Haviland China

COMPLETE DINNER SETS

For Service of Six for so very little as $45
For Service of Twelve for $75
with them may be had all sorts of extra pieces

And as always our assortments are featured by an infinity of charming Open Stock Patterns that cannot be seen elsewhere in the whole city of New York

Haviland & Co

Founded 1837

11 East 36th Street 10 East 37th Street
JUST EAST OF FIFTH AVENUE

Business Opportunities (Bank and Business References Required) Last Page.

FIVE LINERS SAIL FOR ABROAD TODAY

The France Will Carry Diplomats, Painters and Singers—Foreign Residents Returning.

HENRY BRUCKNER LEAVING

Borough President of Bronx and Family Are Taking Trip to South America.

Among the passengers sailing today for Havre and Plymouth on the French liner France are Donald Harper, American lawyer living in Paris; Walter Winston Price, prominent lawyer, and Mrs. Price; John A. McVickar, who has resided in Paris for many years; Elliott F. Shepard, Secretary Anglo-American Press Association of Paris; Mrs. Howard Ellery Mitchell, Mrs. Penelope Jane de Neoux, Mr. and Mrs. Starr Miller, K. T. Chu and Vico Chu of Tokio, Mrs. William L. Harris and Mr. and Mrs. Trafford Huteson of Seattle and Oscar R. Cauchois, Advisory Director of the French Line.

C. T. Loo, Counselor of Legation and Chargé d'Affaires ad interim, Republic of China; Count de Vibraye of Washington, Count Jean Rivetta, L. D. Doyle, American artist; Mme. H. Guimard, French painter; A. Archibald Anderson, American painter; Henry Kolker, moving-picture director of Famous Players; Germain and René Seligmann, French art dealers; Miss Bessie Gottlieb, art collector and interior decorator; James B. Burke, Andrew Taylor, Charles Baes, American representative of L. T. Piver, French perfumer, and Mrs. Baez; Leon Danco, Belgian exporter, and Mrs. Danco, and Ernest Nadal, French perfumer, also sail.

Major Paul C. Turner, a former member of the Supreme War Council at Versailles, will visit the Queen of Rumania relative to her operatic pantomime, "Lily of Life," now at the Paris Opera. He will make arrangements for New York performances.

Other passengers are Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Snow Jr. of Baltimore, Colonel George E. Warren and Mrs. Warren, Mr. and Mrs. Homer Gage of Boston and a quartet of globe-trotters from Canada consisting of J. Alfred Oufmet, Honoré Blouin, Victor Marchand and A. Gelinas.

Three members of the Chicago Civic Opera Company are also among the passengers: George Polacco, musical director; George Baklanoff, bass, and F. St. Leger.

Some of the passengers sailing today on the Cunarder Saxonia for Hamburg via Plymouth and Cherbourg, are: Mrs. Clare Sheridan and her children, the Very Rev. Dr. Thomas Charles Fry, Dean of Lincoln Cathedral, England; Dr. A. Horwitz, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Ainsworth of Detroit; Major G. Peabody, F. B. Lewis, Mrs. M. Russell, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Watson, of Montreal; Miss Constance Watson, Mrs. Duncan Smyth and Samuel C. Pope.

The list of the Royal Mail steamer Orduna for Hamburg via Cherbourg and Southampton includes Colonel T. H. Barth, A. M. Erskine, Miss G. M. Dunn, Captain W. H. Parker, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Shoemaker, Miss Carol Johnson, the Rev. R. H. Pompe, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick McCrea, Miss L. B. Wallace, Wilhelm Von Wymetal and Stanley Paul.

Among those sailing for Valparaiso, Callao and other west coast ports of South America today on the Essequibo of the Pacific Steam Navigation Company are Theodore G. Eames, chief clerk in the District Attorney's office, and Mrs. Eames, Frederick Hellman of the Chilian Exploration Company; A. T. Sherwin, Countess Amelia Nasselli, wife of the Italian Minister to Cuba; Henry Bruckner, Borough President of the Bronx, with his wife and two sons; Horace Fogg, C. J. Hardy, Hamilton McK. Jones, R. E. Weise, Burlington, Vt.; Miss Vida F. Grignard, Mrs. F. S. Angus, T. J. Dolan, C. W. T. Parker, Dr. L. L. Ball, Mrs. Ball, J. J. Farrell, T. W. Barker, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Mauch and Captain J. M. Olivera.

Among the passengers on the Furness Bermuda liner Fort Victoria, taking out 325 tourists today for Bermuda, are George Plimpton, the publisher; Joseph S. Auerbach, H. W. Lohman of the new Hotel Bermudiana at Bermuda; R. E. Kemsley, Mr. and Mrs. John P. O'Connor; Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Foley and Mr. and Mrs. Philip Reiter, all of New York; Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Thomas of Cleveland; R. S. R. Hitt of Washington; Mr. and Mrs. L. Irion and Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Irion of Detroit; Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Doyle and Miss Mary Doyle of Boston, and Dr. Park-Lewis of Buffalo.

Among the 470 tourists who sailed at noon yesterday for a twenty-seven days' cruise to the West Indies and South America on the Empress of Britain of the Canadian Pacific Steamship Company were: Mr. and Mrs. E. K. Davis, Mr. and Mrs. Charles D. Snedeker, Perth Amboy, N. J.; George B. Campion, Mr. and Mrs. Charles R. Silkman, Arthur S. Lyon, President Red Book Furniture Company, and champion fencer of the United States and Mrs. Lyon; Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Lord, A. C. Gehr and sister, Miss F. V. Gehr, Mark Workman and daughter, Miss Mina Workman, of Montreal; Mrs. J. H. Mannix and daughter, Miss Frances, of Albany; Charles Dorrance, Vice President of the Hudson Coal Company, Scranton, Pa., and Mrs. Dorrance; Edwin Shuttleworth, and Mr. and Mrs. Richard W. Ritter, Amsterdam, N. Y.; Mrs. Samuel Good and daughter, Miss Margaret; Miss Florence David, Mr. and Mrs. John M. Hall of Buffalo; Mr. and Mrs. Ridgely Gaither of Baltimore.

Some of the passengers who arrived yesterday from Alexandria via Naples, Monaco and Gibraltar on the White Star Liner Adriatic were: Mrs. E. Ashmead, Mr. and Mrs. Edward G. Barber, Mrs. Olive B. Booth, Mrs. M. M. Bowdoin, Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Bryan, Mrs. H. M. Camp, Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Chamberlain, Miss A. C. Cousens, Miss E. Cutler, Mrs. Harriet C. Curtis, Mrs. H. W. Chester, J. R. Drexel, Dr. and Mrs. Horace W. Frink, Mrs. H. B. Guggenheim, Miss Nancy Guggenheim and Miss Joan Guggenheim, former Sheriff David E. Knott and Mrs. Knott, Mrs. Vernon Williams, Mr. and Mrs. Preston J. Jones, C. A. Lunn, J. B. Millard, Roland Jenkins, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Ridgway, Mr. and Mrs. Atherton Seidell, Mr. and Mrs. Israel Shulman, Miss Shulman, Arthur W. Lamm and Mr. and Mrs. Russell H. Leonard.

CRIME CALENDARS REDUCED

Banton Reports Rapid Clearing Up of Cases in the Courts.

District Attorney Banton issued a statement yesterday in which he revealed that the criminals courts were making steady inroads into the calendars which became so congested a year ago that the Legislature had to add two additional Judges to General Sessions.

Figures given out by him showed that while there were 2,123 indictments awaiting trial on Feb. 20, 1922, there were only 691 cases awaiting trial yesterday. On the same date a year ago there were 103 cases awaiting disposition by the Grand Jury. Yesterday there were only 53 cases to be presented. The cases awaiting trial totaled 168, 40 fewer than the year before. The number of prisoners in the Tombs awaiting trial had decreased from 351 a year ago to 220.

Mrs. Nolan on Labor Committee.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—Representative Mae E. Nolan, Republican, of California, elected to Congress to succeed her husband, the late John I. Nolan, was assigned today to the Labor Committee, of which Mr. Nolan was Chairman. She has expressed a desire to follow the same line of legislative activities as those engaged in by her husband.

NOVEL STAGE EFFECTS.

Berlin Developed Them During the War, Says Siegfried Abel.

"One of the things that came to our country during the period of the war, while entirely cut off from other countries, was a new style of dancing as well as a new type of staging productions," said Siegfried Abel of Berlin, a manufacturer of electrical novelties and general importer.

"Our improved art was really born of necessity," said Mr. Abel, who is at the Hotel Astor. "Since we lacked money for proper costuming, we tried to overcome that difficulty by unusual lighting, with the result that we have really achieved some wonderful effects, artistic in the extreme, by various colored spot lights and other lights.

"Instead of having regular painted drops for a horizon effect, we use a set wall and get the horizon effect with lights, which is much more plastic and more artistic. Instead of having painted trees on drops we have dark silhouettes for tree effects with highly colored lights for a horizon, giving a wonderful perspective and marvelous light and shade and bringing out the high points. By comparison a production here seems gray and drab in its stage effects.

"I notice, too, in your American ballet an attempt to get away from the old style Italian ballet, and yet they do not seem to have found a real style to replace it. I think we are further ahead in this art, as the German ballet has developed into something between the old Italian and the latest plastic art, influenced by Isadora Duncan's modern ideas—not merely pantomimic, but also real dancing, with more possibilities of expression than the old Italian school. It has more life and soul—a real translation of music into motion."

POLISH DUEL IS BLOODLESS.

Gen. Haller and a Radical Deputy Reconciled After Exchange of Shots.

WARSAW, Feb. 20 (The Associated Press).—General Joseph Haller and the Radical Deputy Koscialkowski, who is also a Major in the Polish Army, fought a duel last Saturday, exchanging revolver shots with injury to neither party.

The duel was the outgrowth of an altercation between the General and the Deputy which began immediately after the assassination of President Narutowicz. General Haller met Deputy Koscialkowski near the scene of the outrage, and the Major accused him of being responsible for the murder. Haller thereupon issued a challenge for a duel.

The jury of honor at the meeting between the two decided that General Haller had obtained satisfaction. After the shots had been fired the antagonists shook hands.

FIUME NOW ITALY'S RENO.

Court Decision Starts a Brisk Traffic in Divorces.

FIUME, Feb. 20.—Traffic in divorces has been so brisk here since Fiume was made "the Reno of Italy" that the municipality has itself entered the divorce business, establishing agencies in Rome, Milan and Naples to enable the incompatibles of the peninsula to familiarize themselves with the necessary formalities.

The number of Italian divorces granted here is now considerable. The fact that Fiume divorces have been held valid in Italy has served to increase the business. Recent decisions by the Court of Appeals of Milan maintained that in conformity with certain Hague conventions, to which Italy was a party, divorce granted to Italians by another State was valid. In Italy the law grants no divorce of any character.

SEVEN HORSES DIE IN FIRE.

Ten Saved When Bronx Stable Is Destroyed by Flames.

Seven horses were burned to death early this morning in a fire that completely destroyed a one-story stable at 1,410 Cromwell Avenue, the Bronx. There were seventeen horses in the building when the fire was discovered, but stablemen, aided by firemen, were able to get ten of them out by throwing blankets over their heads and leading them through the smoke and flames.

Joseph Palmer, owner of the stable, said that the animals were all work horses. The blaze attracted so much attention that police reserves were sent to the scene to keep order.

LARGE POTATO STOCKS.

Supply in Storage Now 35,267,000 Bushels Greater Than a Year Ago.

Marketable stocks of white potatoes on hand Jan. 1 in the thirty-five late potato States are estimated at 125,290,000 bushels by the United States Department of Agriculture. This is 35,267,000 bushels more than on hand the same date last year and 17,290,000 bushels more than two years ago.

The total potato crop of these thirty-five States in 1922 was estimated at 422,122,000 bushels, which was 84,142,000 bushels more than the 1921 crop and 45,256,000 bushels more than the 1920 crop. It is estimated that 29.7 per cent. of the current crop remains on hand, compared with 26.6 per cent. on the same date a year ago and 28.7 per cent. two years ago. According to these figures, about 50,000,000 bushels more than last year have disappeared into the channels of trade, have been consumed on farms, wasted or left undug.

Jan. 1, 1923, marketable holdings in the nineteen surplus-producing States of Maine, Vermont, New York, Pennsylvania, Michigan, Wyoming, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Nevada, Idaho, Washington, Oregon, North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, Montana, Wyoming, Colorado, Utah, Nevada and California are estimated at 114,078,000 bushels, or 35.3 per cent. of the estimated production of 323,435,000 bushels in 1922 in the States covered. Stocks on Jan. 1 were 82,657,000 bushels, or 31.4 per cent. of the established production of 263,052,000 bushels in 1921, and stocks on hand Jan. 1, 1921, were 93,061,000, or 35.3 per cent. of the estimated production of 269,222,000 bushels in 1920.

The main holdings in the sixteen late potato States, which do not produce a marketable surplus, namely, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas and Kentucky, are estimated this year at 11,212,000 bushels, or 11.4 per cent. of the 1922 crop of 98,687,000 bushels. Stocks on Jan. 1, 1922, were 7,366,000 bushels, or 9.8 per cent. of the 1921 production of 74,928,000 bushels, and stocks on Jan. 1, 1921, were 12,930,000 bushels, or 12 per cent. of the 1920 production of 107,644,000 bushels.

New England Roads Get $7,500,000.

BOSTON, Feb. 20.—The Supreme Court's decision on division of joint freight rates, by which New England roads will receive increased proportions, should yield the Boston & Maine at least $1,500,000 additional revenue, Vice President Gerrit Fort of that road said today. Official statements of the increase to other roads were lacking, but it was said unofficially that it probably would amount to about $7,500,000 in a normal year. Of this about $3,500,000 would go to the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad.

Boston Garment Workers Strike.

BOSTON, Feb. 20.—A strike of workers in the waist and dress and the cloak making trades in this city, announced by the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, began today. It was said by union leaders to involve 3,000 workers and by manufacturers to involve 1,500. The union recently demanded a 10 per cent. wage advance, provision for arbitrating disputes and an agreement by manufacturers to send out work only to sanitary shops. The manufacturers, it was said, made no reply.

THEATRE MUSICIANS TO ASK HIGHER PAY

Union Votes to Demand a Maximum of $96 a Week in Some Movie Houses.

FIXES SIZE OF ORCHESTRAS

Calls for $1 an Hour Overtime and $2 an Hour While Rehearsing.

The Musicians' Mutual Protective Union, Local 310, adopted resolutions calling for an increase in wages at a meeting early this morning at its headquarters, 210 East Eighty-sixth Street. The proposed wage scale will be presented to vaudeville, burlesque and moving picture managers. It calls for salaries running up as high as $96 a week for musicians at the Capitol, Rivoli, Rialto, Strand, Criterion and other movie theatres in their class.

In other theatres where the admission charge is 25 cents or more the musicians ask $80 a week, and in theatres where the admission is less than 25 cents, $70 a week. They want $60 a week for organists or pianists in movie theatres which have no orchestras. Musicians in theatres which have music only at night performances demand $56 a week if the admission is less than 25 cents and $1 extra per show per man if the admission is more than $25 cents.

The new scale calls for $1 per half-hour or fraction for overtime, $2 per hour for rehearsals and a minimum of twelve men in all moving picture, burlesque and vaudeville orchestras. Wages asked for are based on two performances daily, each show not more than three hours long. Performances in the Capitol-Rivoli class of theatres are limited to two and one-haut hours each. The weekly salary figures are for seven days a week, and include extra pay for Sunday. In the first-class theatres, the Sunday rate is twice the daily rate, being $24 for Sunday and $12 for week days. The musicians began their meeting at 12:15 o'clock this morning and remained in session until about 2 o'clock. About 300 attended and voted unanimously in favor of the increase.

CHILD WELFARE STUDIES.

Recommendations Made to Legislatures of North Dakota and Kansas.

State responsibility for the protection and welfare of children is emphasized in the comprehensive recommendations made to the 1923 sessions of the Legislatures by the Children's Code Commissions of North Dakota and Kansas, according to a statement issued by the United States Department of Labor through the Children's Bureau. Miss Abbot, chief of the Children's Bureau, calls attention to the value of such reports, which are based upon careful study of the laws of the State and the needs of the children.

The North Dakota report includes the results of studies made by the United States Children's Bureau in co-operation with the Children's Code Commission. The National Committee for Mental Hygiene also conducted a survey in the State. The findings of these studies were compared with the minimum child welfare standards adopted by conferences held under the auspices of the Children's Bureau in 1919.

The report states that North Dakota in its care of dependent and neglected children falls far short of the standards prescribed. The establishment of a State board or bureau to exercise general supervisory control over the entire field of child welfare activities in the State is recommended. The creation of county child welfare boards, to co-operate with the State department, the amendment of the laws relating to the licensing of maternity hospitals; and agencies caring for children and to the licensing of maternity hospitals; and changes in the mothers' pension law, the adoption law and the illegitimacy law are included in the program mapped out by the commission. Amendments to the juvenile court law which will provide for careful investigation of cases before hearing, physical and psychological examinations, and proper probationary supervision and the adoption of a rational program for the care of the feeble-minded and adequate provision for the physically handicapped complete the recommendations for children in need of special care.

With reference to education and child labor, the North Dakota commission recommends that school attendance be required until the completion of the eighth grade or until the eighteenth birthday is reached, and that the enforcement of the compulsory school attendance law be assigned to county welfare boards in counties where they are organized. Special classes for handicapped children and greater stress upon training for citizenship are urged. Enactment of a street trades law, changes in the employment certificate provisions of the child labor law, and centring in the minimum wage bureau responsibility for the enforcement of the child law are recommended. In the field of child hygiene the commission recommends more liberal appropriations for enforcement of the vital statistics law, the larger use of physical and mental examinations and acceptance of the Maternity and Infancy act by the Legislature.

The Kansas Children's Code Commission also recommends the development of county boards which would co-operate with a State department in promoting the welfare of children. In Kansas, however, it is planned that the activity of these boards will include the whole subject of public welfare, and that a State Superintendent of Public Welfare will be appointed. Safeguarding of adoption and the placing of children in family homes, the establishment of courts of domestic relations in the more populous counties and raising the juvenile court age from 16 to 18 are included among the recommendations of the commission. Fourteen years is proposed as the age limit for all employments, including commercialized agricultural work, and 16 years for specified hazardous employments. It is recommended that the age of compulsory school attendance be 7 to 18 years for children not employed and not having completed the twelfth grade, and that attendance for the entire session be required. Children 14 years of age and more who have completed the eighth grade may be excused from school for work, according to the measures proposed, but part-time school attendance is required until the tenth grade is completed.

Mills Leaving East, Lippitt Warns.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Feb. 20.—Ex-Senator Henry F. Lippitt, appearing before the House Judiciary Committee of the Rhode Island Legislature in opposition to the enactment of a forty-eight-hour working week law, said that the State was facing one of the most critical situations in its industrial history. He cited instances of many industrial establishments in the past leaving Rhode Island. If this is continued, he added, "within a couple of decades, unless something happens, a cotton mill will be as rare as a whaling ship in New Bedford."

Fix March 12 for Trial of Reds.

Special to The New York Times.

BENTON HARBOR, Mich., Feb. 20.—The trial of the radicals in Berrien County, Michigan, was set ahead to March 12 after a conference at St. Joseph, Mich., with Circuit Judge C. E. White, who had the February court calendar all cleared and everything "set" for the trials of the Communists on Feb. 26. The Judge expressed some irritation at the upset of the calendar.

FACTS about PAPER

NO. 66

INSURANCE Policies, Leases, Deeds, and documents which must withstand time and handling can be made lasting by printing them on Brookdale Linen Bond.

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DIOXOGEN is such an effective and safe antiseptic because it destroys germs with oxygen—Nature's own method.

A refreshing mouth-wash, night and morning. A preventive of throat infection if used as a gargle at the first sign of sore-throat.

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Unless you see name "Bayer" on tablets, you are not getting the genuine Bayer product prescribed by physicians over 22 years and proved safe by millions.

Accept only "Bayer" package which contains proper directions.

Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets—Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists.

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INSIST! TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE!

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PHILLIPS' Milk of Magnesia

25 and 50 cent bottles contain directions

ADVERTISEMENT.

Kellogg's Bran is prepared to do one thing—AND DO IT WELL!

Kellogg's Bran will permanently relieve constipation, mild or chronic. It is scientifically prepared for that purpose. It is ALL BRAN, therefore it has the necessary bulk to assure results. Foods with a small bran content cannot afford permanent relief.

When your physician or friends advise you to eat Kellogg's Bran, you follow-on for the purpose of eliminating a dangerous clogging-up and toxic condition of your system. You can't afford to take half-way measures! Think of the lost time and the dangers of illness you are daily dodging!

What you must have is real bran—KELLOGG'S BRAN, and if you will eat it regularly each day you will become a different person within a week or so. Kellogg's Bran, with its natural bulk, sweeps, cleanses and purifies. It not only gives relief, but it regulates the bowels. Every member of your family should eat it—every day—at least two tablespoonfuls; in chronic cases as much with each meal.

Try Kellogg's Bran mixed with a hot cereal, or cook it with hot cereals, adding two tablespoonfuls of Bran for each person. Other popular ways are to sprinkle Kellogg's Bran on hot or cold cereals or to eat it as a cereal with hot milk. You can make delicious bakery products with Kellogg's Bran. Recipes on every package.

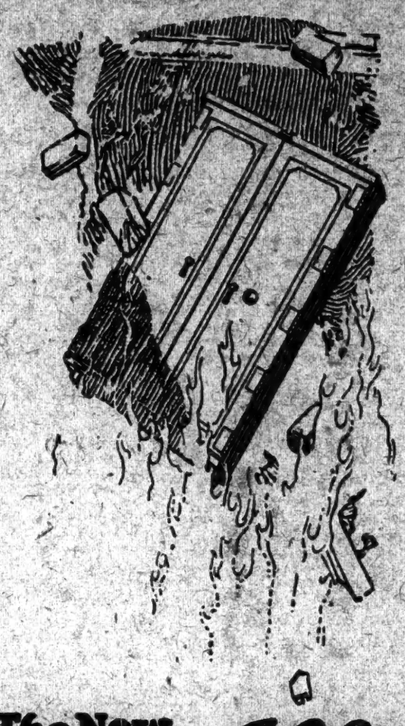
Kellogg's Bran is not only nationally sold in grocery stores, but can be had in individual packages in first-class hotels and clubs. Ask for it at your restaurant. Be certain to eat Kellogg's Bran daily for health's sake!

In tins

KRAFT CHEESE

In loaves

When Walls Fall and Floors give 'way



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ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT.

Out of the Country —Into LIFE!

EUGENE WITLA came out of Alexandria—a town with a young spirit but a small population. He came into Chicago with its ceaseless rush of life, with its endless rows of dreary dwellings, its clanging engines and towering factories and hammering heart-beats.

And in the yellow, smoky streets of Chicago, the boy awakened to life. There stirred within him something new, something that made him somehow a man—strong, glad, unafraid, but madly longing for the stuff that success is made of.

He blundered into a life class at a school and learned to draw figures from the nude. His undefined longings, his overwhelming ambitions found subtle expression in charcoal, in pen and ink. He drew things precisely as he saw them—rough, daring, free, with a touch of soul. Men about him saw, and marvelled. Here was a genius.

But the longings of a genius are not, after all, so very far removed from those of other men. Eugene Witla, in his four years of study and work, found life strangely fascinating. He did things—not so unusual perhaps—but rapturous to his artist-soul. He stretched out his arms timidly, and life welcomed him.

The story of this young, emotional, talented, sensitive boy-man and the woman who came into his life is one of the most honest and unvarnished tales of human life that has ever appeared in print. It is fearless, bold, *real*. It will enter your life and leave a mark that the years will not erase. It is not just a story. It is a cross-section of life—of the infinite sadness and the inexplicable mystery of living.

After Eight Years of Suppression

"The Genius"

Theodore Dreiser's Super-Novel

has torn aside the muzzle of censorship and is now appearing in the Metropolitan. Eight years ago people paid $50 for the privilege of reading "The Genius." Eight years ago critics were aroused to a frenzy of applause—censors to a frenzy of attack. You can now read this amazing story which starts in the combined February-March issue of Metropolitan.

John Galsworthy

has written a delightful and wholly unusual story of two kinds of

"Virtue"

It isn't quite the conventional thing to pay a woman's fine in court—a strange woman in a certain significant Police Court. But Harold Mellesh didn't care. She was young, and pretty, and it was the first time she was there. And—she was crying. So he paid her fine. If he could only have foreseen what was going to happen!

"The Romance of An Artist's Model"

The girl who wrote this self-told tale was born in a narrow, bigoted town. She became a model and posed for famous artists and sculptors. Her experiences read like a page from The Arabian Nights. Of the sordidness, the pain, the pleasures the sadness, the tragedy of her life she writes simply, truthfully, plainly. But she writes also with rare flashes of beauty that you will recognize. Her true-life story is unusual. You will not want to miss it.

"The Swinging Caravan"

By Achmed Abdullah

There is probably no one who can write as truthfully and as interestingly of the Arabs as does Achmed Abdullah. This new story of his is about Hamed Ali, about whom people whispered strange things in the narrow, crooked streets near the mosque. And it is about his wife who became old and wrinkled suddenly, as desert women do. A most extraordinary story—fantastic, mysterious, carrying with it a breath of the mystic East. The kind of story one does not soon forget.

Features of the Big Special Number

The Girl of Today Section
A special department devoted to the interests of the modern girl. In this feature number, Winifred Mason Huck tells you about "World Peace a Woman's Job," and Miss Willebrandt tells you why a girl should guard carefully her little femine charms.

The Girl He Picked Up at Coney
By Elisabeth Sanxay Holding
A rather pathetic little tale, if you've a warm heart, but with plenty of good fun for those with a sense of humor. Altogether a readable story by a clever author.

"This Freedom" *By Meta Rumel*
Miss Rumel can discuss the New Woman in fourteen languages. She discusses her in one language pretty thoroughly in this new feature issue.

"Murder—State vs. David Kendrick"
A story cleverly related by the transcript of the stenographic notes of the official court reporter.

"Flaming Youth"
By Warner Fabian
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MATTY HEADS GROUP WHICH BUYS BRAVES

Is Associated With James MacDonough and Emil Fuchs of New York in Purchase.

NEW OWNERS ORGANIZE

Choose Former Pitcher of the Giants as President and Fuchs as Vice President.

PRICE IS NOT ANNOUNCED

Grant Says He Received Amount Asked, but Refuses to Divulge Details of Transaction.

BOSTON, Feb. 20 (Associated Press).—The Boston National League Club was sold today by George Washington Grant to a syndicate headed by Christy Mathewson, former pitcher of the Giants. Associated with Mathewson are James MacDonough and Emil Fuchs, both of New York. The price paid was not announced. Mr. Grant said that it was stipulated in the deal that Fred Mitchell continue as manager of the Braves.

President Grant announced the sale of the club tonight at a dinner attended by the new President, Christy Mathewson, Mr. Fuchs and Manager Mitchell of the Braves. Mr. MacDonough, a New York banker, returned to that city today after the completion of the deal.

The first act of the new owners was to organize, and they selected Mathewson as President of the club. Mr. Fuchs, who was elected Vice President, is a former judge and a former Deputy Attorney General of New York. It was said that the new owners intended that the Board of Directors should be composed principally of Boston men.

Mathewson's return to major league baseball as President of the Braves marks also his return to the scene of his début in professional baseball. He embarked on his career as a pitcher with the Taunton club of the old New England League.

Gaffney Still Owns Ball Park.

The deal completed today took from George Washington Grant the majority interest in the baseball club, but left a minority interest of approximately 25 per cent. still in the hands of Boston people. It leaves undisturbed the ownership of Braves Field by James E. Gaffney of New York, who was President of the club when the Braves won the world's championship in 1914. Gaffney and Judge Fuchs are close friends, the latter said tonight.

The price involved in the transfer of the majority interest was not made known, but Mr. Grant said that he "got his price to the last penny of his demands." This was confirmed by the new owners. Mr. Grant adds that notwithstanding the many rumors of sales and negotiations for the sale of the club in the last few years, this was the first time anybody had ever mentioned a definite sum to him and the only time any proposal was seriously considered.

It was announced by Judge Fuchs that while New York men would now control the club financially, Boston interests would be given preponderance on the Board of Directors.

Christy Mathewson signalized his return to baseball by a talk to Boston fans through newspaper men. Referring to his illness, convalescence and recovery, during which he virtually exiled himself in the colony at Saranac Lake, N. Y., he said that for the last few years he had been wondering how he could satisfy his desire to get back into baseball.

Sees Future for Team.

"I decided for myself that the managing end was too strenuous for me for some years yet, if ever again," he said. "My two years in Cincinnati and several years with John McGraw in New York satisfied me that the managing end would take too much out of me in the present state of my health. So I decided it was best to try some other means of getting back in the game. I considered the possibility of taking over some minor league club. On the outskirts of my mind there entered the possibility of a major league association. Recently my good friend Judge Fuchs conceived the idea of buying the Braves, convinced me that there was a real place and a real future for the club, and here I am.

"Matty said that after nearly a quarter century in baseball he was glad to be back in Boston, where he saw his first major league game in 1899 and where there was an opportunity to develop a team and watch it grow. He said his physicians had sanctioned his assuming the duties of the club executive, although he admitted that he still had to take orders from doctors. He said he was not certain whether he would go South with the club.

At this point Mr. Grant interjected the remark that he was going South with the club, "first, as their friend, and secondly, as a fan."

Judge Fuchs explained his reasons for going into baseball as a club owner. He said he had been a ball fan all his life, and was in the game because he liked it and because he felt there was a real chance to develop the Boston club into a team worth while. He said that although the principals in the present deal were not Boston, Boston interests would be given the majority voice on the Board of Directors.

Judge Fuchs said that any suggestion that Matty had been interested in the club and made its President for advertising considerations was wrong and should be dismissed.

Says Matty Has Full Control.

"Matty has a financial interest here," he declared. "That interest is substantial. He is the President of the club, in full control, and there will be no interference with him. Any one who would put Christy Mathewson up as a figurehead in baseball would break faith with the fans of the country."

The spirit of the club, Judge Fuchs said, would be that of Mathewson himself, which he described as "honesty and fair play, a will to win, with hopes of success, but satisfied with good endeavor."

In discussing the team's possibilities, President Mathewson said he felt he would take no great responsibility in predicting that the Braves would rise above last place, where they finished last season. He added that negotiations were now pending for a deal that would be surprising and pleasing to Boston fans. These negotiations he said were already under way and in the hands of President Grant when ownership of the club changed. Beyond stating that the pending deal was not with the New York Giants, President Mathewson would give no information about it, preferring, he said, to have the fans await developments.

When George Washington Grant purchased the Braves in January, 1919, he said he would retain the ownership longer than any of his predecessors. He did. James E. Gaffney previously had held the record of four years.

The negotiations that ended with Grant's purchase of the club was declared to have been the result of a tip from John J. McGraw when Grant was an ardent fan and supporter of the Giants. The price paid by Grant was never announced, but was said to have been $400,000.

The picturesque career of Grant began in Cincinnati when as a messenger boy he used to carry messages to the desk of Ban Johnson, who was then sporting editor of The Cincinnati Commercial. Later he got a job as a conductor on a horse-car in Cincinnati and soon after he was known to most of the horsemen at Latonia, across the River. Later, after coming East with a racing stable, Grant became manager of Mal McCoy and had charge of McCoy when he fought many of his most important battles. Later he became a broker in New York and then took a fling at the moving picture business, becoming the pioneer American moving picture magnate in England. He sold his string of ten theatres there shortly before purchasing the Braves.

During Grant's ownership the Braves attained no extraordinary heights of success in the league. The club made the best showing of his régime in 1920, when under Fred Mitchell's management they finished fourth, although the team had not been rated highly at the beginning of the season by the prognosticators.

In the other three years of Grant's ownership the team finished in the second division, in 1918 the club finished sixth, in 1920 seventh, and in 1922 eighth.

Return Comes as Surprise.

The return to baseball of Christy Mathewson, or "Matty," as he was familiarly called, as President of the Boston National League Club, comes as a distinct surprise to local followers of the game. When the former famous pitcher of the Giants visited New York during the December meeting of the National League club owners he declared emphatically that he had no immediate intention of returning to baseball in any capacity, and added that the condition of his health was such that he would be forced to remain at Saranac Lake for at least two more years.

Matty slipped quietly into New York last Sunday, it was learned last night, and held a long conference with Mr. Fuchs at the latter's home. Monday the two left for Boston by automobile. Tuesday Boston club. Few knew of his presence here, and he departed just as quietly for Boston on Monday to be on hand for the final conference between Grant and the new owners.

Baseball's most famous pitcher and former idol of New York fans is now in his forty-third year, having been born on Aug. 12, 1880. He first came to the Giants in 1900, but was returned to the Norfolk, Va., club later in the season. He came back to the Giants in 1901 and was with the club when McGraw took over the team. Matty became a regular in that season and within the next few years developed into the greatest pitcher in the game. In the world's series of 1905, while pitching against the Philadelphia Athletics, Mathewson won three games, a feat that has since been accomplished by only three other pitchers, Adams of the Pirates in 1909, Coombs of the Athletics in 1910 and Caveleskie of the Indians in 1920. During those three games Mathewson did not allow a single run and this still stands as a record for world series pitching. He also allowed only fourteen hits and gave only one base on balls in the twenty-seven innings.

Traded to Reds in 1916.

Matty remained with the Giants until July 20, 1916, when he was traded to the Cincinnati Club for the purpose of allowing him to accept the position as manager of the Reds. In exchange for Matty, Bill McKechnie, now manager of the Pirates, Eddie Roush and an amount of cash not announced, the Giants obtained Buck Herzog, who had been manager of the Reds, and Wade Killefer, an outfielder and brother of Bill Killefer, present manager of the Chicago Cubs.

Matty finished the season of 1916 as manager of the Reds and also held the post throughout the pennant campaigns of 1917 and 1918. After the close of the abbreviated season of 1918 in September, Matty joined the Chemical Warfare Service and went to France. He returned in 1919 and found Pat Moran installed as manager of the Reds. Matty thereupon was signed as assistant manager and coach of the Giants. He remained with the New York club until June, 1920, when he suffered an attack of tuberculosis and was forced to leave for Saranac. He was seriously ill during the early part of his stay at the health resort and it was seven months before he could be moved from his bed. He left Saranac for the first time last year to visit his home in Pennsylvania and he also came down to New York for the 1922 world's series.

Mr. Fuchs, new Vice President of the Braves, is a prominent lawyer in this city. He was appointed a City Magistrate during the administration of the late John Furroy Mitchel and his term expired about five years ago. He is an enthusiastic fan and long has been a familiar figure at the Polo Grounds. Mr. Fuchs is an intimate friend of Judge Francis X. McQuade, Treasurer and part owner of the Giants, and it was through Judge McQuade that he first became interested in the purchase of the Boston club. Mr. Fuchs was the attorney for Bennie Kauff, former outfielder of the Giants, when the latter was prosecuted for being involved in an automobile theft and also when he instituted a suit against the Giants for reinstatement to good standing in organized baseball.

RUTH LOSES WEIGHT AT ARKANSAS CAMP

Shows Reduction of 5½ Pounds and Is Down to 209½—Schang Joins Mates.

Special to The New York Times.

HOT SPRINGS, Ark., Feb. 20.—After a brief workout here this afternoon, Babe Ruth stepped on the scales in the bathhouse and called upon Everett Scott to verify his reading of the indicator. Both agreed that the finger pointed to 209½ pounds, five and a half less than the Babe weighed when he left New York last Thursday and nine and a half more than he wants to weigh when he reports at the Yankee training camp in New Orleans next month.

"This is the first time that I have gone under 210 pounds at this time of the year since I quit pitching for the Boston Red Sox and took to playing first base or the outfield," said the Babe with a huge smile. "When I left New York last Thursday I weighed exactly 215. On Sunday, following my first round of golf this year, I tipped the beam at 214 and yesterday I was down to 210½. At this rate, I shouldn't have a bit of trouble reducing to 200 even before I join the main squad at New Orleans on March 1."

The Babe was frankly elated and Scott shared his elation. "The Babe hasn't looked so good in years," Scott said. "When he was pitching for the Red Sox he seldom weighed more than 190, but after he quit the mound in order that he might be able to play every day instead of only every four days he seemed to take on weight. He continued to take it on after he joined the Yankees and I never expected to see him down around 200 again.

"But he's getting there rapidly and I will be surprised indeed if he isn't in better condition at the start of the coming campaign than at any other time in the past five years. It looks to me as though he will have a big season this year."

Catcher Wallie Schang, accompanied by Mrs. Schang, arrived with the Cleveland Indians' delegation. Schang isn't much of a golfer and did not bring his golfing equipment with him. When he learned that the Indians had started throwing the ball around, as they did this morning, and that the schedule for the coming week included a daily workout at the ball park as well as a six-mile hike, he announced that he would join them rather than Ruth and Scott.

Russell Scores Two "100's" in International Cricket Match

DURBAN, South Africa, Feb. 20 (Associated Press).—A. G. Russell of Essex today became the first Englishman to score two separate hundreds in a cricket test match. Playing in a match between teams representing England and South Africa he got 140 runs in the first inning and 111 in the second. Russell is 35 years of age, which is considered young for a cricketer. The double century feat was accomplished only once previously in an international match, Warren Bardsley, Australian, scoring 136 and 130 in 1909 at the famous Kennington Oval.

JESS BARNES GOES TO MARLIN CAMP

Veteran Pitcher, Who Has Been a Hold-Out, Is Expected to Accept Giants' Terms.

MEUSEL READY TO LEAVE

Wires Club He Will Depart for San Antonio Tuesday—Chester Lucas Breaks Arm.

Jess Barnes, one of the Giants' veteran pitchers, wired yesterday from Kansas City to Secretary Jim Tierney at the offices of the local National League club that he was leaving for Marlin, Texas, to join the advance squad of batterymen when they arrive there today. This is taken to mean that Barnes, who had been a hold-out, has decided to accept the terms offered him for the coming season. Barnes as well as all the other players had been notified not to go to the training camp until he signed his contract. Although Barnes made no mention of his contract in the telegram received yesterday, Secretary Tierney believes that the document is in the mails and will arrive here in the immediate future.

Unless the other regular pitchers soon decide to sign their contracts, McQuillan, who left with the first squad on Monday, and Barnes will be the only veteran twirlers at the Marlin camp. Jim Kernan, former star catcher at Yale, and Burt Smith, one of the veteran backstops, are expected to join the squad upon the arrival at Marlin. Frank Snyder is the only catcher who has yet to be heard from.

There are still a number of prominent members of the club who have as yet failed to sign for the next pennant race. Among these, in addition to Snyder, are Arthur Nehf, Virgil Barnes, Bill Ryan, Jack Scott, Jack Bentley, Johnny Rawlings and Dave Bancroft. George Kelly, Irish Meusel and Casey Stengel, who made the trip to the Orient, are still outside the fold; but no contracts will be offered to these players until they report to the training camp and show that they are in good condition after their long journey. Meusel wired to Tierney yesterday to the effect that he will leave his home in Los Angeles for the San Antonio training camp on Tuesday. Meusel's squad is due to reach the camp a week from today. Practice will start on the following day.

Tierney also received word yesterday from Chester Lucas, a young right-hand pitcher purchased from the Newport News Club of the Virginia League, who was scheduled to join the Giants' advance squad at St. Louis today, that he had broken his pitching arm while hunting out West and would therefore be unable to make the trip to Marlin. According to the communication from the young pitcher, his physician has declared that it is a clean break and that the twirler will be able to resume his work on the mound after the arm has mended.

The Yanks yesterday announced the official list of players who are scheduled to report to Manager Miller Huggins at the New Orleans training camp on Tuesday, March 6. The list consists of thirty-five players, among whom are twelve pitchers, four catchers, nine infielders and ten outfielders.

The roster follows:

Pitchers—Mays, Hoyt, Bush, Jones, Shawkey, Pennock, Ruggs, Piperos, Roettger, Johnson, Spates and McKinstry.

Catchers—Schang, Hofmann, Bengough and Artus.

Infielders—Pipp, Ward, Scott, Dugan, McNally, Baker, Anderson, Wight and Quintana.

Outfielders—Ruth, Meusel, Witt, Smith, Haines, Acton, Hendrick, Lavalle, Tucker and Langford.

Charles Ebbets, President of the Brooklyn Club, yesterday announced that the signed contract of Pitcher Clarence F. Brown has been received at the Robins' office. Brown, who is a right-hander, was recalled from the Little Club of the Three Eye League. While with Danville last season he won twelve games and lost seventeen.

SQUAD OF GIANTS REACHES ST. LOUIS

Only Three Players and Dolan Join Advance Party En Route to Marlin Camp.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 20. The wild rush of eager ball players to join the Giants' advance squad en route to Marlin, Texas, here today did not come up to expectations, and not an innocent bystander was injured in the scramble of the athletes to attach themselves to the party. Instead of having six or more men waiting at this stopover, General Cozey Dolan had only three, and he admitted his complete mystification at the absence of such young men as Guy Morrison, Chester Lucas and Fred McClure, who were supposed to be here.

The Giants tarried only a few hours in the stronghold of the Cardinals. In at 3 o'clock and out again at 7 was the programme, and now the wagon is on the last lap. They will reach Marlin in time for dinner tomorrow evening, and on Thursday morning the lads will be hard at work.

Dolan was waiting here with three players when Joe Casey, the old-time catcher, marshalled his squad in from New York. Mike Ovengros, the pony southpaw who joined late last Fall, was one of the reinforcements, and the two others were John Anderson, the catcher drafted from Beaumont, and Conley Voight, the right hander from San Antonio. Anderson lives in Farmington, Iowa, and Voight in Wheaton, Ill.

There are now ten in the party, two catchers, six pitchers and Dolan and Casey. The ranks are much slimmer than expected. Six pitchers on hand means fourteen not on hand, and this is a ratio that is causing General Dolan much concern.

OPPOSITION TO DRAFT IS STILL MAINTAINED

American Association Reaffirms Position Against Majors—Season Opens April 19.

CHICAGO, Feb. 20.—Owners of the American Association, meeting here today, reaffirmed their opposition to the draft as practiced by the major leagues when they voted down a resolution to restore the draft and followed this action by voting not to accept any player on option who would be subject to the draft.

The draft, voted down at the association's meeting at Louisville several months ago, was brought by Roger Bresnahan, President of the Toledo club, who was supported by William Smith of the Indianapolis club.

Bresnahan moved to have the draft restored but to make the draft price $10,000 instead of the old price of $7,500 for invoking draft provisions. Among those expressing opposition to this move was Otto Borchert of the Milwaukee club, who denounced the draft as wrong in principle and expressed opposition to it in any form.

The vote was 5 to 3 against the draft, but the three voting for the plan were not named. The vote not to accept on option a player subject to draft provisions followed, this virtually closing the door to the majors so far as the draft is concerned.

The association decided on a 168-game scheduled, which will open on April 19 and close on Oct. 7. The schedule adopted provides for three trips around the circuit for each team. Opening dates follow: Minneapolis at Milwaukee, St. Paul at Kansas City, Columbus at Toledo, Louisville at Indianapolis.

Ouimet Accepts Invitation to Join American Golf Team

BOSTON, Feb. 20.—Francis Ouimet, former national amateur and open golf champion, today announced his acceptance of an invitation to join the American team of amateur golfers that will go to England next Summer for the Walker Cup matches. Jesse Guilford, former national amateur champion, is still undecided about his acceptance.

ENGLEWOOD PICKED FOR GOLF TOURNEY

Will Be Scene of New Jersey State Open Championship on May 23 and 24.

With the selection of the Englewood Golf Club, Englewood, N. J., as the site for the New Jersey State open golf championship as announced by Secretary H. Y. Barrow of the N. J. S. G. A. yesterday, the season's fixtures for golfers across the Hudson are almost completed. The dates for the open tournament are May 23 and 24.

All that now remains to be settled is the caddies and caddie-masters' championship, which will be held probably in August, the course for which has not yet been selected. The amateur tourney will be played at Essex County on May 30, June 1 and 2, while the junior event will probably be awarded to Morris County and played on June 29 and 30, although there are still some negotiations to be carried on before the matter is finally closed.

The selection of the Englewood Club marks the first time that this organization has been chosen for one of the outstanding events in quite a long period, the last State championship staged there being the amateur in 1916, when Oswald Kirkby, then a member of the Englewood Club, captured the honors which he held that year in addition to his metropolitan amateur title. The metropolitan junior was held at Englewood that year also.

The course, as one of the best known in the metropolitan district, having been the scene of the national amateur championship in 1906, when Eben M. Byers won the title, and of the national open in 1909, when George Sargent annexed the championship with a low total at 290 strokes, it also furnished the course for the metropolitan women's championship twice, the first time in 1904, when the winner was Mrs. Charles T. Stout, and again in 1912, when Mrs. Victor M. Earle defeated Miss Marion Hollins in the final. A year or so ago, the course was considerably altered to keep step with the march of progress in golf, or to cope with the added length which modern day golfers are getting, so that at the present time it provides one of the best tests to be found in the district.

According to Mr. Barrow, who succeeds Charles Brown of Hudson River as Chairman of the Handicap Committee of the Metropolitan Golf Association, the handicap list will be ready by April 1, there now remaining twenty-four clubs out of a total of 114 who have not yet responded with the desired information. Mr. Barrow stated yesterday that most of the secretaries of the clubs in the district had been prompt in supplying the necessary information and that, were it not for the fact that he is going to Pinehurst around March 1 to be gone for a period of two weeks, the list would probably be completed early next month. Included in the clubs which have not yet sent in their responses are several which have in their membership prominent golfers.

H. C. FOWNES BEATEN IN SENIORS' FINAL

Veteran Pittsburgh Golfer Fails to Defeat Steese at Pinehurst —Score Is 3 and 2.

PINEHURST, N. C., Feb. 20.—R. C. Steese of Youngstown, Ohio, gained a victory over H. C. Fownes, the Pittsburgh veteran, in the final round of the annual seniors' golf tournament here today. Steese did not come through without opposition, however, for it was only after the closest sort of a match that Fownes went down to defeat by the score of 3 and 2. It was nip and tuck all the way and the result was in doubt until Steese holed his putt and finished the match on the sixteenth green.

Results of final matches follow:

First Eight—R. C. Steese, Youngstown, defeated H. C. Fownes, Oakmont, 3 and 2.

Second Eight—Hollinsworth, Greensburg, defeated G. W. Statzell, Aronimink, 2 up.

Third Eight—George W. Dodd, Montclair, defeated Robert Foote, Quinnipiac, 3 and 2.

Fourth Eight—Henry Hornblower, Boston, defeated D. E. Everhard, Garden City, 4 and 3.

Fifth Eight—J. P. Elton, Waterbury, defeated James C. McNally, Youngstown, 6 and 4.

Sixth Eighth—C. Z. Eddy, Wannamolsett, defeated W. C. Moreland, Pittsburgh, 5 and 4.

KIRKWOOD LEADS PROS AT HOUSTON

Australian Tops Field by One Stroke at Opening of Mid-winter Golf Tourney.

HOUSTON, Texas, Feb. 20.—Joe Kirkwood, Australia's trick golfer, shooting 76, 75—151 for thirty-six holes, won first place today in the professional play at the opening of the annual mid-winter golf tournament at the Houston Country Club. He topped a list of nineteen professionals.

Dan Heaney of Tyler, Texas; William Mehlhorn of Shreveport, La., and Willie Lorimer of Corsicana, tied for second with 152. Charles Manning of Texarkana, who with Mehlhorn tied for the lead at 73 in the morning round, was third.

A driving contest for amateurs was won by George Rotan, who had an average of about 245 yards per shot.

The first amateur play of the tournament starts Wednesday morning, with a large field entered.

CARTER WINS FROM STRANAHAN, 6 AND 5

Irish Golfer Has Easy Victory in First Round of Belleair Heights Tourney.

Special to The New York Times.

BELLEAIR HEIGHTS, Fla., Feb. 20.—There were few surprises in the first round of match play in the annual Washington's Birthday golf tournament which was played here today. Captain E. F. Carter, the Irish golfer who was looked upon as the favorite, won his match quite handily today against R. A. Stranahan of Toledo. He was out in 36 and won by 6 and 5.

An close match was that in which George E. Morse of Rutland, Vt., won from George Elkins of Marion Cricket by 2 and 1. Rex Beach had hard match with George Balch of Cincinnati, which did not end until the nineteenth green, where the Cincinnati golfer sank a long putt for a par four. By winning Balch will face Carter tomorrow.

Sioux Franchise Sold for $10,000.

CHICAGO, Feb. 20.—The Sioux City (Iowa) franchise of the Western League was purchased today by the league for $10,000 and turned over to Thomas P. Fairweather, former President of the Des Moines Club, under a one-year option. He formerly operated the Sioux City Club in 1908, 1909, 1910 and 1911.

GIBSON TAKES STEP TO PROTECT TUNNEY

Former Champion's Manager to Ask Officials to Watch Greb's Tactics Closely.

Billy Gibson, new manager of Gene Tunney, former American light-heavyweight champion, will petition the State Athletic Commission to have a strict watch placed on Harry Greb, Pittsburgh boxer, who holds the title, in the clash between champion and former champion at Madison Square Garden Friday night. Gibson last night announced he had sent a letter to the commission asking that the board instruct its officials for the title bout to pay particular attention to Greb's deportment in the ring and to penalize the Pittsburgh boxer for any infraction of the boxing rules.

"I have decided to ask from the commission protection for Tunney against the violations of boxing rules by Greb," said Gibson. "I am convinced that Greb disregards the boxing rules, which are a part of the Walker law. I do not think that Greb is deliberate in his violations, but at the same time I want to seek some assurance of protection for Tunney against Greb's holding and hitting and other unfair boxing tactics."

Tunney played host to a party of boxing critics yesterday at his training quarters in the home of Harry Mecker-mack at Red Bank, N. J. The Greenwich Village idol went through his preparatory capers in brisk manner and impressed his onlookers with the satisfactory condition of his form. Tunney gave himself over to the customary exhibition of gymnasium work and boxed four rounds, two each with Wolf Larsen and Larry Williams. The former champion's weight was announced at 176½ pounds, within a pound and a half of the required weight.

Greb was about town yesterday and visited the Garden gymnasium. The champion plans to complete his training with a workout in the gymnasium tomorrow. Greb has been installed as favorite in the betting on the bout, and is confident he will retain his title. The contest has aroused unusual interest, judging by the advance sale of tickets. Indications point to a capacity crowd witnessing the fifteen-round title struggle.

COMMISSION AWARDS FORFEIT TO KANSAS

White Must Pay $2,500 Penalty for Being Overweight in Recent Garden Bout.

Charley White, Chicago lightweight, must pay to Rocky Kansas, Buffalo Italian, the $2,500 weight forfeit which Kansas claimed when White weighed in three-quarters of a pound above the stipulated 135 pounds for their recent battle at Madison Square Garden. This ruling was made yesterday at the weekly meeting of the State Athletic Commission in the absence of any information from the boxers or their managers that an amicable settlement of the situation had been reached.

At its meeting last week the commission declared a respite of a week in the matter and suggested that White and Kansas get together in an effort to reach a satisfactory arrangement. Chairman William Muldoon announced that he had received no notification of the expected settlement and added that he was compelled, under the circumstances, to order the payment of the $2,500 forfeit money to Kansas.

The commission had no definite announcement to make on the reported danger of an enforced cancellation of the American flyweight championship bout between Pancho Villa, the title-holder, and Frankie Genaro, west side Italian, which is scheduled for March 2 at Madison Square Garden. Genaro is under suspension in New Jersey until he goes through with a contract he signed for a bout over there last December.

The New York Commission has requested the New Jersey body to release Genaro from this suspension for the Villa bout. There is every indication that the contest will be held in the Garden as usual. The reports of a break between the commissions of the adjoining States was ridiculed.

The license of the Brighton Sporting Club, Staten Island, was suspended pending a hearing which will be granted the club officials at the next meeting of the commission.

DELANEY OUTPOINTS GANS.

Bridgeport Middleweight Defeats Italian Joe at Pioneer A. C.

Jack Delaney, Bridgeport middleweight, scored an easy victory over Italian Joe Gans of Brooklyn, former sparring partner of Georges Carpentier, last night in the main bout of twelve rounds at the Pioneer A. C. Delaney received the decision when the referee stopped the contest at the end of the eighth round of the battle. The Bridgeport boxer, impressing the crowd with his speed, cleverness and superb boxing ability, led in every round. For the greater part of the bout Gans was on the defensive. Several times the crowd booed Gans for the apparent lack of aggressiveness on the part of the Brooklyn Italian in the face of Delaney's persistent offensive.

VILLA KNOCKS OUT WOLFE.

Flyweight Champion Disposes of Philadelphian in Third Round.

Australian Tops Field by One Stroke at Opening of Mid-winter Golf Tourney.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 20.—Pancho Villa, American flyweight champion, tonight stopped Kid Wolfe, a Philadelphia contender for his crown, in the third round of their bout at the Arena before 9,000 persons, the largest crowd that ever attended a bout indoors here. Max Hoff, Wolfe's manager, tossed a sponge into the ring after Wolfe had been dropped three times in this round. Villa weighed 110 pounds ringside, while Wolfe tipped the scales two and a half pounds heavier.

Villa almost finished Wolfe in the first round, sending him down for a count of nine after two minutes of fighting.

LEADING STARS ENTERED.

Ritola and Devaney to Run in Post Office Clerks' Games Tonight.

Some of the leading athletes of the local district are scheduled to compete tonight in the annual indoor athletic meet of the New York Post Office Clerks' Association, which will be held in the Sixty-ninth Regiment Armory. Willie Ritola, national distance running and cross-country champion; Jackson V. Scholz, New York A. C. sprint star; Mike Devaney, Millrose A. A. veteran middle-distance runner; Willie Sullivan of the Paulist A. C., local mile champion; Hilles and Treadwell of Yale and Vic Grieb of Columbia are some of the athletes entered.

WHITWORTH WINS MEDAL.

Nashville Golfer Leads Field at Ormond Beach With 164.

Special to The New York Times.

ORMOND BEACH, Fla., Feb. 20.—In the thirty-six-hole qualifying round of the Ormond Beach championship played today and yesterday on the Ormond Beach golf links, C. S. Whitworth of Nashville, Tenn., became medalist with a low score of 164. While playing his first eighteen holes yesterday he made a 175-yard par three hole in one. Five sixteens are competing.

Northwestern Five Scores.

CHICAGO, Feb. 20.—Northwestern University basketball team won from the University of Indiana, 40 to 26, in a Western Conference game tonight. The game was rough and fast and Indiana trailed throughout.

Dundee and Galiano Draw.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 20.—Johnny Dundee, junior lightweight champion, and Basil Galiano of New Orleans fought fifteen rounds to a draw here tonight.

PELL IS VICTOR IN NATIONAL RACQUETS

Defending Champion Defeats Clark in Straight Sets in Opening of Title Tourney.

Clarence C. Pell, defending national racquets champion, was among the successful players yesterday in the opening round matches of the tournament for the national racquets singles title on the courts of the Racquet and Tennis Club. Jay Gould of the Philadelphia Racquet Club, who is contesting for national championships in two sports this week, was another winner. There were no upsets on the opening day, but there was regret at the withdrawal of Hewitt Morgan, who was runner-up to Pell for the title last year. Morgan has not been in the best of health, and his default to L. W. Noel was attributable to that fact.

Pell was the victor over Grenville Clark in straight games, 15—4, 15—9, 15—7. The champion was master at all times. His matchless control more than anything else enables him to score whenever he needed to. His playing approached perfection, and the severity of his service gave him many chances for quick manoeuvring for a finishing shot. He missed occasional soft shots with the swift ones in a manner to keep his opponent constantly guessing as to what was coming next.

Clark started the opening game with a run of three. Pell scored twice in each of four hands from his second to his fifth and led 5—3. A run of five in his seventh hand practically decided the game, when the champion took it 15—9. In the second and third games Clark made plucky rallies after the score had gone hopelessly against him. Pell had a lead of 11—1 in the second game, and Clark pulled up to 9—12, as much through his own excellent play as through any lessening of effort on the champion's part. Pell won at 15—9, however.

Clark Makes Gallant Struggle.

In the third game Clark once more made a game struggle while trailing far behind. Pell led at 13—1 and 14—5, and Clark pulled up to 7—14. That was as far as he could go, however, and Pell finished at 15—7 with a run of nine. Clark caught Clark while in midcourt to end the contest. Pell won the first game in eight hands, the second in nine and the third in eleven.

The point scores follow:

FIRST GAME.

Pell	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9—15
Clark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—4

SECOND GAME.

Pell	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10—15
Clark	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9—12

THIRD GAME.

Pell	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12—15
Clark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—4

Gould was at his best in his match with Hamilton Hadden, whom he defeated by 15—7, 15—4, 15—7. Gould displayed unusual activity in getting about the court, and his strokes with the cut-backed balls were often brilliant. Sometimes he let the balls go when they seemed too far away to warrant the exertion necessary to connect with them, but whenever he needed the points his judgment was accompliary. The feature of the match was a run of twelve straight points by Gould, who finished the opening game with a run of two and continued on in his first hand of the second game with a collection of ten. He played superbly all the time this run was in progress.

Hadden played his best racquets in the third game, in which he kept right on Gould's heels for five hands, at the end of which the score was 10—8 in Gould's favor. The famous court tennis player finished the game, however, by scoring eight points in three succeeding hands. He won the first game in six hands, the second in five and the third in eight. The point scores follow:

FIRST GAME.

Gould	3	5	1	0	4	2	0	15	
Hadden	1	0	0	1	2	0	4		

SECOND GAME.

Gould	10	2	1	1	1	0	15		
Hadden	3	0	0	1	0	4			

THIRD GAME.

Gould	3	2	2	0	0	4	2	3	0	15	
Hadden	3	1	0	2	0	1	0	0	7		

Gardner Makes Successful Debut.

Robert A. Gardner of Chicago, the former national golf champion, made a successful début in the tournament and played so well in defeating H. G. Clark in straight games, 15—6, 15—7, 15—11, that many thought he might give Gould a lot of worry about when these two meet in 12 days' time in second round. Gardner places with excellent judgment and good command of strokes, and he may be able to keep Gould so busy covering court as to wear him down.

Ashley Mortimer, national racquets doubles champion with Pell, defeated A. D. Russell handily in straight games, and other winners were George M. Heckscher, Constantine Hutchins of Boston and C. J. Coulter. The last-named is a Texas player of much promise who is making his first appearance in a national tournament. He exhibited an exceedingly effective service and defeated Grenville F. Waterbury in a hard-fought four-game match, 8—15, 15—7, 15—8, 15—10.

The summaries:

National Racquets Singles Championship—First Round—Robert A. Gardner defeated H. G. Clark, 15—6, 15—7, 15—11; Jay Gould defeated Hamilton Hadden, 15—7, 15—4, 15—7; Stanley G. Mortimer defeated A. D. Russell, 15—4, 15—4, 15—8; George M. Heckscher defeated Cyril H. Hatch, 15—3, 15—2, 15—11; Clarence C. Pell defeated Grenville Clark, 15—4, 15—9, 15—7; Constantine Hutchins defeated L. du Pont Irving, 15—4, 15—6, 15—9; L. W. Noel won from Hewitt Morgan by default; C. J. Coulter defeated Grenville F. Waterbury, 8—15, 15—7, 15—8, 15—10.

N. Y. A. C. SQUASH VICTOR.

Beats Montclair, 4 to 3, and Wins Class B Consolation Series.

The New York Athletic Club's Class B squash tennis team defeated the Montclair Athletic Club on the N. Y. A. C. courts yesterday afternoon by a score of 4 to 3. The N. Y. A. C. was thus returned the victor in the consolation series of matches among the four teams that failed to win places in the final round of the Class B championship tournament.

The N. Y. A. C. had five victories and one defeat in the consolation tourney—the Crescent A. C., four victories and two defeats; the Montclair A. C., two victories and four defeats, and Heights Casino, one victory and five defeats. This was the Winged Foot team's first season in tournament squash tennis. The team overcame the numerous handicaps that beset it at the start of the season, and the coaching of William F. Ganley finally produced a combination capable of holding its own in all but the fastest company.

The summaries:

R. M. Hughes, Montclair, defeated Frank M. Loughman, N. Y. A. C., 16-18, 17—14, 15—12; C. A. Hipkins, Montclair, defeated James Butler Jr., N. Y. A. C., 15—8, 15—9; J. Minetta, N. Y. A. C., defeated J. G. Waldron, Montclair, 15—10, 12—15; M. A. Berryfield, N. Y. A. C., defeated Frank A. Seller, Montclair, 17—15, 15—17, 15—14; J. S. Casey, N. Y. A. C., defeated G. MacDonald, Montclair, 15—4, 15—9; R. W. Wolf, Montclair, defeated J. L. Egan, N. Y. A. C., 15—12, 15—14; W. A. Dalton, N. Y. A. C., defeated C. P. O'Connor, Montclair, 15—4, 15—17.

MRS. MALLORY GOES SOUTH.

Leaves Paris for Riviera—May Meet Mlle. Langlen in Tourney.

PARIS, Feb. 20.—Mrs. Molla Bjurstedt Mallory, American woman lawn tennis champion, left this morning for Monte Carlo, where she intends playing in the tennis tournament, beginning Feb. 26, in which she is entered and in which it is possible she may meet Mlle Suzanne Lenglen, the French star, her long-time rival.

Mrs. Mallory appeared to have fully recovered from the shaking up of her recent stormy crossing of the Atlantic from New York. Mr. Mallory, who is taking the vacation trip with his wife, accompanied her to the Riviera.

Dog-Sled Derby in Canada to Be Broadcasted Daily by WGY

Special to The New York Times.

QUEBEC, Feb. 20.—Arrangements have been made through the General Electric Company for the WGY broadcasting station at Schenectady, N. Y., to send out the results of the Eastern International Dog-Sled Derby to be held here on Feb. 22, 23 and 24. The result will be broadcast each day about 6:30 P. M., Eastern standard time. This will make it possible for devotees of dog-sled racing who live in isolated places to know the progress their favorites are making almost as soon as those at the finishing point. Two American and six Canadian teams will take part over a total distance of 120 miles. The drivers and dogs are arriving here and are in first-class shape, having been in training for many weeks.

PRINCETON-D. K. E. FINISH IN A DRAW

Most Critical Match in Class B Squash Tennis Tourney Results in 3-3 Score.

SQUASH TENNIS STANDING, CLASS B. FINAL ROUND.			
Team.	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Princeton Club	5	0	1.000
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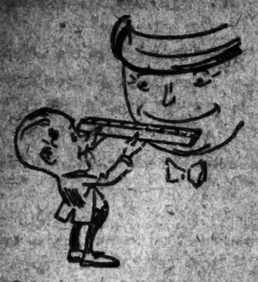

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Things to wear, including dress and dinner suits and their accessories.

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JOE MOORE VICTOR IN MONCTON RACES

New York Flier Captures Canadian Maritime Ice Skating Championship.

NEW WORLD'S RECORD SET

Charles Gorman Does 440 Yards in 37½ Seconds—Jewtraw Lowers 150-Yard Mark in Exhibition.

MONCTON, N. B., Feb. 20.—Joe Moore of New York was declared winner of the Canadian Maritime Ice Skating Championship this afternoon, having amassed a total of 145 points. He received a gold cup.

Charles Jewtraw of Lake Placid, N. Y., international amateur skating champion, sprinted to a new world's record of 15 4-5 seconds for 150 yards in an exhibition race. Jewtraw clipped a full second off the former record, held by Don Baker of New York.

Jewtraw's performance was the second record-breaking feat of the closing day of the ice meet. Charles Gorman of St. John, N. B., who finished second to Moore in the point score, established a new world's mark of 37 1-5 seconds for 440 yards in winning that event of the championship program. The former record of 37 2-5 seconds was held by Moore.

Moore, whose sensational skating gained him a big lead in the initial championship events yesterday, clinched his victory today by capturing the three-mile race, tying Roy McWhirter of Chicago, for first place in the three-quarter-mile race, and finished second to Gorman in the 440-yard event.

Gorman, in second place, amassed a total of sixty points, five more than McWhirter. Totals of other contestants were: Herman Peribers, Cleveland, 40; Alfred Nuhfer, Johnson City, N. Y., 30; Valentine Bialis, Lake Placid, and Edward Reid, Chicago, 20 each; Julian Steinmets, Chicago, 10.

The summaries:

440 Yards, Women's Senior Final—Rose Johnson, Chicago, first; Mrs. Fred Bell, Moncton, second. Time—0:46 2-5.

440 Yards, Fourteen-Year-Old Class Final—Carl Parody, Lake Placid, first; A. Yowles, St. John, second; A. Dean, St. John, third. Time—1:41 3-5.

Three-Mile Senior Final—Joe Moore, New York, first; Herman Peribers, Cleveland, second; Roy McWhirter, Chicago, third. Time—9:07 3-5.

Half-Mile, Twelve-Year-Old Class—J. Shea, Lake Placid, first; E. Shea, Lake Placid, second; C. Harry Smythe, Moncton, third. Time—1:44.

440 Yards, Sixteen-Year-Old Class—William Sheffield, Lake Placid, first; A. Belyea, St. John, second; William Irving, St. John, third. Time—0:46.

Half-Mile, Fourteen-Year-Old Class—C. Parody, Lake Placid, first; A. Vowles, St. John, second; Tommy Tebo, St. John, third. Time—1:38 4-5.

Half-Mile, Sixteen-Year-Old Class—William Sheffield, Lake Placid, first; A. McKenzie, St. John, second; Belyea, St. John, third. Time—1:35.

440 Yards, Twelve-Year-Old Class—A. Belyea, St. John, first; C. Harry Smythe, Moncton, second; George A. Fowler, St. John, third. Time—0:45.

440 Yards, Ten-Year-Old Class—E. Shea, Lake Placid, first; Willis Lee, St. John, second; Henry Comeau, Moncton, third. Time—1:40.

Three-Quarter-Mile Senior — Roy McWhirter, Chicago, and Joe Moore, New York, tied for first; Leslie Boyd, New York, third. Time—1:06 3-5.

440-Yard Senior—Charles Gorman, St. John, N. B., first; Joe Moore, New York, second; Julian Steinmets, Chicago, third. Time—0:37 1-5. (New world's record.)

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WHIM BEATS TNT IN TWO ICE RACES

Yachts Drive Through Blinding Snowstorm in Close Contests on North Shrewsbury.

Special to The New York Times.

RED BANK, N. J., Feb. 20.—Despite a northeast snowstorm that swept over the North Shrewsbury River today and at times almost blinded the ice yacht skippers, four fliers raced in two trial and point events over the snow-covered triangular club course and made a spectacular fight for the enthusiasts who viewed the races from the club house.

Henry Applegate's Whim won a double victory, leading Delford and Frederick Fisher's TNT by 30 seconds at the finish of the first seven and one-half mile race and by 50 seconds in the second event. Daniel Asay's Zero finished third in each event and Andrew White's smaller fourth-class boat Brownie was fourth.

Vice Commodore James H. Hubbard sent the fliers away in both events, the Whim taking the lead. It was a nip-and-tuck contest between the Whim and TNT and the results of the races were in doubt up to the last minute or two. The ice yachts made good time in the snow fall and were often sailing on a single runner as they were struck by the puffy northeast winds.

The summaries:

FIRST TRIAL POINT RACE.

Start 3:24.

Yacht.	Finish Time.	Elapsed Time.
Whim	3:46:30	22:30
TNT	3:47:00	23:00
Zero	3:52:00	28:00
Brownie	3:52:40	28:40

SECOND TRIAL POINT RACE.

Start 4:27.

Whim	4:52:10	25:10
TNT	4:53:00	26:00
Zero	4:58:00	31:00
Brownie	Withdrawn in second round	

Crews—Whim: Henry Applegate and John Johnson; TNT: Delford Fisher and Elmer Hesse; Zero: Frederick Fisher and Irving Harrison; Brownie: Andrew White and Michael Daly.

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WORLD'S RECORD BROKEN.

Hutchinsons Roll 1,142 in International Bowling Association Tourney.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Feb. 20.—One world's record was broken in the fifteenth annual tourney of the International Bowling Association, which closed yesterday, a recapitulation revealed today. The new world's mark was set by the Hutchinsons of Des Moines, Iowa, in rolling 1,142 in the last game of their five-man event, in which they totaled 3,012. The former record of 1,125 was established by the Orange Crush Squad of Peoria, Ill., three years ago. Higher single game totals have been made before in match competition, but not in tournament play.

HARVARD FIVE VICTOR.

Defeats Rhode Island State by 37-31—Lowenthal Stars.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Feb. 20.—Harvard won a hard-fought victory over Rhode Island State in a basketball game here tonight, 37 to 31. Lowenthal, regular forward for Harvard, who did not start on account of core feet, but went in the second half when Captain Gordon was banished, was the individual star on account of sore

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NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, FEB. 21, 1923.

NOT INTERVENTION BUT NEGOTIATION.

In urging his motion for a joint intervention by Great Britain and the United States in the Ruhr affair, Mr. LLOYD GEORGE delighted in his freedom from official responsibility. But he cannot divest himself of responsibility for a course which is plainly mischief-making, and which is, moreover, based on a blithe assumption which everybody knows to be unfounded. It is common knowledge that the United States Government has no thought of intervening. The British Government has officially announced that it will do nothing to interfere with France. The French Government has let it be known that it would regard any proposal of intervention as unfriendly. Mr. LLOYD GEORGE is perfectly aware of all this, so that the inevitable inference is that he simply is ready to catch up any club with which to beat Mr. BONAR LAW over the head. Were he himself still Prime Minister he would pour vials of reproach and wrath upon any political leader who had taken a stand in the House of Commons so reckless as his own is at present.

What we are to watch for is the hour not of intervention but of negotiation. The French Government has from the first day of the advance into the Ruhr declared its readiness to come to terms with Germany. Yesterday we had the statement from the former German Chancellor, Dr. WIRTH, that the whole aim of German passive resistance to the French is to "bring about negotiations." He urged the Cuno Government not to miss the first opportunity to open them. This is a somewhat obscure utterance, since France is disposed at any time to give ear to German offers, but the intent of it is not doubtful. It is in line with the reports that the German Socialists in the Ruhr are now advocating an "honorable peace" with France on the basis of payment of "reasonable reparations." These signs of promise may not be trustworthy, but they point to the conclusion which ultimately must be reached. Either directly or indirectly, Germany will in the end have to seek to find out what she must do to satisfy the demands of France under the Treaty of Versailles.

STRENGTHENING THE RAILROAD LABOR BOARD.

The theory of the Transportation act is that railway service can be maintained by arraying public opinion against all or any who interrupt it. Chief Justice TAFT, for the Supreme Court, says: "The function of the Labor Board is to direct the public criticism against the party which it thinks justly deserves it." It follows that the Labor Board cannot execute its prime function if it is not able to make public its findings. The Supreme Court does not decide that the Labor Board was right or that the Pennsylvania Railroad was wrong. It merely refers the merits of the case to the decision of public opinion, informed by the decision of the board. The court explicitly declines to require either the board or the railway to do anything, since the Transportation act provides for no court order against either party in any case. The Supreme Court holds that the failure of the act to provide penalties leaves all parties free to accept or reject the board's findings.

That merely establishes the right of all parties affected by the Transportation act to put themselves in the wrong before the High Court of public opinion. In an effort to prevent frittering away the latter sanction, the Labor Board sought to prescribe "fair, just and reasonable rules and working conditions for the parties without regard to their strict legal rights." The Supreme Court maintains this view. But the result has been that the Labor Board has lost prestige. The Pennsylvania is found in the wrong to the extent of rejection by the court of its appeal to the law. The railway unions struck to maintain indefensible working agreements. The condemnation of public opinion was clearest on this point. The national agreements were so ruinously expensive to the Treasury, and thereafter to the railways, that the Labor Board has rejected them more than once.

The Labor Board is not infallible, but ought not to be disestablished for that reason. The country still has need of an authoritative opinion to which it can rally. No new board can be improvised with the experience of the old one. The Transportation act is the fruit of a generation's experience. It is as good a compromise as clashing interests allow. It has worked well enough to be entitled to a fairer trial under normal conditions.

FIRE PROTECTION FOR HOSPITALS.

With investigators at work representing the State Hospital Commission, the city Fire Department, the District Attorney's office, the State Architect and the Board of Army Engineers, the cause of the fire that destroyed a wing of the Manhattan State Hospital on Ward's Island may be ascertained. It is already known that the building was old and inflammable, with its safety depending in part upon the vigilance of attendants, not upon modern fire-fighting apparatus. The original theory that woodwork of the building was ignited from a broken electrical wire has been abandoned, the State Architect having found that the connections were encased in iron conduits. It may not be easy to get at the origin of a fire that started in the dark, small hours and gained headway before an alarm could be given.

The activity of the investigators, with the anxiety of the authorities to insure the safety of patients in fireproof hospitals yet to be built, is admirable, but the important thing at the moment is to install automatic sprinklers in all the buildings on Ward's Island that lack them, and to reorganize and properly equip the island fire force. It should not be necessary to hurry city firemen from the other side of East River when flames are discovered. If a gale of wind had been blowing on Sunday morning, there would have been a conflagration on Ward's Island. It isn't pleasant to be told by H. WALTER FORSTER of the American Engineering Standards Committee that nearly all our public hospitals and asylums are insufficiently protected against fire. Want of funds, reluctance of the Legislature to make appropriations, account for this condition. Speaking of the Manhattan State Hospital, Mr. FORSTER says:

> The only way of making safe a building of that kind, which is far from fireproof, is to install automatic sprinklers on every floor. As an alternative, our committee asks that wood lath and plaster be removed from walls and ceilings and be replaced with metal lath.

As it would take years to put up and equip fireproof buildings—although that should be systematically done—there must be no delay in reconstructing the inflammable parts of existing hospitals and asylums and providing them with the best safety appliances. Senator MEYER LEVY of the Seventeenth District intends to propose at Albany a Safety Board in New York City to look after public institutions. Something of that kind ought to be done to fix responsibility. The Acting Mayor is sure that "had the Triborough bridge, as projected, been in operation the fire apparatus could have been taken over from Manhattan very quickly." As a remote speculation that may pass; but no time should be lost making the Ward's Island buildings safer.

A word should be said for the prompt and courageous work done by the attendants to save the inmates in the hospital fire on Sunday morning. The only reason fatalities from fires in public institutions throughout the country are not greater is because of the heroism of attendants and nurses." Such is the testimony of Mr. FORSTER. It was certainly true of the men and women who risked their lives, three losing them, in the endeavor to get the terrified patients out of the burning hospital on Ward's Island.

THE HEAD BANDIT.

On Feb. 8 RICHARD MULCAHY, Minister of Defense and Commander-in-Chief of the Irish Free State Army, issued a proclamation offering amnesty to all in arms against the Government who surrendered with their arms on or before Feb. 18. LIAM DEASE, Deputy Chief of Staff of the so-called Republican army, under sentence of death, appealed to EAMON DE VALERA and a dozen or more other chieftains of the Irregulars "to accept and aid the immediate unconditional surrender of all arms and men as requested by RICHARD MULCAHY." But the campaign of incendiarism, the blowing up of houses, violence and anarchy continue.

President COOLIDGE said at New Year's that the war carried on by the Irregulars couldn't even be "dignified by the word guerrilla." It consisted of "assassination of unarmed soldiers and civilians, the murder of adherents of the Government, and the burning and mining of the houses of Senators, civil servants and prominent supporters of the treaty." In his Lenten pastoral, read on Feb. 11, Cardinal LOGUE said: "It seems as if the powers of darkness were from day to day inspiring with fresh ingenuity the agents of destruction. The torch has been added to the revolver, the bomb and the road mine."

A petty criminal minority imposes the policy of ruin upon the Irish people. Young men and young women, even boys and girls, have been misled into believing that destruction and murder are patriotism. The responsibility for their crimes, the responsibility for the reign of fear and disaster in Ireland, rests on a few leaders. The most conspicuous, presumably the most guilty of these, is EAMON DE VALERA. His whereabouts are known. From time to time he emerges from no mysterious retreat to utter his fanatical metaphysics about the devil he has raised or that has been raised in his name. Why is he not locked up? It may be that the Free State authorities have been afraid to make a martyr of him. Meanwhile, his followers are making a martyr of Ireland, and the impression among them must be that the Free State doesn't dare to arrest him.

It has been said again and again that not he, but somebody else—since ERSKINE CHILDERS's death, we don't know who—is the brains of the "Republican" movement. It is impossible to see any brains in the disastrous madness of the war against Irish civilization; but DE VALERA is the titular head and chief. He belongs in jail. If he is but a figurehead, the real dangerous heads of the war on the Free State are known to the authorities of that State. Why are those leaders not sharply dealt with? "The present struggle," as some Irregular prisoners declared the other day, "will leave Ireland nothing but ashes and blood."

NEEDS OF OUR TIME.

Extremes meet so often nowadays that it isn't surprising to find Mr. HILAIRE BELLOC, devout Catholic and mediævalist, in agreement with the Third International on the function of religion. The weakening of dogmatic religion, says Mr. BELLOC, will mean "the revolt of the poor and the collapse of civilization, for religion makes unhappiness bearable. In Moscow they put it more simply—" religion is the opium of the people."

Mr. BELLOC is able to draw more encouragement from his survey of Europe than most contemporary publicists. Europe is short of food, but long on dogma. Some of the factories have shut down, but the theological seminaries are working overtime. Statesmanship is scarce, but sound doctrinal opinion is abundant. Redeunt Saturnia regna.

Landing on our shores to continue the work of missionary to the heathen, which so many of his fellow-countrymen have undertaken in the past few years, Mr. BELLOC seems a little less confident about the security and stability of America. One suspects that he feels that America hasn't enough dogmatic religion. We are glad to inform him that we have as much dogmatic religion as anybody, and of assorted kinds. If he doubts this, let him try to give a lecture in New York on the limitation of population, or in the South on the inevitable return to Rome.

ALOIS RASHIN.

Dr. ALOIS RASHIN, Czechoslovak Minister of Finance, was shot by an assassin on Jan. 5, and though at first expected to recover, he died in Prague last Sunday. One of the best practical financiers in Central Europe is thus lost to a nation and a continent which greatly need him. When the first Government of the new republic was organized after the armistice, Dr. RASHIN took the post which must be regarded as the hardest of all. He had to organize the finances of a new Government, already inundated by the paper money issued by the Dual Monarchy during the war. Obviously, firmness was needed; but firmness is not so easy with a new and uneasy Government ruling a nation which must be reorganized from the ground up. Dr. RASHIN managed to be firm and to get the Government to back him.

By stamping all the notes in circulation at a given time, and invalidating all left unstamped, he managed to prevent in Czechoslovakia the beginning of that progressive demoralization of the currency which has caught almost all the neighboring nations. By laying hold on the assets of the country and listing them promptly he managed to lay the foundations of a sound system of taxation. His influence was strong in the movement which led to early balancing of the budget. The result was a marked rise in Czechoslovak exchange. Dr. RASHIN was called back to the Ministry of Finance to handle the deflation which the rise of the crown necessitated; and here, just at the time when he was giving service to his country of the highest value, he was shot.

His assassin says that he had been infuriated by slights cast by RASHIN on the Czechoslovak legionaries. What ground the Finance Minister's position may have given for any just resentment is not apparent. He was a conservative, and he was not afraid of stepping on sensitive toes in his business of improving the finances of his country. In any event, the man who shot him was not a legionary. He was a nineteen-year-old boy who had resigned from the Communist Party a few months before the shooting, because it was too tame for his tastes. And this crack-brained youth killed one of the most valuable men in Europe, just as last Summer other boys of about his age, and apparently of similar lack of balance (though they were on the extreme Right instead of the extreme Left), killed WALTHER RATHENAU. Is this a part of the glorious functioning of the younger generation?

WHEN ENGLAND LOVED HONOR MORE.

Mr. WINSTON CHURCHILL has begun printing his war reminiscences. The question has been raised in Parliament whether it is proper for a Cabinet Minister to make disclosure of official secrets. One of them, as now made public by Mr. CHURCHILL, covers the action of the British Admiralty in the matter of the German cruisers, the Goeben and the Breslau. On the morning of Aug. 4, 1914, a dispatch came from the commander of the British fleet in the Mediterranean that those ships were shadowed by the battle cruisers Indomitable and Indefatigable. War was a virtual certainty. The ultimatum had gone to Germany. But war had not yet been declared; and though on a flash from London the Goeben could have been sunk by the sixteen 12-inch guns on the British warships, the order was not given. The Cabinet had decided that no act of war should be committed before a formal declaration. That might the Goeben evaded pursuit, and possibly the whole course of the war was changed. Yet there can be little doubt that in the end it was more important for the British Government to have lived up to its sense of right and honor than to have got rid of the Goeben.

It is not necessary to speculate what Germany would have done under like circumstances. We know that German apologists have made much of the rough-and-ready advice given by Admiral Sir JOHN FISHER to King EDWARD to go over to Kiel and smash the German fleet without waiting for a declaration of war. That advice was not taken, and could not have been taken by any British Government of modern times. But it is to be hoped—though we confess the hope is faint—that German apologists will take note of this revelation by Mr. WINSTON CHURCHILL, showing that it was only an honorable scruple on the part of the British Government which enabled the Goeben to escape and to draw Turkey into the war against Great Britain.

AN ART MUSEUM FOR BALTIMORE.

The inaugural exhibition of the Baltimore Museum of Art opened yesterday with the customary reception. On paper, Baltimore has had its Art Museum since 1914, the date of incorporation, when Johns Hopkins University granted the request for a suitable plot of land upon which to erect a museum building. The building is not yet erected, and the fine old Garrett Mansion overlooking Mount Vernon Place has been lent to serve as a temporary shelter for exhibitions and collections. Nothing could be more favorable to the future museum than this tendency to make haste slowly.

Perhaps the inaugural exhibition will help toward the development of a museum idea that shall be in harmony with the community, with the stately past of the city, with the conservative taste of its present, with the traditions of its older families. There is much charming art in the exhibition, but what impresses the visitor "from away" is the unstereotyped setting, the blessed relief of small groups of exhibits in rooms that have no official aspect, and especially the eloquence of locality in determining the mood of the occasion. When SARGENT painted his portrait of Miss MARY GARRETT, which has the central place in the gallery of paintings, his sensitive taste and tact told him to use none of the gay bravura with which he was so much at home, but to make a quiet picture that would maintain its dignity in the presence of quiet and reticent people. The result is a beautiful portrait that fits perfectly into its surroundings.

The new museum building could be like that. It could be a house. Such objects as the superb Colonial silver now on view in the Garrett Mansion, such pictures as the early Whistler (kept so closely in the Wilsane family that WHISTLER's French biographer, DURET, only knew of its existence from a scribbled sketch), could dictate the strength and simplicity of the collections, and these—though superhuman control would be necessary—could be kept small. If the directors cared to adopt a bold initiative that would cunningly conceal its boldness, they could plan competitions for American craftsmen to design and carry out all the furnishings necessary for their new building, thus making it on all sides an expression of American art, and keeping it away from the trodden path that has become an automobile highway since the Walters Gallery was formed in five Baltimore

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Tut-ankh-Amen Conquers the Conjurics.

If there were truth in the ancient and widespread belief that survival after death in some degree or fashion depends on whether or not memory of the departed lingers among the living, then the Egyptian King, whose long-sealed tomb is open at last, has been saved from the doom which he, like all Egyptians of his time, feared most of all. He not only is remembered now—he has become a topic of frequent and deeply interested discussion pretty well all over the world, and by all sorts of people.

That TUT-ANKH-AMEN would receive attention, after his millennial sleep, from every specialist in Egyptian history and archæology was the certain result of the present discovery. They are but a small class, however, and, though credited with large amounts of difficult and mysterious knowledge, it hitherto has been assumed that dominion folk could not venture into their dark domain. All that has been changed by—or in behalf of—TUT-ANKH-AMEN. Everybody is become an Egyptologist of sorts, for everybody appreciates that something wholly without precedent has happened—and it chances to be a happening with so many appeals that nobody can fail to answer to one or another of them.

For many there is the attraction that gold always has in any form, and few things have such a thrill as does hidden treasure brought to light at last. Then the contents of this tomb are "art"—that of an age far remote and yet beautiful still. Possibly the mingling of attraction and repulsion which the dead have for all accounts for part of the interest which TUT-ANKH-AMEN excites. He should have been reduced to his elements centuries and centuries ago, but there he is—unless confident expectations are to be disappointed—looking more than a little as he did while he ruled the two Egypts, and it is for the description of him, the man himself, that many are waiting impatiently. Wonderful as are the innumerable relics in the sepulchral chambers, if it should turn out that their royal tenant is missing the chief point of the discovery will be gone.

Jealousy Posed as Reverence.

A curious development in this now celebrated case of TUT-ANKH-AMEN is the animosity to Lord CARNARVON that is displayed in several quarters. This feeling most often takes the form of an avowed—one would not like to say of a pretended—reverence for the dead and a like indignation at disturbance of them.

The manifestation of the feeling comes chiefly and is most articulate from those whose eagerness to get the news from the Valley of the Kings has been in part foiled and in part subjected to some delay by the necessary limitations placed on its distribution. Nothing has been kept secret, but the task of revelation has been entrusted, not to an irresponsible crowd, but to carefully selected agents about whose competence to perform it there is no doubt.

Even as it is, too many have been admitted to the tomb for the safety of its precious contents, and some harm to them has been done. More will be done if the complaints of the Earl's critics are not ignored. The "monopoly" about which fault is found creates the conditions essential to learning in full from the discovery the lessons it can teach to historians and artists, and the chatter about financial exploitation of an archæological find is foolish as well as slanderous.

Never before in such circumstances have such facilities been provided for disclosure so prompt and wide as in this instance.

Their Need Serves for Excuse.

There is an element of the amusing in the fact that General GOETHALS, in his official capacity as Fuel Director, has issued to his subordinates formal instructions as to how they should proceed, if at all, about the highly irregular task of seizing coal in transit through their towns to destinations more remote.

Such confiscations or commandeerings, from the standpoint of legality, can be justified only as desperate remedies for desperate ills. They involve a semblance of armed conflict with the duly appointed guardians of the coal, and there is no way, really, of conducting them "in an orderly manner."

This is not to say that people should, or could be expected to, freeze when fuel that belongs to somebody else is within their reach—not even when thus they deprive other people in equal or like need; it only is calling attention to the incongruity between the formal and the informal.

And at least the up-State folk are not thieves. They do their coal-capturing in broad daylight, unmasked, and attended by policemen. They are ready to pay for what they take, and will obey any summons to court they may receive. The resistance shown by the railway employés is obviously perfunctory—a "constructive" resistance, as it were.

General GOETHALS yesterday was saying something about jail for those who take into their hands power denied by law, but probably he will exercise less than military severity in dealing with them.

Kemal's Napoleonic Pose.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Recently I went to a local theatre where I saw a film depicting Mustafa Kemal Pasha with his staff officers and soldiers. The news item appearing with these pictures describes Kemal Pasha as a Turkish idol and having a Napoleonic appearance, this most likely due to his pose. Being a lover of history and knowing something about Napoleon, for those that are interested I wish to state that though he may have stood Napoleonic fashion before the camera with one hand inside his coat, his attitude and aspiration as leader of the Turkish armies are more Washingtonian than Napoleonic and I am sure should those interested follow him closely they will find him fighting for similar ideals to those for which the father of this beloved country fought.

SALIM SALIH.
New York, Feb. 15, 1923.

Blame for the Coal Famine.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

With grip and an influenza-pneumonia epidemic threatening the lives of this country's officials, due obviously to the cold, snowy, rainy weather and the shortage of coal, it would seem timely and proper that a trial by jury be held for those who are responsible for this coal famine; i. e., the miners, the coal operators and the railroad heads.

When coal is in the mine and men refuse to mine it, when the coal operators cannot arbitrate and the railroads will not move the coal and close to a public calamity overtakes the people, then I say it amounts to civil war, and it is up to the Government to step in and use the mailed fist.

A. E. S.
New York, Feb. 16, 1923.

NICARAGUA CANAL ROUTE.

Superiority Over Panama Claimed on the Basis of Early Operations.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In some of the recent newspapers I have seen the statement that Army engineers estimated that it would cost something like $1,000,000,000 to build the Nicaragua Canal, and I am impelled to write a little in defense of that route. I should say that less than half that amount would build it complete. I may say at the outset that I was early convinced of the practicability of that route. After I had finished some large railroad contracts I took with me a competent engineer, S. H. Doty, and went to Panama while Count de Lesseps was still working on that canal. We spent some time along the line of the Panama Canal, examining the conditions and prospects there, and then went to Nicaragua, where we spent several months going back and forth over the route from end to end, and examining it thoroughly. We were entirely convinced, like many other engineers, that the Nicaragua route was in every way preferable. After that I went to Manchester, England, where Sir John Jackson was building the Manchester Ship Canal; and down to Greece, where the Corinth Ship Canal was under construction, to get pointers on construction. Then I went in with the Nicaragua Company, which was being actively pushed by Senator Warner Miller and Hiram Hitchcock—the chief engineer at that time being A. G. Menocal, with Lieutenant R. E. Peary one of the locating engineers in the field.

The outcome was that I organized a small outfit and went to Greytown for the company to commence the actual construction of the canal at that end, and to build a railroad from Greytown directly west across the swamps for ten miles to the high lands beyond for construction purposes, and to bring down rock for building breakwaters. We sent down two locomotives, thirty-odd flat cars and a steam shovel from New York. We built a first-class railroad over the ten miles, and took out about 100,000 cubic yards of material from the entrance to the canal, which was used for surfacing up the railroad. I did this work largely for the purpose of testing the climate, matters of supply and labor. I found it almost as good a place to do construction work as any part of the United States. Out of an average force of about 1,000 men, which I kept at work for seven months, only three died of disease. The northeast trade-winds, which blow across the Nicaragua Isthmus for nearly the whole year, keep the region healthful, and the very heavy rains at Greytown during the rainy season do not extend far inland.

The question of supplies was not difficult, and as to labor I became quite convinced that I could obtain 50,000 men if necessary from Nicaragua, Costa Rica and other Central American States, with Jamaica and other West Indian islands to draw from. I paid the men fair wages in silver every Saturday night, and never had more faithful laborers. Engineers and foremen came mostly from the United States.

The route is 100 miles shorter than Panama between any two points north of the Equator on opposite sides of America. There seemed to be no especial engineering difficulties anywhere on the route, and it should not require more than five years to complete it. The deep cut is much shorter than the Culebra cut at Panama, and the borings we made indicated stable material. The big dam across the San Juan River could be a simple rock-fill with material from the big cut. The line runs due west from the Atlantic to the Pacific, while at Panama it runs southeast. At Panama there is a scanty water supply made by damming up the Chagres River, while at Nicaragua the upper level of the canal is in the upper waters of the San Juan River and in the lake, which it crosses at an angle for a distance of sixty miles, so the line would have some 120 miles in pure, fresh water. Lake Nicaragua and Lake Managua connected with it have perhaps a hundred streams running into them and only one outlet, the great San Juan River.

Panama is in the region of doldrums, with hardly any wind except an occasional norther at Colon, so that sailing ships must be towed for hundreds of miles at either end, and can probably never use that route. At Nicaragua they can sail up to and away from either end.

Bunau-Varilla's plan for a sea-level canal at Panama is probably impracticable, as the rise and fall of the tide on the Pacific side is so much greater than on the Atlantic side that a tidal lock would be necessary.

Lake Nicaragua is a beautiful body of water in a healthful and pleasant country where ships could rid themselves of barnacles, and refit.

It seems to me that we made a great mistake in going to Panama instead of to Nicaragua.

I believe the United States Government has all the surveys and maps of the old Nicaragua Company.

C. P. TREAT.
Palo Alto, Cal., Feb. 13, 1923.

An Appeal for Reading Matter.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

May I appeal to your readers through the columns of your paper for reading matter to while away the long and tedious snowbound hours in this camp for tubercular patients? Any old magazines, books or papers will be welcome and appreciated. Address as below.

MRS. EDITH RYAN,
Gabriels-in-the-Adirondacks, N. Y., Feb. 17, 1923.

SNOW IN THE MEADOW.

On sunny days
The meadow lies
So dazzling white
I shut my eyes.

The sun makes prisms
Where the mass
Of small, hard edges
Are like glass.

The curved drifts stand
Like billows caught
In some still charm
By magic wrought.

This crystal sea,
By the sun lit,
Shines so I cannot
Look at it.

On cloudy days
The meadow seems,
In Winter, like
A sea of dreams.

A blue mist drifts—
Like sails that go
To countries that
We do not know.

The black crows in
The pointed firs
Cry out to shadow
Mariners.

I wonder if
The fieldmouse stirs
In that low covered
House of hers.

She dreams of clover
Fields again,
And green that rests
The eyes of men.

LOUISE DRISCOLL.

THE FARMERS' CREDIT PROBLEM.

Congress Must Fight Out the Issue With Several Conflicting Plans Proposed.

By WILLIAM HARD.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 19.—Congress is about to make a decision possibly revolutionary to the business life of the country. It is about to decide whether or not at this time to take the United States Government into daily agricultural commercial credit banking.

The Harding Administration went into power with the notion that one of its noblest tasks—and one of the tasks which it would seem certainly and firstly perform—would be to "keep the Government out of business." It now—within two years of getting into office—is on the verge of taking the Government into a fundamental business, hitherto regarded as most particularly and peculiarly private, namely, the business of the daily lending of money for daily business purposes.

It is impossible to understand this amazing situation without remembering the year 1920. In that year the private banks of the United States—and the Federal reserve system—failed disastrously to be able to supply the grain growers and the cotton growers and the cattle growers of the United States with the credits which they needed, and which they deserved, in the midst of the crisis caused by the sudden tragic deflation and demoralization of the prices of their products.

Then came the United States Government War Finance Corporation. Out of Government funds—in order to meet the emergency—it loaned several hundred million dollars to banks and to farmers' societies for the benefit of individual farmers, in the gradual and orderly marketing of their demoralized commodities.

Our farmers therefore saw two spectacles. They saw the failure of our private banking system to give them adequate help; and they saw the success of the War Finance Corporation in giving them a large amount of highly efficient help. Out of those two spectacles comes the existing situation.

In large numbers the farmers have turned in bitterness from private banking and have turned with hope to governmental banking. Congress now contains the largest and grandest array of governmental banking projects ever presented to the legislative eye in Washington. It also contains—in the so-called Capper bill—a project for avoiding governmental banking and for producing an adequate supply of credits for farmers out of the resources of private capital and out of an improvement of the regulations of the existing Federal Reserve system.

Thus the issue is joined. It is being fought out in these concluding days of the present Congress. On the one side is the idea of putting governmental dollars and governmental officials directly into the financing of the growing and marketing of farm products. On the other side there is the idea of improving and enlarging that financing through improving and enlarging our existing private methods and our existing public regulations and encouragements of them.

The chief bill illustrating the idea of governmental banking is the Lenroot-Anderson bill. Back of it, however, there are numerous other bills which illustrate the astonishing strength of the sentiment for governmental banking—a strength which undoubtedly will be even greater in the next Congress than it is in this one.

There is the Simmons bill for a governmental "Farmers and Consumers' Financing Corporation." This corporation would have a capital of $100,000,000 of governmental money. It would have the right to issue $500,000,000 of almost completely tax exempt bonds. It would be under orders "to provide a market for the sale of agricultural products." It would have the power to lend money to "any person" in order to finance the sale of agricultural products.

There is the Simmons bill for a governmental "National Agricultural Credits Corporation." This corporation would have a capital of $50,000,000 of governmental money and could issue $5,000,000,000 of totally tax exempt bonds. It would loan money to banks and to five stock loan companies and to farmers' "credit unions."

There is the King-Norbeck bill—an extremely thoughtfully considered bill—for a governmental "National Farmers' Finance Union." This "union," consisting of the Secretary of the Treasury and the Secretary of Agriculture and four other persons—would take over the assets and the labors of the War Finance Corporation and would proceed to extend those labors. The War Finance Corporation lends money only to institutions. The "National Farmers' Finance Union" would lend money also to individuals—to "any person" who is engaged in producing or in marketing farm products.

There is the Ladd bill for a governmental "American stabilizing corporation." This corporation would go much further than the mere lending of money. In the Spring it would announce a price for crops. Then in the Fall it would pay that price. This corporation, with $100,000,000 of governmental money and with $500,000,000 of money additionally borrowed from Federal Reserve Banks, would buy and sell the following named crops: Wheat, rye, flax, oats, barley, buckwheat, corn, rice, grass seed, sugar, cotton and wool. It would explore the desirability of also buying and selling the following named crops: Tobacco, hides, mutton, beef, pork.

Such ideas of governmental participation in business have simmered down now in Congress—for the time being—principally into the Lenroot-Anderson bill. Between that bill and the Capper bill there is a profound contradiction. The Senate solved this contradiction by simply amiably passing both bills. It was more or less as if it had enacted Buddhism and Mohammedanism simultaneously. Both religions are presumably excellent religions, but a country which tried officially to practise both of them at the same time might get rather tangled.

The fact is that in this matter of banking credits we have now come to a sharp parting of the ways. Does the Capper bill hold out a hope that private capital can still accomplish the financing of agriculture? Or—at a moment when we are contemplating a subsidy to our shipping industry—and at a moment when through tax-exempt securities we are already giving an enormous subsidy to our municipal industries—and at a moment when we soon shall be contemplating a governmental loan and therefore a governmental subsidy for freight cars and locomotives to our railroad industry—must we also governmentally subsidize our basic industry of agriculture?

TO PRESERVE JERUSALEM.

Ronald Storrs Invites American Co-operation in the Work.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have received so much kindness during my too brief stay in the United States that I cannot but conclude that the object of my self-imposed mission here has perhaps aroused the interest and the sympathy of those whose friendship I have had the honor of gaining, as possibly of others whom I have not had the good fortune to meet. I am, therefore, making bold to appeal through your columns to all who desire that Jerusalem should not be vulgarised, nor even overmodernised; who would prefer not to see an electric tramway climbing the Mount of Olives, and factory chimneys in the neighborhood of Solomon's Temple or the Holy Sepulchre. The Pro-Jerusalem Society, which has been founded in order to preserve the antique beauty and character of Jerusalem, is strictly undenominational and non-sectarian, and numbers on its Council the spiritual and communal leaders of the Moslems, Jews, Christians (Latin, Orthodox, Anglican and Armenian), and of the American colony in Jerusalem. The society has also re-established in Jerusalem the ancient title-making industry, with a school of ceramics, and is endeavoring to revive the traditional weaving of Palestine, together with the almost extinct craft of glass-blowing. You will doubtless remember that on the entry of the Kaiser in 1897 a portion of the ancient wall was pulled down with the misconceived idea of doing him honor. By a happy chance the stones thus removed have been discovered, and it is my intention to rebuild the wall exactly as it was before his visit. I cannot help thinking that some of your readers would care to have a share in replacing these stones, which they can do by becoming members of the Pro-Jerusalem Society, when they would receive the bulletin published from time to time showing the progress of the work in various directions, with drawings and photographs of the walls, gardens and general panorama of the city. The annual subscription is £25, life membership £200, and applications for either will be answered by me personally from the Governorate, Jerusalem.

Already more visitors reach Jerusalem from America than from any other country. In any work of material, moral or spiritual reconstruction, America is and has many a time proved herself at least as interested as we are, and I need hardly say that the honor of American co-operation in this work will be very deeply appreciated, not only by those on the spot, but by all who have at heart the deepest interest of the most sacred city in the world.

RONALD STORRS.
New York, Feb. 20, 1923.

Buffalo Meat.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Several weeks ago on a Sunday you published an article in your paper stating some facts in connection with the growth of the buffalo herds in the United States. I would like to remind you or call to your attention the fact that I received a copy of a daily paper from Sioux City, Iowa, not long ago in which I saw that a chain of meat stores was going to have for sale the luscious meat of three buffalo. Can you please advise why they are already beginning to slaughter this noble animal? I am sure many of us were talking a personal pride in knowing that this once "King of the Plains" was again coming into his own. Why to be slaughtered again?

NORMAN E. MINER.
Pelhamville, Feb. 16, 1923.

DRY COUNTRY VOTE.

An Explanation Found in the Provisions of the Volstead Act.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I must ask you to give me a little space to correct a misunderstanding as to the Volstead act which I noted in a recent letter from Alexander Sinclair Abrams in THE TIMES. Incidentally, this misunderstanding appears to me to be very general.

Mr. Abrams speaks of the failure to enforce the Volstead act in the rural communities, where, as he says, "they are manufacturing alcoholic liquors every day, not for sale, but for home consumption," and he complains that these people, in most cases, in spite of their violation of the Volstead act and the Eighteenth Amendment, go to the polls every year and vote for the Prohibition candidates." As a matter of fact, the Volstead act permits the manufacture up to 200 gallons of "non-intoxicating cider and fruit juices" for home consumption without the necessity of procuring a license. As no license is required and no provision for supervision of this manufacture is included in the law, it is plain that no one will be present to insert the necessary teaspoon of soda or other dose to prevent the fermentation which ensues in due course of nature. As a matter of fact, this provision was put in the law deliberately in order not to alienate the farmer vote.

A great many people were surprised by the results of the election last Fall when the States of Ohio and California voted against the liberalization of the Volstead act, in each case the heavy moist majority of the cities being overcome by the dry country vote.

In the light of this provision of the Volstead act, these results are understandable, for the farmer is today selling his grapes at a far higher rate than he ever procured before prohibition, and at the same time he is legally, or shall we say, semi-legally, making everything he wants for his own consumption. When in addition to this, he can have the satisfaction of discipling the wicked "city man," his cup of happiness is about full.

Many opponents of prohibition regard the Volstead act as at least an honest attempt at enforcement, but as a matter of fact it is a thoroughly hypocritical piece of class legislation.

CHARLES BUTLER.
New York, Feb. 14, 1923.

One Big "Anti" Society.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A correspondence writing to THE TIMES suggests the creation of an "Anti-Nuisance League." This is a splendid idea. The country needs and needs badly at least one more "anti" society. Statistics would seem to show that there are at least 15,000 "anti" annoying" societies, either in name or purpose, whose mission is to correct other people's habits.

In the business world it has been found that consolidation has proved a potent factor toward making for efficiency. Since this is so, why not federate all these many "anti" societies into one great union to be known as the "Anti-Personal Discretion Association of America"? If this association should function as its supporters, the members of the various "anti" societies, would hope, the functioned and regimented of the country would be content relieved of the responsibility of directing their own personal lives; a responsibility which the majority of the various "anti" societies do not believe the average man or woman in America capable of assuming.

New York, Feb. 14, 1923.

MISS HEPBURN BRIDE OF PAUL CUSHMAN

Daughter of Mrs. A. Barton Hepburn Is Wed in St. Bartholomew's Chapel.

RECEPTION AT THE HOME

Marriage of Mrs. Dechert to Ernest A. Simpson Will Take Place on Thursday.

The wedding of Paul Cushman, a son of the late Harry Curtis Cushman of Albany, and Miss Cordelia S. Hepburn, a daughter of Mrs. A. Barton Hepburn and the late Mr. Hepburn, who was Chairman of the Advisory Board of the Chase National Bank, took place yesterday afternoon in the chapel of St. Bartholomew's Church. The Rev. William R. Lusk of Ridgefield, Conn., where Mrs. Hepburn has a country place, officiated. Miss Hepburn walked with her brother, C. Fisher Hepburn of Cleveland, Ohio. Mrs. Robert R. M. W. Emmet was her sister's matron of honor, and the other attendants were Miss Jane Hepburn, a daughter of C. Fisher Hepburn, and Mrs. L. Whittington Gorham.

Edward Sanderson Cushman was the best man, and the ushers were Dr. L. Whittington Gorham of Albany, Lieut. Commander R. R. M. Emmet of Washington, Alexander Iselin Henderson, Walter K. Earle, William P. Philips and H. Seliers McKee. A small reception at the home of Mrs. Hepburn, 471 Park Avenue, followed the wedding.

Mr. Cushman was graduated from St. Paul's School, and from Harvard in 1913, and served overseas with the 306th Machine Gun Battalion, 79th Division, U. S. A. He is a member of the Union and Harvard Clubs, and is with the firm of Converse & Converse. Mrs. Cushman served in France during the war with the Y. M. C. A. She is a member of the Junior League and the Colony Club.

Simpson-Dechert Nuptial Plans.

The marriage of Mrs. Dorothy Parsons Déchert, a daughter of Arthur Webb Parsons, and Ernest Aldrich Simpson will take place on Thursday, Feb. 22, at the home of the bride's aunt, Mrs. Edward Martin Stout, 117 West Fifty-eighth Street. The Rev. Dr. Randall will officiate. Miss Peggy Stout will be her cousin's only attendant and William Hanway will be the best man. Mr. and Mrs. Simpson are booked to sail Saturday on the Celtic, to spend their honeymoon abroad.

Military Wedding at Municipal Building.

A military wedding was celebrated in the Municipal Building yesterday when Pie S. Patton, a marine of the United States battleship Arkansas at the Brooklyn Navy Yard, was married to Miss Bertha M. Fleming, a nurse, of 1 East Sixtieth Street, in the chapel of the Marriage License Bureau in the presence of a detachment of thirty marines in command of Captain Louis E. Fagan. The ceremony was performed by Lieutenant John H. S. Putnam, chaplain in the Arkansas. Patton is a son of Robert Patton of Grainola, Okla. The bride is a daughter of James Fleming and was born in Dublin, Ireland.

Tuckerman-Thompson.

Mr. and Mrs. Phillips B. Thompson of 830 Park Avenue have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Betty Hare Thompson, to Roger Tuckerman, son of Mr. and Mrs. Paul Tuckerman of this city and Tuxedo Park, N. Y. Miss Thompson, who is a member of the Junior League, made her début two years ago. Mr. Tuckerman is a graduate of Harvard, class of '20, and is a member of the Racquet and Tennis Club.

Trabold-Williams Engagement.

Mr. and Mrs. William O. Williams of West Orange, N. J., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Ellen Williams, to Edmund Howell Trabold, son of Mr. and Mrs. George J. Trabold of Orange. No date has been set for the wedding.

YOUNGER SET MEETING.

Magazine Board Considers Debutante Committee.

The annual meeting of the Advisory Board of The Younger Set, the débutantes' magazine, was held yesterday afternoon at the home of Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, 1 Sutton Place. One of the purposes of the meeting was to select four of the season's most popular débutantes to serve as a special committee to co-operate with the editors each season in recording the doings of the younger set.

Mrs. Vanderbilt presided at yesterday's meeting, and others present included Mrs. Donn Barber, Mrs. Alfred Chapin, Mrs. P. A. S. Franklin, Mrs. George Dallas Yeomans, Mrs. Josiah Low Blackwell, Miss Edith Day Robinson, Mrs. S. Vernon Mann, Mrs. Nelson H. Henry, Mrs. Tarleton Winchester, Mrs. Charles Dana Gibson, Mrs. George Gordon Battle, Lady Maitland, Mrs. M. H. Willard, Mrs. Rodney Williams, Mrs. J. Theus Munds and Mrs. Francis White.

HONOR EDWARD S. MARTIN.

Many at Dinner for Occupant of Harper's "Editor's Easy Chair."

Edward S. Martin, Harvard '77, author and editor, was the guest of honor last night at a dinner given by the Harvard Club as a tribute to his years of editorial achievement. For more than twenty-five years he has been associated with the publishing house of Harper & Brothers, and since October, 1920, has been occupant of the "Editor's Easy Chair" in Harper's Magazine. He also is one of the founders and owners of Life.

Among those present were: James Byrne, Clinton T. Brainard, Thomas B. Wells, Charles Dana Gibson, R. S. Brewster, Robert Bridges, William B. Anderson, Grenville Clark, Paul Dana, DeCourcey Fales, S. D. Kittredge, H. S. VanDuzer, A. M. White, G. W. Wickersham, P. J. Wiley, J. L. Wilkie, G. G. Zabriskie and Lee Foster Hartman.

American Cross Given to Frenchmen

PARIS, Feb. 20.—Ambassador Herrick presented Distinguished Service Crosses today to Lieutenant Andre de Neuflize, French liaison officer with the American army during the war, and to Frederic Mallet of Paris, father of Lieutenant Gerard Mallet of the French Army, who was killed in action with the Forty-seventh United States infantry.

Gives £100,000 to British Research

LONDON, Feb. 20.—Sir Alfred Yarrow has donated £100,000 to the Royal Society for the Promotion of Scientific Research in its application to practical affairs. In making the gift Sir Alfred said he was convinced that the future prosperity of the country was largely dependent upon the encouragement of such research.

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

Mrs. Herbert Shipman, wife of Bishop Shipman, who went to California some time ago, will return this week to New York, much improved in health.

Mr. and Mrs. Cyrus McCormick Jr. of Lake Forest, Ill., who have been at the Vanderbilt, have sailed for the Riviera, to spend the remainder of the Winter.

Miss Marguerite Wood, daughter of Rear Admiral and Mrs. Spencer B. Wood of Washington, D. C., who was at the Astor for several days, sailed for Europe on the Berengaria.

Lord Burnham, who is arriving tomorrow from the West Indies on the steamer Metapan, will be at the Ambassador during his stay in town.

Mrs. James C. Barr, Mrs. Samuel J. Wagstaff, Mrs. Walter P. Anderton and Perrars H. Towe will be among those entertaining parties this evening at the Wednesday Supper Dance at the Lorraine.

Mrs. Hiram Johnson has come from Washington, D. C., and is at the Ritz-Carlton.

Mrs. C. E. Tracy and Miss Anne Tracy, her daughter, are at the Touraine, 9 East Thirty-ninth Street, for two months.

Miss Alice Van Rensselaer of 14 East Sixtieth Street will sail for Naples on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. John J. Barrett of 136 East Seventy-ninth Street have gone to Augusta, Ga., for a fortnight.

Miss Dorothy Battle entertained at dinner last evening at her home, 370 Park Avenue, taking her guests afterward to the play.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry J. Topping, who have been in Europe for several months, are at the Plaza with their children.

Mrs. John Kelman, wife of the pastor of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church, will be at home on Tuesday afternoons during March.

Señor Eduardo de Aguiar Vallim, former Brazilian Consul at Milan, Italy, is at Le Marquis Hotel, 12 East Thirty-first Street, for a few days before going to his new post in Philadelphia. He is accompanied by his son, Señor Henrique de Aguiar Vallim.

Owing to illness in the home of Mrs. H. H. Pierce of 9 East Ninety-fourth Street, the Mission Study and Lenten Sewing Class of St. George's will meet at the home of Miss Edith Notman, 750 Park Avenue, on Friday mornings during Lent.

Mrs. George Peabody and Mrs. John W. Kiser were among those entertaining at luncheon at Pierre's yesterday.

Lady Green Price, daughter of William C. Potter, who has spent the Winter at the Lorraine, is sailing today for her home in Wales.

Robert Underwood Johnson entertained at a men's luncheon yesterday at his home, 327 Lexington Avenue, for Prince Gelasio Caetani, the new Italian Ambassador to this country.

Washington.

The Vice President and Mrs. Coolidge were the guests of honor at a dinner given last night by Senator and Mrs. Charles Warren were hosts to sixteen at dinner last evening.

Senator and Mrs. Joseph Frelinghuysen entertained a large company at a buffet supper last evening in compliment to the Speaker of the House and Mrs. Frederick Gillett. There were 100 guests, including the congressional circle.

The Marchioness of Donegal was the guest of honor of Mrs. Borden Harriman at a small dinner last evening.

Mrs. Laurence Phipps, wife of the Senator from Colorado, was hostess at a dinner yesterday at her Washington home, the guests being her associates of the Senate Luncheon Club, of which Mrs. Coolidge is President.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Hamlin Everett entertained a small company at dinner last evening preceding a musicale.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Farwell gave a dinner last evening in compliment to the former's sister, Mrs. Reginald de Koven of New York, who is visiting them.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick McKenney entertained sixteen at dinner last evening.

Mrs. Justin Morrill Chamberlin was hostess to a company of sixteen, followed by bridge at the Chevy Chase Club, yesterday.

Mrs. Samuel Winslow, wife of Representative Winslow entertained at luncheon yesterday.

Col. and Mrs. Henry R. Casey entertained at tea yesterday for Miss Rosalind Fuller, Miss Anita Enters, and Mrs. Georgia Long of New York. Miss Fuller and Miss Enters came to Washington to give their program of old English ballads and dances at the Ram's Head Playhouse.

Mr. and Mrs. Axel Josephson of New York, who are at the New Willard on their return from Palm Beach, today entertained at luncheon, their guests being Judge and Mrs. Alfred C. Coxe, Mrs. Frederick Schoff of Philadelphia, President of the Congress of Mothers, and Mr. and Mrs. Willoughby Schesly.

Mrs. D. R. Crissinger, wife of the Controller of the Currency, has issued invitations to a large luncheon on Thursday, March 1, at which Mrs. Crissinger will entertain at the New Willard.

Perpesentative and Mrs. Henry W. Watson of Pennsylvania, will sail for Europe on March 10 to pass the early Summer.

Judge and Mrs. Clarence Norton Goodwin of Lake Forest, Ill., will entertain at a large dinner at the New Willard on Thursday evening in honor of the Chief Justice of the United States.

DINNER FOR DR. McDOWELL.

Guest at Birthday Dinner Given by Faculty and Other Friends.

Dr. Charles McDowell, head of the Department of Physiology at the New York Homeopathic Medical College and Flower Hospital, was the guest of honor last night at a dinner held at the Army and Navy Club. The dinner, which marked his sixty-fifth birthday and the fortieth anniversary of his appointment to the Faculty, was given by the Faculty and other friends.

The speakers emphasized the value of homeopathy, which, they said, is the treatment of disease by using the theory of the law that "like cures like." Dr. McDowell, Dean I. S. Kleiner, Dr. William Francis Hanan, William M. Baldwin and Wallace McAdam were the speakers.

GIVE CUP TO MAX ABELMAN.

Loving Cup Is Presented for Services With Jewish Charities.

Max Abelman, who recently retired as Executive Director of the Federation of Jewish Charities after thirteen years of service, was guest of honor at a testimonial dinner, last night, at the Unity Club, Bedford Avenue and Dean Street, Brooklyn, in recognition of his services for the Federation and the Jewish community of Brooklyn. A silver loving cup was presented to Mr. Abelman.

About 100 persons were present, including Supreme Court Justice Edward Lazansky, Supreme Court Justice Harry Lewis and Assistant District Attorney Alexander Geismar.

Mrs. James L. Hand Gives a Tea.

Mrs. James L. Hand gave a tea in the grillroom at the Lorraine yesterday afternoon. Among her guests were Mrs. James Cummings Barr, Lady Muir Mackenzie, Mrs. Claude Beddington, Mrs. Frederick Lewisohn, Miss Inez Wilson, Mrs. William H. Hirst, Miss Dorothy Fuller, Mrs. T. M. Marsalotti and Miss Margaret W. Wilson, daughter of ex-President Wilson.

Legion Post to Give Benefit Tea.

A tea for the benefit of the Veterans' Mountain Camp will be held under the auspices of Jane A. Delano Post 244 of the American Legion in the studios of James O. Hoone, 810 Carnegie Hall, Friday afternoon from 4 to 6:30 o'clock. Artists will give a musical program.

STORRS ENDS VISIT, SAILS FOR HOLY LAND

Civil Governor of Jerusalem Promises Hearty Welcome to American Tourists.

LOST BAGGAGE HOLDS LINER

Sir Eric Geddes and Mr. and Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney Among Passengers on Berengaria.

After spending twenty days in the United States and visiting Washington, Baltimore, Chicago, Springfield, Ill.; Detroit and Boston, Ronald Storrs, C. M. G., Civil Governor of Jerusalem, sailed yesterday on the Cunarder Berengaria, on his return to the Holy Land. He said that the time spent in this country had been the most pleasant in his life.

"I find everywhere in America great interest and kind feeling for the problems of the reconstruction of Palestine under the British mandate," said Governor Storrs. "Leaving, I can only say that all American visitors who come to the Holy Land will receive a most hearty welcome. I hope many will go there this Spring. The city is 2,500 feet above sea level and is much cooler than Cairo, so that tourists can visit Palestine after they have finished their trip up the Nile. April and May are delightful months to spend in Palestine."

Governor Storrs said that he had found Henry Ford to be a remarkable man and deeply interested in the Palestine question.

The Berengaria was to leave for Cherbourg and Southampton at 10 o'clock yesterday morning, but at the last moment Sir Eric Geddes, former British Minister of Munitions and now Chairman of the Dunlop Tire and Rubber Company of America, who has been here on a brief business visit, found that his baggage had not reached the pier. It was still at his hotel, but reached the pier by transit fifteen minutes after the sailing hour.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney were passengers for Paris to attend the wedding of their son to Miss Marie Norton on March 5. They will be away one month.

Sir Charles Higham, a British advertising man, also a passenger, said he had been assured that the 1924 international meeting of advertising men will be held in London. He expressed great surprise to find so little unemployment in America.

The Berengaria had 565 first cabin passengers and a large consignment of mails.

SEIZE ROYAL BELGE FUNDS.

U. S. Gets Attachment for $598,500 Due on Two Ships.

Supreme Court Justice Guy granted an attachment yesterday to the United States Government against the Lloyd Royal Belge Steamship Company of Belgium and the Bank of Antwerp in a suit for $598,500, based on six unpaid notes, given with four others, to the United States Shipping Board by the steamship company in 1920 and endorsed by the bank. The Federal Government was required to give a bond of $20,000.

The ten notes given by the shipping line aggregated $997,570 and were for the steamships Bombardier and Cannonier, being constructed here. The papers allege that two notes due in 1920 were paid, but the others were not. Funds belonging to the defendants were found yesterday by Sheriff Nagle's deputies in several banks.

Joseph F. Nash, North American manager of the Lloyd Royal Belge, said that his company refused to pay for the vessels because they were so badly constructed that one sank on the way across the Atlantic and the steamship company was unable to get insurance on the other. He said that the company bought twenty-two vessels and made final payment on twenty of them May 15 last, amounting to $4,500,000, but retained $1,000,000 because of the alleged condition of the two ships referred to.

WRITERS TELL OF FUN.

Amusing Letters From Authors on Their Experiences Read at Dinner.

Several authors disclosed their funny experiences, and others admitted the lack of them at a dinner held by the Writers' Club yesterday evening at the Hotel Brevoort, Fifth Avenue and Eighth Street. The confessions were in the form of brief letters and were read by Herman Landon, Second Vice President of the club, whose idea was to get as many celebrities as possible to open their storehouses of humor for the entertainment of the others.

Some of the authors wrote at great length upon incidents which they considered of humorous interest while others were as brief as it is possible to be and still remain authors. Owen Davis declined to write of an experience, excusing himself with "As old age advances I find it necessary to make a rule of never being funny for less than 5 per cent." Among those who wrote letters were Mary Roberts Rinehart, George Maude Radford Warren, Gertrude Butler, Robert W. Chambers, W. L. George, Maude Radford Warren, Gertrude Atherton, George Allan England, Jesse Lynch Williams, Fanny Hurst and Anna Katherine Green.

SANGER MEETING IN ALBANY.

Birth Control Advocates Gather in a Private Home.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 20.—A birth control meeting was conducted here tonight in defiance of a declaration by Mayor Hackett that he would prevent it. Mrs. Margaret Sanger spoke. A member of the local committee called the Mayor on the telephone and invited him to attend while the meeting was going on at the home of Mrs. Ernest Pittman. The Mayor is reported to have hung up the receiver without an answer.

It was intended to have the meeting in Odd Fellows' Hall, but the hall trustees refused. A dance hall proprietor also barred them. Then the Pittman home was thrown open and some 200 persons gathered. No police were present.

PRINCE MIGUEL IS WORSE.

Count Szechenyi Comes to Old Friend Who Is Critically Ill.

Prince Miguel de Braganza, who was taken ill yesterday with a severe attack of influenza, has developed pneumonia and is in a critical condition. He is at the home of his father-in-law, William Rhinelander Stewart, at 701 Park Avenue.

Count Laszlo Szechenyi, a friend of the Prince since boyhood, has come from Washington, D. C., and is the guest of Mr. Stewart. The Princess, who went to Newport Monday to inspect her Summer estate there, was summoned by telephone and returned Monday night.

Anna Dickinson Better.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Feb. 20.—Miss Anna E. Dickinson, widely known reformer, who has been critically ill at her home in Goshen for a week, is now able to get about her room, it was announced today. She is 81 years old.

Ambassador Jusserand Improving.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—Physicians attending J. J. Jusserand, the French Ambassador, who has been ill with bronchitis, said today he would be able to resume his duties in four or five days.

EX-BRITISH OFFICER IS SUED FOR DIVORCE

Mrs. Georgette FitzGibbon, Who Shares in Folsom Estate, Charges Misconduct.

Francis Dillon FitzGibbon, formerly a cotton broker in New York, who is a son of Lord Justice FitzGibbon of Ireland, was sued in the Supreme Court yesterday for a divorce. Mrs. Georgette FitzGibbon is a daughter of George Winthrop Folsom of Lenox, Mass., who died in 1915. She was married to FitzGibbon in 1908.

Mrs. FitzGibbon is one of the nieces of Margaret T. Folsom, who has been in an insane asylum in Massachusetts for fifty-five years and whose property has grown from $365,000 to $1,028,706 in that time. She got $4,200 a year from her aunt's estate, having been granted an increase of $1,000 a year in 1914, when her husband came here from England to testify that his salary as a Lieutenant in the British Army was insufficient to support them.

FitzGibbon, who is now in Egypt, denies the charges of misconduct at a hotel at Maidenhead Bridge, Berks, England, in 1921. Mrs. FitzGibbon applied for a commission to the United States Consul General in London to take the testimony of hotel employes.

ART SALE BRINGS $17,585.

Paintings From Several Collections Are Disposed Of.

Returns for the sale of paintings of Gregory Nycander of Sweden, Victor Koch of London, the late James A. Wasserman of New York and others at the Anderson Galleries, closing last evening, brought returns of $17,585.

No. 85, a seventeenth century picture by an unknown artist, "Crossing the Red Sea," from the Swedish collection, sold to B. Chisholm for $400; No. 114, a Dutch "Interior with Figures," by Cornelius Saftleven, sold to D. Pagy for $340; No. 121, "Head of a Saint," Vandyke, was bought by E. Hoyt for $230; J. Sedelius paid $285 for No. 122, a quaint old Dutch picture, "Saying Grace," by Quiryn Brekelenkam; a Flemish painting, "Landscape with Biblical Scene," by Joachim de Patinir, No. 126, was bought by M. J. Rougeron for $300; No. 129, "Stable Interior," by Isaac van Ostade, with guarantee of Dr. Hofstede de Groot, sold to W. Moran for $740; No. 134, "Portrait of Rembrandt's Father," by Gerard Dou, was bought by Herman Suid for $230; to Rougeron went No. 136, "The Minuet; Court Scene," by Dirk Hals, and W. Murphy paid $210 for No. 173, an Italian painting, school of Carracci, "The Death of Cleopatra."

SURETIES MAY GIVE UP DIER

Take Steps to Withdraw $35,000 Bond on Indicted Broker.

Elmore D. Dier, head of E. D. Dier & Co., which failed in February, 1922, with liabilities of more than $3,000,000, may be surrendered in General Sessions today by representatives of a surety company which furnished $35,000 bail for him on an indictment for bucketing. A representative of the surety company called on the Chief Clerk of General Sessions yesterday and obtained what is known as a "surrender piece" for Dier, indicating that the company was about to withdraw its bond. The bail cannot be released by the court, however, until the surety company produces Dier in court, and it was reported yesterday that he had disappeared.

Dier and Harry Lawrence Jr. and Benjamin F. Shrimpton, who were connected with the bankrupt firm, were indicted in June last on seven charges of grand larceny and nine of bucketing. District Attorney Banton announced recently that he would soon call Dier for trial. It was reported that Dier had encountered some difficulty with the surety company regarding the payment of premiums on his bond.

FINISH MEMORIAL WINDOWS.

Install Gifts of Mrs. George L. Rives at St. John the Divine.

The installation was completed yesterday of two stained glass windows in the Cathedral of St. John the Divine. They are a gift of Mrs. George L. Rives in memory of her husband, and are in St. Ambrose Chapel, which was built by Mrs. Rives in memory of her husband and other members of her family.

The windows will be consecrated the afternoon of March 4 by Bishop William T. Manning. They are of Colonial glass. One pictures St. Ambrose and the other St. John the Divine. They replace plain glass which was put in temporarily when the chapel was completed a few years ago.

TALK ON CHILD WELFARE.

Judge Talley and Others Discuss Problem at Meeting of Society.

Judge Alfred J. Talley of General Sessions and James J. Wilson, Assistant District Attorney, were the principal speakers at a meeting of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children last night at the Heckscher Foundation, 2 East 105th Street. Ernest S. Coulter, general manager of the Children's Society, presided.

The speakers said that the problem of the child begins in the home and not in the court, and declared that the problem in this city is difficult because of the many families which the officials are forced to deal. The primary purpose of the society should be to keep homes intact wherever possible.

Dr. Faller, Roosevelt Physician.

Dr. George Washington Faller, for forty years a practicing physician in Oyster Bay, L. I., and the family physician of Theodore Roosevelt, died on Monday in his sixty-eighth year. Dr. Faller was at one time lecturer and visiting physician at the Nassau County Hospital at Mineola. He was a Past Master of Matinecock Lodge, F. and A. M., and a member of the North Shore Medical Society and the Academy of Medicine, in Manhattan. He was also a director of the Oyster Bay Bank.

Jeronimo Jimenez Dead.

MADRID, Feb. 20.—Jeronimo Jimenez, composer, died today. He had been ill for a long time.

Born at Seville 68 years ago, Jeronimo Jimenez studied music at the Paris Conservatory. Among his masters were Allard, Savard and Thomas. Between 1889 and 1914 he composed a number of orchestral pieces besides about fifty sarsuelas.

Zack Evans, Actor, Dead.

Zack Evans, veteran actor, died yesterday at the Actors' Fund Home on Staten Island in his 76th year. His first appearance on the stage was during the Civil War when he was 10 years old. He later appeared in companies with Edwin Forrest, J. Wilkes Booth, Joseph Jefferson and Mrs. Scott Siddons and other prominent in the last century. His last appearance was with William Hodge in 1914.

Zasofsky Funeral Today.

Funeral services will be held at 11 o'clock this morning at the Jewish Centre of University Heights, 1,412 Ogden Avenue, for Yoel Zasofsky, 38 years old, President of the centre, who died Monday in Fordham Hospital. Mr. Zasofsky is survived by his wife and child, who live at 2,101 Harrison Avenue, the Bronx.

Dead Youth's Relatives Sought.

Charles Mack, 19 years old, formerly connected with the accounting department of the Phillips-Jones Corporation, died on Monday at the Harlem Hospital after a short illness. Louis J. Trinkaft, manager of the accounting department of that company said last night that the young man's relatives could not be found to notify them of his death.

MRS. MARY D. QUICKSALL.

Great-Great-Granddaughter of Betty Washington Dies.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 20.—In the death of Mrs. Mary Dallas Quicksall at her residence in Washington today, a remarkable link with the historical past was severed. She was a member of many societies.

Mrs. Quicksall was the widow, first, of Chase M. Strong, and then of William Francis Quicksall of Washington. She was the daughter of Commodore Alexander James Dallas, U. S. N., who, as a young Lieutenant, fired the gun in the engagement between the President and the British frigate Little Belt that helped precipitate the War of 1812. She was a granddaughter of Alexander James Dallas, Secretary of the Treasury and Acting Secretary of War under President Madison, and a niece of George M. Dallas, who was successively United States Minister to Russia and to Great Britain, and was Vice President of the United States with President Polk.

Mrs. Quicksall's mother was Mary Byrd Willis of Fredericksburg, Va., through whom, by intermarriages she had descent from the chief families of that State. She was doubly related to President Washington. One of her great-great-grandmothers was Mildred Washington Willis, who was godmother of President Washington. Another great-great-grandmother was Betty Washington, President Washington's sister. Mrs. Quicksall's grandmother was Mary Willis Lewis, the daughter of Major George Lewis of Sheridon, who was the son of Fielding Lewis and Betty Washington.

Another coincidence of her family relations was the marriage of her aunt, Mrs. Catharine Daingerfield Gray (née Willis), to Prince Charles Louis Napoleon Achille Murat, son of Joachim Murat, King of Naples, and his Queen, Catharine Bonaparte, a sister of the great Emperor.

Henry G. Ridabock.

Special to The New York Times.

STAMFORD, Conn., Feb. 20.—Word was received here today of the death in Miami, Fla., yesterday of Henry G. Ridabock of this city. Mr. Ridabock had gone to Florida for his health. At the time of his retirement some years ago he was Lieutenant Colonel of the Ninth Regiment, National Guard of New York, with which regiment he served for more than twenty years, serving also in the Spanish-American War. He had been a uniform manufacturer in New York City, and was a member of the famous Columbia crew that won the Henley Regatta in England in the late seventies. Mr. Ridabock was 64 and was born in New York City.

The Rev. George S. Payson Dies.

The Rev. George Shipman Payson, for more than forty years pastor of the Mount Washington Presbyterian Church, Broadway and Dyckman Street, died yesterday at his home, 70 Seaman Avenue. When he retired three years ago he had held a single pastorate longer than any other minister in the New York Presbytery. He was 78 years old.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. JANE E. DAVIES, mother of Municipal Court Justice John R. Davies, died on Monday at her home in Rockaway Park.

Dr. STEPHEN ALEXANDER HUNTER, for many years a medical missionary and a leader in the Presbyterian movement in China, died yesterday at Pittsburg. He was 72 years old. He was the author of books on China and translated a medical manual into Chinese.

Captain STEPHEN G. SHARP, former United States Internal Revenue Collector for the district of Kentucky and one of the few survivors of Morgan's raiders, died at his home in Covington, Ky., Monday, in his eighty-first year.

ANTON FATER, flutist, who came to this country from Prague in 1892, died at his home in Elmhurst, L. I.

Sir THOMAS ROBERTSON, eminent Canadian surgeon and former member of Parliament for the 5th district of Montreal, died yesterday in that city.

Colonel **MAURICE GEORGE TRANT McCALL**, son of Sir Robert McCall of London, died on Monday at Riverside, Cal. He served with the British Army during the war. He was 51 years old.

Mrs. **CATHARINE SOPHIE BARTELD**, widow of Herman F. Barteld, a wholesale produce merchant, died in her seventieth year on Monday at her home, 177 Hancock Street, Brooklyn.

JOHN SMITH, 72 years old, for half a century in the wood-turning business, died on Sunday at his home, 876 Greene Avenue, Brooklyn.

Mrs. **GERALDINE G. HARMON STROUT**, widow of Alden P. Strout, a commission merchant, died on Monday at her home, 368 Carlton Avenue, Brooklyn, in her eightieth year. Mrs. Strout for twenty-five years was treasurer of the Brooklyn M. E. Home for the Aged.

Dr. **PHOEBE NEAL BUCKNAM**, a former medical practitioner and pharmacist of Brooklyn and widow of Dr. Henry Clay Bucknam, died on Saturday at her home, 201 Fourth Street, Brooklyn. Dr. Bucknam was a native of Worcestershire, England. She had lived in Brooklyn for sixty years.

JOHN J. McNAMARA, automobile editor and formerly sports reporter on the staff of the Boston Post, died on Monday of pneumonia, at his home in Brookline, Mass. He was in his fifty-eighth year.

FREDERICK LINCOLN DEWEY, President of the Chemung County Bank of Pottsdam, N. Y., died Monday at the Hotel Van Eyck in Albany, where he was to attend a conference on the coal situation.

WILLIAM H. BRENNAN, Chief of the Stamford Police Department, died at his home in Stamford yesterday.

Dr. **WILLIAM SHANNON**, formerly a member of the faculty of Cornell Medical College, died at his home, 120 West Eighty-first Street, on Monday. He was 83 years old. He was on the Consulting Board and the Board of Managers of Misericordia Hospital and a member of the New York County and American Medical Associations of the Academy of Medicine.

ERNEST L. A. CHRISTIANSON who was created a Knight in 1907 by King Christian of Denmark for his philanthropies, died on Monday at his home, 852 West End Avenue in his eighty-eighth year.

Dr. **JOSEPH WEINSTEIN**, eye, ear and throat specialist, is dead at Frankfort, Germany, after a short illness. He was a Fellow of the American Academy of Medicine. He lived at 261 Central Park West.

Born.

GOLD—Mr. and Mrs. Morris D. (nee Estelle Spiegel), 2,001 Morris Av., announce the birth of a son, Feb. 17, 1923.

ROBSON—Mr. and Mrs. David Robson of 208 7th St., city, announce the birth of a son, on Feb. 20, 1923.

Engaged.

COHEN—MANIOCHE—Mr. and Mrs. Max Manioche of 142 West 121st St., New York City, announce the betrothal of their daughter, Rose, to Mr. Jerome F. Cohen.

Died.

ACHERSHAUG—Dorothea, Campbell Funeral Church, Thursday, 2 P. M.

ALEXANDER — Feb. 19, Robert, beloved husband of Amelia and devoted father of Ruth Hartle, Jessie Pine and Sylvia. Funeral from late residence, 695 West 156th St., Wednesday, Feb. 21, at 10 A. M. Please omit flowers.

BADER—Samuel, beloved husband of Ethel, beloved father of Pauline and Harold Bader, brother of Charles, Mrs. Lena Wolfson Max, Mrs. Annie Silver. Funeral on Thursday, Feb. 22, at 2 P. M., from the residence of his mother-in-law, Mrs. Annie Gumpert, at 1,201 Lexington Av. Please omit flowers.

BARNAU—On Feb. 20, 1923, Mary Barnau, widow of Isaac Badeau. Services at her late residence, 140 East 176th St., on Thursday at 8 P. M. Interment at Salem Cemetery, Lake Mahopac, on Friday at 10:00 A. M.

BARCELO—On Monday, Feb. 19, 1923, Catharine Noble Barteld (nee Germs), widow of the late Hermann F. Barteld and devoted mother of Hermann, Peter, Sophie and Louise and grandmother of May C. Barteld, in her 70th year. Funeral services at her late home, 177 Hancock St., Brooklyn, Wednesday, Feb. 21, at 2 P. M.

BAUM—Louis, beloved husband of Rose and devoted father of Sidney. Funeral Thursday, Feb. 22, at 9 A. M., from his late residence, 18 Avenue B.

BEECHER—After a lingering illness, on Feb. 20, 1923, George W. Beecher, brother of Mary Wheeler. Funeral services at his late residence, Wheeler Av., Valley Stream, L. I., on Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment in Greenfield Cemetery.

BEINDT—Joseph, beloved husband of Mary A., passed from this life on Tuesday, Feb. 20, at 6 A. M., in his 81st year. Services at Bloomingdale's, 1:30 o'clock sharp, at late residence, 1,718 Sedgwick Av. Relatives and friends invited. Funeral Friday.

BLAUVELT—Martin Post, Vice President Illinois Central Railroad, in Chicago, Feb. 19, interment at New York Bay Cemetery, Friday, Feb. 23, 11 o'clock.

BLUXOME—Joseph A., age 68 years. New Durham Chapel Bishops Harold Davis and Cremation Co., 2,362 3rd Av., near 125th St.

BUTTLES—Dorothea W., beloved mother of M. Dugro Buttles and sister of the late Justice P. Henry Dugro and Francis A. Dugro, in the 74th year of her age. Funeral services at the Hotel Gerard on Wednesday evening at 8:30 o'clock. Interment private.

BURDICK—Almiron Fitch Burdick, at Bedford Hills, N. Y., Monday, Feb. 19, 1923, at his home of Dr. Howard W. Briggs, in his 86th year. Funeral services Thursday, Feb. 22, at Franklin, Delaware Co., N. Y.

CHRISTIANSON—On Feb. 18, Ernest L. A. Christianson. Remains lying in state at Masonic Chapel, 67th St. and Av. Funeral services Thursday, Feb. 22, at 2:30 P. M. Interment in Jacobsen Room, Masonic Temple, 46 West 24th St., New York.

COBB—At Mount Vernon, N. Y., on Feb. 19, 1923, Ruth Livingston Cobb, at the residence of his niece, Mrs. Robert S. Fitzsimmon, 205 South 1st Av., in the 80th year. Funeral services at the Burr, Davis & Son Mortuary, 15 South 4th Av., Wednesday, at 2 o'clock. Interment at convenience of family.

COFFEY—Feb. 19, 1923, Eugene Coffey, beloved husband of Mary Louise Coffey (nee O'Meara). Funeral Thursday, 9:30 A. M., from his late residence, 1,885 Amsterdam Av. Solemn requiem mass 10 A. M., St. Catherine's Church, West 126th St. Interment St. Raymond's Cemetery. Automobiles cortege.

COFFEY—On Feb. 19, Eugene Coffey of 1,903 Amsterdam Av., a member of the regular County Committee and Democratic organization of the Twenty-second Assembly District. Funeral services on Thursday, Feb. 22, at 10 A. M. at St. Catherine's Church, West 125th St., near Amsterdam Av. The members of this organization are requested to attend the funeral services.

J. J. McCORMICK,
ELIZABETH V. McCRYSTAL,
Executive Committee.

CONNELL—Marie, on Feb. 19, beloved wife of G. L. Connell, daughter of Mrs. Jane Connor and sister of Harry H. Connor. Funeral services at Holy Rood Church, 175th St. and Fort Washington Av., Wednesday, Feb. 21, at 2 P. M.

CONNELLAN—James H., died at his residence, 56 Depeyster St., North Tarrytown, N. Y., on Feb. 19, beloved father of Jay H., Connellan and Mrs. John V. Brogan. Funeral from his late residence Thursday, Feb. 22. Solemn requiem mass at St. Teresa's Church, North Tarrytown, N. Y. Interment Sleepy Hollow Cemetery. Kindly omit flowers.

DAVIES—Jane, wife of John E. Davies, suddenly, at her home, 227 Beach 129th St., Rockaway Park, on Feb. 19, 1923. Funeral services Thursday, Feb. 22, at 11 A. M., at St. John's Episcopal Church, Far Rockaway, N. Y. City.

DE ROMEU—Tuesday, Feb. 20, Eulalia de Romeu, beloved mother of Mrs. Alfredo Elias, in the 82d year of her age. Solemn requiem mass Thursday, 10 A. M., at Church of Our Lady of Esperanza, 136th St., between Broadway and Riverside Drive.

DIACK—Norman Maria, widow of William Diack, at Pittsburgh, Pa., Feb. 19, 1923. Funeral services at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Charles Bessell, 629 Sanford Av., Flushing, N. Y., on Thursday, Feb. 22, at 2:30 P. M.

DONALDSON—Mildred R. (nee Crawford), on Monday, Feb. 19, 1923, at her residence, 565 West 190th St. Funeral from St. Elizabeth's Church, 187th St. and Broadway, on Wednesday, Feb. 21, at 10 A. M. Interment Holy Cross Cemetery. Auto cortege.

DOWNES—Gladys Muriel, on Tuesday, Feb. 20. Services at Grace Gospel Church, Bainbridge St., Brooklyn, Friday, Feb. 23, at 2:30 P. M.

DUDLEY—Walter Jenkins, suddenly at his residence, 33 Willow St., Brooklyn. Interment in South Yarmouth, Mass. Boston papers please copy.

DUER—At College Point, N. Y., on Tuesday, Feb. 20, 1923, George, beloved husband of Clara J. Duer (nee Conkling), in his 59th year. Funeral from his late residence, 114 12th St., College Point, N. Y., on Friday, Feb. 23, at 9 A. M. Solemn requiem mass at St. Fidelis Church. Interment at St. Mary's Cemetery.

DURYEE—At North Bergen, N. J., Monday, Feb. 19, 1923, Garrett Cowenhoven Duryee. Funeral services will be held Wednesday, Feb. 21, at 3 P. M., at his late residence, 1,827 Hudson Road, North Bergen. Funeral strictly private. Interment

DOESN'T WANT CITY TO RUN UTILITIES

Merchants' Association Opposes Bills to Abolish Public Service Commission.

TRANSIT NOT MENTIONED

Statement Says Present System Has Enabled Companies to Raise Money for Needs.

In announcing yesterday its opposition to bills now pending in the Legislature for the abolition of the Public Service Commission and the transfer of its powers to municipalities, the Merchants' Association issued a statement in explanation of its position. The statement says that a quasi-judicial tribunal is needed for the establishment and maintenance of just relations between public utility companies and municipalities served by them; that investors are entitled to a fair return upon their investments, and that the proposed change would establish a system of regulation which has been found futile and harmful.

The statement of the association is apart from the question of transportation and regulation of transit lines, and deals only with the State regulation of telegraph and telephone lines, gas and electric light companies, steam railroads, &c. The statement is in the form of a report prepared by the association's Committee on Public Utilities and Law.

"During the entire period of its existence," the statement says, "the association has consistently opposed all legislation, the purpose or effect of which was to substitute arbitrary and frequently unreasonable requirements for requirements reached through the semi-judicial procedure of the commission."

Continuing, the statement says that the Public Service Commissions law has been beneficial to both the public and the utility companies, and declares that the right of the public to adequate service and reasonable rates has been maintained and enforced through orderly and equitable processes.

"The issuance of securities by public service corporations has been so effectively controlled by the Public Service Commission as to prevent financial abuses which formerly frequently marked their operations," the statement goes on. "The principle that investors are entitled to a fair return upon their investments has been so fully established as to give reasonable assurance of safety to investors.

Needed Protection by Law.

"In consequence it is estimated that approximately $1,000,000,000 have been invested by great multitudes of stockholders in the public utility corporations of this State since the adoption of the Public Service Commissions law. In the absence of the assurance of equitable treatment which that law affords, it would have been very difficult for the public utility corporations to have obtained the funds, without which adequate service to the public would have been impossible."

The association states that the workings of the Public Service Commissions law have been satisfactory and efficient to the point of inducing other States to adopt similar laws, and that wherever such law has been tried it has given satisfaction. Resolutions adopted by the association state that in its opinion the delegation to municipalities of the power to regulate telegraph, telephone, power, gas, electric light, steam railroads and express companies would result in the return of the evils and abuses which existed under previous municipal regulation, and that such proposed municipal regulation would be seriously harmful not only to the municipalities immediately affected, but also the people of the entire State."

In a preamble the association says that prior to 1907, when the Public Service Commission law was enacted, it was "conclusively demonstrated that regulation by local authorities was wholly futile as a means for enforcing the right of the public to adequate service at fair rates"; that local regulation was "erratic, vacillating and often unreasonable, unjust and oppressive to the corporations, and not only failed to produce fair and amicable relations between the public and the corporations serving them, but on the contrary tended on the one hand to confirm and enhance public hostility, and on the other hand resistance to unreasonable, unjust and sometimes oppressive and destructive requirements."

Calls Present System Sound.

"The present system of supervision of public utilities, it says, "provides a remedy for these deplorable conditions, and that its operations assure to the public reasonable rates, assure to the corporations just and reasonable returns upon the true value of the property actually used in the public service, and that:

"While adequately enforcing due performance of their duties by public utility corporations, it has protected the capital invested in them against violent, inequitable, unreasonable and destructive regulatory measures, thereby making such investments reasonably safe, and inducing the new investments without which service, adequate for the public needs, could not be provided."

LOST SAVINGS, GETS AID.

Banker's $300 Loan Will Enable Laborer to Bring Family Here.

"There's not a person in the world happier than I am today," said Frank Fallan, the garage worker, yesterday. A Vice President of a leading Wall Street bank who loaned him $300 to bring his wife and baby from England, was the medium for this joy. Fallan, a British war hero, lost his savings ten days ago when he was about to purchase tickets for their passage.

The banker requested Fallan not to make public his name. He asked Fallan for no security. He read the story of Fallan's misfortune in THE TIMES, he told Fallan, and sympathized with him.

Fallah sent a draft for $400 to his wife in Sunderland, England. She probably will sail on the Cedric March 24, he said. Gifts from TIMES readers yesterday were from George G. Baxter $5, Mrs. Balardini $2, the Rev. A. W. Wadhams $2, Pete Wellington $2, Gilroy $2, "Barney Google" $1, and an Englishwoman $2.

WESTERN UNION PAYS BONUS

Distribution Made to 35,000 Employes in Profit-Sharing Plan.

The Western Union Telegraph Company yesterday distributed $1,773,000 as a bonus to 35,000 of its 54,000 employes, each employe who had been associated with the company since July 1, 1921, receiving 47¼ per cent. of his July, 1922, salary as his award. Messenger boys were awarded $17.50 each.

The company inaugurated its profit-sharing plan in 1920, under which a division of profits was to be made in case the company earned in excess of $11,600,000 on its investment. Last year no award was made, the company having failed to earn any return in excess of the figure set.

Great Northern to Cut Rates.

The Great Northern Railway announces that it will soon publish reduced rates on ammunition, rubber tires, linseed oil, and other articles to meet Panama Canal competition. The rates will apply from Chicago, and points West, to the North Pacific Coast.

LOVE FOR A BABY LEFT FOR ARBITRATION

Mother and Foster-Mother Agree to Abide by Children's Society's Decision.

The custody of an eighteen-month-old boy, whose mother wanted him back again but was unable to pay the woman who had been caring for him for several months and would gladly forego the money owed her in order to keep the child will be settled next Friday in the offices of the Brooklyn Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children.

Magistrate Norman J. Marsh was sitting in Jefferson Market Court when the case was presented to him without the formality of a complaint. A plain statement of fact was handed the Magistrate, which was later filed when all sides agreed to settle the case in Brooklyn.

Mrs. Irene Blaine, 33 years old, of 7,211 Eleventh Avenue, Brooklyn is the mother of eighteen-month-old John Blaine. Mrs. Myrtle Ludwig, of 165 East Thirty-second Street, Brooklyn, has been caring for the child since early last Summer and caused Mrs. Blaine's appearance in court for John's board, alleged to be far overdue.

According to the story told in court, Mrs. Ludwig advertised last May that she wished to board and care for a child. Mrs. Blaine answered the advertisement and it was agreed to place John in Mrs. Ludwig's care at $35 a month. Mrs. Ludwig said she has received no money from Mrs. Blaine except the first month's board. Mrs. Ludwig, a motherly woman with grown children, said she would gladly sacrifice the money due her to keep John as he had endeared himself to her. James Mayer, lawyer, of 117 West Tenth Street, said Mrs. Blaine wanted to get the baby back and would give a first instalment of $100 next Friday and not take the child until all had been paid in full. Both women agreed to settle the case in the office of the Brooklyn Society, and the Magistrate approved the arrangements.

FRAUDS COURT WORK PRAISED BY PECORA

Tells Merchants at Dinner That Jurors Sometimes Use Hearts Instead of Heads.

Speaking at a dinner of the Merchants' Protective Association at the Hotel Astor last night, Acting District Attorney Ferdinand H. Pecora said that as a result of the institution of the Commercial Frauds Court, the business man no longer was subject to the delays which in the past often discouraged prosecution of offenders. He told of the efforts of the District Attorney's Office to prosecute commercial fraud cases, and said that such efforts frequently were thwarted by the action of jurors who used their hearts instead of their heads.

Mr. Pecora said his office had obtained many convictions by prosecuting commercial fraud cases as misdemeanors in the Court of Special Sessions, where the Justices were not apt to be moved by sentiment in considering the evidence.

Justice John J. Freschi of the Court of Special Sessions said that the laws of the State were ample for the protection of the honest business man against the cheat. All the courts needed was competent evidence upon which to base a case, he said. He commended an article in last Sunday's TIMES on bankruptcies.

Federal Judge Hough and Assistant United States Attorney John F. Joyce also spoke.

CONVICT VOLIVA OF LIBEL.

Chicago Jury Returns a Verdict Against Zion City Overseer.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Feb. 20.—Wilbur Glenn Voliva, General Overseer of Zion City, was found guilty of criminal libel by a jury before Judge Hopkins in Criminal Court tonight. When the verdict was read Voliva was surrounded by hundreds of followers from Zion City. As the words "find the defendant guilty" fell from the lips of the clerk the Overseer winced as if unable to comprehend what had been said.

A few feet away was the Rev. Thomas Nelson, pastor of Grace Missionary Church in Zion City, against whom Voliva had made the statements that resulted in the Overseer's indictment. The maximum penalty is imprisonment for one year or a fine of $500 or both. Hearing on a motion for a new trial was set for March 10.

OPPOSES READING PLAN.

Bondholders' Committee Files New Objections With the Court.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 20.—More objections to the second modified plan for the dissolution of the coal and railroad combination which the United States Supreme Court decided is controlled by the Reading Company, were filed today in the Federal District Court.

The latest objections were entered by the General Mortgage Bondholders Protection Committee, which pointed out that the plan failed to provide for a public sale of the capital stock or physical assets of the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company and of the Reading Iron Company and the application of the proceeds to payment of the bonds. A number of other objections are also made.

$700 FOR NOISE IN FLAT.

Mrs. Ruth Austin Smith Ends Suit by Agreeing to Pay Rent.

Mrs. Ruth Austin Smith, daughter of Robert J. Wynne, who was once Assistant Postmaster General and later United States Consul General in London, consented yesterday in the City Court to pay $700 to settle a judgment obtained against her by default in a suit of Henry B. Simons for rent of an apartment at 23 West Fifty-first Street in the Summer of 1921.

Mrs. Smith alleged that she was compelled to leave the apartment because of her treatment by employes. Testimony was offered that she left after the superintendent of the house had objected because of noise made late at night when she entertained friends in her apartment.

MISSING PERSONS.

The following missing persons were reported to the police yesterday:

TONY GALLO, 32 years old, Brooklyn State Hospital; 8 A. M., Feb. 20; height 5 feet 5 inches, weight 150 pounds, gray eyes, brown hair, medium complexion, gray suit, brown lace shoes, gray socks.

CHRISTIAN NONTANO, 14 years old, 145 Hudson Street; 7 P. M., Feb. 19; height 4 feet 1 inch, weight 80 pounds, brown hair and eyes, fair complexion, green overcoat, gray sweater, dark trousers, black laced shoes, black stockings, brown cap.

CAESAR NONTANO, 12 years old, 145 Hudson Street; 7 P. M., Feb. 19; height 4 feet 1 inch, weight 67 pounds, brown eyes, light brown hair, fair complexion, slip-over sweater, dark suit, black laced shoes, black stockings, brown cap.

WILLIAM LESTER, 18 years old, 227 East Third Street; 7:30 A. M., Feb. 10; height 5 feet 7 inches, weight 125 pounds, blue eyes, brown hair, brown overcoat, brown suit, white striped shirt, black laced shoes, black stockings, brown cap.

ANGELO MAZZO (alias Jake Marcus), 25 years old, 69 Mangin Street; 7 A. M., Feb. 7; height 5 feet 5 inches, weight 125 pounds, brown eyes and hair, fair complexion, brown overcoat and suit, white striped shirt, brown lace shoes, black socks, light cap.

NEW TUNNEL FIRM MAY BUILD 3 TUBES

Darwin R. James Believes Funds Will Be Obtained for Private Hudson River Project.

DECLINES TO GIVE LOCATION

Proposed Links Between New York and New Jersey to Accommodate Vehicles and Walkers.

Darwin R. James, one of the three incorporators of the Interstate Vehicular Tunnels Company, which proposes to build a vehicular and passenger tunnel under the Hudson River, said yesterday that the company was not yet in the proper condition for a public discussion of the work it contemplates doing.

"The plan as explained in the bill introduced in the Legislature," he said, "provides for the building of a tunnel with the Manhattan end located somewhere between Twenty-third and Forty-second Streets, and the other end emerging on the New Jersey shore somewhere between Fourteenth Street, Hoboken and Weehawken Heights. We are not prepared to state just where these locations are to be because knowledge of precise locations might have the effect of greatly increasing the value of real estate in the neighborhood. Another reason for reticence on the subject is because we have not yet decided this matter."

Mr. James said that the project was purely commercial; that the engineering problems had all been solved, and that the very important matter of properly ventilating the proposed tubes had been disposed of by the extensive investigations and tests made by the New York and New Jersey Vehicular Tunnel Commission.

"The present plan," he said, "calls for twin tubes but we may decide upon building a third tube to be used in either direction when the traffic is heaviest. If the present bill does not provide for this it can be amended later on."

Asked for details concerning the personnel of the company, the plans for obtaining the $30,000,000 or $35,000,000 necessary for construction work, Mr. James replied that all of the facts would be given to the public when the work had progressed a little further. He said former State Engineer Frank M. Williams and Newton H. Porter were associated with him as incorporators.

Believes States Will Approve.

"The idea," he explained, "is just to duplicate with private funds the vehicular tunnel now being built under the Hudson with public money provided by the States of New York and New Jersey. We expect that the Legislatures of the two States will approve the bill introduced by us, thus giving us the needed power to go ahead with the plan, and if this approval is obtained we have no doubt that the necessary funds will be supplied.

"The tubes are to be mainly for the accommodation of vehicles, but passageways will be provided for pedestrians in case persons are compelled, through tieups, to cover the long distance on foot."

There has been discussion for some time concerning the need of tunnels besides the one now being built. It has been suggested that plans for a second tunnel, in the neighborhood of Twenty-third Street, might be begun before the present interstate tunnel is completed, and that this first one will doubtless yield sufficient profit in a short time after its completion to induce the two States to make the necessary appropriations for another.

In its 1921 report the Interstate Tunnel Commission presented figures showing that in 1914 the number of horse-drawn and motor-drawn vehicles crossing the Hudson River on a five-ferry group was 2,839,055, and that in 1920 this number had increased to 3,853,793. In another group of six ferries the number grew in the same period from 2,-089,311 to 2,361,727, and in still another group of two ferries the number increased from 2,036,421 in 1919 to 2,089,-035 in 1920.

It is expected that the earnings from the interstate tunnel will nearly, if not quite, equal the cost of it in eleven years. E. W. Bloomingdale, a member of the Interstate Tunnel Commission, said last night he had heard nothing of the new tunnel project until he saw the fact published.

Welcomes All Competition.

"Let them go ahead," he said, "the more the merrier."

Asked if his commission had made any settled plans about a second public-built tunnel, he replied:

"We have talked about it but it was deemed wise to say little about it publicly and do nothing until the usefulness of the tunnel we are now building has been demonstrated. It would appear to me that business men would not care to invest in another tunnel until it has been proved that the tunnel now under way is successful in all respects."

Reserve Corps Orders.

Second Corps Area.

At Headquarters Second Corps Area, Governors Island, N. Y., these attachments of Reserve Corps officers were announced yesterday:

77th Division.

To Headquarters—2d Lt. Earle Vendig, 1st Lt. Charles J. Vernilye, 2d Lts. Victor Vigorito, Charles J. Wagner, Roy J. Wagoner and William F. Wagner, Capt. Edward A. Walton 2d, 2d Lts. Alfred Walter, Joseph F. Waring, Hamilton M. Warren, Theodore O. Wassung, Robert G. Weber and Harry A. Wehrman, 1st Lt. Irvin Weintraub, 2d Lts. Charles P. Weisser and William R. Weitner, Maj. Victor Wentzel, 2d Lt. John M. Wever, Maj. E. E. Wheeler, 2d Lt. Raymond P. Wheeler, 1st Lts. W. E. Wheeler and H. K. White, Capt. Parkhurst L. Whitney, 2d Lt. William H. Whittaker, Capt. Roger Whittlesey, Maj. John A. Wickham, 2d Lt. Jasper Wight, Capts. J. S. Wiley and Harry P. Williams, 2d Lts. Harold C. Williams, John M. Williams, Rolland E. Williams and William F. Williams, Capt. Stanley Williamson, 2d Lt. Cecil S. Wilson, Capt. Fred W. Wilson, Maj. G. A. Wilson, 1st Lt. Kenelin R. Winslow, 2d Lts. Oliver G. Wiseman, Val R. Wittich Jr., Stephen H. Wohlgemuth and Saul K. Wolff, 1st Lt. James P. Wood, 2d Lts. Leslie T. Wood, Walter F. Wood Jr., Francis I. Woodburn and Joseph W. Woodburn, Maj. H. C. Woodward, 2d Lts. Lawrence F. Wright and Jacob Yankowitz, 1st Lt. Robert L. Yates, 2d Lts. Lorin W. Zeltner, Virginius V. Zipris, Walter G. Zorn and Reuben Zwerling.

Corps Army and G. H. Q. Troops.

To 12th Corps Headquarters, Quartermaster Attached List:

Maj. George U. Pope, 1st Lt. William A. Allen, Maj. George C. Andrews, 2d Lt. Leslie B. Arps, Capt. Thomas J. Armstrong, 2d Lts. Cecil T. Axworthy, Robert M. Battersby, 1st Lt. William L. Beck, 2d Lts. Alfred C. Belanger, Alexander L. Boyle, Edward F. Bradshaw, Albert H. Breese, 1st Lt. William N. Britton, 2d Lts. Joseph P. Brophy, Harry Burns, Harold Burns, John B. Caravatta, Charles C. Carmany, Harry R. Comfort, Harry L. Cooper, Julian J. Davidson, Capts. John L. Davis, William J. Denny, 2d Lts. Clifford DeNoy, Robert B. Donnell, Louis S. Dunne, Charles Eberle, Dewi T. Evans, Lester M. Evans, Joseph A. Fuerstman, 1st Lt. Casper P. Haller, 2d Lt. Frank A. Hanuszek, 1st Lt. John R. Harron, 2d Lts. John A. Hansberger, Clarence A. Hill, Francis Holloway, John W. Holston, John R. Hemma, Leroy V. Kaercher, Leo J. Kelly, 1st Lt. John H. Krimm, 2d Lts. Howard M. Ladd, Alfred S. Lake, Capt. Walter S. Lefebre, 2d Lts. Edward A. Lavey, Lewis Liberman, Capts. Henry F. Lichtman, Charles McDermott, 2d Lt. Walter J. McIntyre, 1st Lts. Albert J. Madru Jr., Alfred E. Manning, 2d Lts. Carl G. Marquardt, Peter T. H. May, John Meister, James B. Miller, 1st Lt. Irving H. Moore, 2d Lts. George R. Morrison, Douglas D. Myers, Capt. John E. Nealy, 2d Lts. Earl T. Nightingale, Harry Parker, David A. O'Brien, 1st Lt. Allan V. Oliver, 2d Lts. Frank T. Passmore, H. H. Poole, Capt. Alexander G. P. Paul, 2d Lts. Reuben H. Reiffin, Martin A. Reilly, Albert L. Rhue Jr., Meyer P. Ross, Le D. Rothschild, Benjamin Salow, Maj. Robert P. Schenck, 2d Lts. Siegmund G. Schegtel, Irving Schwed, Frank Sherry, Samuel Silverman, Henry L. Simmen, James A. Simpson, John Sindle, Conrad E. Skoquist, Douglas G. Sloan, Capt. George W. Smith, 2d Lts. Harry R. Smith, Arthur L. Stern, Benjamin F. Stokes, Charles F. Stumpf, Charles J. Tetter, 1st Lt. Charles R. Twitchell, Capt. James J. Walsh, Frederick C. Wendeborn, Davis T. Wilentz, 1st Lt. Bert A. Wiswall, 2d Lts. Harry S. Woolley, George F. Ziegler.

Army Orders and Assignments.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—The War Department published the following orders today:

Ordnance Department.

Rice, Col. M. A., to War Dept., Gen. Staff.
Smith, Maj. T. J., from Hawaiian Dept., to U. S.

Infantry.

Gibson, Capt. J. H., to N. C. State Coll. of Agric. and Eng.
Rote, Capt. T. C., to 2d Div., Ft. San Houston.

Miscellaneous.

De Armond, Maj. E. H., Air Svce., to Ft. Benjamin Harrison, duty with 3d Field Art.
Blackshear, Capt. E., Med. Corps, to Walter Reed Hosp.; sick.
Smith, Chaplain S. J., to Walter Reed Hosp.; sick.

Leaves.

Martin, Brig. Gen. C. H., Gen. Staff, 24 days.
Hathaway, Lt. Col. C. E., Cav., 3 mos.
Watts, Chaplain W. H., U. S. A., 3 mos.
Robins, 1st Lt. E. M., Air Svce., 1 mos.
Prentiss, 1st Lt. F. H., Air Svce., 2 mos.

Police Department.

These items are from special order No. 44 issued by Commissioner Enright yesterday:

Pensions.

PATROLMAN Nicholas McGee, Headquarters Division, on his own application, at $1,140 per annum. To take effect 12 P. M., Feb. 19.

Transfers and Assignments.

To take effect 8 A. M., Feb. 21:

BICYCLE PATROLMAN William Fitzner Jr., from 109th Precinct to 82d, assignment to bicycle duty continued.

PATROLMAN Charles E. Hood, from 4th Precinct to 50th.

Temporary Assignment.

PATROLMEN Rocco Cavone, 28th Precinct to Detective Division, to duty in office of the District Attorney, New York, for ten days, from 4 P. M., Feb. 21; Arthur Cruice, 40th Precinct to 3d Inspection District, assigned to duty in plain clothes, for nine days, from 8 A. M., Feb. 20; John J. Padian Jr., 76th Precinct to Headquarters Division, office of Chief Inspector, assigned to clerical duty, for ten days, from 8 A. M., Feb. 20; Joseph Dillon, 113th Precinct to Headquarters Division, training school, for eight days, from 8 A. M., Feb. 21; John Redmond, 126th Precinct to Harbor Patrol Division, Division of Transportation, to duty at department garage, from 4 P. M., Feb. 15, to 8 A. M., March 1, during absence of patrolman on sick report; Charles G. Orr, Headquarters Division, from raided premises squad to bureau of equipment, for nine days, from 8 A. M., Feb. 20, during absence of patrolman on sick report.

Leave Without Pay.

SERGEANT Charles P. R. Dorschel, 102d Precinct, for 3 days, from 12.01 A. M., Feb. 19.

Fined on Charges.

LIEUTENANTS.

John J. Flannelly, 23d Precinct, Sept. 27, failed to promptly transmit to Telegraph Bureau details of an accident case, failed to notify Detective Division of license number of auto which struck man, failed to note on proper form that operator of auto failed to stop after striking man—3 days.

Patrick White, 23d Precinct, Sept. 27, failed to transmit telephone message for attendance of a Lieutenant at trial room, Brooklyn, and failed to notify Bureau of Disciplinary Records that said Lieutenant was on vacation—1 day.

Francis A. Stalnkamp, 25th Precinct, Oct. 24, failed to transmit to Telegraph Bureau a report of an accident—1 day.

SERGEANT.

Robert Piess, 18th Precinct, Oct. 10, failed to exact proper performance of duty from patrolman assigned under his supervision, in that he failed to report dereliction of duty by two patrolmen, failed prevent litter of streets or report condition—5 days.

PATROLMEN.

Daniel J. Donnelly, 1st Precinct, Sept. 5, having reported sick, failed to call on Surgeon, absent from residence without permission—5 days.

Philip J. De Nezzo Jr., 16th Precinct, Oct. 10, failed to report street littered with boxes, barrels, garbage and paper—2 days; Nov. 6, did not properly patrol post and could not be found thereon 25 minutes—2 days; Dec. 4, absent from reserve duty 3 hours 14 minutes—2 days.

Stephen J. Thompson, 16th Precinct, Oct. 10, failed to prevent littering of street with boxes, barrels, garbage and paper—2 days.

William E. Bostwick, 36th Precinct, July 13, failed and neglected to proceed promptly to court, was seen smoking a cigarette and loitering in conversation with a citizen—2 days; Aug. 7, absent from inspection of uniforms and equipment—1 day; Nov. 6, absent from school crossing 15 minutes—2 days.

Charles H. Seifried, 46th Precinct, Oct. 19, failed to make arrest for unlawful transportation of liquor, accepted money, which he gave to Sergeant in connection for failure of himself and others to take action relative to violation of State Prohibition Law; accepted money from Sergeant in consideration for failure to take action relative to violation of State Prohibition Law—30 days.

Walter A. Asklund, 4th Precinct, Oct. 19, failed to make arrest for unlawful transportation of liquor, used Department auto for other than police business, failed to report use of Department auto, accepted money in consideration for failure to take action relative to violation of State Prohibition Law—30 days.

Charles F. Casazza, 80th Precinct, Nov. 27, while off duty and in civilian clothes attempted to push a patrolman away from two prisoners, assaulted a patrolman, failed to assist a patrolman in street fight, was arrested on charge of disorderly conduct, after arrest left scene of trouble and was rearrested—20 days.

Walter J. Harrington, 111th Precinct, Nov. 27, while off duty and in civilian clothes engaged in a street fight with another patrolman and some unknown men and failed to take proper police action, was arrested on a charge of disorderly conduct, showed evidence of use of intoxicants, failed to take proper police action or place under arrest the person or persons who sold or gave him alcoholic beverage—10 days.

Christopher F. Hunert, 118th Precinct, Nov. 15, while off duty and in uniform was arrested on charge of operating auto while in an intoxicated condition, unfit for duty by reason of being under influence of some intoxicating agent, failed to take proper police action or place under arrest person or persons who sold or gave him alcoholic beverage—20 days.

Reprimanded on Charges.

PATROLMEN—William A. Cleary, 46th Precinct, Nov. 1, failed to properly report verification of registration; John S. Seery, 46th Precinct, Nov. 2, failed to properly report verification of registration.

Charges Dismissed.

LIEUTENANT Joseph T. Sauder, 42d Precinct, July 24, 1922, failed to maintain proper discipline in that he failed to see that a Sergeant was left on patrol after being relieved at signal monitor.

PATROLMAN Thomas F. Heaney, 26th Precinct, Aug. 26, assaulted a citizen with night baton.

Restored to Duty.

PATROLMEN—Charles E. Hood, 4th Precinct, to take effect 6 P. M., Feb. 19; John T. Tiernan, 16th Precinct, to take effect noon, Feb. 17.

Dropped From the Rolls.

PROBATIONARY PATROLMAN John D. Timmons, Headquarters Division, Training School, in accordance with a communication from the Municipal Civil Service Commission, dated Feb. 17, to take effect 5 P. M., Feb. 19.

Death.

PATROLMAN James A. Kelly, 50th Precinct, Feb. 17, at 1,974 Bathgate Av., the Bronx. Funeral 10 A. M., Feb. 21, from Walter Cook's Undertaking Parlors, Fordham Road and Jerome Av., the Bronx. Interment St. Raymond's Cemetery.

Fire Department.

Chief John Kenion issues this order, Special 29, yesterday.

Members of the Department Band only will report to Engineer John D. Schubert at Carleton Hall, 10 A. M., Thursday, Feb. 22.

Members of the Bugle and Drum Corps only will report to Engineer John D. Schubert at Arion Hall, Arion Place, near Broadway, Brooklyn, at 7 P. M., Thursday, Feb. 22.

Medical offices, Boroughs of Manhattan and Brooklyn, will be open on Thursday, Feb. 22 (Washington's Birthday), from 9 A. M. to 1 P. M., for treatment of sick and injured members of the department.

Special leave of absence is granted to Fireman John F. Kiernan, Eng. 223, for 15 hours, from 6 P. M., Feb. 21.

U. S. SUPREME COURT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—In the Supreme Court of the United States today, Fred L. Williams of New York City was admitted to practice, and these proceedings were had:

846—H. T. Graham, individually, &c., et al, petrs., v. A. G. Dupont—Petn. for writ of Cert. to Third Circuit Court of Appeals submitted for petrs.

842—Norfolk Southern R. R. Co., petr., v. T. V. Gordon—Motion for a supersedeas submitted for petr.

838—T. D. Murphy, petr., v. the U. S.—Motion for a supersedeas submitted for petr. and for respdt.

795—C. Adkins et al., &c., appltS., v. the Children's Hospital, Dist. of Col.; and 796—Jane V. W. A. Lyons—Leave granted to file brief as amicus curiae on motion of counsel for State of N. Y.

831—Standard Oil Co. of N. Y., petr., v. Clyde S. S. Co.—Petn. for writ of cert. to 2d Cir. Ct. of Appls., submitted for petr. and for respdt.

663—D. H. Riddle, applt., v. J. E. Dyche, warden, &c.—Motion to admit applt. to bail or, in the alternative to advance, submitted for applt.

No.——S. A. Postoloff, applt., v. C. Hubert et al.—Motion to docket cause and for leave to proceed in forma pauperis submitted for applt.

20, Original—The Commonwealth of Mass., compltt., v. State of N. Y. et al.—Leave granted to file answer of defts.

844—E. Winckur, pltf., v. H. I. Harn, Shff., &c.—Motion to reinstate cause and to assign for argument submitted.

854—J. W. Talbot, petr., v. the U. S.—Motion for supersedeas submitted.

706—W. Grandpre, petr., v. Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Rwy. Co.—Petn. for writ of cert. to Supreme Ct. of S. Dak. submitted for petr.

825—R. T. Meyer, pltf., v. State of Neb.; and 440—Neb. Dist. of Evangelical Lutheran Synod of Mo., Ohio, and other states, et al., pltfs., v. S. R. McKelvie et al., &c.—Leave granted to file brief herein as amicus curiae.

793—Prestonettes, Inc., petr., v. F. J. de Spoturno Coty.—Motion to advance submitted.

761—Taubel-Scott-Kitzmiller Co., Inc., petr., v. D. J. Fox et al., trustees, &c.—Motion to vacate a writ of cert. or to advance submitted for respdts.

877—The B. & O. Southwestern R. R. Co., petr., v. G. O. Burtch.—L. Burtch, ex'x of estate of G. O. Burtch, decd., submitted as the party respdt. herein.

466—J. C. Davis, as agent, &c., petr., v. L. A. Wolfe.—Motion to advance submitted for respdt.

419—Oklahoma Gas & Electric Co. et al., applts., v. Corporation Comm. of State of Okla. et al., Frank C. Carter and Joe Cobb, present members of the Corporation Comm. of Okla., substituted as parties appleos herein.

716—American Trust Co., pltf., v. S. S. McNinch et al.—Motion to dismiss or affirm submitted for deft. and for pltf. in opposition thereto.

——Original—Ex parte in the matter of France and Canada S. S. Corp., petr.—Motion for leave to file petn. for writ of mand. herein submitted for petr.

876—H. F. Mueller et al., &c., appltS., v. S. W. Adler et al.—Petn. for rehearing, or in the alternative, motion to remand to the U. S. Ct. of Appls. for 8th Circ., submitted.

406—Oklahoma Natural Gas Co., applt., v. C. Russell et al., &c., et al.—P. C. Carter and J. Cobb, present members of the Corp. Comm. of State of Okla., substituted as parties appellees, herein.

707—Board of Trade City of Chicago et al., appts., v. C. F. Cline, U. S. Dist. Atty., &c., et al.—E. A. Olson, present atty. for Northern Dist. of Ill. substituted as a party appllee in place of C. F. Cline, resigned.

764—Tidal Oil Co. et al., pltfs., v. J. P. Flanagan, Petn. for writ of cert. submitted for pltf. and for deft. in opposition.

776—S. Charles et al., &c., v. Roxana Petroleum Corp.—Petn. for writ of cert. to 8th Circ. Ct. of Appls submitted for petrs.

798—J. E. Barrack et al., petrs., v. Town of Fairbanks, Alaska—Petn. for writ of cert. to 9th Circt. Ct. of Appls. submitted for petr. and for respdt.

807—E. I. Horsman et al., petrs. vs. A. A. Kaufman et al., &c.—Petn. for writ of cert. to 2d Circt. Ct. of Appls. submitted for petr.

811—France & Canada S.S. corp., petr. vs. French Republic.—Petn. for writs of cert. to 2d Circt. Ct. of Appls. submitted for petr. and for respdt.

813—Dir. Gen of RRs., petr. vs. T. Keenan. —Petn. for writ of cert. to U. S. 2d Circt. Ct. of Appls. submitted for both.

820—Great Northern Ry. Co., petr. vs. McCaull-Dinsmore Co.—Petn. for writ of cert. to Supreme Ct. of Minn. submitted for both.

824—E. R. Kalmanson, petr. v. R. D. A.—Petn. for writ of cert. to 2d Circt. Ct. of Appls. submitted for both.

828—Farmers & Merchants Bank of Monroe, N. C., et al., petrs. vs. Fed. Res. Bank of Richmond, Va.—Petn. for writ of cert. to Supreme Ct. of N. C. submitted for petr.

826—W. Lucking, applt., vs. Detroit & Cleveland Nav'n Co.—Petn. for writ of cert. submitted for applt. and for respt.

812—W. Everett et al., petrs., vs. the U. S. et al.—Petn. for writ of cert. to 9th Circt. Ct. of Appls. submitted for petrs. and for respdts.

828—F. N. Snell et al., petrs., vs. J. C. Turner Lumber Co.—Petn. for writ of cert. to 2d Circt. Ct. of Appls. submitted for both.

854—Aluminum Co. of America, petr., vs. Fed. Trade Comm.—Petn. for writ of cert. to 3d Circt. Ct. of Appls. submitted for petr.

836—L. I. Kern, admx. &c., et al., vs. J. B. Payne, Dir. Gen. RRS., &c.—Petn. for writ of cert. to Supreme Ct. of Mont. submitted for both.

838—T. D. Murphy, petr., vs. the U. S. 839—V. Cosmano, petr., vs. the U. S., and 840—E. C. Glerum, petr., vs. the U. S.—Petn. for writs of cert. to 7th Circ. Ct. of Appls. submitted for both.

848—W. V. Smith et al., petrs. vs. the U. S.—Petn. for writ of cert. to 8th Circt. Ct. of Appls. submitted for petrs.

850—The Nat. Bank of Commerce of St. Louis, petr., v. D. R. Francis et al.—Petn. for writ of cert. to Supreme Ct. of Mo. submitted for both.

277—Wells-Elkhorn Coal Co. v. Otis Steel Co.—Dismissed, with costs, per stipulation.

321—South Utah Miners and Smelters, pltf., v. Beaver Co.—Motion to dismiss or affirm submitted for deft. and for pltf. in opposition.

748—Central Coal and Coke Co., petr., v. J. Ocepek—Submitted for petr. No brief filed for respdt.

418—Okla. Gas and Elec. Co. et al., appltS., v. Corp. Commsn. of Okla. et al.—Argument commenced for appltS., continued for appleos., and concluded for applts.

406—Okla. Natural Gas Co., applt., v. C. Russell, et al., &c.—Argument commenced for applt., and continued for appleos.

Adjourned until tomorrow.

Call—Mon. Feb. 21—Nos. 406, 500, 542, 588, 510, 325 (and 440), 701, 260, 310, 311, 320, 636 and 431.

Estates Appraised.

ABBOTT, EMIL H. (June 10, 1921). Ray Abbott executor of estate of $29,562 left to two sisters, three nephews and two nieces. BURNS, ALICE (Oct. 30, 1922). Kate M. Robb executrix of estate of $2,704 to grand nephews.

COSGROVE, SARAH J. (Feb. 18, 1923). Stephen Costello executor of estate of $6,219 to three brothers.

DANA, ORLANDO N. (July 11, 1922). Ella H. Dana executrix of estate of $12,985 and gets it.

DERNELL, CHARLES H. (June 6, 1921). Title Guarantee and Trust Company executor of estate of $11,277 left to son and daughter.

DEVINE, JENNIE T. (June 24, 1921). Thomas F. Devine executor of estate of $23,-037 left to three daughters and two sons.

EMMEL, JACOB (Nov. 2, 1922) 6. Minnie Engel executrix of estate of $22,384 to widow, two sons, two daughters and grandchildren.

EIDMAN, FREDERICK H. (July 5, 1922). Harriet, widow, is executrix and gets the estate of $13,276.

FIORE, MARIA (Sept. 13, 1922). Giovanni, husband, administrator and gets the estate of $7,622.

FRANK, SAMSON (Feb. 23, 1921). Ludmila, widow, is executrix and gets the estate of $22,039.

GERKEN, ELLA (May 19, 1922). John A. Mullen executor of estate of $20,911, all to Rose Brown, friend, for kindness shown.

GOLDBERG, REGALIE (Dec. 6, 1920). Isaac, son, gets the bulk of estate of $4,139 and rest goes to the family.

HEWITT, LOUISE J. H. (Aug. 27, 1922)—Gen. E. Wood executor of estate of $3,215, left to Louise C. Hewitt, niece.

INKELLAS, BELLE (Oct. 21, 1920)—Max, husband, is executor, and gets the estate of $12,844.

McATEER, MARY (May 8, 1922)—John J. Shannon, executor of estate of $2,988, left to brother and sister.

MILLER, ELIZABETH KLOCK (May 28, 1922)—Charles E., husband, administrator, and shares the estate of $31,178 with his son.

MORFINO, CATHERINE (May 26, 1917)—James J. Merriman, executor of estate of $9,814, left to four sisters, four brothers, nephews and nieces.

OTTEN, HEINRICH (Dec. 29, 1919)—Ann M. Lehman, executrix of estate of $1,384, to nephew and two nieces.

PINARD, ELIZABETH M. S. (April 13, 1921)—Cazeau, son, is executor, and gets the estate of $14,552.

ROGERS, MARY G. (Oct. 2, 1922)—Henry E., husband, executor, and gets the estate of $8,445.

SCHRECK, ANNA (July 21, 1921)—Theresa Resch, executrix, gets half of the estate of $3,436, and turns rest over to a nephew.

SIMON, LEON (Feb. 8, 1921)—Kallman M., brother, is executor, and shares estate of $16,404 with sister and nephew. Bulk of the estate was in the interest in Louis Simon & Co., neckwear manufacturers.

TELFORD, HANNAH E. (July 18, 1922)—James F. McNamara, executor of estate of $27,209, left to two daughters.

THEIS, CAROLINE (Aug. 8, 1922)—Julius C., son, is administrator of estate of $9,162, and gets it.

WITHERSPOON, LESLIE (April 29, 1922) 51. Ida Barrow, executrix, and gets estate of $105,589.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 20.—The disturbance that was central over Northern Illinois last night, moved almost directly east and its centre was south of the New England Coast Tuesday night. It was attended by light snows in the lake region, the Ohio Valley, the Middle Atlantic States and in portions of Southern New England. Generally fair weather has prevailed during the day in all other parts of the country.

A disturbance is apparently developing over the far Southwest, while high pressure prevails Tuesday night over practically all other sections. The temperature was slightly higher Tuesday in the Gulf States and in the Atlantic States south of Maryland, and it was slightly lower in the Missouri and Middle Mississippi Valleys. The weather was unseasonably warm Tuesday in California, Nevada, Arizona and the southern Rocky Mountain region. The indications are for mostly fair weather Wednesday and Thursday in the States east of the Mississippi River. However, local snows are probable in the lower lake region Thursday, and the weather will become unsettled in the Ohio and the East Gulf States, with a probability of rain in these sections by Thursday night.

Governor-Wires Weather Conditions

Observations at United States Weather Bureau stations during the twenty-four hours preceding 8 P. M. yesterday:

Stations.	Temperature. High.	Low.	Barom-eter.	Rain-fall.	Weather.
Abilene	66	40	30.16		Cloudy
Albany	30	2	30.16	.01	Snow
Atlanta	52	32	30.32		Clear
Atlantic City	36	24	30.30		Cloudy
Baltimore	36	26	30.24		Clear
Bismarck	34	16	30.36		Clear
Boston	34	18	30.18		Clear
Buffalo	32	14	30.10		Clear
Cincinnati	40	32	30.14		Cloudy
Cleveland	36	22	30.14		Clear
Charleston	62	38	30.14		Clear
Chicago	32	20	30.24		Cloudy
Cleveland	36	22	30.14		Cloudy
Denver	46	24	30.28		Cloudy
Detroit	32	20	30.30		Clear
Galveston	70	52	30.22		Clear
Helena	40	18	30.40		Cloudy
Jacksonville	66	48	30.18		Clear
Kansas City	52	18	30.21		Cloudy
Los Angeles	72	52	30.06		Clear
Milwaukee	34	20	30.32		Clear
Minneapolis-St. Paul	32	4	30.32		Cloudy
New Orleans	68	42	30.22		Cloudy
New York	36	26	30.11	.07	Snow
Oklahoma	58	24	30.06		Clear
Philadelphia	33	20	30.14	.08	Cloudy
Pittsburgh	42	22	30.26		Cloudy
Portland, Me.	32	14	30.10		Cloudy
Portland, Ore.	50	34	30.20		Clear
Salt Lake City	50	32	30.46		Clear
San Antonio	72	42	30.08		Clear
San Diego	68	52	30.06		Clear
San Francisco	62	48	30.08		Cloudy
Seattle	52	42	30.32		Cloudy
St. Louis	46	34	30.22		Cloudy
Washington	42	24	30.14	.06	Clear

Northern New England—Partly cloudy Wednesday; Thursday fair; not much change in temperature.

Southern New England, Eastern New York, Western Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, District of Columbia, Virginia and North Carolina—Fair Wednesday and Thursday; little change in temperature.

Western New York—Generally fair Wednesday; Thursday cloudy, probably local snows near the lakes; little change in temperature.

New York City Weather Record.
Official Temperatures.

8 AM	24	12 M	27	7 PM	27
9 AM	26	1 PM	26	8 PM	26
10 AM	24	2 PM	26	9 PM	27
11 AM	24	3 PM	27	10 PM	26
		4 PM	27	11 PM	26

Average temperature yesterday, 26.
Average same date last year, 33.
Average same date for 48 years, 32

Barometer, 30.19 at 8 A. M.; 30.11 at 8 P. M.

Humidity, 80 at 8 A. M.; 75 at 8 P. M.

Wind at 8 A. M., east; velocity 10 miles; at 8 P. M., northeast; velocity 13 miles.

Weather, cloudy at 8 A. M.; snow at 8 P. M.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—Forecast:

Illinois and Indiana — Partly overcast Wednesday and Thursday; not much change in temperature.

Lower Michigan—Partly overcast Wednesday and Thursday, probably snow flurries; not much change in temperature.

Upper Michigan—Probably local snow flurries Wednesday and Thursday; not much change in temperature.

Wisconsin—Partly overcast Wednesday and Thursday, probably local snow flurries extreme north; not much change in temperature.

Missouri, Iowa and Minnesota—Partly overcast Wednesday and Thursday; not much change in temperature.

North Dakota and South Dakota—Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday; not much change in temperature.

Nebraska, Kansas, Montana and Wyoming—Partly overcast Wednesday and Thursday; not much change in temperature.

Eastern Texas — Wednesday increasing cloudiness, Thursday unsettled, with local rains; colder northwest.

Fire Record.

A.M.

1:05—434 E. 14 St.; Sam Tannenbaum ..... Loss. Not given

2:05—846 E. 52 St.; Edmund O'Connor ..... Not given

2:30—1,479 Wilkins Av.; A. Rothewsky ..... Trifling

3:20—42 Canal St.; Frank Friedman ..... Trifling

4:35—61 Bowery; Emil Wagner ..... Trifling

5:40—Thompson St. ..... Not given

9:06—1,560 B'way.; Bunny Theatre ..... Not given

9:30—865 11 Av.; Wright Lumber Co. ..... Not given

9:00—215 W. 48 St. ..... Not given

10:10—142 St. & 12 Av. ..... Trifling

11:10—119 E. 100 St.; Geo. Neigh. ..... Not given

P.M.

8:00—206 W. 143 St.; Mt. Calvary Baptist Church ..... Not given

3:45—211 E. 14 St.; Biancho Tolep ..... Not given

9:05—1,126 T Av. ..... Not given

10:15—1,525 Grand Concourse, the Bronx; Phil Weinstein ..... Not given

10:20—1,306 Boston Road; Joseph Venger ..... Not given

10:30—56 Bank St. ..... Not given; none

11:20—121 W. 110 St.; Stallworth Realty Co. ..... Slight

The Civil Service.

United States.

The commission announces open competitive examinations to fill positions in the Second and Civil Service District, comprising field branches of the service in New York State, the Counties of Bergen, Essex, Hudson, Middlesex, Monmouth, Morris, Passaic, Sussex and Union, in New Jersey. Information and applications may be obtained from the Secretary for the district, Custom House, New York City, or the Secretary of the Board of Examiners at the Post Office in any city where the examinations are to be held. The position, place of examinations and the date of assembled examinations are: Laborer (unclassified), Staten Island, Feb. 24; waitress, Ellis Island, Feb. 24; laborer (Post Office), Flushing, N. Y., Feb. 24; laborer (Post Office), Flushing, N. Y., March 10; mimeograph operator, Newark, N. J., March 10; transitman, Newark, N. J., Feb. 21; clerk-carrier, Belmar, N. J., March 3; clerk-carrier, Great Neck, L. I., March 3; clerk-carrier, Oneonta, N. Y., March 3; clerk-carrier, Garden City, L. I., March 3; clerk (Post Office), Highland, N. Y., March 5.

Examinations for stenographer-typist and typist will be held in the following places on the second Tuesday of each month: Binghamton, Buffalo, Elmira, Jamestown, Malone, New York City, Ogdensburg, Olean, Plattsburg, Potsdam, Rochester, Rome, Syracuse, Troy, Utica, Watertown, Asbury Park and Newark.

Examinations for elevator conductor, messenger girl and messenger boy will be held in this city on the second Saturday of each month.

Non-assembled examinations, to close on the dates specified:—Marble polisher, New York City, Feb. 23; unskilled laborer, Paterson, Feb. 23; fireman-laborer, Batavia, Feb. 23; fireman-laborer, Owego, Feb. 24; plasterer, New York City, March 5.

For these non-assembled examinations applications will be received until further notice:—Physicians, Grades A, B and C, and dentist in the Public Health and Veterans' Bureau, Second District; in the motor vehicle service, special auto mechanic, Albany and Elizabeth; general auto mechanic, Brooklyn and Jersey City; automobile mechanic and helper, New York City, Newark, Buffalo, Ithaca; garageman, Rochester, Utica; auto truck driver, Elmira and East Orange; blacksmith, Staten Island, Far Rockaway; carpenter, chauffeur-mechanic, gardener, marine fireman, marine gasoline engineer, marine oiler, marine steam engineer, master, mate, packer, painter, plumber and steamfitter, stationary fireman, stationary steam engineer, applications will be received in New York.

Applications for these positions will be received at Buffalo—Carpenter, marine steam engineer, master, mate, mechanical draftsman and marine fireman.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

THE TIDES.

	Sandy Hook.		Governors Island.		Hell Gate.		THE SUN.	
	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	Rises. A. M.	Sets. P. M.
Flat water	11:13	11:36	11:19	11:53	1:19	1:43	6:45	5:36
Low water	5:32	5:51	5:58	6:10	7:47	7:48	6:44	5:37

Incoming Steamships Carrying Mail

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Adriatic	St. Michaels	Feb. 13
San Juan	Tampico	Feb. 8
Ponce de Leon	Santiago	Feb. 15
Puerto Rico	Kingston	Feb. 18
Philadelphia	Curacao	Feb. 15
Western Glen	Havana	Feb. 17
Esparta	Kingston	Feb. 16

DUE TODAY.

President Van Buren	London	Feb. 10
Ranan	Santiago	Feb. 16
Para	Para	Feb. 1
Mayaro	Grenada	Feb. 13
Western Glen	Cape Town	Jan. 13
Nurse	Turks Island	Feb. 12
Oca	Cristobal	Feb. 6

DUE TOMORROW.

Fort St. George	Bermuda	Feb. 20
Araguaya	Bermuda	Feb. 20
Munargo	Nassau	Feb. 19
Metapan	Havana	Feb. 19
Southern Cross	Buenos Aires	Feb. 10
Paris	St. Thomas	Feb. 14
Guiana	St. Thomas	Feb. 10

DUE FRIDAY.

Michael	Manaos	Feb. 3
Seydlitz	Bremen	Feb. 10
President Harding	Southampton	Feb. 14
Latvia	Copenhagen	Feb. 10

DUE SATURDAY.

Mount Clinton	Hamburg	Feb. 8
Minnekahda	Hamburg	Feb. 16
Pittsburgh	Southampton	Feb. 15
Esperanza	Progreso	Feb. 17

Other Incoming Steamships

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Republic	Baltimore	Feb. 19
Progreso	Mejillones	Jan. 18
Manuel	Porto Rico	Feb. 13
Gefion	Chaparra	Feb. 13
Mariposa	Havana	Feb. 14
Esparta	Kingston	Feb. 15
Tampico	Greenock	Jan. 27
Edam	Rotterdam	Jan. 27
Wien	Cardenas	Feb. 12
West Gotaverka	Constantinople	Jan. 17
Lake Tanana	Brunswick	Feb. 15
Agreement	Bombay	Jan. 7
Bogstadt	Newport, Eng.	Jan. 27
Steel Exporter	San Pedro	Jan. 20
Northwestern Miller	London	Jan. 27
El Sol	Galveston	Jan. 14
Mohawk	Jacksonville	Feb. 17

DUE TODAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Burmese Prince	Cardiff	Jan. 24
Elkton	Hamburg	Jan. 30
Fuji Maru	Brest	Jan. 31
New York City	Barry	Jan. 24
Yarborough	Accra	Jan. 19

DUE TOMORROW.

Hamburg Maru	San Pedro	Jan. 23
Songvaar	Alicante	Jan. 22
Pollenza	Gibraltar	Jan. 22

DUE FRIDAY.

Indian Prince	Bahia	Feb. 4
Mesaba	London	Feb. 9
City of Naples	Boston	Feb. 21

DUE SATURDAY.

East Side	Cork	Feb. 7
Oregon Maru	Newport, Eng.	Jan. 30

Outgoing Steamships Carrying Mail

SAIL TODAY.

Steamer, Destination.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.	Carries Mail For
France, Havre	7:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Europe, Africa and West Asia. (Canaries specially addressed.)
President Monroe, London	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Europe, Africa and West Asia.
St. Mihiel, Colon	6:00 A.M.	9:00 A.M.	Canal Zone, Panama, Salvador and Nicaragua (except east coast).
Rosalind, St. John's	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	Newfoundland.
Ft. Victoria, Hamilton	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Bermuda.
Orduna, Hamburg	———	12:00 M.	No mails.
Sagamia, Hamburg	———	12:00 M.	No mails.
Tivives, Santa Marta	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Jamaica, Costa Rica, Canal Zone, Panama and Colombia.
San Juan, Vera Cruz	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Yucatan and Campeche. (Cuba and other parts of Mexico specially addressed.)
Essequibo, Valparaiso	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.	Cuba, Canal Zone, Panama, Bolivia, Chile and Peru (except Iquitos).
Matura, Grenada	10:00 A.M.	12:00 A.M.	Grenada, St. Vincent, Trinidad, Ciudad Bolivar and Guiana.

SAIL TOMORROW.

Mongolia, Hamburg	11:00 A.M.	3:00 P.M.	Europe, Africa and West Asia. (Canaries, Norway, Sweden, Finland and Madeira specially addressed.)
S'ta Luisa, Valparaiso	7:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	Canal Zone, Panama, Salvador, Colombia, Ecuador, Bolivia, Chile and Peru (except Iquitos).
San Blas, Port Limon	5:00 P.M.	———	By rail via Boston.
Hansa, Hamburg	———	12:00 M.	No mails.

SAIL FRIDAY.

Stavangerfjord, Bergen	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Norway, Sweden, Denmark and Finland.
Eastern Star, Riga	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	Latvia, Esthonia and Finland. (Specially addressed.)
Saturnia, Glasgow	———	12:00 M.	No mails.
Astrea, Maracaibo	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.	Haiti, Curacao and Venezuela. (Specially addressed.)
Munargo, Nassau	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.	Bahamas, Fortune and Inagua Islands.
Segraland, Nassau	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Bahamas. (Specially addressed.)

Foreign Ports—Arrivals and Departures

ARRIVED.

Steamer.	At	Date.
Rotterdam	Madeira	Feb. 18
Drottningholm	Gothenberg	Feb. 20
Columbia	Glasgow	Feb. 19
Caronia	Gibraltar	Feb. 17
Newby Hall	Auckland	Feb. 16
Port Curtis	Adelaide	Feb. 17
Madras City	Liverpool	Feb. 18
Bannister	Tennuppa	Feb. 19
Cohasset	Delgado	Feb. 19
Eastern Moon	Melbourne	Feb. 19
Eastern Crown	Bena	Feb. 19
Italia	Glasgow	Feb. 19
Laconia	Bombay	Feb. 19
Luppallie	Genoa	Feb. 16
Pallas	Aarking	Feb. 16
Eastport	Aronmouth	Feb. 19
Angela	Barcelona	Feb. 14
Sinsinawa	Leghorn	Feb. 15
Presidente Wilson	Trieste	Feb. 18
Georgia	Trieste	Feb. 14
Tobolok	Blyth	Feb. 19
Dakarian	London	Feb. 20

SAILED.

Steamer.	From	Date.
Teresa	Gibraltar	Feb. 19
Buenos Aires	Buenos Aires	Feb. 19
Charles Pratt	Colon	Feb. 19
Fred. Weller	Colon	Feb. 19
Pennsylvanian	Colon	Feb. 19
Lord Ormonde	Colon	Feb. 19
Mundelta	Colon	Feb. 19
Zabalbide	Colon	Feb. 19
U. S. A. T. Grant	Colon	Feb. 19
C. Newcomich	Huelva	Feb. 15
Clan Ross	St. Vincent	Feb. 19
Texas Maru	Newport, Eng.	Feb. 19

Post Office Notice.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates, Perth Jan. 18, Melbourne Jan. 24, Sydney Jan. 24, Wellington Jan. 29, Auckland Jan. 30, which arrived per SS. Makura, were dispatched east from Seattle on Feb. 18, and are due in New York on the morning of Thursday, Feb. 22.

Transpacific Mails

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Station at 8 P. M. as follows:

Hawaii, via San Francisco	Manoa	Feb. 22
Japan, Korea and China (specially addressed only), via Seattle	Yokohama Maru	Feb. 23
Japan, Korea and China (specially addressed only), via Seattle	Arizona Maru	Feb. 26
Netherlands East Indies (specially addressed only), via San Francisco; also parcel post mails for Netherlands East Indies	Bendoewaso	Feb. 26
Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Siberia, French Indo-China, Netherlands East Indies, Straits Settlements, Brunei, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and Philippine Islands, via Seattle; also parcel post mails for Japan, Korea, China, Siam, French Indo-China, Brunei, Labuan, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and Straits Settlements	President McKinley	Feb. 28
Philippine Islands and specially addressed correspondence for Japan, Korea and China, via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.	Emp. of Australia	Mar. 3
Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Siberia, French Indo-China, Netherlands East Indies, Straits Settlements, Brunei, Malay States, North Borneo and Sarawak, via San Francisco; also parcel post mails for Japan, Korea, China, Siam, French Indo-China, Brunei, Labuan, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and Straits Settlements	President Pierce	Mar. 5

Other Outgoing Steamships

Steamer and Destination.	Time of Sailing. Date.	Hour.
Collamer, Bordeaux	Feb. 21	12:00 M.
Agamenor, Kobe	Feb. 24	1:00 P.M.
Sandoeang Padang	Feb. 24	12:00 M.
Eastern Glen, Beira	Feb. 24	9:00 A.M.
Eastern Prince, Shanghai	Feb. 24	1:00 P.M.
Carlos, Antwerp	Feb. 25	9:00 A.M.
Fuji Maru, Kobe	Feb. 28	12:00 M.
The Lake, Batavia	Feb. 28	10:00 A.M.
Vulcan City, London	Feb. 28	12:00 M.

Steamer and Destination.	Time of Sailing. Date.	Hour.
Quebec City, Liverpool	Feb. 28	2:00 P.M.
New York City, Bristol	Feb. 28	10:00 A.M.
Eastern Planet, Brisbane	Feb. 28	12:00 M.
City of Bombay, Auckland	Mar. 1	12:00 M.
Angela, Cadiz	Mar. 2	12:00 M.
Borderer, Constantinople	Mar. 3	12:00 M.
City of Edinburgh, Cape Town	Mar. 3	12:00 M.

Reported by Radio

SS Southern Cross (Munson Line), incoming from Buenos Aires, was reported yesterday, no distance given; due at Pier 2, Hoboken, Thursday forenoon.

SS President Van Buren (United States Line), incoming from London, was reported yesterday, no distance given; due at Pier 4, Hoboken, Wednesday afternoon.

SS Oca (Royal Mail Line), incoming from Cristobal, was reported yesterday, no distance given; due at Pier 42, North River, Wednesday forenoon.

SS Mount Clinton (United American Lines), incoming from Hamburg, was reported yesterday, no distance given; due at Pier 86, North River, Saturday forenoon.

SS Latvia (Baltic-American Line), incoming from Copenhagen, was reported yesterday, no distance given; due at Pier 5, Bush Docks, Friday forenoon.

SS Seydlitz (North German Lloyd Company), incoming from Bremen, was reported yesterday, no distance given; due at Pier foot of Sixth Street, Hoboken, Friday forenoon.

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BERMUDA

WONDERFUL are gardens of royal beauty, mysterious crystal caves and gleaming coral reefs—Palms and brilliant flowers and a climate of perpetual spring are but a few of the attractions of these lovely islands. Easily reached by the palatial transatlantic liner "ARAGUAYA," 17,100 tons displacement, the largest vessel to Bermuda. Sailings every Saturday. No passports required.

WEST INDIES CRUISE
S. S. Orca - Sailing Feb. 24th
"The Comfort Route"

ROYAL MAIL

The Royal Mail Steam Packet Co.
SANDERSON & SON, Inc., Agents
26 Broadway, N. Y., or any local agent.

New York to Europe
Plymouth, Cherbourg, Hamburg
by new steamers de Luxe

RELIANCE—Mar. 31 May 1 May 29
Eastern Star, Riga.... June 26 July 24 Aug. 21
RESOLUTE..... June 12 July 10 Aug. 7
ALBERT BALLIN—[maiden trip] July 24

Hamburg Direct
by one-class cabin steamers

HANSA . . . Feb. 22 Apr. 5 May 17
BAYERN . . . Mar. 8 Apr. 19 May 31
THURINGIA—Mar. 22 May 3 June 14

Apply to United American Lines
19 Broadway New York
UNITED AMERICAN LINES
Joint Service with
HAMBURG AMERICAN LINE

FRENCH Line
New York
Plymouth
Havre—Paris
"Join the Experienced Travelers"

The Giant Express "PARIS"
Wednesday, March 7th
The Magnificent "FRANCE"
Wednesday, March 14th

LAFAYETTE...May 12 June 23 Aug. 4
New York—Havre—Paris

Chicago ..... Mar. 6 Apr. 17 May 26
Rochambeau ..... Mar. 29 May 10 June 21
La Savoie ..... Apr. 7 May 5 June 2
Rochambeau ..... Apr. 28 May 31 July 7
New York—Vigo (Spain)—Bordeaux
La Bourdonnais, Mar. 23 Apr. 26 June 9
North African Motor Tours
19 State St., New York, or local agents
All sailings 11 A. M.

South America
FORTNIGHTLY SAILINGS
For Famous "SANTA" Steamers

Fastest direct service to PERU and CHILE via Panama Canal.
Direct rail connections for all points in Bolivia. Fine large vessels with the comforts of a private yacht. All outside rooms. Unexcelled cuisine.

Reduced Rate Around-South-America Tours
S. S. Santa Lucia, Feb. 28
S.S. Santa Teresa, Mar. 14
S.S. Santa Ana Mar. 28
S.S. Santa Rosa Apr. 5
GRACE LINE
10 Hanover Sq., N. Y.

PACIFIC LINE
To SOUTH AMERICA

No other trip offers such variety of enjoyment—the Panama Canal, the ancient civilization of the Incas, gorgeous tropical scenery, the grandeur of the Andes, great metropolitan cities. The largest ships sailing to Peru and Chile—the luxuriously equipped "E" steamers, 14,250 tons displacement. Specially designed and built for the Tropics.

NEW YORK—HAVANA
PANAMA—PERU—CHILE
ESSEQUIBO ....Feb. 21
EBRO .....Mar. 24
Special reduced Fares for Round South America Tours
The PACIFIC STEAM NAVIGATION CO.
Sanderson & Son, Inc., Agents
26 Broadway New York
or local agents.

S. S. George Washington
SAILS MARCH 10
FOR PLYMOUTH, CHERBOURG and BREMEN
SPLENDID ACCOMMODATIONS NOW AVAILABLE—ACT AT ONCE
FAMOUS CABIN SHIPS:

President Van Buren . . . . Feb. 28
President Polk . . . . . March 7
President Garfield . . . . March 14

Other sailings of U. S. Lines Ships

Bremen Service First Class Ships		*London Service* Cabin Ships	
President Harding	Mar. 3	President Van Buren	Feb. 28
George Washington	Mar. 10	President Polk	March 7
President Roosevelt	Mar. 17	President Garfield	March 14
Cabin Ships to Bremen		President Monroe	March 28
President Fillmore	Feb. 24	President Van Buren	April 4
President Arthur	Mar. 24		

Sailings from Piers 3 and 4, Hoboken

UNITED STATES LINES
45 Broadway, New York Phone, Whitehall 3100
Managing operators for
U. S. SHIPPING BOARD
For Booklet Address U. S. Lines

PORTO RICO

ALL EXPENSE CRUISE—16 Days $150 and up

Wonderful days cruising through blue tropic seas; many interesting shore visits. You make the trip on large, 10,000-ton steamers especially designed and luxuriously fitted for service in the tropics. Comfortable staterooms at minimum rates as well as suites with private bath. Rates cover all necessary expenses of meals and stateroom accommodations for entire trip to and around island and return to New York.

A sailing every Saturday.

Write for attractive booklets giving full information

PORTO RICO LINE · 25 Broadway, New York

WHITE STAR

TO CHERBOURG, SOUTHAMPTON
Majestic (new) 11 A.M. Mar. 10 Mar. 31 Apr. 21
Olympic, 10 A. M.....Apr. 7 Apr. 28 May 19
Homeric (new) 11 A.M. Apr. 14 May 5 May 26
TO COBH (QUEENSTOWN) & LIVERPOOL
Celtic, Noon.....Feb. 24 Mar. 24 Apr. 21
Regina (new), Noon...Mar. 3 Mar. 31 ———
Cedric, Noon.....Mar. 10 Apr. 7 May 5
Baltic, Noon.....Mar. 17 Apr. 28 May 26
*Megantic, 10 A. M...Mar. 21 ——— ———
Adriatic, Noon.....Apr. 14 May 12 June 9
CHERBOURG, SOUTHAMPTON, BREMEN
Pittsburgh (new), 12N. Mar. 6 Apr. 10 May 15
Cassepic, Noon.....Mar. 21 Apr. 24 ———

RED STAR LINE

PLYMOUTH, CHERBOURG, ANTWERP
Lapland, Noon.....Feb. 24 Mar. 31 May 2
Finland, Noon.....Mar. 3 ——— ———
Zeeland, Noon.....Mar. 23 Apr. 25 May 23
Belgenland (new) 5p.m. Apr. 18 May 16 June 13
St. Paul, 3 P. M.....May 9 June 6 July 4
TO HAMBURG, DANZIG
Gothland, Noon.....May 9

AMERICAN LINE

PLYMOUTH, CHERBOURG, HAMBURG
Mongolia, 3 P. M.....Feb. 22 Mar. 29 May 3
Minnekahda (3d class) 3 P.M. Mar. 1 Apr. 3 ———
Manchuria, 3 P. M.....Mar. 15 Apr. 19 May 24
Finland, 3 P. M.....Apr. 26 May 31 July 5
Kroonland, 3 P. M.....May 17 June 21 July 26

ATLANTIC TRANSPORT

TO LONDON
Minnewaska, Noon....Aug. 18 Sept. 15 Oct. 13
International Mercantile Marine Company
117 Steamers—1,218,000 Tons
1 Broadway, N. Y., or Local Agents.

FURNESS-BERMUDA LINE
(Under Contract with Bermuda Gov't)

All Sports in a Climate of Everlasting Spring
Only 2 Days from New York

Fastest and most luxurious steamers, finest cuisine—passengers landed directly at Hamilton Dock, avoiding inconvenience of transfer by tender.
Tickets interchangeable.
No Passports.

Sailings Twice Weekly
From New York Wed. & Sat.
Via Palatial Twin-Screw
Oil-Burning Transatlantic Liners
S. S. "Fort Victoria"
S. S. "Fort St. George"
Each 14,000 Tons Displacement
Furness-Bermuda Line
24 Whitehall St., New York
Or Any Local Tourist Agent.

CUNARD and ANCHOR LINES

N. Y. to Cherbourg and Southampton
AQUITANIA .....Mar. 20 Apr. 10 May 1
MAURETANIA .....Apr. 17 May 8 May 29
BERENGARIA .....Apr. 24 May 15 June 5
N.Y. to Plymouth, Cherbourg and Hamburg
SAXONIA .....Feb. 21 Mar. 31 ———
TYRRHENIA (new)May 10 Apr. 18 ———
N. Y. to Cobh (Queenstown) and Liverpool
CARMANIA .....Mar. 3 Apr. 21 May 19
CARONIA .....Apr. 7 May 5 June 2
SCYTHIA .....Apr. 14 ——— ———
Boston to Cobh (Queenstown) and Liverpool
AUSONIA (new) ——— *Feb. 24 ———
ANDANIA (new) ——— *Mar. 17 ———
LACONIA (new) ....*Apr. 7 May 19 ———
N. Y. to Londonderry and Glasgow
SATURNIA .....*Feb. 28 ———
ASSYRIA .....*Mar. 10 Apr. 20 May 19
COLUMBIA .....Mar. 17 Apr. 14 May 1
CAMERONIA (new) .Mar. 31 Apr. 30 May 26
TUSCANIA (new) ....Apr. 7 May 6 June 2
N. Y. to Plymouth, Cherbourg and London
ANTONIA (new) .....*Mar. 7 *Apr. 21 ———
ALBANIA (new) .....*Mar. 24 Apr. 28 June 2
ALSONIA (new) .....*Apr. 6 ——— ———
ANDANIA (new) .....Apr. 14 ——— ———
SAXONIA .....May 19 June 30 Aug. 4
*Via Halifax.
21 Broadway, New York, or Local Agents.

AUSTRALIA

NEW ZEALAND —SOUTH SEAS
Via Tahiti and Rarotonga. Mail and passenger service from San Francisco, sailing every 28 days.
UNION STEAMSHIP CO. OF NEW ZEALAND.
320 California St., San Francisco, Cal.
or THOS. COOK & SON, 245 Broadway, N. Y.
Special South Seas, Australasia Tour, $565, 1st class round trip. Send for booklet.

HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE
N. Y. to Plymouth-Boulogne-Rotterdam
General Passenger Office, 24 State St., N. Y.

Going to Hawaii?

Write for full information about the new U. S. Government service direct from Los Angeles to Hawaii.

S. S. City of Los Angeles ranks among the finest vessels afloat.

Write or telephone today for full details

For information regarding reservations, address
Los Angeles S. S. Co.
417 S. Spring St., Los Angeles
Managing Operators for
U. S. SHIPPING BOARD

New York to South America
on American 535's

New American-built oil-burners, 535 feet long, 21,000 displacement tons.
Reduced Rates—Fastest Time to Rio de Janeiro, Montevideo, and Buenos Aires. Finest ships—American service—American food—American comforts. Sailings from Pier 1, Hoboken. [*Stops at Santos, south bound]
*Southern Cross . . Mar. 3
American Legion . . Mar. 17
*Pan America . . . . Mar. 31
Western World . . . Apr. 14
Fortnightly thereafter
Munson Steamship Lines
67 Wall Street, New York City
or Local Agents
Agents for
U. S. SHIPPING BOARD
owners of the vessels.

ORIENT
from San Francisco on U. S. "President Ships"

New American-built oil-burners, 535 feet long, 21,000 displacement tons.
The Sunshine Belt
Regular Sailings—Rates Steamships—Sailings—Rates
President Cleveland ..... Feb. 22
President Pierce ..... Mar. 6
President Wilson ..... Mar. 22
President Lincoln ..... Apr. 5
President Taft ..... Apr. 19
Sailings every 14 days thereafter
Pacific Mail S. S. Co.
10 Hanover Square, New York
508 California St., San Francisco, Cal.
or Local Agents
Managing Operators for
U. S. SHIPPING BOARD
owners of the vessels

N. Y. K. LINE
JAPAN, CHINA, MANILA & FAR EAST
Maritime Building, 5 & 10 Bridge St., New York.

ORIENT
from Seattle
on U. S. "President Ships"
New American-built oil-burners, 535 feet long, 21,000 displacement tons.
The Short Route to
Yokohama, Kobe, Shanghai, Hong Kong, Manila in express time. American ships, providing unexcelled American food service.

President McKinley	Mar. 3
President Jackson	Mar. 15
President Jefferson	Mar. 27
President Grant	Apr. 8
President Madison	Apr. 20

and every 12 days thereafter
Admiral Oriental Line
17 State Street, New York
or Local Agents
Managing Operators for
U. S. SHIPPING BOARD

60 hours to June
NASSAU
BAHAMAS
Weekly Service from New York
Munson Steamship Line
67 Wall St., N. Y.

CLARK'S 20th CRUISE, JUNE 27 TO THE MEDITERRANEAN
And Europe, by Specially Chartered White Star S.S.
"BALTIC" 23,884 tons

61 day cruise, $600 upward, including Hotels, Drives, Guides, etc. Personally accompanied and managed by F. C. Clark, Rome, Athens, Spain visits specially featured. 11 days, Paris and London, $100. UNIVERSITY-EXTENSION and other good tours to Europe under escort; reasonable r

LOST AND FOUND

Advertisements for tomorrow received up to midnight. Telephone Bryant 1000.

LOST.

BAG—Black velvet, silver top, containing driver's license, traffic card, photo, &c., Saturday, 79th-145th, or 5th Av. bus; please return bag and other contents; keep money; no questions asked. Esplanade Hotel, 305 West End Av.

BAG—Lady's small black leather, Manhattan Opera House, evening Feb. 19, under orchestra seat O 36. Finder notify owner, Rector 4612.

BAG—Black leather; lost 5th Av. bus or between 46th St. and 17 West 45th, containing bills and glasses; liberal reward. Return to Mrs. E. M. Royle, 331 West 101st.

BANK BOOK 2008, Pacific Bank. Return Louis Shanire, 758 9th Av. Reward.

BILLFOLD, brown, Masonic card, check and bills; Broadway, near Strand or Times Square, Saturday evening; reward. W. O. Douglas, 2,940 Broadway.

BOND—STOLEN AND DESTROYED: Galveston, Harrisburg & San Antonio Railway Company, Mexican & Pacific Extension, second mortgage 6% (reduced to 5%), Bond No. 307. Notice is hereby given to show cause to the company, 165 Broadway, New York, N. Y., why payment thereof should not be made. C. S. Fish.

CERTIFICATES—Lost, 150 shares Consolidated Copper Mines Corporation; certificate No. 2814 for 100 shares and certificate No. 0298 for 50 shares; in name of Chas. Johnson. Notice is hereby given to show cause to said company, 25 Broad St., New York, why duplicates should not be issued.

CERTIFICATE No. 57508 for one share of stock of the Michigan Central Railroad Company in the name of John H. Scott, dated March 20, 1907, has been lost. Finder will please communicate with Dwight Hall, Attorney, at Dover, N. H.

DRAWINGS—Friday night, taxi, going from 27th St., 4th Av. to 69 Central Park West; reward. Madison Square 1858.

GRIP—Black, containing clothing and books, Saturday evening, on 32d St., between Broadway and 5th Av., from Connecticut Ford coupe; reward; no questions asked. H. P. Brearley, 90 West St. Rector 9448.

KEYS—Valuable, Saturday, Park to Madison Av.; reward. 122 East 59th St., Boozer.

PACKAGE containing tapestry, taxi, Feb. 16; reward. Dillon, Stratford House.

PURSE—Lost in Grand Central zone Feb. 2; lady's, green leather, containing sum of money, gold band wedding ring, diamond engagement ring; finder may keep money and will receive $200 reward, no questions asked, if rings are returned to Cashier, Hotel Chatham, 48th St. and Vanderbilt Av.

PURSE containing money, 50 trip ticket to Bronxville; keep money; please return purse and ticket. Circle 4249.

PURSE, leather, on leaving cab 543 West 23d, containing $5 gold piece, dimes, French 5-franc piece dated 1811; reward, $5 gold piece, dimes. H. B. D., 543 West 23d.

SUITCASE—Brown, lost Fay's taxi late Saturday night, containing man's clothes, notes and papers; reward. Circle 8779.

SUITCASE, black, small size, Saturday evening, Long Island train at Jamaica. Gerald O'Connor, 1,070 Madison Av. Rhinelander 9423.

Jewelry.

BRACELET—Gold, flexible, set with three aquamarines, in Astor Hotel or B. R. T. subway or street, Saturday, Feb. 17; reward. J 543 Times.

BRACELET—Gold, flexible, three amethysts, Monday, between Durand's restaurant and 10 East 38th St.; reward. Cathedral 4704.

BUCKLE—Cut steel, between Gimbels and 38th. Ford, Cathedral 8116.

DRESS PIN—Diamond, pearl, goose shaped, Monday night, 19th, between Hotel Imperial and West 45th St.; liberal reward. Tatum, Hotel Imperial, Room 1601.

EARRING—Cluster jade grapes, platinum, Lord & Taylor's, Bonwit Teller; reward. Schuyler 0588.

MESH BAG—Lost, gold, Monday morning, gold tag attached with name and address. Reward for return to Bliff, 525 Park Av., or phone Russell, Bowling Green 10160.

NECKLACE—Bakeland pearl necklace and solitaire diamond clasp, lost Feb. 19, between 14th St.-Central Park West and Ritz-Carlton; suitable reward. Van Emen & Co., 723 5th Av.

RING, ladies' small gold, set with one medium sized diamond, in or between Netherland Hotel, 5th Av. and 59th St., or Belasco Theatre, or in Yellow taxicab between two above named places on evening of Saturday, Feb. 18; suitable reward. Communicate with office or news-stand at Hotel Netherland.

RING—Japanese signet, initials K. F. C.; lost on 7th Av. subway between Macdougal and 125th Sts.; reward. Campbell, 10 West 60th. Columbus 5078.

STRING OF PEARLS—On Feb. 14, between Paterson, N. J., and Ellis Island, N. Y. C., via Erie R. R. and ferry; reward. J. B. West, 157 Mill St., Paterson, N. J.

WATCH—Lost, gent's, and fob, monogram H. B. on watch; heavy gold letters on leather fob; liberal reward. Return to Baer, telephone Harlem 1411.

WRIST WATCH—$50 reward for platinum wrist watch, marked J. T. L., lost Feb. 9 between 5th Av.-34th St. and West 42d St. TIFFANY & CO., 5TH AV. AND 37TH ST.

WRIST WATCH—White gold, silver band, between Custom House and Nassau and Ann Sts., probably Broadway car; reward. Fay Retrine, 458 Miller Av., Brooklyn.

WRIST WATCH—Feb. 16, taxi, Strand Roof, New York, 12th St., Brooklyn; $75 reward; no questions. South 6996.

Wearing Apparel.

$100 REWARD.
Fur coat, lost in dentist's office Saturday afternoon; no questions asked. Phone Columbus 0429.

NECKPIECE—Fur, Monday night, near Times Square Theatre. Return Stratford Hotel, 11 East 32d St. Reward.

NECKPIECE—Sable, two skins; reward $50. E 52 Times.

SCARF—Russian sable, lost Monday evening near 6th Av. and 53d St.; reward. 1 West 53d St.

Cats, Dogs and Birds.

CHOW bitch, Central Park West, near 77th St., Friday morning; brown; name Susie; suitable reward. Fowler, 122 West 80th. Schuyler 6046.

DOG—White female, Russian wolfhound, answering to name of Peggy; liberal reward for return to Hope Hampton, 1,145 Park Av.

DOG—Brown and white, large, long haired, male, lost Feb. 12. Please return Vorhaus, 160 East 80th St. Reward.

PUP—Lost, Boston terrier, mahogany brindle, white face; markings, diamond in centre of head; 170th St.-Broadway, Monday; reward. Greenbaum, 617 West 170th.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

SALE TO SATISFY A LIEN ON HUDSON coat, kolinsky trimmed, property of Mrs. N. Schweig, 850 Manida St., Bronx, N. Y., will be held March 7, 1923, at 2 P. M., at E. Raehr & Co., 51 West 24th St., New York City.

There Is A "Village that KOLB Built"

In the heart of New York City — in the Fisk Bldg., Broadway at 57th St.

It's a revelation to any man who is, or ever will be, in need of a solid, inexpensive, moderate-sized, quickly erected building for any purpose whatever.

KOLB
BUILDING CO. INC.
Fisk Bldg. 250 W. 57 St.

1 & 2 Story Buildings For Every Purpose

Full-sized Models on Display

MRS. RAIZEN TO ASK FOR A NEW TRIAL

Defense Appeal Will Be Based on Exclusion of Testimony of Alienists for Prosecution.

CASE GOES OVER ONE WEEK

Sentence Will Not Be Passed Until Action Is Taken Next Tuesday on the Proposed Motion.

Mrs. Lillian S. Raizen, convicted of murder in the second degree for killing Dr. Abraham Glickstein in his office in Brooklyn on Dec. 10, 1921, was not sentenced yesterday in the criminal branch of the Brooklyn Supreme Court. Justice Cropsey put the case over until next Tuesday in order to allow Albert Conway, her attorney, to make a motion for a new trial.

The exclusion of testimony of one set of alienists engaged by the State, who ad found Mrs. Raizen of unsound mind, is the basis of the appeal. The alienists were Drs. J. Ramsay Hunt, William Russell and Thomas W. Salmon. Mr. Conway said he tried to get their testimony before the jury by calling Dr. Hunt, who had been engaged by the prosecution to examine Mrs. Raizen. Dr. Hunt said he could not testify as an expert for the defense.

Mrs. Raizen was not called before Justice Cropsey yesterday. The crowd had little chance to see the prisoner, who was quickly conducted to the covered patrol wagon surrounded by guards and taken back to Raymond Street Jail. Mrs. Raizen, it was reported, has eaten very little since she was taken back to jail after her conviction on Sunday. A matron is kept with her night and day.

"The jury's verdict was in my opinion an eminently fair one and one entirely justified by the facts in the case," District Attorney Charles J. Dodd said. "In fact, I believe that Mrs. Raizen was fortunate in that a severer verdict was not returned against her, which would have subjected her to the extreme penalty of the law for murder in the first degree.

"The verdict moreover is highly encouraging to those charged with the duty of administering the criminal law, for it is strong proof that a jury in Brooklyn will place the burden of criminal guilt when that guilt has been established beyond a reasonable doubt.

"While the case was hard fought by both sides, I am sure that nobody can deny that it was one of the cleanest fought legal battles that ever took place in a criminal court. Mrs. Raizen got a fair and honest trial. She was honestly and vigorously prosecuted and skillfully and cleanly defended. It was the weight of evidence that told against her."

PLANS A FLOATING SCHOOL.

Asa G. Candler Jr. Proposes to Combine Travel and Study.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 20.—Transformed into a sumptuous see-the-world-as-you-study college for boys, the former army transport Logan will set sail Sept. 15 on her initial cruise, if the plans of Asa G. Chandler Jr. of Atlanta are realized. The ship will have accommodations for 400 pupils, a large faculty, managers and clerks of the various departments.

Mr. Candler said that the school was not a philanthropic foundation. It was a purely business proposition and only men of means could afford to send their sons through such a course.

"My own son," Mr. Candler said, "and the son of my brother Howard will go on the first cruise. This expresses my confidence in the scheme.

"The view I take is this," Mr. Candler continued. "There are many poor boys who attend schools and buckle down to their work in earnest because they have no other interests. But there are many sons of rich men who have their cars and their clubs and find too much to do other than to study. If the rich men's sons are sent to my school they will enjoy themselves, but at the same time they will see that they must concentrate on their studies.

Young boys will not be accepted by the school, it is stated. Those who are admitted must have reached the third year of high school or the first or second year of a liberal arts college. Each boy must have a certificate of health and be of good morals.

Mr. Candler said it had not been definitely decided from what port the rebuilt vessel, which is to be known as the Candler Floating School, would sail on her first cruise, which it is planned to complete on June 10, 1924.

DEAN FRY GRATEFUL FOR AMERICAN AID

Sails for Home Today, Having Collected $23,000 to Restore Lincoln Cathedral.

TO REPAIR CENTRAL TOWER

English Churchman Supports Bishop Manning's Stand in Controversy With Dr. Grant.

The Right Rev. Thomas C. Fry, D. D., Dean of Lincoln, England, will sail today for England on the Saxonia, having raised about $19,000 in this country and about $4,000 in Toronto and Ottawa for restoring the Lincoln Cathedral.

"I expect that other contributions will follow me home," said Dr. Fry yesterday at 375 Park Avenue, where he has been the guest of Miss M. M. Newell. "I am filled with gratitude for the response that I found here. The Americans I have met have been delightful, alert and humorous, as I think I am myself. Any Americans who come to Lincoln will be most welcome, and I shall be glad to show them what is being done with the funds raised here.

"This money will be devoted to the immediate repairing of the Cathedral's central tower, which the architect in charge, Sir Francis Fox, has written me must be attended to at once. Please express my thanks also to the press, which has been particularly nice to me."

Referring to the theological controversy centring around the Rev. Percy Stickney Grant, Dean Fry said: "I do not know Mr. Grant, but I think the difference between his sermons and his letter to Bishop Manning was very marked. A minister speaking in the pulpit may or may not be correctly reported, but when he writes a letter he is expressing the thoughts that he has taken especial care to present in accurate form. I do know Bishop Manning, and my confidence in his fairness and impartiality and courage is absolute. I think he has done the right thing in this case."

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All this is only part of the grinding required. The powder is burned to glass-hard clinker — and then the grinding process starts all over again.

A jaw crusher cracks the clinker; balls hammer it to the fineness of sand.

And again, for an hour, the mass tumbles about in another tube mill, grinding and rubbing together clinker, steel balls and gypsum. Then you have cement.

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ROBBERS SEIZE TAXI, HOLD UP DRUG STORE

Commandeer Cab and Force Chauffeur to Drive Them Away After Getting $1,900.

GUNMEN ARE BUSY AGAIN

One Band Caught at Bridge End by Means of Phoned Auto License Number.

BULLET CRIPPLES DRIVER

Girl Messenger Hands Hold-Up Men Income Tax Papers Instead of $5,000 Payroll.

Another outbreak of robberies and burglaries was reported yesterday and last night. Hold-up men made a big haul of money, jewelry, cocaine and whisky in a drug store at Second Avenue and 105th Street last night, but the criminals got the worst of it in most of the other cases reported. Two men were shot while trying to escape after a hold-up, one of them being "winged" as he tried to drive a stolen automobile past a traffic officer on the Manhattan Bridge.

Another pair of hold-up men were fooled by a girl messenger, who handed them a bundle of income tax papers instead of the $5,000 payroll they were after. The police even caught a man stealing cash registers from stores in the early morning. All in all, the day's police news proved there is still plenty of romance and adventure in New York for some people.

In the drug store hold-up last night three bandits used a taxicab which they commandeered from its chauffeur at the point of a pistol. They hailed the taxi at Twenty-third Street and Sixth Avenue about 9:30 o'clock and drove to Feldman's drug store at 2,038 Second Avenue. One of the robbers put his hand in his pocket as if to pay the fare, but he drew out a .45 automatic and forced the chauffeur to precede him into the drug store.

Nine in Drug Store Hold-Up.

Ten persons, employes and customers, were in the front of the store. Nine of them were held up and compelled to back into the rear room behind the prescription counter, the chauffeur being shoved in with them. The tenth, who was in a telephone booth, sank to the floor when he saw what was going on and stayed there until it was all over.

Benjamin Schachner, manager of the store; his wife, Gussie, and a man whose arm the druggist was bandaging, were in the back room. Herding all victims together, the robbers forced them to line up with faces to the wall and hands in the air. Schachner at first attempted to resist, but one of the robbers pressed a pistol against his forehead and threatened to kill him.

"Don't shoot," a customer begged. "He won't do anything."

"We know you're the manager," said the robber. "Get us the bag with the money."

Schachner produced a black bag containing $850. The robbers added to this $200 from the cash register, $15 in stamps, two diamond rings valued at $850 belonging to Mrs. Schachner, and all the money and jewelry they could find by searching the customers and employes.

"Now, where's the coke?" the robbers demanded.

When the druggist had turned over his store of cocaine, value unknown, the bandits asked, "And where's the good booze?" They took six or eight pint bottles of whisky with them, and said good bye to their victims with a flourish of pistols. Forcing the chauffeur to lead the way to the taxi, they made him drive to Ninety-sixth Street and Fifth Avenue, where they knocked him down in the snow and ran off. The chauffeur reported the robbery to the East 104th Street Station about the same time the druggist telephoned. The chauffeur identified himself as Arthur Omanoff of 1,890 Croton Avenue, the Bronx.

Fast Phone Work in Robbery.

One of yesterday's shootings capped the climax of a case in which the police displayed remarkably fast work and in which perfect telephone service helped to trap the robbers. The story began yesterday noon in Isaac Karchmar's jewelry store at 127 Graham Avenue, Brooklyn. No one was in the store when three men entered, but a buzzer connected with the door notified Karchmer, who was in his apartment above. As Karchmar started down the stairs one of the trio pointed a pistol at the jeweler and ordered him to hold up his hands. Karchmar threw himself back, scrambled up the stairs and ran to a front window, which he smashed with his fist, meanwhile yelling for help at the top of his voice.

One of the robbers picked up a diamond ring worth $600. This was all they had time to take before the neighborhood was aroused by the jeweler's cries. They rushed out of the store and jumped into a green touring car, which had been standing at the curb with the engine running and a fourth man at the wheel. The automobile dashed away, but several persons took down the license number—N Y 789,928—and notified Brooklyn Police Headquarters. Within a few minutes the license number, together with a description of the car and the robbers, was being telephoned to the police all over the city.

Detected by Auto License Number.

At the Canal Street end of the Manhattan Bridge, Traffic Patrolman Martin Kelly of the Bridge Squad was on duty. The telephone bell rang inside his booth, and he went in and took down the license number from headquarters. He had no sooner stepped out of the booth and put his note book back in his pocket, than he saw the robbers' car speeding toward him from Brooklyn. There were only two men in it, but there was no mistaking the license number.

Kelly stepped into the roadway and held up his hand for the driver to stop. The signal was ignored. Crouching in his seat, the driver stepped on the gas and shot past the policeman, zig-zagging in and out of the heavy noon hour traffic and the East Side crowd at the end of the bridge. Kelly drew his automatic, and two shots rang out. His marksmanship was perfect. Both bullets found their mark amid a crashing of glass and a spattering of blood. The driver put on the brakes, and the car skidded and spun around in a circle until it came to a stop.

"Hands up!" yelled Kelly, running up to the car. Several policemen who had heard the shots came up on the run, with drawn pistols. One of the men in the car put up both his hands, but the driver's right arm hung at his side while his right shot upward. He had been hit in the arm by one bullet, while the other had broken the glass in the rear of the car.

Had Three Pistols and a Dagger.

The driver identified himself as Charles Green, 21 years old, of 142 Dearborn Street, Chicago, while his companion said he was Sam Rubin, 23, of 171 East Second Street. Green was taken to Gouverneur Hospital and Rubin to the Clinton Street Station. According to the police, they found a .45 calibre pistol in Green's pocket, a .32 calibre one in Rubin's, another pistol on the floor of the car, and a six-inch dagger in Green's pocket. The police also say that the license plate on the car had been "switched" from another automobile. The car used by the robbers was found to have been stolen from Asen's garage on Second Street, between First and Second Avenues.

Karchmar identified the prisoners as two of the men who held him up. The police have information which they expect will lead to the arrest of the other two. Karchmar was held up on May 24 last, when $5,000 worth of jewelry was stolen from his store.

Policeman Shoots Burglar.

Patrolman Raymond Williams of the Bedford Avenue Station, Brooklyn, proved his marksmanship earlier in the day, wounding a man in the leg after an attempt to rob a drug store at 317 Rodney Street, Brooklyn. Passing the drug store before it was opened yesterday morning, Williams saw two men moving inside. He found a door open and went in. The two men dashed for a rear window. One of them escaped and the other was half through the window, when Williams fired and brought him down. The bullet broke the man's leg. He was taken to St. Catherine's Hospital, where he said he was Anthony Bruno, 26, a laborer, of 61 Mott Street, Manhattan.

The heroine of the income tax papers was Miss Ethel Rabinowitz, 18 years old, secretary of the Fischl Button Company at 501 West Forty-fourth Street. She was held up last Saturday, but it did not become known until yesterday. On her return from the Corn Exchange Bank, Forty-second Street branch, with the company's $5,000 payroll, two armed men stopped her in the hallway outside her office. They ordered Miss Rabinowitz and Jerome Fischl, son of her employer, who accompanied her, to hand over the payroll.

The money was in Fischl's inside coat pocket, while Miss Rabinowitz carried some income tax papers in a heavy brown envelope in her hand.

Girl Outwits Robbers.

"Here, take the money!" she cried, thrusting the envelope at the robbers. "But don't hurt us."

"That's a nice girl," one of the men exclaimed, stuffing the envelope into his pocket. "Come on, Shorty, let's go."

The robbers ran out. Miss Rabinowitz and Fischl then noticed a third man, who had only one arm. He had been lounging in the doorway, but now ran after the others. "Don't be afraid," he shouted to the girl as he disappeared. "Nothing will happen to you." All three men escaped in an automobile. And that is the end of that story, except that the one-armed man was mistaken about nothing happening to Miss Rabinowitz. Her salary was raised.

A hold-up was committed on Monday afternoon in the office of Dr. Louis Werner, a dentist, on the second floor of 500 West Forty-fourth Street, across the street from the scene of the Fischl hold-up. William Sterrett, 70, an attendant, was alone when two men entered the dentist's office. Sterrett tried to fight them off when they held him up, but one of them knocked him down with the butt of a pistol. The robbers escaped with $35 in cash and $200 worth of gold, caps and fillings.

Cash Register Thefts Detected.

In the arrest of two men yesterday, the police said they had exposed a novel scheme of stealing cash registers and selling them. About 4 o'clock yesterday morning a covered wagon stopped in front of Rose Unger's grocery store at 221 Second Avenue and a man in a white uniform and white cap entered the grocery with a key. In a few minutes he came out with a cash register, according to Patrolman Birenbach of the Fifth Street Station, who was watching. The policeman asked the man what he was doing. He said he was delivering bread, but he had no bread in his wagon. Instead, the police say, he had three cash registers and six uniforms in the wagon and 100 keys in his pockets. The uniforms belonged to milkmen, grocers and butchers.

The man said he was Sam Rosenstein, 20 years old, a chauffeur, of 429 Hopkinson Avenue, Brooklyn. Magistrate Wahle in Essex Market Court held him in $5,000 bail for the Grand Jury. Abraham Fuss, 32, a dealer in cash registers at 42 Avenue C, was arrested on the charge of criminally receiving stolen property from Rosenstein, and was held in $2,500 bail for examination on Feb. 27.

Former Convict Held.

Charged with being a "pathfinder" for safe blowers, Michael O'Donnell, 60, of 1854 Park Avenue was held in $10,000 bail for examination today by Magistrate Simms in the Harlem Court yesterday. The police said O'Donnell had been seen loitering about a store at 258 East 122d Street a few days before $600 was stolen from a safe there. O'Donnell has a long police record. In 1898 he was sentenced to Sing Sing for thirty years for burglary. Ten years later he was pardoned by Governor Black. The next year he was sent to Matteawan Insane Asylum after killing a man. He was released from Matteawan in 1914, and has spent three days in the workhouse for violating the Sullivan law in 1921.

Edward Kerschelski, 18, of 21 South Fourteenth Street, College Point, L. I., was locked up in the West Forty-seventh Street Station last night on the charge of stealing clothes and jewelry valued at $1,075 from the apartment of Miss Janet Schwarts at 228 West Seventy-second Street on Feb. 15. The man has been out on parole after conviction for another burglary in 1919.

Joseph Davis, 23, of 877 Tenth Avenue, who was arrested Sunday morning as a suspect, was sent to Fort Leavenworth Prison yesterday when it was learned he had escaped from there in 1919. He had escaped after serving one year of a five-year sentence for striking a fellow-private at Columbus, N. M. The police picked him up with two others they thought were planning to rob Brenner Brothers' fur store at 2,870 Broadway. Thomas Ryan, 26, a timekeeper, of 1,486 Hoe Avenue, the Bronx, and Joseph Stein, 30, a driver, of 926 Union Avenue, the Bronx, were held in $3,000 bail for the Grand Jury by Magistrate Levine in West Side Court yesterday on the charge of having burglars' tools.

A lone robber held up Benjamin Baumgarten in his drug store at Pearsall Avenue and Hudson Boulevard, Jersey City, yesterday, and escaped with $85 in cash and a gold watch, after locking the druggist in a back room. The police believe that the robbery was committed by the same man who Pearsall held up more than twenty saloons recently.

Girl, 12, Crippled, Wins $50,000 Verdict From B. R. T.

When the sealed verdict brought in by a jury in the Supreme Court, Brooklyn, in the $100,000 damage suit of Emily Hesseman, 13 years old, against the B. R. T., was opened yesterday morning, it was found that an award of $50,000 had been made. The child lives at 946 Pacific Street. She asked damages for injuries received on Aug. 12, 1921, when she was struck on the head by a piece of iron thrown from a repair truck.

The child was in Swedish Hospital, where Dr. Leo Lynch of Johns Hopkins University, who was visiting the hospital, removed a piece of bone that was imbedded in the tissue of her brain. Dr. Lynch said that the child would be physically crippled until she dies, although she will be able to walk and talk.

OBEY THE BLUE LAW OR QUIT, SAYS PASTOR

Rev. Harry L. Bowlby Attacks Men Who Seek to Change State Sunday Statutes.

FREEPORT MAN INDICTED

Manager of Yiddish Art Theatre Declares He Will Continue Russian Performances.

People who don't like the Sunday laws had better get out of the country, according to a statement made yesterday by the Rev. Harry L. Bowlby, Secretary of the Lord's Day Alliance. The "blue Sunday" light was also featured by announcement from the Yiddish Art Theatre, whose manager was brought to court for giving a Russian drama last Sunday night, that it would keep on giving Sunday night performances in defiance of the Lord's Day Alliance.

The reformers won a legal victory in Long Island, where the Nassau County Grand Jury indicted the manager of the Freeport vaudeville theatre. In Union Hill, N. J., eight moving picture theatre managers were fined $1 each for the second time, and were warned by the Court that a third fine would mean Grand Jury action.

Dr. Bowlby's statement began with an attack on Assemblyman Hackenburg, who has introduced an anti-blue law resolution in the Assembly.

Dr. Bowlby's Statement.

"It may be well to call the attention of the people and the Assemblymen and Senators that the laws on the New York State statute books are in no particular whatever oppressive to any person or persons who are willing to abide by the commonly accepted principles governing the American Sunday," said Dr. Bowlby. "The only person or persons today who are annoyed by these laws are the money-getting men who want to operate an entirely unnecessary business on Sunday.

"It is this class of persons that are constantly seeking the modification of the New York State Sunday laws and already such serious inroads have been made upon these laws that if this army of commercial invaders is not checked the time will come when there will be little left of these civil safeguards of the American Sunday, beneficent protectors of the laboring man and the moral strength of the State itself.

"The Sunday laws for which we stand so unswervingly are genuine American or Red, White and Blue laws and whether a man is born in the United States or some foreign land, if the Sunday laws seeking the moral strength and the perpetuity of the nation do not suit him the sooner he embraces the opportunity to seek other shores where he can do just as he pleases on the American Sunday, using his personal liberty for his own personal profit, the better it might be for himself and many others concerned."

Will Continue Performances.

Maurice Swartz, director of the Yiddish Art Theatre, made the following statement:

"The summons was served upon the testimony of patrolmen that it was not a religious performance. "Anathema" is not a religious performance in the sense of a communion or other service, but this work of Leonid Androyev's is one of the most profoundly religious dramas of all times, and I have been congratulated by many clergymen for producing it. I have had many ministers down to see it, and I have invited many more. It will do the Lord's Day Alliance good to see this play, and I invite its members to come down in a body. I am sure they will regard it as a Sunday well spent.

"Further, let me state that the entire proceeds of both Sunday performances for a period of five weeks are to be given to the building fund of the People's Hospital. Such being the case, we could claim exemption upon the basis of their being benefit performances. However, we do not seek to excuse ourselves on this ground, and we intend to offer vigorous opposition to any attempts of the Lord's Day Alliance to prevent us from giving performances on Sundays."

The man indicted in the Freeport case was Robert T. Rasmussen, who was charged with violating the penal law by giving vaudeville performances on Feb. 4 and 11. Among the witnesses who appeared before the Grand Jury at Mineola were the Rev. Walter E. Thompson, pastor of the Methodist Church at Freeport; Cornelius I. McNierney, an investigator for the Lord's Day Alliance; Chief of Police John Hartmann of Freeport and Edmund T. Cheshire and Thomas E. Purell, residents of that place. After the indictment was handed up to Supreme Court Justice Harry E. Lewis, District Attorney Charles R. Weeks said that if the case was successful he would take action against other theatres.

ASSAIL BLUE SUNDAY BILLS.

Hotel Men Oppose Prohibition of Shoeshining and Haircutting.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb .20.—With ammunition consisting of typewritten statements, the New York City Hotel Men's Association, through its counsel, Frank A. K. Bolland, opened a crossfire here today on measures now before the Legislature dealing with blue laws, frog legs, shining of shoes and haircuts. Mr. Bolland warned the members of the Legislature that they might be in danger of bodily harm from scores of epicures and fanciers of frog legs if the Chamberlain closed season frog bill is passed.

"Every day, in every way, it looks more and more as if some one some time will propose a closed season on bacon and eggs," Mr. Bolland asserts.

In discussing the Clayton Anti-Sunday Shave bill Mr. Bolland said he felt more than sorry for the New York City girls. "Just think what it will mean, if this bill becomes law, to the New York City girls whose out-of-town sweethearts do not reach the big city until Sunday, and are then unable to get a shave," he said.

Mr. Bolland declared that the bill prohibiting bootblacking on Sundays, if placed on the statute books, eventually would mean the legislation out of existence of Sunday newspapers. While the hotel men are not opposed to the principle of the Steinberg bill, which would transfer the licensing of taxicabs in New York City to the Police Department, they do not approve of legislating into office for life the present Deputy who is in charge of the bureau now charged with that work in Mayor Hylan's License Department. They contend that the Police Commissioner should have a free hand to place in charge of licensing taxicabs a person directly responsible to him and subject to the discipline of the Police Department.

Six Rail Men Killed in Wreck.

ELMIRA, N. Y., Feb. 20.—In a collision of two trains this morning on the Lehigh Valley Railroad, at Rummerfield, Pa., about ten miles south of Towanda, Pa., it is known that six persons were killed, including two engineers, two trainmen and two firemen. There were no passengers on either train. The wreck resulted, it is stated, when westbound express train No. 17 ran past a block signal and flagman and struck the rear of a caboose which was standing on the westbound track, held up by a freight train which was being run into a siding.

Labor, Business and Daugherty Join To Bar Lockwood as a Federal Judge

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—Opposition by business and labor interests investigated and exposed by the Housing Committee may cost State Senator Charles C. Lockwood of Brooklyn an appointment as United States Judge in the Eastern District of New York. A further objection has been heard that the Senator "would be dominated by Sam Untermyer."

The situation has been presented to President Harding by Senator Calder, one of Senator Lockwood's chief backers, it is understood. Senator Wadsworth, thus far, has not opposed Mr. Lockwood, although organization Republicans have asserted that local politics must be considered in making this appointment.

Senator Lockwood's friends have sent to the White House many endorsements of him by influential members of the bar in New York State. None the less, the President is not expected to make a nomination displeasing to the Attorney General. Mr. Daugherty is said to have taken the position that Mr. Lockwood should explain his criticism of the department for its handling of the gypsum case, which grew out of housing committee disclosures. The Senator and Mr. Untermyer insisted that prison sentences should have been imposed, whereas only fines were inflicted.

Senator Lockwood's position is that his work as Chairman of the Housing Committee must stand without apology, particularly as it brought relief to thousands of New Yorkers. He is a receptive candidate for the Judgeship.

ADMITS A MURDER CHARGED TO CONVICT

Wilmington (Ohio) Burglar Confesses Crime for Which Man Is Serving Life Sentence.

LATTER TAKES NEWS CALMLY

Wife Worked as a Waitress by Day and a Laundress by Night to Clear Husband.

COLUMBUS, O., Feb. 20.—Clarence Leroy McKinney, known as 51,210 behind the gray walls of the Ohio Penitentiary, dropped his tools in the looming mill today and hurried to Warden Thomas's office in answer to an imperative summons. He found a reporter with the Warden.

"You're free," he was told. "The other fellow pleaded guilty."

McKinney's face twitched slightly and he said without emotion, "Oh, am I?"

Thus was ended a case which officials said had been almost without parallel in the criminal history of Ohio.

Five months ago McKinney, whose wife lives in Cincinnati, started to serve a life sentence for murder. A jury at Wilmington, Ohio, found him guilty of shooting to death Special Officer Emery McCreight on Feb. 14, 1922.

McKinney asserted from the start that he was in a picture show in Cincinnati with his wife at the time McCreight was killed. The case apparently was closed with the sending to prison of McKinney, who was 29 years old then.

A few months later Louis Vandervoort of Jamestown, son of a wealthy farmer, was arrested on suspicion that he was responsible for many burglaries.

Today in Wilmington he pleaded guilty to a charge of murder in the second degree and admitted he killed McCreight.

He was sentenced to the penitentiary for life. His accomplice, Walter Bangham of Jamestown, admitting manslaughter, received a one-to-twenty-year term in the Mansfield Reformatory.

"McKinney," said Warden Thomas, "is the most philosophical man I have seen in my nineteen years here."

"Sure," said McKinney, "we all have our troubles. I knew this would come out all right."

Warden Thomas said he would not release McKinney until the necessary papers had been forwarded by Wilmington authorities.

WILMINGTON, Ohio, Feb. 20.—Plans for releasing Clarence McKinney, 29, now serving a life sentence in the penitentiary for the alleged murder of Emery McCreight, were outlined tonight by Judge F. H. Clevenger. They call for the return of McKinney to Wilmington for a formal retrial. By this procedure, Judge Clevenger explained, the Court will have an opportunity to annul the sentence.

James Reno of Cincinnati, who with McKinney, was charged with murder but never brought to trial, will be freed, Judge Clevenger said. Reno is in the Clinton County jail.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 20.—Mrs. Leroy McKinney was overjoyed when informed that Louis Vandervoort had admitted in court that he killed Special Officer McCreight and that her husband would be released from the Ohio Penitentiary, where he was sentenced to imprisonment for life.

"That's good news," Mrs. McKinney said, scarcely able to talk. "You say he is to be taken to Wilmington tomorrow? I will be there sure to meet him. That is good news, thanks."

Mrs. McKinney is working here as a waitress in a restaurant by day and as a laundress by night to obtain money to establish her husband's innocence. They had been married only two months when he was arrested and charged with the murder of McCreight, she said.

VOTES TO ABOLISH MILITIA.

Wisconsin Assembly Passes Bill, but Compromise Is Expected.

MADISON, Wis., Feb. 20.—The Wisconsin National Guard lost another battle in its fight for existence today when the Assembly by a vote of 65 to 14 refused to postpone indefinitely the Polakowski bill calling for the complete abolition of the State's military force. The rules were then suspended by 61 to 17 and the measure was passed by acclamation.

As a final victory those backing the bill forced a suspension of the rules for a second time by 63 to 15, and immediately sent the measure to the Senate for action by that body.

A caucus of Administration members held last night decided unanimously to throw its influence behind the bill, which also had the support of the Socialists.

Friends of the bill, confident of their strength, offered no debate, but with Assemblyman Thomas Duncan of Milwaukee, a Socialist, as their spokesman, they moved with regularity to push it over every step of the way from the committee through the lower house. In the Senate more difficulty is predicted for the proposal.

As a result of the Assembly action Governor Blaine, who opposes the bill, according to an expression given to the State Federation of Labor, will bring pressure to bear to head it off by a compromise. A large cut in the appropriation is expected, with the guard continued.

TWO LIEUTENANTS FINED BY ENRIGHT

One Loses Three Days' Pay, Other Day's Pay, for Failing to Report Auto Accidents.

SERGEANT IS DISCIPLINED

Six Patrolmen Also Fined, Two Losing Thirty Days' Pay Each, for Failure to Arrest Driver.

Fines for infraction of police regulations were imposed by Commissioner Richard E. Enright yesterday afternoon on two lieutenants, a sergeant and six patrolmen.

For failing to report an automobile accident that occurred in his precinct on Nov. 20, Lieutenant John J. Flannelly of the West Thirtieth Street Station was fined three days' pay. He also was charged with having failed to notify detectives of the number of the automobile.

Failure to report an automobile accident that occurred in his precinct on Oct. 24 cost Lieutenant Francis Stainkump of the East Thirty-fifth Street Station a day's pay.

Sergeant Robert Pless of the Mercer Street Station was fined two days' pay for failure to exact discipline from a patrolman on Oct. 10.

Patrolmen Charles F. Selfried and Walter Asklund of the Simpson Street Station, Bronx, were fined thirty days' pay each for alleged failure to arrest the driver of an automobile in which liquor was being transported on Oct. 19. The patrolmen are said to have accepted money from the driver and to have turned it over to their sergeant. Both were assigned to the Beach Street Station at the time.

Patrolman Daniel J. Donnelly of the Old Slip Station, charged with not having summoned a physician to his home after reporting sick on Sept. 8, and with having absented himself from home without leave after reporting sick, was fined five days' pay.

A fine of twenty days' pay was imposed on Patrolman Christopher Humers of the Richmond Hill Station for having driven an automobile while intoxicated on Nov. 15.

For having engaged in a street fight in Brooklyn while off duty and in citizen's clothes, Patrolman Charles F. Casanz of the Rapelye Street Station, Brooklyn, and Patrolman Charles Mearington of the Astoria Station, were fined twenty and ten days' pay respectively.

DEATH PENALTY IN BIBLE.

Legislators Debating Capital Punishment Hear Pastor Quote Verses.

LANSING, Mich., Feb. 20.—Members of the Michigan House of Representatives, preparing for a vote on a capital punishment bill, were discussing today the invocation delivered last night by the Rev. August Sater, pastor of the Scandinavian Lutheran Church of this city. He took as his text Bible verses apparently intended to justify the death penalty.

"'Who sheddeth man's blood, by man shall his blood be shed,'" the Rev. Dr. Sater quoted. "'If a man come presumptively upon his neighbor to slay him with guile, thou shalt take him from My altar that he may die.'"

The measure did not come to a vote last night because of the absence of its author, Representative Clarence G. Pitkin of Muskegon County. It probably will be voted upon later this week.

A joint resolution submitted last night proposes to deprive the Governor of his right to pardon first-degree murderers. Opponents of the death penalty hold that removing the possibility of pardon for murderers would preclude the necessity for more severe penalties.

KLAN RECEIVER REFUSED.

Georgia Court Rules on Charges of Misuse of Bonds.

ATLANTA, Ga., Feb. 20.—Evidence presented in the case of Harry B. Terrell and others against the Ku Klux Klan, alleging misuse of bonds by E. Y. Clarke, Imperial Giant and former Imperial Wizard pro tem. of the order, does not authorize the appointment of a receiver for the property of the organization, according to a decision handed down today by the Georgia Supreme Court.

The court also holds that the fact that charges have not been prepared by the Klan against Mrs. Elizabeth Tyler, formerly connected with the organization, and against Clarke does not signify that they will not be prepared.

The plaintiffs, Harry B. Terrell, Lloyd Hooper, F. W. Atkins, A. J. Payton and 170 others, brought suit in December alleging that Clarke had misused bonds of the order and that they had preferred charges against Mrs. Tyler and Clarke before William J. Simmons, Imperial Wizard of the order, but that no action had been taken. They also said that several days later they were informed through the newspapers that they had been expelled from the organization. The court held that there was no evidence of their expulsion.

What Will the Outcome Be in the Ruhr?

First light by trained observers on the critical Ruhr situation will appear in The New York Times next Sunday. The Times has received a detailed report from a reliable source of the effects of the French occupation of the Ruhr, with a summarization of the various theories advanced as to the objects of the French Government in undertaking the occupation.

The New York Times
NEXT SUNDEY
Reserve a copy at your news stand

REACH AGREEMENT IN DRESS STRIKE

Manufacturers Grant 40-Hour Week and Overtime, but Retain Piecework.

HOPE TO OPEN SHOPS SOON

Unions Will Take Referendum Today on Conditions—Jobbers Are Not Yet In Line.

A forty-hour week with piece work is the basis of an agreement approved last night by the Association of Dress Contractors and the General Strike Committee of the Joint Board of Dress and Waist Makers' Union, both hoping to make a quick termination of the strike of 30,000 workers in the dress and waist industry, which began two weeks ago today. Before the strikers may go back to work there are certain difficulties that must be ironed out between the manufacturers and the jobbers, and the approval of the agreement by the union's strike committee must be ratified by the locals, who will hold a referendum today.

The strikers included week work among their chief demands, and although they did not gain that point, they said last night that they were compensated by the forty-hour week. The workers in the dress and waist industry of New York will be paid the same wages for forty hours that they formerly were paid for forty-four hours. The workers may not work more than one hour a day overtime, and for overtime they will draw double pay.

The forty-hour week, it was predicted in union circles last night, will soon be adopted generally in the needle industry of New York. The manufacturers also agreed to allow an increase of 10 per cent. to all piece workers.

Another concession by the manufacturers was the extension of the trial period from one to two weeks. A concession by the union was its agreement that union clerks should be accompanied by clerks of the Association of Dress Contractors while investigating complaints of violation of the working agreements.

The agreement was approved by the Association of Dress Contractors at a meeting of the full membership at the Hotel Astor. It had been approved by the Executive Board earlier in the day at the Hotel Brealin.

Within a few minutes after the association ratified the agreement a meeting of the General Strike Committee of the Joint Board of the Dress and Waist Industry was held at Beethoven Hall, 210 East Fifth Street, was informed of the action and gave its approval to the agreement.

Today the agreement will be submitted to a referendum of the union locals at six different meetings throughout the city. The union will open headquarters to strike headquarters probably tonight or tomorrow at the New Union Square Hotel.

In the meantime the Association of Dress Contractors will endeavor to bring the jobbers into line. Before that can be done there must be an understanding between the manufacturers and the jobbers that the manufacturers will be protected against the pirating of styles, that there will be no shortage of sponge materials, that there will be no unreasonable "returns," that there will be a uniform order blank, that insurance will be pro-rated on the amount of the merchandise actually delivered, and that there will be a general improvement in business practices.

DECLARES EMPLOYE WILL SUE HARDING

Caraway Forecasts Action by Printing Bureau Man—Assails Hughes, Sawyer and Fall.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—During a speech in the Senate tonight Senator Caraway of Arkansas stated that one of the men discharged from the Bureau of Printing and Engraving under an Executive order was going to sue President Harding for "willful, malicious defamation of character."

"I feel absolutely certain," said the Senator, "when I make the statement, Mr. President, that what never happened before in the history of this country is going to happen now—that one of these discharged employes is going to sue the President of these United States for willful, malicious defamation of character, and the President, like any other citizen, is going to stand at the bar of justice in the courtroom in the City of Washington and answer that charge. That is the last resort. We have talked it over many times, but in some way they hoped that the President would have some little regard for other people's rights and do some little act toward restoring to these people the reputations he destroyed; but he says now, 'I will not do it, and I am not sorry for what I did.'

"Then there, Mr. President, because it never happened is no reason it is not going to happen, and the President can answer to the Senate or he can answer to a jury in the District of Columbia, as he sees fit; but there is a tribunal before which even the President of the United States must answer, and I assure him that he is going to answer before one of them and if they think it is an awful thing, in the language of the Senator from Texas (Mr. Calder) it is a terrible thing to investigate the President—then it must be that the President has done some terrible thing, because if he had done the thing that is right, the President would not object to being investigated, you know."

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—Senator Caraway of Arkansas, author of a resolution to investigate the dismissal a year ago from the Bureau of Engraving and Printing of men and women who now have been exonerated by Presidential proclamation, but are not to be reinstated in their jobs, discussed in the Senate tonight reports that the Senate Committee on Contingent Expenses virtually had decided against reporting out his resolution. He said that the inquiry might be "smothered" in committee, but that hundreds of thousands of people all over the country were inquiring into it.

The Arkansas Democrat charged that Senator Calder had obtained the appointment of a constituent to a place made vacant by the dismissals and criticised the President and the Administration generally for "having struck down the reputations of more than a score of honest men and women."

In the course of his speech, which was made during the filibuster of the shipping bill, the Senator also paid his respects to various members of the Cabinet, declaring that "Attorney General Daugherty not only knows nothing about law but never has indicated any curiosity as to law." Secretary Fall, he said, had for some time been expected to quit "when the lid of the Teapot Dome blows off, and it is stewing now."

He predicted that when Congress returned next December "only two or three leading master minds will be with us," and added:

"The Secretary of State will still be sitting on his iron safe, so that no one can tell what the country's foreign policy is, and still will be too busy even to get a shave. Brig. Gen. Sawyer still will be rattling around his spurs, which are only several inches below his ears."

Model Convict Wins Chance to Make Good Outside Prison

Because Ernest Sorrentino, a prisoner who served three years in Sing Sing for a robbery in Brooklyn, behaved well in prison and promised to "go straight" outside, a warrant lodged at the prison for his rearrest was withdrawn yesterday and Sorrentino was released.

The warrant, filed some time ago by Kings County authorities, charged attempted robbery, assault and grand larceny and was based upon one of the two indictments found against Sorrentino before he was sent to Sing Sing. Warden Lawes advised the Kings County officials that Sorrentino's term was about to expire, and in view of the prisoner's conduct the county officials decided to give him a chance.

LOCOMOTIVE KILLS PAIR ON A CROSSING

Man and Wife in Automobile Struck After the Car Mounts Steep Grade Near Westfield.

SCENE OF FORMER TRAGEDY

Runaway Coal Truck Sets Off a Fire Alarm and Accident Follows.

Another fatal grade crossing accident in the metropolitan district occurred last night. This one was near Westfield, N. J., where a man and his wife were killed when their automobile was struck by a locomotive on the Rahway crossing of the Lehigh Valley Railroad.

The victims of the accident were Mr. and Mrs. Herman Wiersing of Westfield. They were returning from a visit to Rahway. Driving up the steep grade to the Rahway crossing, which is considered dangerous, the couple could not see the locomotive approaching.

The locomotive, which was in charge of Engineer Scott Wood and Fireman John Patrick, both of Perth Amboy, was traveling at high speed to get out of the way of a fast express due at the crossing within a few minutes. Two girls were killed and a man injured at the same crossing two years ago.

A complication but not very serious automobile accident took place yesterday afternoon on 150th Street between Broadway and Riverside Drive. Descending the ice-coated and steep hill to the drive, a truck belonging to the Henderson Transfer Company skidded into a coal truck standing in front of a house. The first truck then came to a stop, but it sent the coal truck bumping down the hill until it ran into an electric light pole. The impact broke the pole in two and set off a fire alarm from the fire box attached to the pole.

Responding to the false alarm from 150th Street and Amsterdam Avenue a fire engine skidded at Broadway and 150th Street and ran into an automobile driven by Bernard Neville of 1,176 Grand Concourse. Neville's car was slightly damaged, but none of the other machines was injured and nobody was hurt throughout the series of accidents.

A Smith Street Brooklyn surface car which jumped the rails last night while nearing the Manhattan side of the Brooklyn Bridge brought the service over the westbound surface car rails on the bridge to a standstill for two and a half hours, until a wrecking crew got the car back onto the trucks and in motion again. The car was in charge of Motorman Arthur Tuper of 626 Coney Island Avenue, Brooklyn, and Conductor Frank Castellano of 820 Pacific Street, Brooklyn. Passengers in the car were forced to get out and go the rest of the distance to Park Row on foot. One of the one-man bridge local surface cars was operated as a shuttle over the east bound rails of the bridge during the tie-up.

CHARGES HIS WIFE'S ATTORNEY KISSED HER

Ex-Senator Alfred J. Gilchrist Is Accused at Hearing in Alimony Case.

During the argument on a motion for alimony and counsel fees before Justice Faber in the Supreme Court, Brooklyn, yesterday, former State Senator Alfred J. Gilchrist, attorney for Mrs. Annette May Marsh of 268 Linden Avenue, Brooklyn, was accused of "hugging and kissing" his client and her female relatives. The charge was made by Harry C. Marsh, 265 Linden Avenue, Brooklyn, who is resisting his wife's separation suit.

Marsh denied his wife's story that she had unwittingly been led into arranging with him for a collusive divorce with Marsh as the defendant to be caught in a fake raid. After she found her husband in a hotel room with a woman, she said, she became convinced that it was wrong and told her mother who took her to Mr. Gilchrist, the family lawyer. Her suit for separation followed.

"My wife's mother is divorced from her second husband," said Marsh in his answer. "My wife's sister is suing her husband for a separation. My wife is suing me for a separation. They all have the same attorney, who is a frequent visitor at their home. He apparently shows great affection for the mother, my wife and her sister, continually hugging and kissing them and addressing them by endearing names."

"The family is at least consistent in having one attorney," said Justice Faber, as he reserved decision.

SNAKES LATEST LONDON FAD

Women Demand Boa Constrictors and Other Brazilian Reptiles.

LONDON, Feb. 20.—Boa constrictors caught on the shores of the Amazon are the latest fashionable pets for women. A flourishing business has been done by a London naturalist in selling these pets to professional dancing girls in England and on the Continent.

The snakes, which are kept in perforated zinc boxes fitted with tanks, include every variety of Brazilian boa constrictor. American bull snakes are also popular.

"I am importing two shipments of snakes," one dealer announced, "to meet the new demand. The smaller snakes are the more popular, and their is no danger from their bite. They are easily tamed and make good pets."

SEEK TO MAKE CRAIG PAY.

Brooklyn Library Officials Act to Have Payroll Approved.

Application for a writ of mandamus to compel City Controller Charles L. Craig to audit and approve the January payroll for the Brooklyn Public Library was filed with Justice Faber in the Supreme Court in Brooklyn yesterday by Meier Steinbrink, attorney for the library.

An affidavit by John Hill Morgan, Secretary of the library, said that Craig's omission had held up the payroll of $38,829 for the 340 employes. Steinbrink's petition was opposed by Assistant Corporation Counsel Charles J. Druhan, who obtained an adjournment until Monday.

WARD'S ISLAND FIRE NOT DUE TO WIRING

Chief Electrician Testifies That Lights Were All Burning After Blaze Started.

CAUSE STILL A MYSTERY

Other Institutions to Be Examined to Determine Whether Any Are Firetraps.

ANOTHER BODY IS FOUND

Governor Smith to Send a Message Today on Fire Hazards and Overcrowding.

Investigators united yesterday in eliminating electrical wiring as the cause of the fire which swept Ward 42 on Ward's Island last Sunday, bringing death to twenty-seven persons among the thousands of mental patients. With the withdrawal of this theory, explanation of the blaze, the second in two weeks in the same place, remained lacking.

Continuing his inquiry Chief Medical Examiner Charles Norris had before him as a witness John Leonard, chief electrician on the island. Michael Campbell and John Hill, two of the attendants at the institution, testified on Monday that the electric lights in the ward were out when they ran there following the discovery of the fire. Leonard disputed this, and his explanation was accepted by Dr. Norris.

Leonard said his wife had awakened him a few minutes after the fire was discovered. He ordered attendants to get the patients out of the wards and hurried into the burning wing. He told Dr. Norris that the electric lights were all burning when he entered the structure.

"

STATE NOW OWNS ITS MOUNTAIN TOPS

Acquisition of Mt. Marcy Completes Ownership of Forty Out of Forty-Two.

NEARLY $4,000,000 SPENT

Total of $7,500,000 Voted in 1917 for Purchase of Adirondack and Catskill Lands.

With the acquisition of Mt. Marcy, the highest peak in New York State and the central feature of the Victory Mountain Park which recently became the property of the people of the State, as a result of negotiations conducted for several years by the Conservation Commission, the ownership of all or part of practically every high peak in the Adirondack region is now secured to the State. Forty-two Adirondack peaks are listed by the Adirondack Mountain Club as having an elevation of more than 4,000 feet. The State now owns either all or part of forty of those forty-two peaks. Nearly half the forty peaks are entirely State land, or will be when the acquisition of lands now approved for acquisition is completed. The two outstanding peaks not approved for acquisition are Dial and Sawteeth Mountains, located on private lands, where they will be protected, according to a recent statement from the Albany office of the Commission.

In addition to Mt. Marcy, the State has completed the acquisition of lands including the following high peaks: MacIntyre, Colden, Whiteface, McKenzie, Wallface, Seward, Seymour, Esther, Cliff, Tabletop, Calamity, Little Haystack, Spotted, and parts of the following mountains: The Boreas Range, Colvin (Sabael), Nipple Top, Haystack, Bartlett Ridge, Basin, Saddleback, Gothics, Armstrong, Wolf Jaw, Sawtooth, Street and Nye. Of the lower peaks included in the list acquired are, Pinnacle, Shaker, Pine, and parts of the following: Cat, Arab, Cathead and Woodhull Mountains. The acquisition of the following high peaks has been approved, and as soon as negotiations are completed these also will become State Land: Skylight, Redfield, Puffer, Tripod, Green, MacNaughton, and parts of the following: Allen, McComb, Porter, Giant, Big Slide and the Sentinel Range. Four of the peaks acquired are the sites of fire observation stations maintained by the State.

The recent purchase including not only Mt. Marcy but also valuable timberlands in the Johns Brook and Elk Lake watershed and the headwaters of the Boreas River, involved the expenditure of $650,000, of which $2,636.44 was contributed by the Victory Mountain Park Committee. These land purchases also include the West Canada Lake section, Lake Colden, Avalanche Lake and lake frontage on Big Tupper Lake, Lake Placid, Cranberry Lake, Woodhull, Canada, Pine and Green lakes.

During the Spring of 1917 the first allotment of $3,500,000 of the $7,500,000 which had been voted for use of the Conservation Commission and Commissioners of the Land Office for the acquisition of additional lands for the Adirondack and Catskill Forests became available. Since that time approximately 400,000 acres of land have been examined by the foresters and appraisers of the Conservation Commission, and negotiations in regard to the acquisition of these properties have been carried on during the last two and one-half years. As a result, contracts were entered into for the purchase of large and small areas situated in the Adirondack and Catskill section and out of these properties the Attorney General has approved title, deeds conveying the property to the State have been recorded, and the State Treasurer has made payment for 180,639.73 acres for a total consideration of $2,072,844.53, or an average price of $11.47 per acre. Included within this area are large tracts of virgin spruce on the high slopes of mountains which contain a large amount of very valuable merchantable timber.

Appropriations have been voted and completed including 16,128.16 acres, wherein, after the appropriation agreements were made and entered into, settlements were affected out of court for the sum of $552,321.04, or an average of $34.86 per acre. In the case of 4,250.45 acres, where appropriation was completed, the State was unable to make settlement and the case was tried before an official referee and an award made of $374,335.41, or an average of $88.07 per acre. There has therefore been acquired, and the consideration paid, on 201,018.34 acres for $3,599,531.58, or an average of $17.91 per acre.

The State's title to 39,407 acres which the State claimed under various tax sales and the title to which was claimed adversely to the State, had been in litigation for nearly forty years. The settlement was recommended by the Attorney General on account of adverse court decisions and was approved by the Conservation Commission, the Commissioners of the Land Office and the Governor, by the payment of $250,000. The settlement related to lands in the vicinity of the Saranac Lakes, Cranberry Lake and Rainbow Lake which were practically covered with virgin forest, and many miles of the finest lake frontage in the Adirondacks.

The total amounts that have been paid out for purchase of these lands is $3,-849,531.58. Among the purposes considered in their acquisition, says the Commission, the most important are:

Maintenance of protection forests on the watersheds of important streams.

Extension of State holdings available for recreational use by the public and protection of aesthetic features.

Consolidation of State holdings to facilitate administration.

Providing for a future timber supply. In spite of the fact that the utilization of timber in the Forest Preserve is prohibited at present by the State constitution, it has been apparent from the earliest steps taken in the formation of a Forest Preserve that the safeguarding of a future timber supply has always been in the minds of the public.

The distribution of lands which have been acquired has been divided proportionately between the Adirondack and Catskill Forest Preserves, and acquisitions have extended from North to South and from East to West in each of those preserves, with the result that owing to this wide distribution of lands acquired, there has been made available for communities tributary to every part of the Forest Preserve, additional State land.

The acquisition of similar lands for watershed protection in the Catskill Mountains has proceeded along with the acquisition of the Adirondack summits. Practically none of the high peaks of the Catskills are now without some State land, either on the summit itself or on the steeper slopes. The importance of protecting the watersheds of the Esopus and Schoharie Creeks, from which New York City expects to obtain its water supply, has been realized and has been considered in planning the acquisition of lands in this region.

Perhaps the object of land acquisition which appeals most strongly to all, has been the extending of the area of lands available for recreational use—for hiking, hunting, fishing, camping and the like. Viewed from this standpoint, the lands acquired under the bond issue have been particularly well selected, says the Commission. The high mountains purchased in some cases primarily for the protection of the watersheds, are the areas most attractive to the hiker and mountain climber. On the other hand, areas of less rugged topography with attractive water courses appeal more to those who desire to hunt and fish, or as a camping place for families over the week-end. A review of the tracts of land acquired under the bond issue, will show some newly acquired land easily accessible from large towns or cities adjacent to the Adirondacks.

It has been possible by the purchase of certain areas of high mountain slopes dominating important Summer resorts, to preserve the aesthetic features of the landscape and in the acquiring of these areas, certain public spirited organizations have co-operated, says the Commission.

80 PER CENT. TO WORKERS.

Labor Receives Major Share of Shipping Earnings, Says Report.

That four-fifths of the income from American shipping goes to employes for services, is the conclusion arrived at by the National Bureau of Economic Research as the result of an analysis made by it of income derived from water transportation. The share of the employes in the value product of the industry was relatively steady in the decade 1909-1918, the period studied, dropping no lower than 73.2 per cent., rising no higher than 85.8 per cent., and closing at 83.2 per cent., as compared with its opening at 83.5 per cent. ten years before, declares the bureau.

"Comparisons of the tonnage afloat of the American merchant marine with the population of the Continental United States for each of the eleven years from 1909 to 1919," says a statement issued by the bureau, "show that the tonnage per capita was almost imperceptibly declining in the first five years of this period, with its lowest ebb in 1914. A moderate increase in 1915 and 1917 was followed by a large growth in 1918 and a tremendous expansion in 1919.

"The period which began in 1909 when the country, with a population of 90,370,000, had 1,338,755 tons afloat, closed in 1919 with a population of 105,-867,000 and 10,247,360 tons afloat, tonnage per capita having increased from .0615 to .1231 in the eleven years.

"The increase in the tonnage per capita was coincident with a marked gain in the economic welfare of shipping employes. The purchasing power, in terms of 1918 dollars, of the average annual earnings of the employes attached to the industry was almost constant in the first five years of the period under review, subsequently rising from its low point of $790 in 1914 to its peak of $1,612 in 1917. While the figures fell again to $969 in 1918, this sum was 20 per cent. higher than the compensation of $810 received in 1909. The earnings in current dollars, in the same period, rose from $773 in 1909 to $1,532 in 1918.

"Employes in the industry of transportation by water receive a larger percentage of the value product than do those in many other fields, such as manufacturing, public utilities, production of minerals, agriculture, and hand trades.

"While the total share of the value product of the industry received by operators and investors was increasing from $304,305,000 in 1909 to $85,236,000 in 1918, the total share of the value product paid to employes in the form of wages and salaries was jumping from $178,-200,000 to $421,200,000. The number of men actually at work on the vessels of the American merchant marine increased from 149,200 in 1909 to 222,260 in 1919, while the estimated average annual earnings of all employes on vessels of the merchant marine rose from $901 in 1909 to $2,159 in 1919.

"Operation of the merchant marine vessels also gives work to a large number of persons on land. In 1909, there were 58,450 land employes at work engaged in the industry of transportation by water with an estimated average annual pay of $964. With the increase in shipping activity, this total rose to 80,400 in 1918 and at the same time the estimated average annual pay of these land employes rose to $1,012."

MACHINERY EXPORTS JUMP.

Increase From $1,000,000,000 to $4,000,000,000 in Decade.

American machinery and the men who make it hold high rank in every part of the world. We have sold to the outside world more than $4,000,000,000 worth of machinery in the last decade, against $1,000,000,000 in the decade immediately preceding, and $350,000,000 in the ten years ending with 1901, and the machinery is going in increasing quantities to every country and colony of the world.

The list of articles forming this group of "machinery" includes such important articles as locomotives, automobiles and the engines by which they are operated, electrical machinery, agricultural machinery, sewing machines, typewriters, cash registers, adding and calculating machines, metal working machinery, mining machinery, textile machinery, printing presses and a thousand and one evidences of American genius.

"A good deal of the wide popularity of this product of the American factory is illustrated in the fact that the locomotives exported from the United States in even the lean trade year 1921 went to thirty-five different countries," says a survey of the trade by the National City Bank, "and in the year 1920 to forty-five countries; cash registers, a very recent factor in the exports of machinery, went in 1921 to sixty countries and colonies representing every grand division of the globe, while adding machines, a still more recent factor in the export line, went to approximately fifty countries in the same year. Elevators and elevator machinery, long popular in the United States, but more recently a requirement of everyday life in other parts of the globe, went to twenty-eight countries in 1921; gasoline engines to seventy-five countries; tractor engines, a still newer factor, to more than fifty countries; laundry machinery to a score of countries and colonies; metal working machinery, of which the high value came to be especially recognized during the war, went to about forty countries; oil well machinery, in which the United States quite naturally excels, to thirty countries; air compressing machinery to a score of countries; cream separators to over thirty; sewing machines and typewriters to over fifty countries, while agricultural machinery, long a standby in the world around went literally to every part of the globe, as did also the more recent requirement for transportation, the passenger automobile and now the commercial automobile, which last year invaded over seventy-five countries and colonies scattered the world over.

"The growth in world popularity of the American machine and the quality of the man who produces it are largely the result of the closer acquaintance which the world made with them during the war, as is evidenced by the fact that the total value of machinery exported in the last decade is more than four times as much as in the ten years preceding and twelve times as much as in the decade ending with 1901."

DIET FOR CHILDREN.

Dr. Dorothy Mendenhall Gives Interesting Advice to Mothers.

Start right food habits in infancy and exercise parental control to enforce them, is the advice offered by Dr. Dorothy Reed Mendenhall to Wisconsin mothers attending the recent "Better Badger Homes" short course given by the Department of Home Economics of the University of Wisconsin. Some of the main points in her talk are:

"Every child is better for meat or fish or eggs once a day. They can get along with that, but the average child is better off if he has meat at dinner and an egg or cottage cheese for supper. One helping of meat, such as beef, is the equivalent of one pint of milk or two eggs. Thus, a child should have three cups of milk a day, meat or fish at noon, and eggs or cottage cheese or baked beans or a cup of puree for his supper. Milk, of course, is given the first year. Meat is begun the second year, eggs the second, and at the end of the second year cottage cheese or pea puree. After the second year begin a little meat once a day or perhaps two or three times a week.

"Other tissua building foods are minerals. The blood and bone are almost entirely mineral. Calcium is the chief ingredient of bone. One pint of milk a day is the very minimum that will produce calcium. Certain vegetables are high in calcium—for example, cauliflower and celery and cabbage. Orange is high in calcium. Children who are making bone fast must get calcium, and if you don't give enough milk the child doesn't get enough calcium.

"Almost all children at the end of the first year are low in iron. The child must have green vegetables, meat and eggs, for all of these foods contain iron. The child must not have meat during the first year, but give it spinach and green vegetables. He should have spinach every day, also orange, which contains iron. We read a great deal in the advertisements about raisins containing iron. There is no more iron in raisins than in prunes, figs, eggs or potato. Even the little baby should be given iron in green vegetables. From one year on you can put a little meat in the soup, giving at first only the fluid but gradually adding a little of the meat itself to the child's diet."

HALLEE'S FOULARDS PLEASE AMERICANS

Two-in-One Costumes Are the Most Popular Type in Paris Openings.

YOUTHFUL TAILORED SUITS

These Have Hip Length or Sleeve Length Straight Jackets and Contrasting Bodices.

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PARIS, Feb. 20.—Jeanne Hallée is an old firm under new management, that of Mlle. Anna, formerly with Worth. The style and type of the Hallée collection are difftrent from that of former years, more truly Parisian and youthful, suitable for younger Americans. A particular success this season has been with the three-piece suit and the two-in-one costumes, consisting of a youthful looking draped gown of figured foulard, over which may be worn for the morning a full-length coat of navy blue rep, with a figured crêpe bodice revealed at the open front of the coat. The narrow tube silhouette is adhered to in the lines of the coat, which is usually unbelted and trimmed, if at all, with only vertical bands of pin-tucked self-material.

Most popular with American buyers have been two-in-one costumes of the following type: The dress is of foulard, with a bright red ground figured in dull purple. The deeply bloused back of the bodice continues into the sleeve drapery, caught only at the wrist. This sleeve is slashed from shoulder to wrist. The front of the skirt overlaps deeply toward the left side front, leaving one free edge topped with a bow of silk. When a full-length costume coat of navy blue rep is added to this skirt a panel of foulard is hooked over on the outside of the coat at the opening at the left side front, while the front of the coat is cut away entirely above the waist line, revealing an oblong vestee of figured silk. The coat sleeves are full length. This gives a definite example of the most popular type of garment, brought out in the February openings, combining chic with practicability and economy.

Tailored suits, particularly youthful in treatment, have hip length or sleeve length straight jackets trimmed with bands of embroidery or self-fabric trimming of self material about the lower edge. A contrasting georgette bodice is straight of line, semi-fitted and attached to the skirt at the low waistline. The skirt is wrapped about the hips snugly and overlapped at the left front. There is no belt, the sheer bodice and attached skirt of worsted material forming together a semi-fitted frock of youthful lines. Freedom and grace are afforded through the fact that the suit bodice is usually softly gathered at the neck and also gathered where it is attached to the skirt, though no suggestion of bloused effect marks the straightness of line.

Suits are mainly reps, in high colors, including Lanvin green, snuff, tortoise-shell shades, light grays and beige.

Afternoon and evening dresses show clustered fullness at each side of the front, with a flaring movement, or across the front and sides.

Dancing frocks for young girls are of black taffeta, fashioned with off-shoulder décolletage in the mid-Victorian style, the long bodice to the hip line draped softly to outline the figure, though not tightly; the skirt gathered very full at the front and sides, with extra gathers introduced on each side of the front, where it is corded, a few inches below the top. These frocks are usually sleeveless. A portion of the bodice or a deep lace berths covers the top of the arm. Clusters in front in bright orange or jade relieve the sombre tone. More formal evening frocks are draped horizontally about the figure, outlining it closely from bust line to hem. The drapery is released either at the back, in huge bustle loops, or at the side front in cascading points.

CHICAGO LEADS IN LIGHT.

Will Be Brightest Spot on the Globe, Declares Publication.

Were Chicago to go back to the primitive days it would require approximately 57,532,900 candles to illuminate her streets as they are now lighted, according to an article in The Greater Chicago Magazine. Advertising signs and store-window lighting are not including in this, states the article, and at least 50,000,000 additional candles would be required for them, making a total of 107,532,900.

"Early this year," the article continues, "there will be in operation 68,404 electric street lights, making Chicago the brightest spot on the globe. Chicago has the largest municipal lighting system in the world, operating, in 1923, 54,000 electric street lamps at a cost of $1,400,000. To provide the same service by using rented electric street lamps would cost approximately $2,250,000 a year. From this it is apparent that the city, by operating its own system, is saving the taxpayers approximately $1,-450,000 a year.

"The first municipal electric lighting system was placed in operation on Christmas Eve, 1887. The equipment consisted of one 125-horsepower engine and four 30-light, low tension arc dynamos. One hundred lights were placed in service, lighting the river at street intersections.

"The energy for the operation of Chicago's street lamps is obtained from the hydroelectric plant of the Sanitary District at an annual rate of 615 per kilowatt, or $0.0044 per kilowatt hour. The cost of operation has decreased, due to economical methods, introduction of more efficient types of lighting units, and reduction of current rates, from an average of $55.40 per lamp in 1906 to an average of $24.65 per lamp in 1922.

"Five types of lamps are in use, ranging from 100 to 1,000 candle power. One thousand flickering candles at a street intersection might be arranged to provide an artistic lighting effect, but with Chicago's reputation as a windy city the chances are that the first ones would be out before the thousandth could be lighted.

"The Department of Gas and Electricity operates in residence districts a large number of 100 candle power, 4 ampere, gas-filled series incandescent lamps. A submarine cable is laid in the parkway and ornamental cast iron or concrete posts are installed to carry the lamp equipment. Seventy-five of these lamps are installed per mile of street, two being placed at each intersection of a street and an alley, and in general one lamp for each 75 lineal feet of street.

"A new type of residence lighting system, known as the group lighting system, has been designed. Twenty-one thousand lamps have been installed on this type of circuit and by the Spring of this year there will have been installed an additional 14,000 lamps. This system is constructed at a saving of $15 per cent. in first cost and so designed that it is impossible for the public to come in contact with dangerous voltages In the technical language of the electrician, it is explained as follows:

"The cables are laid in the parkway, a 5,000-volt cable being used for the primary circuit and a 600-volt cable for the secondary circuit. For street and alley crossings the cable is protected by fibre conduits encased in concrete or steel pipe, which is pushed from curb to curb without disturbing the existing pavement. There are 250 to 350 100-candlepower series lamps on each circuit, and these lamps are operated in groups of seventeen to thirty-one lamps for each group. Each group is connected to the secondary side of a series transformer which operates at 6.6 amperes primary with a ratio of 7 to 1. There are usually twelve of these transformers with their primary windings connected in series on each 5,000-volt circuit."

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

ATKINS—M. G'Neil Co.; Miss M. Rowland, buyer of ladies' underwear; 37 W. 20th (H. M. Bostman).

ALBANY—Spiegel & Wiener; J. Spiegel, three-piece suits, better dresses; 115 W. 20th (National Purchasing Co.).

ALBANY—Wm. Proctman, children's coats, gingham dresses; 115 W. 20th (National Purchasing Co.).

ALFA-VISCA—Alfa-Visca Millinery Store; Miss E. Rose, ready-to-wear millinery; 136 W. 25th (A. M. Pierson & Brother); Imperial.

ALTOONA, Pa.—Silverman & Silverman; B. Silverman, coats, suits, dresses; 115 W. 20th (National Purchasing Co.).

ALTOONA, Pa.—Fruhman, children's coats, gingham dresses; 115 W. 20th (National Purchasing Co.).

AKRON, Ohio—C. H. Yeager Co.; Miss B. Burbacher, waists; 1,140 B'way (Bash & Bash).

ASHLAND, Ohio—Fashion Manufacturing Co.; Nate Fleiger, ready-to-wear, millinery, leather bags; Mecaline.

BALTIMORE—American Wholesale Corp.; M. G. Frazier, muslin underwear; G. H. Gartner, hardware, radio supplies; 324 4th Av.

BALTIMORE—American Wholesale Corp.; J. Reines, corsets; 324 4th Av.

BALTIMORE—Purchaser's; J. E. Bark, jobs silk dresses; Miss Fuhrman, bolivia capes; 1,231 B'way (S. Solomon).

BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; Miss A. Lanson, Miss McCourt, silk petticoats; 18 W. 20th.

BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; Miss A. Lanson, millinery; 18 W. 20th.

BALTIMORE—Julius Gutman & Co.; Miss D. Dotterweich, jobs silk dresses; 36 W. 33d (Livingston & Cohen).

BALTIMORE—Harold, Kahn & Co.; E. T. Thisle, clothing; 220 5th Av. (F. Atkins).

BALTIMORE — American Wholesale Corp.; M. G. Frazier, garments; 324 4th Av.

BALTIMORE—Standard Overall Co.; S. Rosenbloom, overall materials; Grand.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—Cahoon Bros.; A. F. Summar, white goods, domestics, household linens; 11 East 26th (McGreavey, Warring & Howell).

BOSTON—C. F. Hovey Co.; upstairs, Miss M. Hallet, misses' coats, suits; Miss L. O'Neil, women's coats, suits; J. H. Zimmerman, div. mgr. women's coats, suits; Miss A. Murphy, women's underpriced dresses; Miss J. O'Callaghan, div. mgr. dresses, stouts; stellen reaux, Miss R. Barry, women's, children's gloves; Mrs. D. Hewey, stouts' stylish coats, suits, dresses; basement, Miss Westcott, children's, juniors' Spring coats; C. F. Finberg, asst. mdse. mgr., silk dresses; F. H. Meyer, waists, sweaters; aprons, housedresses, muslin underwear; 225 5th Av., Room 611.

BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; L. P. Hill, women's coats, dresses; 432 4th Av.

BOSTON—Jordan, Marsh Co.; upstairs, E. A. Pitman, books; W. S. Tufts, mdse. mgr., 432 4th Av.

BOSTON — Gilchrist Co.; upstairs, J. J. Smith, men's shirts; J. Y. Breen, neckwear, laces, yellings; Miss C. Townes, handkerchiefs; J. S. Hartford, notions, toilet articles; Miss L. Keegan, waists, sweater; Miss E. Minahan, girls', juniors' dresses, coats; basement, Miss C. Markus, children's, girls', juniors' Winter coats, dresses; bloomers, gym bloomers, bloomer dresses; 225 5th Av., Room 603.

BOSTON—Wm. Filenes Sons Co.; basement, Miss Dartt, infants' wear; Mr. Hahn, leather goods; Miss Lynch, petticoats; Mrs. Kasanez, jobs neckwear; Miss Williams, hosiery; Miss O'Brien, women's, misses' Winter coats; 225 5th Av.

BOSTON — Butler's, Inc.; H. H. McLeod, boys' clothing; D. B. Donovan, hosiery, knit underwear, gloves, neckwear; A. Saunders, mdse. mgr., sweaters; 225 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fischer).

BOSTON — Chandler & Co.; Miss Keenan, hosiery; Miss A. L. Vermetto, laces; Mrs. A. G. Dane, women's coats; 240 Madison Av.

BOSTON—Larkey's; L. E. Larkey, women's Pennsylvania.

BOSTON—M. J. Collins, mfgr. coats; Park Av.

BOSTON—Bergheim Bros.; A. G. Bergheim, neckwear; Brostall.

BOSTON—A. Salsnorg & Co.; A. Gainsborg, clothing, furnishing goods; Imperial.

BOSTON—Superior Millinery Co.; P. M. Ginsburg, millinery; Gregorian.

BOSTON—Peerless Co.; Boston Reliable Petticoat Co.; S. Andrews, silks, cotton radiums, jerseys, trimmings; 200 5th Av., room 510.

BRIDGEPORT—D. M. Read Co.; J. O'Connor, coats, suits, muslin underwear; 404 4th Av. (D. G. Allison).

BROWNSVILLE, Pa.—Kaufman Dept. Store; N. Kaufman, general merchandise; 115 W. 20th (B. F. Levie).

BUFFALO—Wm. Hengerer Co.; J. V. Swans, upholstery, lace curtains; 16 W. 46th.

BUFFALO—J. N. Adam Co.; S. W. Dunham, women's coats, jersey suits, dresses; 16 W. 39th.

BUFFALO—Jahraus, Braun Co.; Miss C. Mathews, muslin underwear, aprons, housedresses; McAlpin.

BUFFALO—L. R. Steele Co., Inc.; H. E. Morton, hosiery, underwear, knit goods, men's furnishings; Continental.

BUFFALO—L. Berger; Miss F. Murphy, E. G. Scholl, coats, suits, dresses; 370 7th Av. (H. C. Lyon).

BUFFALO—L. Stotkin & Co.; L. Stotkin, millinery; Women's Exchange; Grand.

CANANDAIGUA, N. Y.—Lynch-Fuller Corp.; T. W. Lynch, general merchandise; 126 W. 33d (A. Fantl).

CAPE CHARLES, Va.—W. B. Wilson & Son, Inc.; J. W. Wilson, mdse. mgr.; Cellingwood.

CHARLESTON, S. C.—J. J. Strauss & Co.; I. V. Eiseman, millinery; Martinique.

CHARLESTON, S. C.—Star Bargain House; H. Karsch, dry goods; Martinique.

CHARLOTTE, N. C.—J. B. Ivey & Co.; J. B. Ivey, boys' clothing; Pennsylvania.

CHICAGO—Mandel Bros.; M. Herz, jewelry, leather goods, silverware, toilet goods; 15 W. 22d.

CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; J. J. Tracey, notions, perfumes, &c.; 1,107 B'way.

CHICAGO—The Fair; G. W. Knoepfel, sporting goods, auto accessories, men's bathing suits; Miss M. Lido, boys' bloused boys' suits; Miss E. Herman, jobs house dresses, aprons, negligees, cotton, silk petticoats; 225 4th Av., Room 811.

CHICAGO—Kann & Co. (Jobbers); M. M. Kann, Spring capes, coats; 28 W. 32d (Lltiman & Storch).

CHICAGO—Goldman Mfg. Co.; H. Goldman, mfrs. children's dresses; Martinique.

CHICAGO—Spurgeon Merc. Co.; B. E. Moser, housefurnishing goods; Pennsylvania.

CHICAGO—Samuel Phillipson & Co.; E. B. Phillipson; underwear, hosiery, sweaters; E. A. Stark, piece goods, linens, infants' wear, ladies', children's dresses, curtains, draperies, &c.; Pennsylvania.

CHICAGO—Chicago Mail Order Co.; W. Genat, misses', misses' silk, cotton dresses; 368 6th Av.

CINCINNATI, Ohio—Louis Stix Co.; J. J. Kaufman, piece goods, hosiery, underwear; 347 B'way.

CINCINNATI—Hanke Bros. Co.; H. J. Guckenberger, mdse. mgr.; R. Davis, house furnishings, toys; 225 5th Av. (F. Atkins).

CLEVELAND—Bartlett Stores; W. Adelson, coats, suits; Pennsylvania.

CLEVELAND—W. H. Quimby Co.; B. F. Koch, women's wear, millinery; Miss L. M. Ellis, women's wear; Imperial.

CLEVELAND—Havre Co.; A. Havre, R. L. Havre, men's, women's furnishings; Pennsylvania.

CLEVELAND—Halle Bros. Co.; E. H. Aymar, shoes; 200 5th Av. (F. Atkins).

CLEVELAND—Salley Co.; A. Ahrens, jobs children's coats, dresses; R. Marschel, jobs children's ready-to-wear; 1,373 B'way (Affiliated Retail Stores).

CLEVELAND, Tenn.—J. W. Hayes, dry goods; Martinique.

COSHOCTON, O.—H. L. Shaver & Co.; Miss I. Bowsler, millinery; H. L. Shaver, housefurnishing goods, glass, shoes; Martinique.

COLUMBUS, Ga.—J. A. Kirven Co.; J. D. Kirven, millinery, women's, infants' wear; 1,140 B'way (Morgan & Ahrens).

COLUMBUS, Ga.—J. Seligman, ready-to-wear; Imperial.

COLUMBUS, Ga.—J. & R. Lazarus & Co.; G. Winchester, girls' wear, sweaters, basement; Mr. Devir, millinery, basement; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.)

DALLAS—Y. H. Well & Co.; H. W. Devine, Spring suits, dresses; 1,261 Broadway (S. Solomon).

DALTON, Ga.—Lee Routh Co.; L. Routh, dry goods, gen. mdse.; Alcazar.

DAWSON, Ga.—T. & G. S. Martin; T. S. Martin, gen. mdse.; Martinique.

DAYTON, Ohio—Rike-Kumler Co.; Miss A. Lund, furs; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.)

DENVER—Reuler Costume Co.; G. C. Reuler, jobs coats, dresses; 28 W. 32d (Littman & Storch).

DETROIT—Crowley, Milner & Co.; E. Ver Linden; men's shirts, ties; C. W. Greene, boys' pants, women's, children's underwear, silk knit underwear, men's hosiery; M. Patten, men's overcoats; W. P. Berry, men's overcoats, night shirts, sleeves, collars, handkerchiefs; 120 W. 32d (A. Fantl).

DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; A. W. Krenning, trimmed hats; Mrs. E. Wilcox, girls' juniors, wear; Mrs. Field, furs, basement; Mrs. M. Gillis, shirts, basement; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.)

DETROIT, Mich.—W. H. Bartlett Co.; B. Silverman, jobs Winter coats; 370 7th Av. (L. Landres).

DETROIT—Ernst Kern Co.; Mrs. F. Miner, dresses; 276 5th Av. (C. A. Cook).

ELMIRA, N. Y.—C. F. Dowd Co., Inc.; S. J. Simmons, ready-to-wear; Mr. Hoffman, dresses; L. E. Record, coats, suits, waists; 404 4th Av. (D. G. Alliance); McAlpin.

ELMIRA, N. Y.—Sheehan, Dean & Co.; B. Dean, dress goods, silks, dress trimmings; 1,261 B'way (S. Solomon).

EVANSVILLE, Ind.—M. Mantle; Miss Rosalyn Martin, blouse vestee, bolero; Pennsylvania.

FAIRMONT, West Va.—Cohen Bros.; J. Cohen, mdse. mgr., millinery; 115 W. 20th (S. F. Levie).

FORT SMITH, Ark.—Boston Store; D. G. Co.; E. Kaufman, ladies' ready-to-wear; 1,140 B'way (Bear & Lilienthal).

FORT WORTH—Monnig D. G. Co.; H. Hendrick, silks, dress goods; 72 Leonard (W. L. Mowell Co.).

GENEVA, N. Y.—Lynch-Fuller Corp.; E. F. Lynch, ready-to-wear; 126 W. 33d (A. Fantl).

HARTFORD—G. Fox & Co.; Miss B. Wetzel, silk and muslin underwear; 150 W. 23d (A. Fantl).

HORNELL, N. Y.—McGreevy Dept. Store; J. G. McGreevy, dry goods and gent's mdse.; Martinique.

INDIANAPOLIS—Nettle D. G. Co.; Walter J. Cohn, men's, boys' clothing; 240 Madison Av.

INDIANAPOLIS—L. S. Ayres & Co.; W. Wallace, silks; J. R. Baxter, coats, suits, dresses, skirts, basement; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Ass'n).

INDIANAPOLIS—Efroymson & Wolf; S. Hansen, house furnishing goods; 28 W. 32d (Littman & Storch).

JOHNSTOWN, Pa.—M. Nathan & Bro.; Miss F. F. Mahaney, millinery, dress trimmings; 1,140 B'way (Bear & Lilienthal).

JOHNSTOWN, N. Y.—Northrup Glove Co.; A. Rosenthal, gloves; Mardinique.

KALAMAZOO, Mich.—Vollman's; H. Vollman, coat, suit mdse.; 120 W. 32d (A. Fantl).

KEYSER, W. Va.—W. G. Wilson, dry goods, gen'l mdse.; Pennsylvania.

LANCASTER, Pa.—Hager & Bro.; J. F. Rhoads, carpets, rugs, wall paper; 404 4th Av. (D. G. Alliance).

LANCASTER, Pa.—Watt & Shand Co.; T. S. Travis, men's, boys' clothing; 432 4th Av. (D. G. Union).

LEBANON, Pa.—Haak Bros.; W. M. Haak, gen. mdse.; Brezilia.

LEHIGHTON, Pa.—Castor's Dept. Store; Mrs. I. Brill, cloaks, suits, dresses; Martinique.

LEXINGTON, Ky.—Wolf, Wile & Co.; G. G. Wilson, linens, wash goods; 120 W. 32d (A. Fantl).

LIVE OAK, Fla. — Aaron's Emporium; B. Aarons, gen. mdse., dry goods, men's, women's wearing apparel; McAlpin.

LOCK HAVEN, Pa.—Klewans's; B. Klewans, ready-to-wear; Latham.

LOS ANGELES—Faris-Walker D. G. Co.; E. Bromberg, men's pajamas; 115 W. 20th (Wall & Hartman).

LOUISBURG, N. C.—F. W. Wheless D. G. Co.; F. W. Wheless, dry goods; Brezilia.

LOUISVILLE, KY.—H. P. Selman & Co.; S. Goldberg, ready-to-wear; 1,225 B'way (S. M. Goldberg).

LYNN, Mass.—P. B. Magrane Store, Inc.; C. D. Bixby, silks, dress goods, velvets, linings; Prince George.

MCKEESPORT, Pa.—Union Clothing Co.; L. Levine, jobs capes, suits, dresses, blouses; Pennsylvania.

MACON, Ga.—McCommon Bros.; G. W. McCommon, jobs coats, suits; 1,261 B'way (Kaye & Co.), Room 614.

MOBILE, Ala. — G. Jacobson Clothing Co.; M. G. Jacobson, men's, young men's clothing; Pennsylvania.

MERRIMAC, Mass.—Berry-Hook Mere. Co.; H. T. Kordenbrock, muslin underwear, children's rompers; 1,261 B'way (S. Solomon).

MEMPHIS, Tenn.—Kaster-Lyons Co.; H. D. Kaster, hosiery, skirts, men's furnishings; Imperial.

MIAMI, Fla.—Army and Navy Store; H. Goodman, underwear, shirts; Pennsylvania.

MILWAUKEE—M. Helmann & Co.; M. Wittendorf, ladies' hats; 15 W. 38th (H. Abeles).

MINNEAPOLIS—Dayton Co.; F. Stuck, china, glassware; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).

MINNEAPOLIS—Powers Mere. Co.; W. C. M. Pyke, specials, women's neckwear, kibbie, laces; 16 W. 20th.

MOBILE, Ala.—G. Jacobson Clothing Co.; M. G. Jacobson, men's, young men's clothing; Pennsylvania.

MORGANTOWN, W. Va.—Orr Bros.; F. D. Orr, dry goods; Pennsylvania.

MORGANTOWN, W. Va.—Chenoweth & Co.; C. L. Chenoweth, dry goods, gen. mdse.; Martinique.

NEW BEDFORD—New Bedford D. G. Co.; A. Menard, boys' furnishings; F. T. Foy, men's furnishings; 404 4th Av. (D. G. Alliance).

NEW BERN, N. C.—S. Copion & Son; C. Copion, dry goods, ready-to-wear; 324 8th Av. (L. Prager).

NEWCASTLE, Pa.—Higgins Bros.; F. Perry, silks, wash goods, novelties; T. F. Higgins, jobs basement mdse.; Pennsylvania.

NEW CASTLE, Pa.—Higgins Bros.; T. F. Higgins, mdse. mgr.; Pennsylvania.

NEW HAVEN—Edw. Malley Co.; to J. G. Miner, jewelry, ribbons, notions; Miss A. J. White, hdkfs.; A. T. Hotchkiss, lamps, bedding; S. Kramer, blankets, flannels, wash goods; E. E. Leveen, laces, embroideries; A. Balkenmer, shoes; 105 Grand (Jay & Co.).

NEW HAVEN—Edw. Malley Co.; R. A. Mills, coats, suits, dresses, furs; 32 W. 35th (Jay & Co.).

NEW HAVEN—Gamble-Desmond Co.; M. H. Reynolds, upholstery, rugs; 432 4th Av. (D. G. Union).

NEW HAVEN—Gamble-Desmond Co.; S. J. Nealis, toys; 432 4th Av. (D. G. Union).

NEW HAVEN, Conn.—Mendel's; S. Harris, mdse. mgr.; 1,180 B'way (Bear & Lilienthal).

NEW ORLEANS—Chas. A. Kaufman Co.; C. M. Kaufman, gen'l mdse.; 120 W. 32d (A. Fantl).

NOGALES, Ariz.—Chas. Dumasert D. G. Co.; C. Dumasert, mdse. mgr.; Pennsylvania.

NORFOLK, Va.—Snyder & Berman, Inc.; L. Snyder, women's ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

NORFOLK, Va.—H. Grockin, carpets; Pennsylvania.

OLEAN, N. Y.—Lynch-Fuller Corp.; J. G. Lynch, ready-to-wear; 126 W. 33d (A. Fantl).

OMAHA—Burgess-Nash Co.; M. A. Van Withoven, infants', juniors' wear, blouses; 200 5th Av., Room 1211.

OXFORD, N. C.—F. B. Bialock, ready-to-wear; Martinique.

PAWTUCKET, R. I.—Shartenberg & Robinson Co.; C. H. Clark, cloaks, suits, waists; 404 4th Av. (Dry Goods Alliance).

PENN YAN, N. Y.—Lynch-Fuller Corp.; E. Lynch, ready-to-wear; 126 W. 33d (A. Fantl).

PHILADELPHIA—Stewart's; Mr. Camins, Spring suits; 126 W. 33d (A. Fantl).

PHILADELPHIA — Stewart's; L. Blauner, jobs sample dresses; 126 W. 33d (A. Fantl).

PHILADELPHIA—Blauner's; Mr. Sachs, junior girls', kiddies' wear; 126 W. 33d (A. Fantl).

PHILADELPHIA—Blauner's; L. Weinstein, Philippine underwear; 126 W. 33d (A. Fantl).

PHILADELPH

THE BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

[illegible] 4½@5% for the best names
[illegible] 4½@5% for the best names
[illegible]ous are quoted at 5% for six months' paper.

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Knitted Sport Garments.

Knitted garments for sports and general wear continue to sell exceptionally well, and it is the general expectation that the coming season will be one of the biggest ever experienced. Lines of three-piece suits have been prepared of the knitted cloths, striking a new note in the production of these garments. Following the big way in which capes made of pile woolens, twills and silks have been selling, knitted capes for sports purposes have made their appearance. The colorings of the garments are rather bright, occurring principally in border effects. Trimmings are of a novel nature, leather being used in some instances.

***

Want Silverware for Sales.

Sellers of medium-priced silverware in this market tell of an excellent business at present in the kinds of goods that can be used for sale purposes. The demand is especially strong, apparently, for the more popular-priced hollow ware in Dutch and platinum effects. Among the other articles that are selling well here are console sets to retail at $10 and up, and fruit bowls and other ware known to the trade as centrepieces. These are doing well in qualities that can be retailed upward of $5. From all accounts, the business being placed just now by out-of-town buyers bulks considerably larger in the aggregate than that of merchants in and around this city.

***

Luggage Demand is Active.

An active business in luggage of all kinds is one of the features of the business being done here in leather goods at the moment. This was said yesterday to result from the anticipation of price advances, which are due on March 1 and which, it was asserted, will probably amount to 15 or 20 per cent. They will be due to the higher cost of the raw materials. In the smaller types of leather goods a seasonably active business is being done in women's handbags, vanity boxes, &c. Among the best-selling handbags are paisley effects, in leather, that wholesale at from $22 to $27 a dozen. The bulk of the present demand is reported to be coming from buyers in the Middle and Far West.

***

Strap Buckles Selling Again.

With the returning vogue for strap pumps for women there has come about a revival of the request for strap buckles. They are wanted principally in the five-eighth and three-quarter inch sizes, with some demand for seven-eighths-inch buckles. They are selling both in novel and conventional shapes, and the popular finishes include mill, tarry bronze, bright and dull jet, and nickel. While the manufacturing trade is using few Colonials at the present time, retailers catering to a high-grade clientele in some parts of the country continue to take them in a fair way. There is also a reported fair amount of buying of cut steel buckles by these merchants.

***

Buying of Corsets.

While manufacturers here say the early Spring corset buying has been in good volume, some of them are inclined to believe that most of the orders are yet to be received. Those models which are in accord with the new silhouette, which is flat across the back with straighter hips, have had the best demand. Advances in prices of webbing and corset fabrics have been met by manufacturers, but it was said yesterday that they will not generally affect the Spring quotations, although some houses may make increases for the latter part of the season. The Fall level of quotations will, however, reflect the added cost of manufacture in the standard merchandise.

***

White Oxfords Promise Well.

The favor with which white buckskin oxfords for men have met at Miami, Palm Beach and other well-known re-

RETURN ON INCOMES CHECKED BY BUREAU

"Information at Source" One of Many Ways to Discover Delinquencies.

"Information at Source" data required by the Revenue Act of 1921 are discussed in a statement by the Bureau of Internal Revenue, issued as one of a series on "Income Tax Facts." The statement says:

"The Bureau of Internal Revenue has at its command innumerable sources of information for checking up delinquents. Under the 'information at source' provisions of the revenue act returns of information are required of all persons, trustees, guardians, fiduciaries, and by corporations, partnerships and organizations and officers and employes of the United States who paid to others during the calendar year 1922 $1,000 or more.

"Income to be reported includes interest, rent, premiums, salaries, and all fixed and determinable income. A separate return of information for each employe whose salary for 1922 was $1,000 or more is required of employers. Special attention is directed to the requirement that partnerships, in addition to filing a regular partnership return on form 1065, shall file an information return showing the salaries paid each member of the partnership.

"Payment for overtime fees, commissions, bonuses, shares in the profits of a business, and the fair value of board and lodging furnished as part payment for services should be included in the total salary paid. Banks and similar organizations are required to report interest paid or credited to a depositor if the total during the year equaled or exceeded $1,000.

"Returns of information are filed on Form 1099. Form 1096, on which must be shown the number of separate returns, serves as a letter of transmittal. Information returns must be filed with the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, Sorting Section, Washington, D. C. Collectors of Internal Revenues are not authorized to receive these returns.

"The period for filing is from Jan. 1 to March 15. Information returns are carefully checked with individual returns. If in a taxpayer's individual return a payment reported on an information return is omitted, quick action by the Board of Internal Revenue follows. Thousands of delinquents, and additional taxes aggregating hundreds of thousands of dollars, have been discovered as the result of this audit."

North Carolina May Build Railway.

RALEIGH, N. C., Feb. 20.—A bill which would authorize issuance of $10,000,000 in State bonds for financing construction of a railroad through the mountain counties of Western North Carolina was passed today by the House, 63 to 48, and sent to the Senate.

BUSINESS NOTES.

The Kaufman Department Store of Brownsville and Union City, Pa., and Golden Brothers of Fairmont, W. Va., are now represented in this market by Ben F. Levis, resident buyer, 115-125 West Thirtieth Street.

Arthur J. Goldman, formerly of Goldman & Kohn, is now located at 100 Fifth Avenue, where he is doing business as a wholesale distributor of ladies' merchandise under the firm name of the A. J. Goldman Company.

E. E. Abrahams, formerly with S. M. Goldberg and other local resident buying concerns, is in charge of the small wares buying for the L. Abramson Company, resident buyers, 25 West Thirty-third Street, who have extended their service from buying ready-to-wear goods only to purchasing all lines of merchandise. Mr. Abrahams is assisted by Joseph Moskowitz, formerly with Alfred Fasch.

Knitted Sport Garments.

Knitted garments for sports and general wear continue to sell exceptionally well, and it is the general expectation that the coming season will be one of the biggest ever experienced. Lines of three-piece suits have been prepared of the knitted cloths, striking a new note in the production of these garments. Following the big way in which capes made of pile woolens, twills and silks have been selling, knitted capes for sports purposes have made their appearance. The colorings of the garments are rather bright, occurring principally in border effects. Trimmings are of a novel nature, leather being used in some instances.

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***

White Oxfords Promise Well.

The favor with which white buckskin oxfords for men have met at Miami, Palm Beach and other well-known re-sorts this Winter is being reflected to a considerable extent in the way this footwear is being bought for Spring by retailers in this city, Philadelphia, Washington and other large places in the East. With the more conservative trade all-white shoes are taking best, while buyers who lean toward novelties are purchasing oxfords showing the use of tan calf, black calf and other leather saddles in combination with the buckskin. A good many of the popular models are made plain, but some of them are trimmed with facings and wing tips. The oxfords in question do not really come into the sport shoe category, but are designed chiefly for street and beach wear.

***

Report Entire Lines Withdrawn.

While the American Woolen Company has made no definite announcement to that effect, it was reported yesterday, both in the financial district and the woolen trade, that the entire lines had been sold up and withdrawn. No official confirmation of this was forthcoming from a representative of the company, but the information received general credence throughout the trade. The company did make announcements of withdrawals of certain of its lines, notably those for the women's wear trade and overcoatings, but made no declaration regarding the entire lines. It is also reported that the process of allotment of the goods, made necessary by the surplus of orders received, has been completed. This coincides with the fact that many of the large piece goods buyers are now leaving the local market.

***

Strong Prices for Gray Goods.

Trading in the local market for gray goods yesterday was hampered to some extent by the unwillingness of sellers to give the deliveries that buyers wanted at the prices that the latter were willing to pay. Some spot business was done by second hands on 38½-inch 64-60 printcloths at 11¼ cents, but late February and early March deliveries of these goods brought 11¾ cents to first hands. Bids of that figure for April-May deliveries of the same construction were not entertained by sellers. Other nearby printcloth sales yesterday included 39-inch 68-72s at 12¼ cents and Southern 39½-inch 60-48s at 9⅝ cents. Eastern makes of the latter concern were sold at 9⅝ cents. Sheetings sales included 5.50s at 9 cents and 6.15s at 8¼ cents. Not much feature was apparent in the fine-yarn goods and specialties.

***

New Blouse Design.

Taking a leaf from the book of the suit manufacturers who are now making a big play on the three-piece suit, a local blouse wholesaler is placing on the market a new model which incorporates a similar arrangement. An outer jacket forms one portion of the blouse, being along "swagger" lines, while a vest of a contrasting color comes underneath. By this arrangement the outer jacket may be worn open, like in the "mandarin" style of the three-piece suit. It is mainly designed for street wear and, owing to its novelty and smartness, the manufacturers expect it will receive a very favorable response. It is available in a range of colors and in printed or plain crepes and knitted fabrics. In many instances the undervest is embroidered with designs of Egyptian inspiration. The blouse wholesales at $8.75 and $9.75.

***

Vogue of Knickerbockers.

If knickerbockers for girls are not very popular during the coming Spring, manufacturers of these garments will be disappointed. The early business placed in them has been good, and re-orders are looked for as soon as the weather becomes mild enough for the sports period to begin. The "knickers" now being offered show several improvements. They are reinforced, have buttons at the side which may be adjusted to allow freedom of movement and are provided with slash pockets. At the knee there are either single or double buckles which can be arranged so as to exclude dust and yet be comfortable. Some of the models have belts with a sliding catch similar to those used by men. The knickerbockers made of camel's hair appear most favored, but there is a good call for those of velour checks, homespuns and tweeds.

RUSSIAN TRADE GROWS.

Soviet Figures Indicate Increase in Imports and Exports.

During the first three quarters of 1922 imports of Soviet Russia, exclusive of contributed relief supplies, were 1,678,300 long tons, valued on the basis of 1913 price averages for respective commodities at 223,600,000 prewar rubles, according to statements in the Soviet Official Economic Life translated by the Eastern European Division of the Department of Commerce. Exports are given as worth 50,000,000 gold rubles in the nine months of 1922. Imports, as stated by Economic Life, show an increase of 36,100,000 gold rubles over those of the same period of 1921, and exports an increase of 40,000,000 gold rubles.

In the statement giving these figures, the Department of Commerce also calls attention to the London publication Russian Information and Review, from which it has prepared an abstract showing the comparison of imports to Russia from her two chief purchasing markets in 1912 and 1922. The Department's abstract reads:

"In 1912, Russia imported from Germany foodstuffs valued at 39,800,000 gold rubles; raw materials and semi-manufactures valued at 212,300,000 gold rubles, and manufactures valued at 235,400,000 gold rubles; total, 487,500,000 gold rubles. In 1922, such imports from Germany were valued, in gold rubles, at: Foodstuffs, 6,800,000; raw materials and semi-manufactures, 4,700,000; manufactures, 37,800,000; total, 49,300,000; decrease from 1912, in gold rubles, 438,200,000.

"'From Great Britain there were imported by Russia in 1912 foodstuffs valued, in gold rubles, at 14,000,000; raw materials and semi-manufactures, 140,400,000; manufactures, 42,500,000; total, 154,900,000. Imports from Great Britain in 1922, in gold rubles, were: Foodstuffs, 5,600,000; raw materials and semi-manufactures, 3,700,000; manufactures, 17,400,000; total, 26,700,000; decrease from 1912, in gold rubles, 128,200,000."

FRANCE'S MINING OUTPUT.

Production in 1922 Showed Marked Improvement Over 1921.

France's mining output during the year 1922 showed marked improvement over French mine production in 1921. Figures which have been received by the Bankers Trust Company indicate that in the first ten months of 1922 France's average monthly production of coal and lignite exceeded average monthly production in 1921 by 347,000 tons per month. In the same period of 1922 the total French extraction of iron ore exceeded the total production for the entire year 1921 by 2,500,000 tons. The comparative figures on fuel production as compiled by the Bulletin Mensuel de Statistique are:

Monthly average.	Metric tons.
*1920	2,890,000
*1921	3,218,000
*1922	3,560,000

*Including Lorraine and Sarre.

Iron ore production, according to Le Situation Economique et Financière was:

Total output.	Metric tons.
1920	13,871,200
1921	14,106,100
1922 (10 months)	16,667,900

During the industrial depression in the early part of 1922 French stocks of iron ore in reserve reached a total of 4,550,000 tons, but with a renewal of industrial activities the stocks have been reduced to 3,200,000 tons. French production of pig iron in the first ten months of 1922 amounted to 4,100,000 tons, compared to 3,300,000 tons for the entire year 1921.

BUSINESS RECORDS

BANKRUPTCY PROCEEDINGS.

Petitions Filed—Against

DAVID AND JOE KAHN, trading as Kahn Bros., 178 Amboy Street, Brooklyn, by Lipschutz & Goldman, for $400; Jacob Bernstein, $500, and M. Flug $400.

L. B. CONSTRUCTION CO., INC., 2,277 Seventy-ninth Street, Brooklyn, by Max Schwartz for $500, Rupus and Meyer Peramantz, $650, and Joseph Haselman, $100.

FULTON FOUNDRY AND MACHINE CO., 21 Furman Street, Brooklyn, by Albert Carlson for $641, Swan-Sabo, $418; Walter D. Burchell, $333, and Alexander Zieman, $418.

Petitions Filed—By

RUDOLPH SCHREIBER, 230 Fifth Avenue—Liabilities, $357,807; assets, $163,778; main item being accounts, $156,763. Principal creditors are State Bank, $109,224; Bank of Manhattan Co., $28,000; Public National Bank, $10,667; Jules Deaumont Wk. Co., $16,000; Dedham Mills, $18,047; S. D. Bloe & Sons, $12,040; Kent Mfg. Co., $10,000; Henry Froehlich, $10,000; Rottenberg Sons & Co., Inc., $11,365; Ashworth-Odell Jar Co., $12,121; American Woolen Co., $10,510. The petitioner was President of Rudolph Schreiber, Inc., importers and jobbers of jersey cloth, at 230 Fifth Avenue, which was in the hands of receivers in equity and his liabilities were incurred as indorser and guarantor for that corporation.

WALTER L. TENAGERO, member of the firm of Tenagero & Landers, 1,416 Morris Avenue, Richmond Hill, L. I.—Liabilities, $4,438; assets, $410.

CHARLES C. KESSLER, trading as Smith's Umbrellas and Canes, 9,425 Franklin Avenue, Brooklyn. Liabilities, $4,830; assets, $800.

MAXWELL BROSTOFF, gents' furnishings, 178 Havemeyer Street, Brooklyn. Liabilities, $3,000; assets, $450.

Assignments.

JOSEPH FELDMAN, men's hats and furnishings, at 2,306 and 2,308 Third Avenue, to Theodore Arnold of 240 West Thirty-fourth Street.

CHARLES SHEAR, delicatessen, at 1,969 Amsterdam Avenue to J. Irving Weissman of 1,144 President Street, Brooklyn.

Receivers Appointed.

DELTA KNITTING MILLS, INC., 4,077 Park Avenue—Judge Learned Hand appointed Susan Brandeis receiver under $3,000 bond. Liabilities not stated; assets about $6,000.

LINETZKY & WAIS, INC., furs, 42 West Thirty-fourth Street—Judge Learned Hand appointed Lloyd Garrison receiver, under $3,000 bond. Liabilities about $20,000; assets about $3,000.

HARRY C. DURANDO, silk jobber, 427 Fourth Avenue—Judge Learned Hand appointed Mary G. Botter receiver, under $3,000 bond.

Schedules Filed.

BARROW MANUFACTURING CO., underwear, 524 Broadway—Liabilities, $50,176, including disputed claims amounting to about $8,000; assets, $71,329, which includes disputed items of $20,087. Principal creditors are: Mutual Bank, $8,000, secured; Bank of Manhattan Co., $5,246, secured; Arthur Behal Co., $8,256; Prince & Co., Inc., $8,156; Deering, Milliken & Co., $3,641; Stern & Stern, $2,123.

L. GROSS & SON, silk jobbers, 288 Fourth Avenue—Liabilities, $47,906; assets, $23,235, main items being stock $11,500, accounts $8,000, unliquidated claims $3,500. Principal creditors are: Alpha Silk Co., $3,459; Brawer Bros. & Co., Inc., $4,125; Harry Bornstein, $3,196; Fromberg Silk Co., $3,326; Paterson National Bank, $2,500; Frank F. Fels, $4,248; Tamor Silk Mills, $2,353.

MARTIN D. SOBEL, hand bags, 134 West Thirty-second Street — Liabilities, $12,665; assets, $9,000, consisting of accounts $3,500, stock $3,000, fixtures $2,500. Principal creditors are: Simon Weg, $2,750; Rose Sweig, $500; H. Nadler, $500; Commercial Leather Goods Co., $500.

ARINGWITZ BROS., shoes, 88 West Broadway—Liabilities, $2,909; assets, $711.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

ROCHESTER, Feb. 20.—Nathaniel Lightman, clothier, of Buffalo, filed a petition in bankruptcy today, with liabilities of $10,848 and assets of $7,581.

Special to The New York Times.

UTICA, Feb. 20.—Super Distributing Corporation, a film business of Syracuse, filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy today, with liabilities of $31,254 and assets of $1,125. The Goodwin Lithographing Corporation of Albany filed an involuntary petition, with assets of $60,000.

NEWARK, N. J., Feb. 20.—An involuntary petition in bankruptcy was filed today against the Lexington Operating Company, Inc., owners of the Lexington Hotel at Lakewood. Arthur Gallagher was named receiver.

JUDGMENTS.

Filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Atlasette Gloves, Inc.—Paramount Hosiery Form Drying Co. $107.67
American Co. of Commerce, Inc.—P. Coutroubis et al. $5,370.51
Alhambra Restaurant Corp.—A. Newman et al. $294.41
A. Solomon, Inc.—Equitable Trust Co. of N. Y. $41,889.04
Assarelli, Francesco—M. A. Caleca $115.30
American Printers Accessories Co., The—Bech, Van Sicien & Co., Inc. $584.16
Aurtin, Charles B.—A. Fitzig $414.29
Beardsley Watch Co., Inc.—P. Doering $1,323.76
Blau, Lillian E.—S. Lefkowitz $336.41
Berman, M. William—H. H. Curran $1,553.30
Brass Goods Mfg. Co.—Travelers, Inc., Co. $16,879.46
Barber, James L.—Wilson & Co. $230.61
Bisbee Linseed Co.—Fontana Bros., Inc. $248.20
Carroll, Daniel J.—H. Freeman $1,241.76
Cohen, Harry—R. Fink $181.52
Carbonelle Sponge Co., Inc.—M. Lesenger et al. $127.20
Chase, Arthur E.—Pierce-Arrow Renting Co. $229.09
Darby, Frank R., Jr.—Alexander Hamilton Institute $129.30
Danzis, Mordecai—R. Fink $212.45
Du Tilly, W. Donald—L. Herold et al. $141.98
F. E. Booth & Co.—J. H. Westcott $540.20
Fitzpatrick, Wm. J.—R. Hamann $1,000.00
Frankfort, Sophie, by gdn.—D. Morrison et al., costs $106.60
Fink, Lucretia—Woodward & Lothrop, Inc. $203.20
Fox, Louis—M. Rosner et al. $259.35
Greenpoint Contracting Co., Inc.—London Guarantee and Accident Co., Ltd. $241.41
General Warehousing Corp — L. Sonneborn Sons, Inc. $208.33
Ghiold, Henry P.—Brigham-Hopkins Co. $483.84
Habel, Joseph H.—R. A. Fleisher $164.50
Hermandez, Benjamin F.—Weber & Hellbroner $168.10
Hungerford, Osgood A.—H. A. Patterson $1,112.60
Hagen, Michael A.—Pierce-Arrow Printing Co. $402.70
Horowitz, Philip—R. Lieberman $113.40
Hess, Moses J.—C. S. Hirsch $4,116.43
Heitner, Benjamin—J. Wolensky $386.91
Jules Maes & Co., Inc.—W. R. Grace & Co. $114.22
Jones, Daniel—American Trading and Importing Corp. $968.65
Kozewics, Titus—M. Miller et al. $836.10
Kafka, Zdenco—Perfumer Pub. Co. $571.70
Kotler, Jacob S. and Louis M.—Sewell Cushion Wheel Co. of N. Y. $268.90
Kraus, Leo—499 Broadway Corp. $256.46
Kelley, Thomas F.—N. Y. Telephone Co. $105.95
Kotler, David and Jacob S.—Same $104.80
Konkel, Walter—E. Fleischl et al. $106.20
Kahn, Arthur S.—Edgar A. Levy Co., Inc. $134.95
Kaempfer Joseph G.—M. I. Shaine et al. $3,441.13
Lipschitz, Louis—A. N. Theobald $12,927.61
Law, Geo. J.—V. M. Kelly $225.41
Lyons, John—S. Liebermann's Sons, Inc. $296.10
Libanti, Rocco—Beacon Falls Rubber Shoe Co., Inc. $175.50
Lockwood, Joseph F.—J. W. Grout $504.00
Libanti, Rocco—Beacon Falls Rubber Shoe Co., Inc. $175.50
Lo Tempio, Chas. J.—Old Kentucky Distributing Corp. $604.24
Loreck, Rudolph—J. Treen $3,813.10
Meyer, George—H. Johnson $886.20
Marcus, William—J. E. Hedges $118.07
Middleman, Manrico—A. Wilson $208.45
Morris, Keith W.—J. Fischer, Inc. $148.98
McLean, Stephen F.—Candes, Smith & Howland Co. $230.78
Mathis, Juan—Clockner & Blue Co. $262.67
Monell, Clara C.—P. Lille $246.41
Mintzer, David E.—L. Hyman et al. $280.20

PUBLIC NOTICE.

NOTICE TO JEAN HOWARD RUBY.

TAKE NOTICE that ANNA MARY RUBY, your wife, has filed a petition in the Supreme Court of the State of New York, alleging that you have absented yourself for five successive years last past, without being known to her to be living during that time, and that she believes you to be dead, and that she has made a diligent search to discover evidence that you are living, and that no such evidence has been found, and she prays to the Court for an Order dissolving your marriage to her. That a hearing will be had upon the said petition on the 14th day of April, 1923, at a Special Term of the Supreme Court, to be held at the Court House in the City of Albany, N. Y., at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, and that if the Court, after filing proof of the proper publication of this Notice, and after a hearing had and proof taken, is satisfied of the truth of the allegations contained in the said petition, which petition has been duly filed in the Columbia County Clerk's office, at Hudson, New York, will make an Order dissolving the said marriage, and you are ordered to show cause at the time and place aforesaid why the said Order dissolving the said marriage should not be made.

This Notice is served upon you by publication pursuant to an Order of the Supreme Court made the 5th day of February, 1923, and filed in the Columbia County Clerk's office.

MILTON M. HALL,
Attorney for Petitioner,
Office and Post Office Address, 607 Warren Street, Hudson, Columbia Co., N. Y.

McMahiel, Wendell—Van Beuren & N. Y. Rubber Footing Co. $1,317.02
McGillick, Joseph E.—Securities Acceptance Corp. $1,004.20
Manhattan Odd Bend Glass Co., Inc.—Travelers Ins. Co. $103.16
Perlin, William; Elizabeth Halpern, Jacob J. Lindner and Louis Allahut—Relief Credit Union $461.65
Pelgern, Max—C. Gurrert $1,500.00
Peterson Service Inc.—American Plastic Products Corp. $398.80
Rosenberg, Isidore—Commercial Acetylene Supply Co., Inc. $211.70
Rymeck, Isadore—J. M. Levy $656.53
Russian Volunteer Fleet—D. L. Flack & Son, Inc. $23,878.83
Rymeck, Daniel—J. M. Levy $656.53
Spiegel, Louis—S. Orloff $171.80
Sheldon, Henry—D. S. Dougherty $296.60
Schnur, Barich—M. Levin $71.88
Smith, John R.—H. Seltzas $542.92
Schultz, Sam—Eugene Freiberger, Inc. $1,135.50
Scotford, Paul D.—William Vogel & Bros., Inc. $256.37
Select Pictures Corp., Lewis J. Selznick and Florence A. Selznick—C. Gold $3,683.53
Stone, William—Pierce-Arrow Renting Co. $142.89
Starin, Frank—I. J. Jacobs $170.40
Schmois, Jacob—Wilson & Co. $271.00
Schattner, Louis—R. H. Green $117.40
Schreiber, William C.—Earlington Realty Corp. $277.04
Slavitsky, Abraham—M. Lerner $236.40
Thaddeus Davids Ink Co.—L. E. Smith Glass Co. $257.95
T. M. Solomon & Co., Inc.—A. V. Harper et al. $1,124.20
Valley Stream House and Home Co.—S. Thossy $709.82
Weiner, William, and Charles Lache—Zo Nadler $104.60
Weiner, Bessie (Ozone Kiddie Shop)—J. W. Lewis $100.66

In Bronx County.

Alpern, Helen—J. A. Smith et al. $93.40
Breithols, Harry—I. Schlanger $2,153.39
B. J. Dress Co., Inc.—Glendale Hosiery Co. $280.20
Bartfeld, Samuel—B. S. Milman $458.04
Bartnofsky, Harry—S. Roth $63.60
Herman Dress House, Inc.—Kutz & Abrams, Inc. $80.42
Konkel, Walter—E. Fleischl et al. $106.20
McSweeney, Jerome—G. Gleeson $341.84
Muller, Andrew—Polak & Schlau, Inc. $72.20
Marenco, Jennie—Merola Bros., Inc. $492.70
Wimmer, Louis and Yetta—A. Bayrodt $170.17

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor; the second that of the creditor and date given is when judgment was filed:

In New York County.

B. & M. Baker Corp.—D. Daniels, Sept. 20, 1922 ..... $371.41
N. Y. Edison Co.—Butterick Pub. Co., Feb. 1, 1923 ..... $169.45
Murphy, Harold W.—M. Peter et al., Jan. 23, 1921 ..... $196.64
Finkofsky, Samuel—Adolph Spear & Co., Jan. 27, 1923 ..... $170.20
Brown, Lucille, and Vincenzo Tiabo—People, &c., Sept. 26, 1918 ..... $500.00
Garrison, Lindley M.—C. Makula, Feb. 5, 1923 ..... $727.60
Meadow, Jacob, and Fidelity and Casualty Co. of N. Y.—People, &c., Oct. 24, 1918 ..... $5,000.00
Gesto, James, and Fidelity and Casualty Co. of N. Y.—Same, Jan. 4, 1922 ..... $500.00
Bertolo, Lawrence, and Fidelity and Casualty Co. of N. Y.—Same, Dec. 12, 1919 ..... $1,000.00
Holmes, Harry B., and Fidelity and Casualty Co. of N. Y.—Same, Nov. 25, 1921 ..... $1,500.00
Darssin, Abraham—M. Bergman, July 8, 1921 ..... $1,034.40
Kamp Kun Ju Muk, Inc., et al.—B. Hoffman, Dec. 19, 1922 ..... $866.74
Kelman, Caroline—Cohen, Goldman & Co., Inc., March 21, 1922 ..... $8,413.02
Hyams, Walter—Franklin Office Furniture Co., Jan. 29, 1923 ..... $163.25

In Bronx County.

Burke, Tobias—W. McGowan, Feb. 3, 1923 ..... $104.95
N. Y. Garage Co., Inc.—H. B. Wesselman, March 31, 1922 ..... $367.22
Schrank, Jesse M.—Jacob Erdenbrecher et al. Charles G. Erdenbrecher—City Real Estate Co., May 9, 1917 ..... $556.60

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Filed yesterday.

In New York County.

43D ST., 102 West; Wright Lumber Co., Inc., against Thomas P. Fitzsimons and Mary D. Fitzsimons, owners; Benjamin Klein, contractor (renewal) $681.40
MADISON AV., 778 and 780; Benjamin W. McCormick against Sheldon, Inc., owner; Jamie M. Marshall $14,614.22
92D ST., 214 WEST—Dreier Iron Works, Inc., against Aguilar Corp., owner; Valentyne Lynch & Co., contractor $7,900.00
BROADWAY, 1554; Waters Electrical Co. against Broadway Varieties Co., owner; Ansell J. Merritt, subcontractor and lessee $140.00
55TH ST., 19 and 21 East; Murray Hill Tinsmith Supply Co. against Alfred E. Marling, executor, owner; A. D. Kelley & Co., contractor $1,210.53

In Bronx County.

SPUYTEN DUYVIL PARKWAY, e s, 47 feet s of 232d St, 75x129; G. Ambrosia, against Peter Ross, owner and contractor $1,780.00
RANDELL AV., s w corner of Logan Av, 50x100; Archibald T. Mackenzie against Viola T. Keaney, owner; John Gallo et al, contractors $648.96
NEWTON AV, 5,621—Frank Picciotta against Catherine Gaynor, owner; Klein & Hawke, contractor $302.95

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

In New York County.

75TH ST, 115 EAST—David Katz against Ellen Sullivan et al; Jan. 17, 1923 ..... $67.00
UNION SQUARE WEST, 37—Jacob Gescheidt & Co. against Albeco Co., Inc., et al; Jan. 3, 1923 ..... $143.20

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of E. R. MOSHER CO., INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, March 6th, 1923, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at Lynch Warehouse, Inc., 426 Pearl St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of newsprint paper, office furniture, fixtures, supplies, etc.

LUIS B. WEHLE, Trustee.
GOODBODY, DANIELS & GLENN, Attorneys for Trustee, 27 Cedar St., New York.
HAROLD P. COFFIN, Referee in Bankruptcy, 217 Broadway.
Inspection Mar. 2nd and 5th.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of NEW YORK ART & METAL WORKS, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, Feb. 27th, 1923, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 513 E. 11th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of metal, art metal, supplies, machinery, furniture, fixtures, etc.

DAVID S. POLIER, Receiver.
C. EDWARD BENOIT, WILLIAM GALLAND, Attorneys for Receiver, 297 4th Ave., New York.
Inspection Feb. 24th and 26th.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of PHOENIX MERCHANDISE CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Monday, Feb. 26th, 1923, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 20 E. 17th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of notions, dry goods, furniture, fixtures, etc.

HENRY E. KELLEY, Receiver.
JOSEPH KRINSKY, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.
Inspection Feb. 23rd and 24th.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JACK COHEN and JOSEPH EHRLICH, individually and as copartners, trading as COHEN & EHRLICH, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day Wednesday, Feb. 21st, 1923, by order of the Court, at 2 P. M., at 100 W. Houston St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of coats, suits, dresses, machinery, fixtures, etc.

BERNARD J. MacCORRY, Receiver.
BENJAMIN H. WICKSEL, Attorney for Receiver, 362 5th Ave., New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of REPUBLIC DOLL & TOY CO., INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Wednesday, Feb. 21st, 1923, by order of the Court, at 2 P. M., at 129 Greene St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of 20 crates of rattan baskets.

GEORGE W. MARTIN, Receiver.
H. & J. LESSER, Attorneys for Receiver, 309 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of VICTORIA DRESS CO., INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, Feb. 27th, 1923, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 261 W. 36th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of dresses, silks, machinery, fixtures, etc.

GEORGE A. FERRIS, Receiver.
ROBERT P. LEVIS, Attorney for Receiver, 42 Broadway, New York.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

NOTICE TO JEAN HOWARD RUBY.

TAKE NOTICE that ANNA MARY RUBY, your wife, has filed a petition in the Supreme Court of the State of New York, alleging that you have absented yourself for five successive years last past, without being known to her to be living during that time, and that she believes you to be dead, and that she has made a diligent search to discover evidence that you are living, and that no such evidence has been found, and she prays to the Court for an Order dissolving your marriage to her. That a hearing will be had upon the said petition on the 14th day of April, 1923, at a Special Term of the Supreme Court, to be held at the Court House in the City of Albany, N. Y., at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, and that if the Court, after filing proof of the proper publication of this Notice, and after a hearing had and proof taken, is satisfied of the truth of the allegations contained in the said petition, which petition has been duly filed in the Columbia County Clerk's office, at Hudson, New York, will make an Order dissolving the said marriage, and you are ordered to show cause at the time and place aforesaid why the said Order dissolving the said marriage should not be made.

This Notice is served upon you by publication pursuant to an Order of the Supreme Court made the 5th day of February, 1923, and filed in the Columbia County Clerk's office.

MILTON M. HALL,
Attorney for Petitioner,
Office and Post Office Address, 607 Warren Street, Hudson, Columbia Co., N. Y.

Bolivias, Velours, Velvets BUYERS' WANTS—OFFERINGS TO BUYERS Telephone Bryant 1000

BUYERS' WANTS.

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

ARTIFICIAL silk and other yarns wanted; close out for cash. Elson, 217 West 21st. Chelsea 0618.

BOLIVIA Wanted—0545, 15025 or similar; also lots of Fall bolivias, all colors. Sternberg & Bernstein, 146 West 30th. Watkins 0492.

BOLIVIA Wanted—9002S, 0545, 4440, 3254, 103, also 11196, 11004 or similar. Brameco

OPERA

By RICHARD ALDRICH.

Wagner's "Die Walkuere."

DIE WALKUERE, music drama in three acts, by Richard Wagner. CAST:

Siegmund ..... Jacques Urlus
Sieglinde ..... Ernst Lehmann
Wotan ..... Friedrich Schorr
Hunding ..... Eva von der Osten
Brunnhilde ..... Elsa Alsen
Fricka ..... Ottilie Metzger
Gerhilde ..... Lotte Appel
Ortlinde ..... Erna Glaser
Waltraute ..... Jeanne Koettrik
Schwertleite ..... Emma Haseth
Helmwige ..... Editha Fleischer
Siegrune ..... Hede Oster
Grimgerde ..... Dorothy Hoff
Rossweise ..... Martha Lustarfali
Conductor, Leo Blech.

The German Opera Company at the Manhattan Opera House last evening presented for the first time Wagner's music drama "Die Walkuere." There was a large audience present that applauded enthusiastically at each fall of the curtain. "Die Walkuere," is the most familiar as it is one of the most popular of the trilogy of the "Ring of the Nibelung," and was the first of these music dramas to be heard in New York near half a century ago, as it was the first to be restored to the stage in New York after the end of the war.

The performance last evening was one of the better ones of the German company. It made no revelation to New York, either in its general atmosphere, in its scenic effects, in the singing and acting of the several characters or in the playing of the orchestra. Those who have followed the performances of this company have learned not to expect much in the last named feature of them. Mr. Blech, who conducted last evening, had apparently put something of the fear of God into his players, and obtained results from them that were in general better than some that have been heard hitherto in this series; yet there were minor catastrophies from time to time. Mr. Blech once more showed his power and authority as a conductor, his entire familiarity with the score and his ability to carry on a performance of dramatic movement and varied shades of expression, sometimes under difficulties.

The chief singers were of a high degree of competence. Mme. Von der Osten as Sieglinde showed again a voice that has sometimes a certain roughness and evidences of wear, but at the same time great power and one that lends itself to dramatic utterance with unusual effect. Her dramatic skill and intelligence were a potent element in the first two acts of the drama.

Mme. Elsa Alsen seemed better cast as Brunnhilde than she has in some of the other parts in which she has appeared here. She delivered Valkyric cry without distressful effort; her announcement to Siegmund of his impending death was effectively delivered; and there was at least a suggestion of the aerial splendor of Wotan's daughter in her presence.

Mr. Urlus as Siegmund presented a performance that some will remember. His singing was intelligent in its modulations of power and in its phrasing, especially in the more lyric passages, and the voice had much of richness and quality, except upon certain vowel sounds, which invariably tightened it to a disagreeable throatiness. Mr. Urlus's acting was notably effective at most of the crucial points.

So was that of Mr. Schorr, who has previously shown both voice and dramatic skill. He gave a fine representation of Siegvater in distress, foreseeing the end. One of the best impersonations was that of Fricka by Mme. Ottilie Metzger, a thankless part in general, but given distinction by both her acting and her admirable singing.

The mounting of the piece was no more a revelation to New York than the performance. The abode of Hunding had the familiar arboreal architecture; the door swung open properly when "Keiner ging, doch einer kam," without a fail of the whole side of the house. But the sword in the tree trunk was illuminated from a point out of view from the wings, instead of by the flickering fire on the hearth, in a manner too well known. The rocky mountain top was well enough depicted, and there was an endless panorama of specially successful effects. What was little mystery connected with Siegmund's last fight and the apparition of the god at its climax.

Alfredo Casella's Recital.

Alfredo Casella, the Italian pianist and "futurist" composer, appeared for the first time this season yesterday afternoon in Aeolian Hall as a pianist, keeping Casella the composer in the background. However widely he departs from accepted principles of beauty in his compositions, he adheres to them strictly in his piano playing. He is a pianist of great charm and fine instinct. His technique is delightfully clear and finished, his tone delicately colored and his tonal and dynamic effects accurately calculated and balanced.

His program itself had something of this fine quality. Haydn's theme and variations, two pieces by Scarlatti—wonderful to relate, they were edited neither by Tausig nor Von Bulow, but apparently only by Casella—and Mozart's sonatta in A with the Turkish march seem specially grateful to Mr. Casella's style and he played them with a delightful grace, brilliancy and crispness, especially the scintillating pieces by Scarlatti, the first one with its delicate suggestions of horns from afiland.

Cesar Franck's "Prelude, Choral and Fugus" received an interpretation that was full of life and spirit, if not of rich color and heavy fragrance; and one that was beautifully articulated in the fugue. Mr. Casella played two pieces of the "Modernistic" tendency: "The Cypress Grove" by Castelnuovo-Tedesco, in which something was made of apparently unpromising elements, and Strivinsky's "Piano Rag Music," not very clever and inferior to the American commercial product; Ravel's tartly harmonized "Valses Nobles et Sentimentales" and Debussy's "Prelude Sarabande and Toccata.

Germans Give Second "Ring" Cycle.

The Wagnerian Opera Festival's third week at the Manhattan will complete the matinee "Ring" cycle with performances of "Siegfried" next Monday and "Goetterdaemmerung" on Friday, March 2, both starting at 1 o'clock. A full evening "Ring" cycle also will include "Rheingold" on Monday evening at 8:15, "Die Walkuere" next Tuesday at 7 P. M., "Siegfried" Thursday night, March 1, and "Goetterdaemmerung" Saturday night, March 3. Other Manhattan bills next week are a fourth "Meistersinger" on Wednesday evening, Feb. 28; Friday evening, March 2, Johann Strauss's "Fledermaus," for the third time, and Saturday matinee, March 3, also for the third time, "The Flying Dutchman." Extra performances, such as tomorrow's holiday "Rheingold," make possible other combinations for those wishing to hear the entire "Ring" tetralogy.

Bouskaya to Make Opera Debut.

Mme. Bouskaya, the Russian mezzo-soprano, will make her first appearance with the Metropolitan company on Friday evening of next week, singing the name rôle in "Carmen," the opera with which she first made a sensation in America more than a year ago in the Far West. A Thursday premiere of Max Schillings's "Mona Lisa," with Kemp and Bonnen has already been announced. The repetitions for the Metropolitan sixteenth week include "Die Tote Stadt" next Monday, with Jeritza and Harrold; Wednesday matinee "Thais," Jeritza and Whitehill; Wednesday evening "Andrea Chenier," Ponsella and Zigli; Saturday matinee "Parsifal," when both Kemp and Bohnen will be new in the cast, and Saturday night, March 3, "Rigoletto," with Queena Mario, Lauri-Volpi and De Luca. Next Tuesday, "Aidee Allegra," with Bori, will be sung at the Brooklyn Academy.

"Pasteur," With Henry Miller.

"Pasteur," with Henry Miller as its star, will begin an engagement at the Empire Theatre on Wednesday night, March 14. The play, which is in five acts, contains no feminine characters. The adaptation has been made by Arthur Hornblow Jr.

DRAMATIC FESTIVAL PLAN.

Equity Players to Show the Development of the Stage.

Three festival weeks, to bring out the best efforts of American playwrights and to show the development of dramatic art, will be staged from May 14 to June 2, this year, by the Equity Players, it was announced yesterday. Detailed plans for the festival will be announced at a tea to be given Friday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Frederick Hatch, 708 Fifth Avenue. Jane Cowl, Margaret Wycherly, Tobin Theig, Lawton Mackall, Erik Dudley, Jessie Ralph, and Bella Peters, among others, will attend this tea.

Patronesses on the subscription committee include Mrs. Benjamin Harrison, Mrs. Julia S. Hatch, Mrs. James Deering, Mrs. Walker Hill, Mrs. Frederick H. Hatch, Mrs. John Godfrey Wilson, Mrs. Mary Hatch Willard and Mrs. Charles C. Belden.

PLAY WARTIME SONATA.

Hollman and Bilotti Give Work of Saint-Saens for Soldiers.

Joseph Hollman gave at the Town Hall last evening what he believed was the first performance in America of a sonata, Op. 123, No. 2, by the late Camille Saint-Saens. The veteran Dutch 'cellist had invited the young Italian, Anton Bilotti, to assist him in this music, which he himself had played with Saint-Saëns before the composer's death in a tour of France for the benefit of wounded soldiers.

The work, it composed in wartime, bore no mark of that conflict; rather, in its lightness, grace and charm it might have been a product of youth, and Mr. Bilotti's performance contributed to that effect last evening. The gaily were also heard in a sonata of Mr. Malaspina, its pianist, and another in the same key by Rubinstein.

PLANS $10,000,000 HOTEL.

Philadelphia Company Awards Contract for Eighteen-Story Structure.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 20.—A contract for the erection of a hotel at Ninth and Chestnut Streets, to cost approximately $10,000,000, was awarded today to John Gill & Sons of Cleveland, Ohio. It will be known as the Benjamin Franklin Hotel.

The plans call for an eighteen-story building containing 1,000 rooms and an equal number of baths. It will be erected on the site of the historic Continental Hotel and will be the largest in the city, covering more than an acre of ground. Construction will be started Feb. 25.

Title to the property will be held by the Benjamin Franklin Realty and Holding Company, the stockholders of which are all Philadelphians. Officers of the company are John C. Martin of the Philadelphia Public Ledger, President; Jacob D. Lit and Charles Gimpel, Vice Presidents; Albert M. Greenfield, Treasurer, and Edgar W. Nicholson, Secretary. The Directors, in addition to the officers, are Samuel D. Lit, Ella A. Gimpel, Herbert J. Tily, Curtis H. K. Gimpel, President of the Curtis Publishing Company, and Harry G. Sundheim.

COUE NAMED IN BOOK SUIT.

Action on Rights to Sale Shows He Got 3 Francs a Word for Articles.

Emile Coué was named as a defendant in a suit filed in the Supreme Court yesterday against him and Symon Gould, conducting the American Library Service, by Doubleday, Page & Co. The suit asks that the defendants be restrained from announcing that the American Library Service is offering for sale the only authentic book of M. Coue's writings just before he came to America and while he was here.

Justice Guy granted a temporary injunction restraining the American Library Service from selling the book "How to Practice Suggestion and Auto-Suggestion," pending a hearing on Friday.

The papers show that Doubleday, Page & Co. competed with the American Library Service for the book rights to the articles written by M. Coué for The New York World, and that the plaintiff got the rights for $10,000. The paper also states that M. Coué received 3 francs a word from The World for his articles.

FIRE IN NEWPORT STATION.

Torpedoes and Equipment Damaged at Naval Plant.

NEWPORT, R. I., Feb. 20.—Considerable damage to torpedo parts and equipment was caused by fire in the factory of the Naval Torpedo Station here tonight. The factory building, a two-story structure of reinforced concrete, was not damaged seriously.

The fire started in an office on the second floor, and spread through a tool room and store room to the upper assembly department. A quantity of oil and grease caught fire, and the station Fire Department asked for assistance from Newport. Concrete floors prevented the flames from spreading to other parts of the building.

It was the first time the city fire brigade had been called to the station, which is on an island in the harbor. The apparatus was taken over on ferry boats.

2 End Lives by Hanging in Newark.

Two suicides by hanging were reported by the police in Newark yesterday. John Reisner, 63, of Irvington, who failed to appear before Judge Fred Stickel to be sentenced for receiving stolen goods, was found dead by his son, John Reisner Jr., of 910 South Twenty-third Street, Newark, in the Mills Hotel. Anna Smith of unknown address, suffering from melancholia, was said by the police to have hanged herself by a skylight rope in St. Michael's Hospital.

Alderman's Son Sent to Sing Sing.

Joseph Larney, John McGowan and James Dempsey were sentenced yesterday by Judge Haskell in the Kings County Court for a series of robberies of A. & P. chain grocery stores in Brooklyn the latter part of last year. Larney is a son of Alderman Patrick Larney and he and McGowan were sentenced to from five to ten years in Sing Sing Prison. Dempsey got ten years as a second offender.

Ethel Leginska Plays.

Ethel Leginska, pianist, played to a large and responsive audience in Carnegie Hall last evening. Her program included a group by Beethoven, Chopin and Bach, which she played with good technique and some individuality of interpretation, and four pieces of her own, including the "Cradle Song," which was well received. She also included added works of Ravel, Lord Berners, Goossens and Liszt.

Paderewski to Receive Degree.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Feb. 20.—The degree of doctor of laws will be conferred on Ignace Jan Paderewski, musician and statesman, by the University of Southern California here Thursday, in connection with exercises in observance of Washington's Birthday.

MUSIC NOTES.

Mme. Galli-Curci makes her last Aeolian appearance with the Metropolitan company this season at the coming Friday matinee of "La Boheme," singing Mimi for the first time here, for the benefit of the Fifth Avenue Hospital.

The Yeta Marice Carmo's collection of art objects, operatic costumes and other personal effects will be on view from today until their public sale, starting March 5, at the American Art Galleries.

Solomon Golum, the Jewish poet and composer, will play a program of his own works at Wurlitzer's this evening, assisted by Livio Mancoci, 'cellist, and by Vladimar Heifets at the piano.

Jeanette Winitzky, soprano, formerly heard with the Century Opera, appears tonight at the Lyceum, Eighty-sixth Street and Third avenue, at the opening of the National Defense Bazaar.

THE PLAY

By JOHN CORBIN.

Everything Happens—and Nothing.

ANYTHING MIGHT HAPPEN, a comedy in three acts, by Elsie Silvera at the Comedy Theatre.

Gladys Barry ..... Ruth Findlay
Richard Harding ..... Roland Young
Weeks ..... Montague Rutherford
Mrs. Turner ..... Leslie Howard
A Doorman ..... G. Maylands Chatwell
Helen Springer ..... Helen Westley
Mrs. Springer ..... Lucia Moore
Mrs. Walter ..... Arthur Lubin
Mrs. Barry ..... Isabel Garrison
Agnes Pennington ..... Helen Goodell
Howard Matthews ..... G. Maylands Chatwell
Maitre d'Hotel ..... George La Guer
Mr. Walter ..... Arthur Lubin
Mrs. Wilson ..... Jean Sterling
Miss Craig ..... Florence Clarke

Given an eminently solvent young clubman who has been jilted and who, in his grief and humiliation, throws himself upon a rainy world in quest of adventure—anything might happen. Add unto him his bosom friend, who has also been given the mitten, and the possibilities are raised to the power of ten. Roland Young and Leslie Howard play these jilted twain, and they make a good start in a world of farcical adventure by taking on with each other's fiancées. Mr. Howard and Leone Morgan—identities being artfully concealed by Edgar Selwyn, author.

But this situation is soon exhausted and instead of a delightful anything, everything happens. There is a dinner for two in Rowland Young's bachelor digs, which is invaded by those other two. There is a single bottle of champagne of such potency that it makes both Estelle Winwood and Rowland Young squiffy to such an extreme that, Lovelorn though they both are, their fancy themselves newly fallen in love. There are suppers in a restaurant where the enforcement cop inspects the drinks to make sure that they conform to the pure food laws. To this happy scene other charmers enter, to whom Messrs. Young and Howard, jilted devils transfer their volatile and alcoholized affections.

By the third act it becomes evident that really nothing has happened or can happen, and that one doesn't particularly care. For by this time Mr. Young and Mr. Howard, Miss Winwood and even the rather charming and single-minded Leone Morgan have ceased to be real people, even people of a real farce, and have become a phantasmagoria of off-again-on-again nightmare.

There are, of course, clever turns in this farce, strange encounters and whimsical surprises. Mr. Selwyn has a practiced hand. There was considerable laughter last night, apparently spontaneous, which came, however, from the outlying regions of the audience. Since anything might happen, it is not impossible that this play will win some sort of success.

But of real phantasy and adventure it offers little or nothing. To achieve this it is necessary that, at least for the brief farcical moment, one should believe in characters and situations and find some logic, however preposterous, in what comes to them.

Guy Maier Gives Solo Recital.

Guy Maier, giving rein to an individual ambition after years of dual recitals with Lee Pattison in the rarer music written for two pianos together, made his bow alone as pianist at Aeolian Hall before a considerable audience last evening. With some diffidence he fairly made good his claim to single hearing. It was a pleasure to hear Schubert, for instance, represented by "Seven Little Waltzes," or Saint-Saëns by the "Etude in Form of Waltz." To the more familiar works of Weber and Chopin, Mr. Maier added modern pieces by MacDowell, Debussy, Paul Juon, Godowsky's "Old Vienna," Lane's "Crapshooters' Dance" and Goossens's "Hurdy-Gurdy Man."

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Owen Davis's play, "Forever After," acted by Alice Brady, is to be made into a musical comedy by Harry Tierney and Joseph McCarthy.

"The Crooked Square," Samuel Shipman's newest play, will open in Atlantic City next Monday.

"The Wasp" will probably come to New York during the week of March 5.

"March Hares," which the Inter-Theatre Arts group is reviving for a few performances, will be acted at the Little Theatre on Sunday nights, March 4 and 11, and Tuesday afternoon, March 6.

"Peer Gynt" will move uptown from the Garrick on March 12, and after a week of darkness the Garrick will be reopened on March 19, with Elmer Rice's "This Adding Machine." Dudley Digges, now appearing in "Peer Gynt," will have the leading rôle in "The Adding Machine."

"HANDSOMEST THEATRE ON BROADWAY."—N. Y. HERALD
B'way and 60th Street. Circle 8800
NEW WINTER GARDEN
MAT. TOM'W Best Seats $2.00
"Aglow with color, melody and movement."—World.
THE DANCING GIRL
No Advance in Prices. Best Seats, Evgs. ($2.50 & $3) ($3 & $4 Holidays)

AMBASSADOR 49th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tomorrow & Sat., 2:30.
Tessa Kosta in Caroline
44TH ST. Thea., W. of B'way. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
MUSICAL COMEDY SENSATION
Sally, Irene and Mary
WITH EDDIE ROWLAND and Great Cast. Evs. Best Orch. Seats $5.50; Bal. Balc. $1.50; Bal. Family Circle $1 (Inc. Tax). Mats. Wed. & Sat., $3 (Inc. Tax).
BROADHURST 44th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:40. Mats. Tomorrow & Sat. 2:30.
Whispering Wires
HEADLINERS OF MYSTERY PLAYS.
49TH ST. Thea., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:40. Mats. Tomorrow & Sat., 2:30.
Louis Mann and Sidney Toler in "GIVE and TAKE"
Greatest Laughing Hit in New York!
CASINO THEA., B'way at 39th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wednesday, Saturday & Sunday, 2:30.
EXTRA MATINEE WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY
Florenz Ziegfeld's Musical Play
WILDFLOWER
with EDITH DAY and Ensemble
All Star Cast
ASTOR Thea., B'way at 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Tomorrow & Saturday, 2:15.
LEW CANTON'S Musical Comedy
SUN SHOWERS
"Vibrates With Vim and Vigor."—Mail.
Best Seats Even. $2.50 (except Sat. & Holiday)
THEATRE GUILD PRODUCTIONS
MATS. TODAY & TOMORROW
RUR
FRAZEE THEATRE
42d, W. of B'way. Mats. Today, Tom'w & Sat., 2:30.
Garrick Evs. 8:10 sharp. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:10 sharp.
PEER GYNT
By IBSEN. MUSIC BY GRIEG
Maxine Elliott's 39th St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:15.
HOLIDAY MATINEE TOMORROW
SAM H. HARRIS Presents
JEANNE EAGELS in "RAIN"
Staged by John D. Williams.
BOOTH 45th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. MATS. TODAY, TOM'W, FRI. & SAT. at 2:30.
JOHN GOLDEN presents
7TH HEAVEN
REPUBLIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Today, Thurs. & Sat., 2:30.
ANNE NICHOLS' LAUGHING SUCCESS
"ABIE'S IRISH ROSE"
THE PLAY THAT PUT U IN HUMOR
LONGACRE 48th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today, Tom'w & Sat., 2:30.
ARTHUR HOPKINS Presents
ETHEL BARRYMORE in "THE LAUGHING LADY" By Alfred Sutro
SIXTH PERFORMANCE TONIGHT
AL'S HERE PLYMOUTH 'The Old Soak'
By DON MARQUIS
48th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:30.
APOLLO Theatre, W. 42d St. Evs. at 8:30. Mat. Today, Tomorrow & Sat., 2:30.
RUDOLPH SCHILDKRAUT in THE GOD OF VENGEANCE
TIMES SQ. THE FOOL
WEST 42D ST. Mats. TOMOR'W, Sat. & Tues. 2:30. Evs. 8:30.
SELWYN West 42d St. Evs. at 8:30. POPULAR MAT. TODAY.
NAZIMOVA (HERSELF) as "DAGMAR"
NOT A MOTION PICTURE
2 Mats. This Week: Today, Tom'w & Sat.
"New York's only approach to the Moscow Art Theatre."—Eugene O'Neill.
"A rare treat."—Eugene O'Neill. YIDDISH ART THEA. 5th St. & Mad. Ave. Fridays, 2:30; Sats. Suns., 2:30-8:30.
ANDREYEV'S "ANATHEMA"
WILL NATIONAL Th., 41st St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tomorrow & Sat. LAST 4 TIMES
SHAKESPEARE
WHY NOT? MOVES HERE NEXT MONDAY

CENTURY 62d & Cent. P. W. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today, Tom'w & Sat. Symphonic Musical Comedy.
The Lady in Ermine
with Wilda Bennett and Walter Wood
$2 TO $5 $1 TO $3.50 $1 TO $2.50
AT 8:30 AT 2:30 AT 8:30
F. Ray Comstock and Morris Gest Present
THE MOSCOW ART THEATRE
All This Week
Gorky's "THE LOWER DEPTHS"
AT JOLSON'S 59TH ST. THEATRE
Seats 4 Mos. in Advance. Phone Plaza 9182.
EXTRA HOLIDAY MAT. TOMORROW
Last Week! COLLOSTIAN BALL
Next Week: REVOLUTION and TCHEKHOFF
TYRANNICIDE. All Seats at Box Office.
F. RAY COMSTOCK & MORRIS GEST Present
BALIEFF'S Chauve-Souris
FIRST MOSCOW—Direct from PARIS—LONDON
CENTURY ROOF THEA. 62d St. & Cent. P. W. Phone Col. 8460. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tomorrow & Sat. 2:30.
2ND YEAR. EXTRA MATINEE TOM'W.
LITTLE THEA., 44 St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY, Tom'w & Sat. 2:30.
F. Ray Comstock and Morris Gest Present
POLLY PREFERRED
with GENEVIEVE TOBIN
39TH ST. Thea., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today, Tom'w & Sat. 2:30.
MARY THE 3rd
Rachel Crothers' Modern Comedy.
MOROSCO 45 St., W. of B'way. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Today, Thurs. & Sat., 2:30.
"A SPLENDID ROMANCE."—Pro. Telegram.
FLORENCE REED in "HAIL AND FAREWELL"

SHUBERT VAUDEVILLE CENTRAL THEATRE 47th and B'way. Twice Daily, 2:15 & 8:15.
CECIL LEAN and CLEO MAYFIELD
In the Musical Comedy "The Blushing Bride"
And SENSATIONAL REVUE & 200 Vaudeville Acts
HARLEM Opera House 125th St. & 7th Ave. Mats. Today & Sat.
LEW FIELDS in "HIGH JINKS"
With JOHN STEEL and Notable Cast.
COMEDY 41st, E. of B'way. Mats. TOMORROW & SAT. 2:30.
THE BIG HIT OF THE TOWN
Anything Might Happen
SHUBERT Thea., 44th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today, Tom'w & Sat. 2:30.
POP. PRICE MATINEE TOMORROW
GREENWICH VILLAGE FOLLIES
PLAYHOUSE 48 St. E. of B'way. Mats. Tomorrow & Sat. 2:30.
UP SHE GOES
BIGGEST MUSICAL HIT IN NEW YORK
IT IS THE LAW Bayes 39th St., E. of B'way. Mats. Today & Sat. 2:30.
Belmont Thea., 48th St., E. of B'way. Mats. Today and Sat. 2:30.
H. B. WARNER in "YOU and I"
With Lucille Watson & a Perfect Ensemble
SHUBERT-RIVIERA 97th & B'way. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. 2:30.
THE SMART MUSICAL COMEDY "IRENE"

SOMETHING DIFFERENT!
HUNTING BIG GAME IN AFRICA
WITH GUN and CAMERA By H. A. SNOW
Fills every moment with gripping excitement—romance—thrill — beauty —adventure — or shrieks of laughter
100,000 New Yorkers Say So
SEE IT TODAY
LYRIC 42d St. W. of B'way
AT Matinees, 25c, 50c, 75c & $1.00
2:30 Evenings, 25, 50, 75c, $1.00, $1.50
8:30 ALL SEATS RESERVED
TICKETS SELLING FOUR WEEKS IN ADVANCE

"ONE OF THE HAPPIEST ROLES SHE HAS EVER PLAYED—ADMIRABLY SUPPORTED."—World.
"RELIGIOUS COMEDY"—Evs. Journal.
"HELL-BENT FOR BEING SMART"—The Woman in the 5th Row.—Tribune.
"EMILY STEVENS HAS THE BEST ROLE SINCE 'THE UNASHAMED WOMAN'"—Mrs. Telegraph.
The Sporting Thing To Do SEE EMILY STEVENS in THOMPSON BUCHANAN'S SPARKLING NEW COMEDY The Sporting Thing To Do with H. REEVES SMITH and A TYPICAL MOROSCO CAST
"PLAYED WITH GAIETY AND REAL FEELING"—Eve. Sun.
"DIALOGUE IS BRIGHT—CHARACTERIZATIONS INTERESTING"—News.
"GOOD SPEED, SWINGS ALONG BRISKLY, SNAPPY FINISH"—Evs. Telegram.
"A PERFORMANCE TO BE REMEMBERED" EVE. MAIL
AT THE RITZ THEATRE, W. 48th St. Evs. 8:30. MATS. TODAY, TOMOR'W & SAT. POP. $2 MAT. TODAY

6 CHARACTERS IN SEARCH OF AN AUTHOR
Princess Thea., 39 St., E. of B'way. Phone 0278. Evs. 8:45. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:45. Last 6 Times

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES & SUCCESSES.
EMPIRE B'way, 40th at. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30.
BILLIE BURKE in "ROSE BRIAR"
LAST 2 WEEKS
COWL LAST WEEK
HENRY MILLER'S THEATRE, 124 W. 43d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30.
"CURTAIN"
LYCEUM 45th St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30.
LAST 2 WEEKS
DAVID BELASCO Presents
DAVID WARFIELD
as SHYLOCK in THE MERCHANT OF VENICE
FAREWELL MATINEE, SATURDAY, MARCH 24TH.
HOLIDAY MATINEE TOMORROW WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY
SAM H. HARRIS, who produced "Rain," "Secrets," "Music Box Revue," and other current successes, invites your attention to his latest success
"ICEBOUND"
By OWEN DAVIS—Staged by SAM FORREST.
"If Moscow implores us to send a play in return for those that Moscow sent us, we might send 'Icebound.'"—Alan Dale, American.
SAM H. HARRIS THEATRE W. 42d STREET. Evs. at 8:15. Mats. Today, Tom'w & Sat.
SAM H. HARRIS MARGARET LAWRENCE in "SECRETS"
FULTON Thea., W. 46th St. Evs. 8:30. MATS. TODAY, TOM'W & SAT. Extra at 2:30.
HOLIDAY MATINEE TOMORROW (Washington's Birthday)
SAM H. HARRIS Presents IRVING BERLIN'S "MUSIC BOX REVUE"
MUSIC BOX Thea., W. 45th St. MATS. TODAY, TOM'W & SAT. at 2:15
HOLIDAY MATINEE TOMORROW (Washington's Birthday)
GLOBE B'way & 46th St. TWO SHOWS DAILY Tomorrow, 2:30 & 8:30 (Washington's Birthday)
Ziegfeld Midnight Frolic Glorifying Musical Entertainment on Broadway.
"LADY BUTTERFLY"
2d—SONG AND DANCE HITS—2d
SPRING FASHION SHOW
LIBERTY 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today, Tom'w & Sat. 2:15.
GEORGE M. COHAN Downstairs in "LITTLE NELLIE KELLY"
2 MATS. THIS WEEK: TODAY, TOM'W & SAT.
BETTER TIMES AT HIPPODROME
EVES. 8:15. MATS. TODAY, TOMORROW & SAT. 2:30.
GEO. COHAN THEATRE B'way & 43d St.
THE LOVE CHILD
FUTURE 42d St. & B'way. Mats. Tom'w & Sat.
SQUARE PEG
BELASCO West 44th St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Today, Tom'w & Sat. 2:30.
515th PERFORMANCE TONIGHT
DAVID BELASCO Presents
LENORE ULRIC as KIKI
HUDSON 44th St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today, Tom'w & Sat., 2:30.
GEORGE M. COHAN Presents
"SO THIS IS LONDON!"
2 Weeks. This Week: Today, Tomorrow and Sat.
ZIEGFELD FOLLIES
New Amsterdam Theatre, 42d St. FOR THIRD MAINE TOMORROW
VANDERBILT 48 St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30.
GLORY
LAST 3 TIMES
THE GLORIOUS MUSICAL COMEDY MANNER TOMORROW.
NEXT TUESDAY SEATS TODAY
LAURETTE TAYLOR
in MAUDE FULTON'S new play
"HUMORESQUE"
HENRY MILLER'S THEATRE, 124 W. 43d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30.
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in MAUDE FULTON'S new play
"HUMORESQUE"
"THE FOOL'S REVENGE" At BRAMHALL PLAYHOUSE 27th St. & Lex. Ave. FREE THEATRE EVERY EVENING AND SATURDAY MATINEE Admission Free.

B. F. Keith's PALACE B'way & 47 St. Bryant 4300. Biggest Holiday Bill in N. Y. JOE HOWARD & ETHEL TAYLOR CLARE, MONETTE REVUE, LOU CRAWFORD & CLIFF EDWARDS, Jean Adair & Co., Lydell & Macy, Eva Shirley & Band, Emil Boreo & other Palace acts.
B. F. Keith's COLONIAL B'way & 62d St. Col. 6487. Vincent Lopez & Orch., "The Show Off," Grace Arline & Co., Marino & Martin, Willa Bellar, Hanson & Blake, and others.
B. F. Keith's 81 STREET B'way & 81 St. Schuyler 9920. THE CANSINOS, Laura Pierpont & Co., Grace Valentine & Co., E. C. Hill-ebrand, Norman Jolley & Harry Cashman, "The Voice From the Minaret."
B. F. Keith's RIVERSIDE B'way & 96 St. Riverside 9220. FANNY BRICE, Craig Campbell, Marga Waldron & Co., Oliver Oo, Geo. Yeoman Jolo, Cirino & De Rez, others.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS

OPENS TO-NIGHT
THE TENT
with Brooke Johns
in the same building
52nd Street & 7th Ave.
Supper and Dancing
Evenings 10:30 P.M. Sundays 9:30 P.M.
Reservations Circle 3043.

DANCING
Every Afternoon and Evening
ROSELAND
The Home of Refined Dancing
B'way at 51st St.

HOTEL ASHTON
93d St. at Madison Ave.
Lenox 8872.
Why pay high rates for multiactive accommodations? Here you pay little for just the rooms, service, etc., that you want. Rooms with or without bath.
The Ashton is convenient to all transit lines—one block from Park and Fifth Avenue.
Phone, Call or Write for Rates.

Town Hall, Mon. Aft., Feb. 26, at 2:30
FRIENDS OF MUSIC
BODANZKY—MME. CAHIER—URLUS
Mahler's "Das Lied von der Erde"
Mgt. Loudon Charlton, Carnegie Hall.

INDOOR POLO
ENGLAND vs. DURLANDS
First Public Appearance of British International Polo Team
DURLAND RIDING ACADEMY
TONIGHT, AT 9:15
TICKETS $2.20—$1.10.
On Sale at the Academy and Tyson's.

B. F. Keith's B'way at 58th St. VAUDEVILLE
BROADWAY "POOR MEN'S WIVES" Season by Mary & David Belasco.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS

Hotel Bretton Hall
BROADWAY
85th to 86th St., N. Y. City
Between Central Park & Riverside Drive
SUBWAY STATION AT 86TH ST. 6&9.
ELEVATED STATION at 86th St. 9.
Largest and Most Attractive Midtown Hotel. Within Few Minutes of All Shops and Theatres.
For Permanent and Transient Residence
Furnished and Unfurnished Suites
2, 3, 4 Rooms, 1 or 2 Baths
may be leased on a yearly basis or a substantial saving.
Also single and double rooms with bath.
Restaurant of Highest Standard.

Hotel COLONIAL
54 West 31st Street.
Northwest Corner of 6th Av. & Columbus Ave.
Phone Bryant 9300
Rooms, Suites and Apartments
Single Rooms $10 Per Week and Upward
Rooms with Bath $15 Per Week and Upward
Suites $20 Per Week and Upward
Apartments $25 Per Week and Upward
Restaurant Service Unexcelled
Prices Moderate
Table d'Hote Dinner $1.50

"Peg O' My Heart—I love you."
Laurette Taylor
in Metro's Film Version of
Peg O'My Heart
Thurs., Fri., Sun., Mon.: Victory, Greeley Sq., Orpheum, Delancey St., Ave. B, Lincoln Sq.
Thurs., Fri.: Circle, 86th St.
Fri., Sat., Sun.: 116th St.
Sat., Sun.: 7th Ave., 42nd St.
March 1, 2: Spooner, Victory.
March 1, 2, 3, 4: Boulevard, National.
March 2, 3, 4: Rio.
March 3,

KIDDER, PEABODY & CO.
Established 1865
NEW YORK — 17 Wall St. and 65 East 42d St.
BOSTON — 115 Devonshire St. and 210 Berkeley St.
PROVIDENCE — 10 Weybosset St.

GOVERNMENT BONDS
INVESTMENT SECURITIES
FOREIGN EXCHANGE
LETTERS OF CREDIT

Investment Circular on request

Correspondents of
BARING BROTHERS & CO., LTD.
LONDON

Electric Bond & Share Co.
6% Cumulative Preferred Stock

The Company has no funded debt. All the common stock is owned by the General Electric Co.

Since its incorporation in 1905, Company's net income has been more than 4.1 times sufficient to meet preferred dividend payments.

Price 97½
and accrued dividends from February 1

Further particulars on request,

Bonbright & Co.
Incorporated
25 Nassau Street, New York

USE JUDGMENT IN SELECTING YOUR INVESTMENTS

Experts are of the opinion that high yield bonds of real intrinsic merit purchased around present prices are practically certain to sell considerably higher. The question, therefore, is not so much whether you should buy now, as it is that you should use the proper amount of judgment in making selections. Should you wish us to submit to you a list of diversified investments of this character, we shall be glad to do so, following out your ideas as to type and geographical location as closely as possible.

Send for Circular No. 1441
"Suggestions for the Discriminating Investor."

Spencer Trask & Co.
25 Broad Street, New York
ALBANY BOSTON CHICAGO
Members New York Stock Exchange
Members Chicago Stock Exchange

Seasoned Investments

Bank Stocks
Railroad Bonds
Municipal Bonds

Roosevelt & Son.
Founded 1797
30 Pine Street, New York

United States of Brazil

4% Sterling Loan of 1889
5% Sterling Loan of 1895

At present rate of exchange, bonds of these issues have an annual income of about 9.00%.

Complete information will gladly be furnished upon request.

Paine, Webber & Company
ESTABLISHED 1880
25 BROAD ST., NEW YORK
Boston Philadelphia Chicago
Albany Hartford

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Advance, Reacting Irregularly Afterward — Further Advance in Sterling Exchange.

Numerically, advances predominated in the day's movement on the Stock Exchange, a few of them running to a point or more; but there were a good many fractional declines, and the market, as a rule, closed considerably below the highest. This irregularity was visible both in the industrial and the railway shares; it indicated strong underlying tendencies, but a disposition of professional speculators to take profits quickly and frequently.

The uncertain movement which has prevailed on the bond market since the first weeks of the year continued. This is somewhat in line with the movement of a year ago; it will be remembered that the early bond market of 1922 was regarded by Wall Street as both a perplexity and a disappointment, and that it did not display its real underlying tendencies until the middle of March. It was then that, in particulars, the remarkable advance of foreign Government securities began. On the face of things, the prospect for any broad investment interest in those bonds, with the European political situation what it is, would probably be described as extremely dim. But it was so described at the beginning of 1922 also; with interesting results in the bond market. A good deal can happen nowadays in the space of a few months, as regards both the European political situation and the strange vagaries of popular ideas regarding its economic condition.

If the foreign exchange market were to be taken as an indication of such things, the prospect yesterday must have been more cheerful. All of the principal exchanges except the German mark advanced again. Probably most of them moved in sympathy with sterling, which rose 1¾ cents further yesterday to $4.71¾, representing an advance of 6¾ cents since the end of last month and of 8 since December. The rate has only to rise 4 cents further to reach the highest figure of 1919, 1918 or 1917. The day's advance in francs and lire was not great; the mark declined from 48 ten-thousandths of a cent to 40. It is still twice as high as its lowest January figure, but has lost nearly one-third of last week's best price.

Something of a landmark in the field of commodity prices was provided yesterday by the advance of spot cotton to 29 cents a pound, the highest since Sept. 23, 1920, when that price was passed on the rapid downward sweep from 43¾ in July to 14½ in December. The highest price of 1923 was 26.90. The most interesting fact in connection with this advance—the spot market stood at 16½ cents, barely a year ago—has been the absence of any real slackening in purchases by manufacturers and consumers. It is true that our export of cotton last month decreased 2,474 bales from the previous year. But that was no great decline; the decrease occurred entirely in business with Germany and Japan, shipments to England and other Continental States increasing considerably, and meantime our own mills bought 15 per cent. more than in January, 1922, and more than in any other month on record except one in 1916 and one in 1917.

Such increased consumption, if continued, could not fail to cause an unusual shortage in cotton reserves at the season's end; for the very close estimates hitherto favored have as a rule been based on the assumption of consumers' requirements only equal to last season's. This puts the question of prices in an extremely curious light. It may reduce itself to a conflict of judgment as to whether a full crop next season, large enough to take up the slack, is or is not a possibility. The mood even of the cotton expert has lately been one of profound and hopeless despair of resisting the ravages of the weevil; yet we have seen him in exactly the same mood on other past occasions, with a subsequent crop of 12,000,000 or 13,000,000 bales to point the moral. A very high British textile expert, Sir Charles Macara, lately asked, "Will the Southern growers be content with 10,000,000-bale production when once there is a world-wide demand for cotton?" and answered in the negative, with the prediction that, "in a few years' time, at all events, we shall get cheap and plentiful supplies of cotton."

MONEY.

TUESDAY, FEB. 20, 1923.

Stock Exchange call money opened and renewed at 4¾ per cent., firmed to 5, and later to 5½, ruling here until close. Time money market was firm, all maturities are 5 per cent., including renewals. Distribution of merchants' paper at 4¾ per cent. broadened, with increasing sales, at 5; paper moving at 4½ being exceptional. Discount on bankers' acceptances unchanged, call loan rate 4¼, from 4½.

Call Loans.

Renewals.	High.	Low.	Last.	Last.
4¾	5½	4¾	5¼	4½

Monday's

Time Loans.

Mixed collateral, 60-90 days.....4¾@5
4, 5 and 6 months.....4¾@5
All industrial collateral, 60-90 days.....4¾@5
4, 5 and 6 months.....4¾@5

Commercial Paper.

Best names, 4 to 6 months.....4¼@4¾
Other names, 4 to 6 months.....5

Rediscount Rates, Federal Reserve Bank.

Commercial paper, 15 days, 4; 60 to 90 days.....4
Liberty bonds, Victory notes and Treasury certificates of indebtedness, 15 days, 4; 60 to 90 days.....4

Bankers' Acceptances.

	Bid.	Asked.
Call loans against acceptance	4¼	
Prime bankers' acceptances, eligible for purchase or rediscount by Federal Reserve Banks. Rates quoted are for discount at purchase:		
30 days	4¼	4
60 days	4¼	4
90 days	4¼	4
4 months	4¼	4
6 months	4¾	4½
Non-member and private bankers, 60-90 days	4¾	4½

London Market.

Money in London quiet at ¼ d at 2 per cent.; short bills unchanged at 2 5/16@2 1/16 per cent.; three months' bills unchanged at 2 3/16 per cent.

Gold bullion 1d lower at 87s 8s. Taking the British Mint standard price of 85s per fine ounce as par, the market quotation of gold would represent a price of 102 1/16 at London. On the same basis the highest London price for gold for the year to date was 106, on Jan. 20. The highest price since open trading in gold was resumed at London in September, 1919, was 149¾, on Feb. 6, 1920; the lowest, 102 1/16, on Feb. 20, 1923; previous low, 103¼, Feb. 19.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Exchanges of checks at the New York Clearing House, $371,000,000; balances, $77,000,000; Federal Reserve credit balances, $58,000,000; exchanges this day a year ago, $216,000,000.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

TUESDAY, FEB. 20, 1923.

Day's Sales.	Monday.	Saturday.	A Year Ago.	Two Years Ago.
1,049,490	1,175,910	705,285	1,094,855	Holiday

Year to Date.	Same Period 1922	Same Period 1921	Same Period 1920	Same Period 1919
27,385,190	24,158,748	24,971,359	37,640,825	21,070,070

1923 High.	1923 Low.	Stocks and Dividend Rate	Sales.	1923 High.	1923 Low.	1923 Last.	Net Chge.	1922 Dec.	1922 Jan.
75¾	73	Adams Express (3)	300	75¾	73¾	75¾	+ ¾	72¾	75¾
109¾	108	Advance Rumely	100	109¾	108	109	+ ¾	107¾	109¾
44½	43½	Advance Rumely pf. (3)	100	44	43	43	— 1	42	51
65¾	64¾	Air Reduction (4)	300	65¾	64¼	64¼	— ¾	63¾	64¾
14¾	13¾	Alax Rubber	4,400	14¾	13¾	14		13¾	14
7	6¾	Alaska Juneau	500	7	6¾	7		6¾	7
80	77½	Allied Chem. & Dye (4)	5,100	80	77½	78	— 1	77½	112
111¾	109	Allied Chem. & Dye pf. (7)	400	111¾	111¾	111¾		110¾	112
51¾	49	Allis-Chalmers Mfg. (3)	1,200	51¾	50¾	50¾	— ¾	50	59½
97¾	96½	Allis-Chalmers Mfg. pf. (7)	100	97	97	97		96	97¾
36	35¾	Am. Agricult. Chemical	10,400	36¾	35¾	35¾	— ¾	35¾	37
97¾	96¾	Am. Agricult. Chem. pf.	1,600	97¾	97¾	97¾		96	97
49¾	48	Am. Beet Sugar	400	49¾	48	48¾	— ¾	47¾	49
40¾	37	Am. Bosch Magneto	14,800	40¾	39¾	40	+ ¾	37	47
83¾	79¾	Am. Brake Shoe & F. (5)	600	79¾	77	79¾		77	91
100¾	78¾	Am. Can (3)	33,600	80¾	100¾	99	+ 2¾	99¾	125¾
178	178	Am. Car & Foundry (12)	100	178	178	178		184	186
3	3	Am. Chicle	200	3	2¾	2¾		2¾	3
20¾	14¾	Am. Cotton Oil	2,200	17¾	17¾	17¾		17¾	32
36¾	35¾	Am. Cotton Oil pf.	300	36¾	34¾	34¾	— ¾	34	46¾
7¾	6¾	Am. Druggist Syndicate	1,000	7¾	6¾	7		6¾	7
142	133	Am. Express (8)	100	141	141	141	+ 2½	139	141
13	11	Am. Hide & Leather	100	13¾	13¾	13¾		12¾	13¾
90	90¾	Am. Ice pf. (6)	200	90	89	89	+ ½	87	90
28¾	24¾	Am. International	1,100	28¾	27¾	27¾	— ¾	27	35¾
30¾	29¾	Am. Linseed	500	30¾	29¾	29¾	— ¾	29¾	35¾
129¾	120¾	Am. Locomotive (6)	3,500	125¾	124¾	124¾	— ¾	124	126
122	119¾	Am. Locomotive pf. (7)	100	122	122	122		122	128
64¾	60¾	Am. Metal (3)	1,400	63	63¾	63	— ¾	62¾	63
117	115	Am. Metal pf. (7)	100	116	116	116		116	118
85	79	Am. Radiator (4)	1,100	85	85	85¾	+ ¾	81¾	82¾
100¾	97	Am. Roll Mill pf. (7)	200	97	97	97		97	97¾
9	8¾	Am. Safety Razor (25c)	2,900	9	9	9		8¾	9
21¾	18¾	Am. Ship & Commerce	1,400	19	19	19¾	+ ¾	18¾	19
65¾	62	Am. Smelting & Refining	6,300	64¾	63¾	64¾	+ 1¾	62¾	64¾
101½	98¾	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf. (7)	100	101¾	101¾	101¾	+ ¾	101¾	101¾
100	100	Am. Snuff pf., new (6)	100	100	100	100		98	100
59¾	56¾	Am. Steel Foundries (3)	1,200	58¾	58¾	58¾		58¾	70
85	76	Am. Sugar Refining	800	81¾	81¾	81¾		81¾	81¾
30¾	24½	Am. Sumatra Tobacco	500	30	28	28	— ¾	28	35
124	121¾	Am. Telephone & Tel. (9)	1,500	123	122¾	123	+ ¾	122¾	123¼
161¾	158	Am. Tobacco (12)	300	157¾	157¾	157¾	— ¾	157¾	158¾
159¾	145	Am. Tob., Class B (12)	1,100	159¾	157¾	158¾		156	156
31¾	27¾	Am. Water Works & Elec.	100	30¾	30¾	30¾		29¾	41
93	85¾	Am. W. W. & E. 1st pf. (7)	100	91	91	91		90	91½
33¾	32¾	Am. W. W. & E. partic. pf.	300	35¾	35¾	35		34	35¾
103¾	94	Anaconda Copper	13,200	104¾	103¾	103¾	— ¾	102¾	104¾
111¾	106¾	Assoc. Dry Goods (4)	100	110¾	110¾	110¾		110¾	117¾
15¾	15	Assoc. Dry Goods 2d pf. (7)	100	15¾	15¾	15¾		15	15¾
81¾	45¾	Assoc. Oil	18,900	51	51¾	50¾	— ¾	51¾	52
24¾	14¾	Atch., Topeka & S. F. (6)	500	25	24¾	25	+ ¾	24¾	25
44¾	32¾	Atlantic Coast Line (6)	200	44¾	43¾	43¾	— ¾	43	43¾
72¾	67¾	Atlantic Gulf & W. I. tr.	4,800	70¾	69¾	70¾	+ 1¾	69¾	70¾
91	83¾	Atlantic Refining	100	91	91	91		90	91
102¾	100	Atlantic Refining pf. (7)	100	102	102	102		102	102
90¾	88¾	Austin, Nichols	7,700	91¾	88¾	91¾	+ 2½	88	89¾
13	12¼	Baldwin Locomotive (7)	19,600	13¾	13¾	13¾	+ ¼	13¾	13¾
116¾	113	Baldwin Locomotive pf. (7)	100	114½	113	113	— 1	113	113
53¾	40¼	Baltimore & Ohio	13,500	52	52¾	51¾	— ¾	53	74
66¼	57¾	Baltimore & Ohio pf. (4)	300	60½	60¾	60¾		60¾	69¾
34½	29	Barnsdall Class A	400	30¾	30	30¾		30	31
23	18¾	Barnsdall Class B	500	20¾	20¾	20	— 1	20	29¾
69¾	51	Beech-Nut Packing (2.40)	200	65¾	65¾	65¾	— ¾	63	65¾
67¾	60¼	Bethlehem Steel Cl. B (5)	4,600	65¾	67	66	— ¾	66¾	90¾
97¼	93½	Beth. Steel pf., new (7)	300	95¾	95¾	95¾	— ¾	95¾	96¾
7¾	5	Booth Fisheries	100	6¾	6¾	6¾		6	7
9¾	8¾	British-Empire Steel	100	9¼	9¼	9¼	+ ¼	9	10
29¾	24½	Brit.-Emp. Steel 2d pf.	100	26¾	26½	26½	+ ¼	25¾	30¾
121¾	100	Brklyn. Edison (8)	8,400	114¾	117	114½	— 2	115¾	116
16¾	10¾	Brooklyn Rapid Transit	3,100	11	11	10¾		10¾	10¾
14	8¼	Do ctfs of dep	500	9¾	9¾	9¾		9½	9¾
128	100¼	Brooklyn Union Gas (8)	100	121	121	121	— 1	121	122¾
63¾	60	Brown Shoe	100	60¾	60¾	60¾	— ¾	60¾	61¾
3	2	Bruns. Ter. & Ry. Sec.	200	2¾	2¾	2¾		2¾	3
45	38½	Burns Bros. Class B (2)	400	39	39	39¼	— ¾	38¾	39
11¾	9¼	Butte Cop. & Zinc (50c.)	6,400	11¾	11¾	11¾		11¾	13¾
34½	29½	Butte & Superior (50c)	1,400	34	34	33¾	— ¾	33¾	33¾
9¾	9¼	Caddo Cent. O. & R.	200	9¾	9¾	9¾		8¾	9¾
87	79	California Packing (6)	800	85	85¾	85	— ¾	84¾	86¾
88	66¾	Calif. Petroleum (2) x d.	6,100	68	68¾	68¾	— ¾	68¾	82¾
99¾	94¾	Calif. Petroleum pf. (7)	100	96¾	96¾	96¾	— ¾	96¾	99
12¾	9¾	Callahan Zinc Lead	13,100	12¾	12¾	11¾	— ¾	11¾	11¾
61¾	52	Calumet & Arizona (2)	200	61	61¾	61	— ¾	61	61¾
149¾	140¼	Canadian Pacific (10)	3,400	149	149¾	149	— ¾	148¾	148¾
4	3	Case (J. I.) Plow	300	4	4	4		4	4
35	28½	Case (J. I.) Threshing Machine	100	35	35	35	+ 5	32½	32½
38¾	32¼	Central Leather Co.	800	37¾	37¾	37	— ¾	37	37¾
75¾	67¾	Central Leather Co. pf.	100	74	74	74		73½	74¾
231	210	Cerro de Pasco Copper	200	220	219¾	220	— 4	220	222
46¾	45½	Certain-Teed Products	3,200	46¾	46½	46	— ¼	46¾	46¾
41¾	41¼	Chandler Motor (6)	100	41¾	41¾	41¾		41	44
75	61¾	Chesapeake & Ohio (4)	5,400	72¾	73¾	73¼	— ¾	72¾	72¾
70¾	69	Chicago & Alton	2,200	75	75¾	74¾		74	75
104¾	101¾	Chicago & Alton pf.	400	104	104¾	104		103¾	104
3¾	2¾	Chicago & Alton rts.	100	3¼	3¼	3¼	— ¼	3¾	3¾
6¾	3¾	Chicago & E. Illinois	100	6	6	6		5¾	6¾
38¾	26¾	Chicago & E. Illinois pf.	200	37	37	37	— ¾	36¾	37¾
61	51	Chicago Great Western	600	57	57¾	57		57	57¾
7	4	Chicago Great Western pf.	600	6¾	6¾	6¼	— ¼	6¼	6¾
17	9¼	Chicago Mil. & St. Paul	2,300	14¾	14	14	— 1	13¾	14
26	20¾	Chic., Mil. & St. Paul pf.	2,300	25¾	26¾	25¾	+ ¾	25¾	25¾
44¾	32¾	Chic., Mil. & St. Paul rts.	5,500	44	43	43¾	— ¾	43¾	43¾
66¾	57	Chicago & Northwest.	2,000	84¾	85½	84¾	— ¾	84¾	85
117	115	Chic. & Northwest. pf.	200	116¾	116¾	116¾	— ¾	116¾	117
85¾	82¾	Chic. Pneumatic Tool (4)	1,000	86¾	87¾	86¾	— ¾	87	87¾
31¼	30¾	Chicago, R. I. & Pacific	4,300	31¾	32¾	32¾	+ ¾	30¾	36¾
95	89¾	Chic., R. I. & Pac. pf. (7)	200	94¾	95	95	+ ¾	94¾	95
84¾	81¾	Chic., R. I. & Pac. pf. (6)	200	84¾	84¾	84¾	— ¾	84¾	84¾
29¾	27¾	Chile Copper (62½c.)	8,500	30	30	29¾	— ¾	30	30
24¾	24¾	Chino Copper	6,900	29¾	29¾	29¾	— ¾	29	29
75¾	65¾	Cluett, Peabody (5)	100	70¾	70¾	70¾	+ ¾	70	70¾
80	75¾	Coca-Cola (6)	500	77¾	77¾	77¾	— ¾	75¾	77¾
31¾	25¾	Colorado Fuel & Iron	400	30¾	30¾	30	— ¾	30	30¾
114	103¾	Columbia Gas & Elec. (6)	1,600	108	108¾	108	— ¾	108¾	106¾
2¾	2¾	Columbia Graphophone	800	2¾	2¾	2¾		2¾	2¾
12¾	8¾	Columbia Graphophone pf.	100	10	10	10	+ ½	10¾	11¾
46	39¾	Commercial Solv. (1.40)	100	44¾	44¾	44¾	— ¾	44¾	45¾
30	26	Commercial Solvent B.	100	28	28	28		28	28
75	60	Computing Tab. Rec. (6)	500	76¾	76¾	76¾	— ¾	76¾	77
¾	¾	Consolidated Distributors	100					¾	¾
39¾	33	Consolidated Cigar	300	37	37¾	37	+ ¾	37¾	37¾
69¾	60	Consolidated Gas (5)	3,600	65¾	66	65¾	— ¾	65¾	65¾
14¾	10¾	Consolidated Textile	1,800	12¾	13¾	13¾	+ ¾	12¾	13¾
50¾	45¾	Continental Can (3)	2,700	49¾	49¾	49¾		49¾	49¾
109¾	106	Continental Can pf. (7)	900	108	109¾	108	— ¾	108	108¾
103¾	92	Continental Insurance (6)	100	101¾	101¾	101¾	— ¾	100¾	102
12¾	9	Continental Motors	500	10¾	10¾	10		10	10¾
133¾	123¼	Corn Products Ref. (7)	7,200	135	136¾	135	+ ¾	135¾	135¾
63¾	60¾	Cosden & Co. (4)	13,000	59	63¾	63¾		63¾	63¾
82¾	67¾	Crucible Steel	5,200	80¾	81¾	80¾	— ¾	80¾	81
27¾	23¾	Cuban Am. Sugar	4,800	34	34	33	— ¾	33¾	33¾
102¾	100¾	Cuban Am. Sugar pf. (7)	100	101¾	101¾	101¾	— ¾	101	102
20	12¾	Cuba Cane Sugar	2,900	17¾	17¾	17¾	— ¾	17¾	18
60¾	37¾	Cuba Cane Sugar pf.	1,100	55	55¾	54¾	— ¾	55¾	56
9¾	8¾	Cuba Dom. Sugar	2,800	9¾	9¾	9¾		9¾	9¾
55	51½	Cuban Dom. Sugar pf.	900	52½	53	51½	— ¾	52¾	53
35¾	29	Davison Chemical	7,100	33	34½	33	— ¼	34¾	34¾
130¾	122¾	Delaware & Hudson (9)	200	123	122	123	— 1	120	123
130¾	122¾	Del., Lacka. & West. (6)	600	130¾	130¾	130¾	— ¾	127¾	129¾
111	106¾	Detroit Edison Co. (8)	100	110¾	110¾	110¾	— ¾	110¾	110¾
44¾	39¾	Dome Mines (2)	400	41	41	41		41¾	42
124¾	106¾	Du Pont de Nemours (6)	4,100	116¾	119¾	116¾	— 2	119¾	120
88	84¾	Du Pont de N. deb. (6)	200	87¾	88	87¾	— ¾	87¾	88
98	89¾	Eastman Kodak (10%)	5,900	107¾	109	107¾	— ¾	107¾	107¾
59¾	54	Elec. Storage Bat. (1.40)	5,700	57¾	59¾	57	— ¾	58¾	66
7¾	6¾	Emerson Brantingham	500	7	7	7		6¾	7¾
30¾	25¼	Emerson Brantingham pf.	100	30¾	30¾	30¾	— ¾	30	30¾
94¾	75¾	Endicott-Johnson (5)	400	76¾	76¾	76¾	— ¾	76	76¾
118	112	Endicott-Johnson pf. (7)	100	115	115	115		114	115
13¾	10¾	Erie	1,500	13	13¾	12¾	— ¼	13	13¾
20¾	18	Erie 1st pf.	1,900	19¾	20¾	19¾	— ¾	19¾	20
14¾	11¾	Erie 2d pf.	100	14¾	14¾	14¾	— ¼	13¾	14¾
51	26	Exchange Buffet (2)	800	27¾	27¾	27¾	— ¼	27¾	28¾
93	82¾	Famous Players Lasky (8)	1,400	88	89	88	— ¾	88	89¾
99¾	94¾	Famous Players-L. pf. (8)	600	98¾	98¾	97	— ¾	96	97
60¾	52	Federal M. & S. pf. (7)	600	56	56¾	56	— ¾	56	56¾
131	102	Fid.-Phenix Fire Ins. (6)	500	131	131	131	— 6	130	132
212¼	150	Fisher Body (10)	1,500	172	181	172	— 10	180	182
101¾	96¼	Fisher Body Ohio pf. (8)	200	101¾	101¾	101¾	— ¼	101	102
16¾	13¾	Fisk Rubber	900	15¾	15¾	15¾	— ¾	15¾	17¾
39¾	37¾	Fleischmann Co.	12,800	37¾	38¾	37¾	— ¾	39¾	39¾
22	15¾	Freeport-Texas	2,200	20¾	21	20¾	— ¾	20¾	20¾
71¾	66	Gen. Am. Tank Car (2)	600	71	71¾	70¾	— ¾	69¾	70
102¾	100	Genl. Am. Tank Car pf. (7)	400	101¾	102¾	101¾	— ¾	102	102¾
49¾	41¼	General Asphalt	1,000	46¾	47¾	46¾	— ¾	46¾	46¾
88	73	General Baking	100	83¾	83¾	83¾	— ¾	82¾	83¾
83¼	81¾	General Cigar (6)	700	92	92¾	92	— ¾	91¾	92
109	104½	General Cigar pf. (7)	100	110	110	110	— 1	109¾	111
190¼	179	General Electric (8)	700	186	186¾	185¾	— 1¾	186	187
12	11¾	Gen. Elec. Special (60c)	100	11¾	11¾	11¾	— ¼	11¾	11¾
15¾	13¾	General Motors (50c)	19,400	15¾	15¾	15¾	— ¾	15¾	15¾
100	99¾	General Motors deb. (7)	800	98	98	98	— ¾	97¾	98¾
45¾	41	Gimbel Brothers	200	46¾	46¾	46¾	— ¾	45	47
12¾	10	Glidden Co.	200	10¾	10¾	10¾		10¾	11
6¾	4¾	Goldwyn Pictures	500	5¾	5¾	5¾	— ¼	5¾	6¾
39¾	34	Goodrich (B. F.) Co.	800	37¾	37¾	37¾	— ¾	37¾	37¾
92	84	Goodrich pf. (7)	100	88½	88½	88½	— 1	88	91
99	98	Goodyear T. R. pr. pf. w.i.	500	98	98¾	98	— ¾	98	98¾
30¾	23	Granby Consol.	2,400	29¾	30¾	29¾	— ¾	29¾	30¾
14¾	11	Gray & Davis	5,600	13¾	14¾	13¾	— ¾	13¾	14
78½	71	Great Northern pf. (5)	2,400	77¾	78¾	77¾	— ¾	77¾	78
35½	30	Do ctfs. for orgs. (3).	700	35¾	35¾	35¾	— ¾	35¾	35¾
30	23¾	Greene-Cananea Copper	500	30	30	30	— ¾	29¾	30
18¾	12¾	Gulf, Mobile & Northern	2,400	18	18¾	18	— ¾	18¾	18¾
59	44½	Gulf, Mobile & N. pf.	1,500	55	59	55	— 4	48	48¾
96¼	78	Gulf States Steel	6,000	96	96	94½	— 1	94¾	95
90½	83¼	Hartman Corporation (7)	200	91	91	91	— ¾	91	92
41¾	39¾	Hayes Wheel (3)	400	40	40	39¾	— ¾	38	40
23¾	18¼	Hendee Manufacturing	400	21¾	22¾	21¾	— 1	22	22¾
78	69¾	Houston Oil	2,300	73¾	74¾	73½	— ¾	73½	74¾
30	25¾	Hudson Motor Car (12½)	4,100	29¾	30¾	29¾	— ¾	29¾	29¾
41¾	35¾	Hupp Motor Car (1)	2,500	25¾	26	25	— ¾	25¾	26¾
5¾	4	Hydraulic Steel	2,300	5¾	5¾	5¼	— ¾	5¾	5¾
117¾	110	Illinois Central (7)	3,500	115½	117¾	115½	— 2	117	116¾
41¾	33	Indiana Pipe Line (4)	6,400	41¾	41¾	41	— ¾	41¾	41¾
11	7¾	Int. Agricultural	1,000	9¾	11	9¾		11	11¾
39¾	31	Int. Agricultural pf.	1,400	38¾	39¾	38¾	— ¾	38	39¾
40¾	34½	Int. Cement (3)	1,300	39¾	39¾	39	— ¾	39	39¾
26¾	23¾	Int. Comb. Eng. (2)	200	26¾	26¾	26¾		26¾	26¾
96½	87¾	Int. Harvester new (5)	490	95¾	96¼	95¾	+ 1¾	93	96¼
11¾	8¾	Int. Merc. Marine	300	10½	10½	10½	— ½	10¾	10¾
47	37½	Int. Mer. Marine pf. (3)	100	42½	42¾	42½	— ½	42¾	43
16¼	14	Int. Nickel	2,200	16¼	16¼	15¾		16	16

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BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

TUESDAY, FEB. 20, 1923.

	1923.	1922.	1921.	1920.	1919.
Day's sales:					
U. S. Government bonds	$1,373,150	$4,163,500	Holiday	$8,182,800	$8,085,000
Other domestic bonds	7,869,000	6,661,000	Holiday	3,627,500	1,468,000
Foreign bonds	2,427,500	3,704,500	Holiday	1,717,500	579,000
Total all bonds	$11,669,650	$14,529,000	Holiday	$13,527,600	$10,077,000
Year to date:					
U. S. Government bonds	$120,979,360	$303,124,300	$286,231,200	$470,166,150	$326,062,500
Other domestic bonds	270,264,000	242,386,500	131,590,000	94,111,500	64,898,500
Foreign bonds	84,658,000	75,934,000	36,753,500	47,971,500	93,996,500
Total all bonds	$475,901,860	$621,444,800	$454,574,700	$612,249,150	$484,955,500

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT LOANS.

Range Since Date of Issue. High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	Range for '23 High.	Low.	Sales.	Issue	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.	Bid.	Closing Asked.	Yield.
103.62	Oct. 19,'22	98.04	June 2,'21	101.30	100.04	59	Liberty 3½s	101.00	101.04	101.00	101.04	+.08	101.00	101.04	3.40
102.76	Oct. 19,'22	96.14	July 14,'21	101.26	100.76	....	Liberty 3½s, registered	....	....	....	....	....	....	98.42	98.00	4.10
101.68	July 25,'22	83.00	May 19,'20	98.90	98.64	....	Liberty 1st cv. 4s, 1932-47	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
101.30	July 24,'22	83.80	May 19,'20	....	....	....	Lib. 1st. cv. 4s, reg.	....	....	....	....	....	....	98.82	98.50	4.12
100.80	July 28,'22	81.40	May 20,'20	98.70	97.74	....	Liberty 2d 4s, 1927-42	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
100.54	July 14,'22	81.56	May 21,'20	96.80	97.00	....	Liberty 2d 4s, reg.	....	....	....	....	....	....	98.70	98.28	....
102.00	July 16,'22	90.00	June 7,'20	99.00	98.10	....	Lib. 1st 2d cv. 4¼s,32-47	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
101.78	July 12,'22	84.00	May 21,'20	99.20	98.24	42	Lib. 1st cv.4¼s, 1932-47	98.60	98.68	98.50	98.56	—.06	98.56	98.60	4.35
101.40	July 24,'22	84.00	July 20,'20	98.80	97.98	....	Lib. 1st cv. 4¼s, reg.	....	....	....	....	....	....	98.40	98.40	4.37
101.00	July 24,'22	84.40	May 20,'20	98.10	97.82	248	Lib. 2d cv. 4¼s, 1927-42	98.42	98.46	98.34	98.44	—.10	98.40	98.40	4.37
100.80	July 23,'22	83.50	Dec. 23,'20	97.70	2	Lib. 2d cv. 4¼s, reg.	98.28	98.28	98.28	98.28	—.14	....	....	....	....
101.00	July 20,'22	85.60	Dec. 20,'20	99.18	98.52	3824	Lib. 3d 4¼s, 1928	98.86	98.86	98.61	98.64	—.04	98.50	98.54	4.41
100.86	July 22,'22	82.40	May 19,'20	99.04	98.44	2	Lib. 3d 4¼s, registered	98.70	98.70	98.70	98.70	—.12	....	....	....
101.26	July 27,'22	82.00	May 20,'20	99.18	98.00	2894	Lib. 4th 4¼s, 1933-38	98.66	98.68	98.54	98.62	—.08	98.60	98.64	4.87
101.62	July 26,'22	82.42	May 20,'20	99.00	98.00	9	Lib. 4th 4¼s, reg.	98.60	98.62	98.50	98.56	....	....	....	....
100.98	May 10,'22	94.70	May 20,'20	100.32	100.12	804	Victory 4¾s, 1923	100.12	100.16	100.12	100.16	+.04	100.12	100.16	4.96
100.90	Apr. 8,'22	94.68	May 21,'20	100.06	99.98	....	Victory 4¾s, 1923, reg.	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
100.14	Oct. 19,'22	98.80	Oct. 27,'22	100.04	99.80	70	Treasury 4¼s, 1947-52	99.94	99.96	99.94	99.96	—.02	99.94	99.96	4.25
100.00	Feb. 14,'23	99.64	Oct. 7,'22	100.09	99.80	....	Treasury 4¼s, reg.	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....

FOREIGN BONDS.

Argentine 6s 1945 ... 1 ... 81 ... 1 ... 81 ... 1 ... 81
Australia 5½s 1945 ... 2 ... 98 ... 2 ... 98 ... 2 ... 98
Austria 7s 1943 ... 1 ... 10½ ... 1 ... 10½ ... 1 ... 10½
Belgium 7s 1945 ... 1 ... 98½ ... 1 ... 98½ ... 1 ... 98½
Bergen 8s 1945 ... 1 ... 101 ... 1 ... 101 ... 1 ... 101
Bordeaux 6s 1934 ... 1 ... 99 ... 1 ... 99 ... 1 ... 99
Brazil 8s 1941 ... 1 ... 104½ ... 1 ... 104½ ... 1 ... 104½
Bremen 7s 1945 ... 1 ... 10 ... 1 ... 10 ... 1 ... 10
Bristol 6s 1934 ... 1 ... 99 ... 1 ... 99 ... 1 ... 99
Bruges 7s 1945 ... 1 ... 10 ... 1 ... 10 ... 1 ... 10
Buenos Aires 6s 1961 ... 1 ... 98½ ... 1 ... 98½ ... 1 ... 98½
Canada 5s 1926 ... 1 ... 99½ ... 1 ... 99½ ... 1 ... 99½
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Canada 6s 2099 ... 1 ... 101½ ... 1 ... 101½ ... 1 ... 101½
Canada 6s 2100 ... 1 ... 101½ ... 1 ... 101½ ... 1 ... 101½

DOMESTIC BONDS.

N Y City 4s 1958 ... 5 ... 104¼ ... 2 ... 104¼ ... 1 ... 104¼
5 ... 90⅝
Ajax Rubber ten s f 8s 1936 ... 2 ... 104¼ ... 1 ... 104¼ ... 2 ... 104¼
8 ... 99 ... 7 ... 104¼ ... 1 ... 104¼
10 ... 90¼ ... 5 ... 104¼ ... 1 ... 104¼
Am Ag Ch cv 5s 1928 ... 16 ... 104 ... 2 ... 104
3 ... 100 ... 7 ... 104¼ ... 1 ... 104¼
7½s 1941 ... 15 ... 104 ... 2 ... 104¼
1 ... 103¾ ... 11 ... 104¼ ... 1 ... 104¼
6 ... 104 ... 10 ... 104¼ ... 1 ... 104¼
Am Cot Oil 5s 1931 ... 15 ... 104¼ ... 2 ... 104¼
3 ... 77½ ... 5 ... 104¼ ... 2 ... 104¼
Am Smelt & Ref 1st 5s 1947 ... 17 ... 104¼ ... 2 ... 104¼
7 ... 90⅝ ... 2 ... 104¼ ... 1 ... 104¼
12 ... 90¼ ... 2 ... 104¼ ... 1 ... 104¼
Am Sug Ref tem 6s 1937 ... 10 ... 102½ ... 1 ... 102⅝
1 ... 102⅝ ... 5 ... 102⅝ ... 2 ... 102⅝
13 ... 102¼ ... 4 ... 88 ... 1 ... 88
1 ... 102⅝ ... 1 ... 88⅝ ... 2 ... 88½
14 ... 102⅝ ... 2 ... 88½ ... 1 ... 88½
3 ... 102⅞ ... 1 ... 88½ ... 1 ... 88½
Am Tel & Tel col 4s 1929 ... 5 ... 92⅝ ... 5 ... 87⅝ ... 1 ... 87⅝
3 ... 92⅛ ... 14 ... 92⅛ ... 1 ... 92⅛
Chinese Ry 5s 1951 ... 2 ... 93¾ ... 2 ... 93¾ ... 1 ... 93¾
11 ... 51½ ... 2 ... 94 ... 9 ... 100¼
1 ... 51¾ ... 3 ... 90 ... 2 ... 90
City of Rio de Janeiro s f 8s 1946 ... 2 ... 79½ ... 2 ... 79½ ... 2 ... 79½
City of Berne 8s 1945 ... 6 ... 93¾ ... 2 ... 101⅞ ... 2 ... 101⅞
1 ... 93⅞ ... 2 ... 101⅛ ... 1 ... 101⅛
City of San Paulo s f 8s 1952 int ctfs ... 1 ... 99 ... 1 ... 101½ ... 1 ... 101½
City of Bord'x 6s 1934 ... 6 ... 75½ ... 1 ... 101½ ... 1 ... 101½
6 ... 75½ ... 1 ... 98⅝ ... 2 ... 100⅞
City of Lyons 6s 1934 ... 2 ... 72¼ ... 1 ... 100⅝ ... 2 ... 100⅝
2s10f.. 72¼ ... 1 ... 100⅝ ... 1 ... 100⅝
City of Lyons 6s 1934 ... 14 ... 75⅞ ... 2 ... 75 ... 1 ... 100⅝
14 ... 75⅞ ... 3 ... 76 ... 1 ... 100⅝
3 ... 75⅝ ... 1 ... 100⅝ ... 1 ... 100⅝
City of Marseilles 6s '34 ... 5 ... 75⅝ ... 9 ... 85 ... 1 ... 85
1 ... 84⅞ ... 4 ... 85¾ ... 1 ... 85¾
4 ... 84¼ ... 1 ... 85¾ ... 1 ... 85¾
City of Montevideo tem s f 7s 1952 ... 2 ... 84 ... 1 ... 84½ ... 2 ... 90
City of Rio de Janeiro s f 8s 1946 ... 1 ... 94 ... 3 ... 87½ ... 1 ... 87½
Chinese Ry 5s 1951 ... 2 ... 93¾ ... 2 ... 93¾ ... 1 ... 93¾
11 ... 51½ ... 2 ... 94 ... 9 ... 100¼
1 ... 51¾ ... 3 ... 90 ... 2 ... 90
City of Bord'x 6s 1934 ... 6 ... 75½ ... 1 ... 101½ ... 1 ... 101½
6 ... 75½ ... 1 ... 98⅝ ... 2 ... 100⅞
City of Lyons 6s 1934 ... 14 ... 75⅝ ... 2 ... 75 ... 1 ... 100⅝
14 ... 75⅝ ... 3 ... 76 ... 1 ... 100⅝
3 ... 75⅝ ... 1 ... 100⅝ ... 1 ... 100⅝
City of Marseilles 6s '34 ... 5 ... 75⅝ ... 9 ... 85 ... 1 ... 85
1 ... 84⅞ ... 4 ... 85¾ ... 1 ... 85¾
4 ... 84¼ ... 1 ... 85¾ ... 1 ... 85¾
Anaconda Mg 1st s f 6s Se A 1953 w i ... 10 ... 98¼ ... 2a10f.. 98¼ ... 1 ... 98¼
10 ... 98¼ ... 2a10f.. 98¼ ... 1 ... 98¼
Balt & Ohio pri lien 4½s 1925 ... 3 ... 94 ... 1 ... 94
1 ... 98⅝ ... 2 ... 94½ ... 1 ... 94½
cv 4½s, 1933 ... 2 ... 80⅝ ... 2 ... 80⅝
2 ... 80⅝ ... 2 ... 80⅝ ... 2 ... 80⅝
1 ... 80⅝ ... 1 ... 80⅝ ... 1 ... 80⅝
2 ... 81 ... 2 ... 81 ... 2 ... 81
3 ... 80⅝ ... 3 ... 80⅝ ... 3 ... 80⅝
ref 5s, 1995 ... 1 ... 84¼ ... 1 ... 84¼ ... 1 ... 84¼
2 ... 84 ... 2 ... 84 ... 2 ... 84
1 ... 83⅞ ... 1 ... 83⅞ ... 1 ... 83⅞
10 s10f.. 83⅞ ... 8 ... 100⅝ ... 8 ... 100⅝
1 ... 83¼ ... 5 ... 99 ... 5 ... 99
6s, 1929 ... 1 ... 101 ... 1 ... 101
1 ... 100⅞ ... 1 ... 100⅞ ... 1 ... 100⅞
1 ... 101 ... 1 ... 101 ... 1 ... 101
4 ... 100⅞ ... 2 ... 100⅞ ... 2 ... 100⅞
5 ... 101 ... 5 ... 101 ... 5 ... 101
P L E & W V 4s, 1941 ... 28 ... 86 ... 28 ... 86
6 ... 86¼ ... 6 ... 86¼ ... 6 ... 86¼
Swat div 5½s, 1925 ... 5 ... 77⅝ ... 5 ... 77⅝ ... 5 ... 77⅝
ctfs of dep ... 2 ... 77½ ... 2 ... 77½ ... 2 ... 77½
7s, 1921 ... 17 ... 84½ ... 17 ... 84½ ... 17 ... 84½
ctfs of dep. stamped ... 1 ... 94¼ ... 1 ... 94¼ ... 1 ... 94¼
3 ... 90⅝ ... 3 ... 90⅝ ... 3 ... 90⅝
gold 5s, 1945 ... 8 ... 90⅝ ... 8 ... 90⅝ ... 8 ... 90⅝
2 ... 77½ ... 2 ... 77½ ... 2 ... 77½
ctfs of dep ... 2 ... 77½ ... 2 ... 77½ ... 2 ... 77½
7s, 1921 ... 17 ... 84½ ... 17 ... 84½ ... 17 ... 84½
ctfs of dep. stamped ... 1 ... 94¼ ... 1 ... 94¼ ... 1 ... 94¼
3 ... 90⅝ ... 3 ... 90⅝ ... 3 ... 90⅝
Barnsdall Crp s f 8s, 1931 ... 5 ... 189 ... 5 ... 189 ... 5 ... 189
4 ... 103 ... 2 ... 139½ ... 2 ... 139½
1 ... 101⅞ ... 1 ... 139⅝ ... 1 ... 139⅝
Bell Tel of Pa 1st & ref 5s, 1948, Int ctfs ... 1 ... 88 ... 1 ... 88 ... 1 ... 88
1 ... 98⅝ ... 5 ... 88⅝ ... 5 ... 88⅝
29 ... 98½ ... 1 ... 86 ... 1 ... 86
2 ... 88½ ... 2 ... 88½ ... 2 ... 88½
7s, 1945 ... 20 ... 107¼ ... 1 ... 94¼ ... 1 ... 94¼
cv 4s, 1960 ... 10 ... 107⅝ ... 10 ... 94¾ ... 10 ... 94¾
6 ... 102½ ... 8 ... 94½ ... 8 ... 94½
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adj 4s, 1995, stamped ... 3 ... 94¼ ... 3 ... 94¼
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Cal-Ariz 1st & ref 4½s, 1962 ... 1 ... 96½ ... 1 ... 96½ ... 1 ... 96½
2 ... 96⅝ ... 2 ... 96⅝ ... 2 ... 96⅝
2 ... 91¾ ... 3a7f... 96⅝ ... 3a7f... 96⅝
Atl Coast Line 1st 4s, 1952 ... 14 ... 96¾ ... 14 ... 96¾ ... 14 ... 96¾
2 c ... 88½ ... 2 ... 96¾ ... 2 ... 96¾
9 ... 87½ ... 1 ... 96¾ ... 1 ... 96¾
gn unif 4½s, 1964 ... 2 ... 100⅝ ... 2 ... 100⅝ ... 2 ... 100⅝
5 ... 87½ ... 1 ... 100⅝ ... 1 ... 100⅝
L & N col 4s, 1952 ... 5 ... 91½ ... 5 ... 91½ ... 5 ... 91½
Atl Fruit 7s, 1934 ... 1 ... 40½ ... 1 ... 40½ ... 1 ... 40½
3 a7f .. 40 ... 3 a7f .. 40 ... 3 a7f .. 40
Atlant Ref tn deb 5s, 1937 ... 8 ... 37½ ... 8 ... 37½ ... 8 ... 37½
11 ... 98¼ ... 11 ... 98¼ ... 11 ... 98¼
Baldwin Loco 6s, 1940 ... 2 ... 101½ ... 2 ... 101½ ... 2 ... 101½
Balt & Ohio pri lien 4½s, 1925 ... 3 ... 94 ... 1 ... 94
1 ... 98⅝ ... 2 ... 94½ ... 1 ... 94½
cv 4½s, 1933 ... 2 ... 80⅝ ... 2 ... 80⅝ ... 2 ... 80⅝
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3 ... 80⅝ ... 3 ... 80⅝ ... 3 ... 80⅝
ref 5s, 1995 ... 1 ... 84¼ ... 1 ... 84¼ ... 1 ... 84¼
2 ... 84 ... 2 ... 84 ... 2 ... 84
1 ... 83⅞ ... 1 ... 83⅞ ... 1 ... 83⅞
10 s10f.. 83⅞ ... 8 ... 100⅝ ... 8 ... 100⅝
1 ... 83¼ ... 5 ... 99 ... 5 ... 99
6s, 1929 ... 1 ... 101 ... 1 ... 101
1 ... 100⅞ ... 1 ... 100⅞ ... 1 ... 100⅞
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Missouri, Kansas & Texas
Old and new issues and scrip

Registered Bonds—all issues
Binghamton Lt., Ht. & Pr. 5s, '42
St. Louis & San Francisco 4s, 6s
Duk., So. Shore & Atlantic 5s
"St. Paul," Puget Sound 4s
Central New England 4s
"St. Paul" Gen. 4s
Erie & Jersey 6s

Specialists in
"Baby" Bonds
$100 & $500 pieces
All Issues

Foreign Bonds
Liberty Bonds
Coupon Registered
All issues and denominations

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TELEPHONE BROAD 6700.

Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie

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Due June 1, 1930

To Yield
About 5⅜%

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LOW, DIXON & CO.
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New York
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We recommend the sale of
C., M. & St. P. 5s, 2014
and the purchase of
Seab'd Air Line 6s, 1945

Market on both about 68
Orders Executed at the Market

This is No. 48 of the series of exchanges we are recommending. Exchange No. 49 will appear in this space next Saturday. Our Consulting Service can suggest profitable exchanges for you.

Letter on request.

Paul Plunkett & Co.
Financial Counsel
National City Building
17 East 42 Street

WORTHINGTON PUMP BILLINGS FALL OFF

Figures for 1922 Were $14,722,916, Against $17,335,854 Reported for 1921.

DEFICIT FOR BOTH YEARS

Net Current Assets for the Year Were $18,626,806, Against Net Current Liabilities of $3,818,407.

The Worthington Pump and Machinery Company for 1922 reports gross billing to customers of $14,722,916, against $17,335,854 in 1921. Net operating profit was $388,623, against $1,544,310. Net income available for capital stock was $879,054, which fell short of covering regular dividends on the preferred stock by $121,114. This was the second year no earnings were reported on the common shares. In 1921 a deficit of $189,680 was reported before payment of dividends, due to the loss in inventory value. As a result of crediting $1,999,407 for inventory adjustment in 1922 and payment of dividends on both the common and preferred stocks, a deficit of $2,108,878 was reported in 1921.

Comparative figures for 1921 and 1922 follow:

	1922.	1921.
Billings	$14,722,916	$17,335,854
Cost of sales	14,659,291	15,791,544
Oper. profit	$388,623	$1,544,310
Other income	674,556	366,967
Gross income	$1,057,161	$1,908,977
Total deductions	177,470	2,097,607
Net income	$879,691	*$189,680
Class A. pf. divs.	561,456	487,206
Class B. pf. divs.	419,309	419,309
Common divs.	.....	906,460
Deficit	$101,114	$2,108,878

*Deficit.

The balance sheet on Dec. 31, 1922, shows a profit and loss surplus of $2,358,740, against a surplus of $2,510,854 in 1921. Net current assets were $18,626,806 against net current liabilities of $3,818,407.

Net current assets were as follows: United States securities, $4,105,763; miscellaneous securities, $687,708; inventories, $7,989,375; accounts and bills receivable, $4,389,914; net current assets of European branches, $394,694; miscellaneous assets, $31,027, and cash on hand and in banks $1,450,538.

Net current liabilities were as follows: trade accounts, $398,677; accrued payrolls, $127,146; reserves for taxes, $3,004,839; accrued interest, $27,500; reserved for contingent liabilities, $138,303, and miscellaneous liabilities, $71,885.

C. Philip Coleman, President of the company said that "although some of the conditions abroad and at home which adversely affected business have not disappeared, it is believed that forecast of continued improved business is justified."

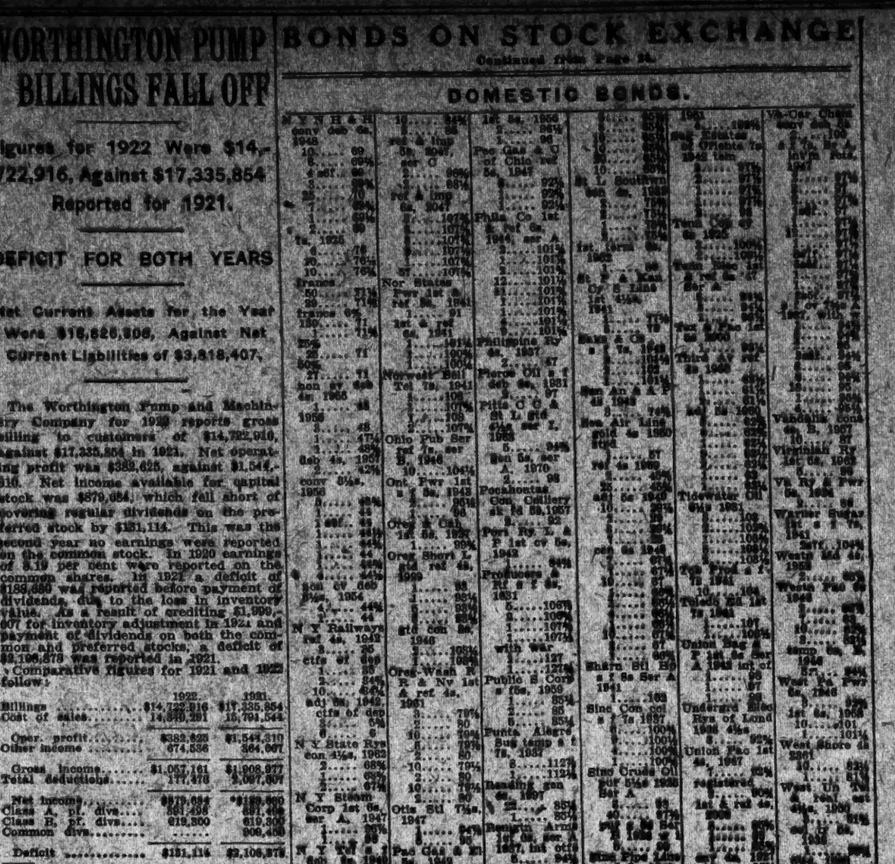
Regarding operations during 1922, he said: "The earlier part of the year did not bring with it the progressive improvement that had been indicated toward the close of 1921 and the bookings during that period were disappointing. With the latter part of the year came a material improvement, which later was somewhat retarded by the continued disturbances in European affairs, the effects of the coal and railroad strikes, and by the uncertainty in business conditions due to suggested Federal legislative measures. Nevertheless, it is encouraging to note that the bookings for December exceeded those of any other month of the year.

"The total bookings for the year exceeded those of the preceding year by $4,005,357, about 33 per cent. The greater part of the improvement came in the second half of the year, the bookings for the last six months of 1922 having exceeded those for the same period of the fiscal year 1921 by more than 50 per cent."

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Continued from Page 24.

DOMESTIC BONDS.



MUNICIPAL BONDS

DIRECT GENERAL OBLIGATIONS

The following list of bonds are Direct General Obligations payable from taxes on all taxable property of the various communities. They are exempt from all Federal Income Taxes. We recommend them for conservative investments.

Security	Rate	Maturity	Yield
Rhode Island State Reg. Harbor	4%	1960	3.75%
Rhode Island State Reg. Highway	3½	1939	3.75
Nassau County, N. Y., Mun. Imp.	4¼	1943	3.80
Syracuse, N. Y., Reg. Sewer	4½	1928–29	3.90
Fairfield, Conn., Ref.	4	1948	3.90
Passaic, N. J., Gen. Imp.	4½	1925–54	4.15
Los Angeles, Cal., Water	4½	1941	4.30
Muscatine, Iowa, Mun. Imp.	4½	1924–42	4.30–4.40
Youngstown, Ohio, Mun. Imp.	5¼	1927–39	4.30
Birmingham, Ala., School	4½	1947	4.35
Cleveland, Ohio, School District	6	1932	4.35
Multnomah Co., Ore., Sch. Dist. No. 1	4½	1926–43	4.35
Ogden, Utah, Water	4½	1929	4.40
Secaucus, N. J., Imp.	6	1926	4.40
Seattle, Wash., Sewer	4½	1927	4.50
Seattle, Wash., Sch. Dist. No. 1	5	1932	4.50
Jefferson County, Ala., Refunding	5	1949	4.50
Port of Seattle, Wash., Port	5	1959	4.50
State of South Dakota, Rur. Credit	5	1932	4.50
Woodbury County, Iowa, Road	5	1924	4.50
Pensacola, Fla., Mun. Imp.	4½	1941	4.50
Summit County, Ohio, Road Imp.	5	1926–30	4.50
Ocean City, N. J., Pub. Land Acq.	5	1924–57	4.50
Charleston, S. C., Imp.	6	1924–32	4.50–4.60
King County, Wash., Funding	5	1928	4.60
Seattle, Wash., School Dist.	6	1946–58	4.65
Wildwood, N. J., Funding	5	1944	4.65
South Norfolk, Va., Sewer	5½	1952	4.65
Fairview, N. J., Street Imp.	5½	1939–48	4.70
Durham, N. C., Street Imp.	5¼	1927–31	4.70
Galveston Co., Texas, Causeway	5	1957 opt. '37	4.70
Ross County, Ohio, Road	6	1924–25	4.70
Perry Co., Ky., Road and Bridge	5	1928–53	4.75
Union County, N. C., Road	6	1923–24	4.75
Pontotoc County, Miss., Court House	5½	1936	4.80
Dade County, Fla., Court House, Rd. & Jail	5	1925–33	4.80
St. Petersburg, Fla., Mun. Imp.	5½	1950	4.85
Concord, N. C., Str. Imp.	5¼	1927–38	4.88
Reidsville, N. C., Street Imp.	5¼	1928–43	4.90
Miami, Fla., Mun. Imp.	6	1925–27	5.00
Sea Isle City, N. J., Water Works	6	1926–30	5.00
Henry County, Va., Mun. Imp.	6	1946	5.00

Descriptive Circular upon Request.

R. M. GRANT & CO.
Incorporated
Boston New York Chicago

A Diversified Investment in Safe Utility Bonds averaging 6.21% yield

To promote the application of diversification in individual investment holdings is a fundamental of our policy. It is given practical effect through the range of selections made available to investors by our extensive operations in underwriting and distributing all types of conservative bonds.

The advantages of diversification are well illustrated in the following group of Utility Bonds. Short and long term maturities are included; security is distributed as to kind and location of properties; the average yield is attractive. Available in $1000, $500 and $100 amounts.

Indiana Electric Corporation
First Mortgage 6% Gold Bonds
Series A
Due December 1, 1947

This Corporation is a subsidiary of the Central Indiana Power Company—a well established public utility supplying, through its other subsidiaries, including one of the two electric light and power companies in Indianapolis, 70 communities in Indiana with an estimated total population of over 500,000.

The Indiana Electric Corporation was formed to finance a new generating plant on the Wabash river, where cheap fuel and adequate condensing water will be available for economical production of an increased supply of electrical power.

These bonds are secured by a first mortgage on all the Corporation's property and through guarantee by endorsement of the payment of both principal and interest by the Central Indiana Power Company.

A safe long-term investment—non-callable for 10 years. Price, to yield about

6¼%

The Lacledе Gas Light Company
of St. Louis, Missouri
First Mortgage Collateral 5% Sinking Fund Gold Bonds
Series C
Due February 1, 1953

For 65 years, The Lacledе Gas Light Company has had a successful record—supplying gas, under charter held in perpetual—to what is now the fifth city of the United States. The bonds of this Company have been long and favorably known to investors.

In addition to being secured by direct mortgage lien upon all of the Company's physical property, these bonds share equally in the lien of the closed first mortgage.

These bonds precede $2,500,000 5% Preferred Stock, on which dividends have been paid consecutively since 1898, and $20,700,000 Common Stock now paying 7% dividends.

A conservative long-term investment in an industry that is essential to a great city. Price, to yield about

5¼%

Monongahela West Penn Public Service Company
First Lien and Refunding 6% Gold Bonds
Series A
Due February 1, 1928

Monongahela West Penn Public Service Company is the largest electric power, light and railway enterprise in West Virginia, serving a rich industrial, agricultural and mining territory.

These bonds are a mortgage on property having a reproduction value, new, of more than twice the amount of the bonded debt. The Company enjoys the capable management of The West Penn Company, of which it is a subsidiary.

These bonds will be convertible on an attractive basis into Series B, 30-year 5½% bonds to be issued under the same Trust Deed as Series A.

A sound short-term investment which may be discontinued just prior thereto. Price, to yield about

6¼%

Available in $1000, $500 and $100 Amounts

Fully descriptive circulars of these bonds will be sent with a copy of our pamphlet, "10 Tests of a Sound Public Utility Bond," upon request. Write for circular 22-A.

All statements herein are official or are based on information which we regard as reliable, but while we do use precaution thereto, we assume no responsibility for the correctness of same.

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3,400 years ago—

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THROUGHOUT all these centuries it has been unproductive. Today it is only a hoard for a museum.

If it had been possible for this Egyptian King to put his money to work in profitable investments, his fortune today could be equal to the wealth of a gigantic empire.

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MUNI. DEVELOP. CO., ONTARIO FIRST 5s, 1953
NOR. ONTARIO LGT. & POW. CO. FIRST 6s, 1931
PROVINCE OF ONTARIO DEB. 4s, OCT. 1, 1943
RIO DE JAN. TR., LT. & P. CO. FIRST 5s, 1935

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Letter on request

"I Am Worried About These Stocks"

Wrote an anxious investor who asked advice from the financial editor of a newspaper regarding his purchase of preferred and common stocks of a recently promoted company. These showed him a severe loss.

This case is typical of thousands of people who lose money by purchasing fluctuating securities.

Profit by their example. Buy non-fluctuating Guaranteed First Mortgages. Over a period of 30 years no holder of our Guaranteed Mortgages or Certificates has ever had cause for even a moment's anxiety. Most of our new clients come through satisfied old clients.

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No Loss to Any Investor in our 50 Years of Operation and We Guarantee There Never Shall Be.

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FLORIDA
5% Bonds

Due Jan., 1938-1951
Population, 12,000

Price to Yield 5.00%

C. W. McNEAR & COMPANY
Established 1908
120 Broadway
NEW YORK

Callable Bonds

98 Industrials
70 Railroads
58 Public Utilities

This compilation is interesting to all holders of high coupon bonds since most high interest bearing issues carry callable features. Some of these bonds are now selling at or near their call price. We shall be glad to send you the complete list of the 226 issues which shows call dates, call prices, etc.

Ask for List 40

George H. Burr & Co.
Equitable Building
New York

Boston Philadelphia Hartford
Chicago St. Louis San Francisco
Los Angeles Seattle Portland, O.

Bank Stocks

For Investment

		Price
40	Bankers Trust	375
50	Bank of Manhattan	151
100	Chase National Bk.	351
20	Chatham & Phenix	263
50	Equitable Trust	198
100	Irving-Columbia Tr.	243
50	National City Bank	337
50	National Park Bank	438
20	Title Guar. & Trust	375

Above offerings subject to prior sale

Selected Bank Stock circular sent on request. T-10.

Farson, Son & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
115 Broadway, New York

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8%
Well Secured Bond
carrying
Common Stock
Bonus

WE offer a limited amount of 8% convertible debenture bonds of a company whose security is estimated at three million dollars in excess of total amount of mortgage bonds and debentures outstanding. Making liberal allowances for corporate and operating expenses, the profits should net about $1,200,000 on the common stock, or 20%.

Price to Yield 8%

Circular "D" on request

THROCKMORTON & CO.
115 BROADWAY NEW YORK
E. T. PENROSE, Special Representative

ILLINOIS CENTRAL SELLS BOND ISSUE

Kuhn, Loeb & Co. Buy $13,447,000 and Will Offer Them at 99, Yielding 5.05%.

CONTINENTAL GAS $2,000,000

Chicago Syndicate Buys $8,000,000 Illinois Road Bonds in Open Auction.

Kuhn, Loeb & Co. have just purchased $13,447,000 Illinois Central Railroad Company refunding mortgage five per cent. gold bonds, due Nov. 1, 1955, which will be offered at 99 and accrued interest, yielding over 5.05 per cent. on the investment to maturity. The bonds will be issued under the refunding mortgage of the company dated Nov. 1, 1908, the bankers state. As the terms of that mortgage provide for interest at the rate of not exceeding four per cent., it was explained the additional one per cent. interest which these bonds bear "will be secured under a supplemental indenture by a lien on the property, subject to the refunding mortgage, except approximately 2.6 miles subordinate to the lien of the principal of the refunding mortgage bonds and interest thereon at the rate of four per cent. per annum." The issuance and sale of these bonds are subject to the approval of the Interstate Commerce Commission and any other public authorities that may be necessary.

The Refunding Plan.

In a letter to the bankers regarding this issue, Charles A. Peabody, Chairman of the Board of the Illinois Central Railroad, said in part:

"The proceeds of the $13,447,000 five per cent. refunding mortgage bonds which you have agreed to purchase will be applied: (1) to reimburse the company for refunding $968,000 principal amount Kankakee & Southwestern Railroad five per cent. bonds matured Aug. 1, 1921, and to refund $470,000 principal amount Belleville & Carondelet first mortgage six per cent. bonds maturing June 1, 1923; and (2) to reimburse the treasury for improvements heretofore effected on the company's lines of railroad subject to the refunding mortgage, and to retire a loan of $3,848,000 from the United States Treasury under Section 210 of the Transportation act.

"The total authorized amount of the refunding mortgage bonds is limited to $120,000,000, of which $54,187,000 bonds will be outstanding in the hands of the public after the present issue, $37,588,000 reserved to retire a like principal amount of prior lien bonds (exclusive of the $470,000 principal amount Belleville & Carondelet first mortgage 6 per cent. bonds, maturing June 1, 1923, the refunding of which is herein included) and $8,225,000 bonds pledged as part of the collateral security for the company's fifteen-year 6½ per cent. secured gold bonds due July 1, 1936. None of the prior lien bonds matures before 1931 and then only a small amount. The earliest maturity of any size, to meet which refunding mortgage bonds may be sold, is that of the $5,000,000 fifteen-year 6½ per cent. bonds due July 1, 1936, which are not subject to earlier redemption."

A syndicate composed of Howe, Snow & Bertles, Inc.; E. H. Wilsey & Co., Otis & Co., and Cyrus, Peirse & Co. are offering $2,000,000 Continental Gas and Electric Corporation twenty-five-year refunding 6s, Series A, maturing April 1, 1947, at 95 and interest to yield about 6.40 per cent. The proceeds will be used to pay for large extensions and additional facilities and for the reimbursement of the corporation's treasury for construction recently completed. The bonds are secured by the deposit of all outstanding stocks and bonds, with fractional exceptions, of all subsidiary companies; except $1,500,000 closed first mortgage bonds of the Lincoln Gas and Electric Company.

Frank Mossberg Issue.

P. W. Brooks & Co. are offering $315,000 first mortgage 6½ per cent. serial gold bonds of the Frank Mossberg Company at a price to yield 7 per cent. The bonds are due serially 1925 to 1944. The company is a producer of chrome steel, automobile wrenches and tools, and reels and stools for all types of wire.

Lamport, Barker & Jennings, Inc., are offering, an issue of $250,000 State of Texas 5 per cent. coupon funding bonds, dated Feb. 1, 1923, and due Feb. 1, 1925, at 101¼ and interest to yield more than 4.40 per cent. The bonds are a legal investment for savings banks and trust funds in New York and are exempt from all Federal income taxes. Jelke, Hood & Co. are offering a new issue of $125,000 Town of Hempstead, Nassau County, New York, Union Free School District No. 29, 4¾ per cent. coupon or registered bonds, due March 1, 1925 to 1949, inclusive, at prices to yield 4.15 per cent. to 4.10 per cent.

The syndicate managers for the $1,000,000 Oklahoma General Power Company first mortgage 6 per cent. gold bonds announce that the issue has been oversubscribed. The syndicate which offered $3,250,000 Winnipeg Electric Railway Company twenty-year general mortgage and collateral trust 6 per cent. gold bonds also announce that the books had been closed, subscriptions having been received in excess of the amount offered.

A syndicate headed by the Continental and Commercial Trust and Savings Bank of Chicago was the successful bidder yesterday for an issue of $6,000,000 of State of Illinois highways 4 per cent. bonds, due 1933 to 1943. The bid price was 98.153. The open auction method was utilized in awarding the bonds, and it was believed that the first prices offered were too high to permit of many bids. There were only two others, one by a syndicate headed by Ames, Emerich & Co. with a bid of 95.169 and the other by a syndicate headed by the National City Company with a bid price of 98.09.

Northern Pipe Line Income Larger.

The Northern Pipe Line Company for 1922 reported net income of $482,167, against net income of $453,950 in 1921. The profits last year were equal to $12.05 a share on the $4,000,000 capital stock, against $11.32 a share the previous year. The company paid $1,000,000 in dividends, against $400,000 in 1921. A deficit of $517,833 was reported, against a surplus of $53,050 in the previous year. The $1,000,000 in dividends included a special payment of $15 a share distributed on Jan. 1, 1923. This dividend amounted to $600,000, and was paid out of earnings accumulated since 1913. The remaining $400,000 represented regular quarterly dividends.

Union Oil Co. Gives Annual Report.

The Union Oil Company of California for the year ended Dec. 31, 1922, reports total income of $25,419,981, against $23,839,187 in the previous year. After payment of all operating expenses and taxes the net earnings for last year amounted to $22,278,958, against $20,218,255 in 1921. Net profits, after depletion, depreciation, interest and other charges, totaled $10,735,875, equal to $21.47 a share earned on the $50,000,000 capital stock outstanding. In 1921 net profits amounted to $10,528,207, after the same deductions, equal to $21.05 a share on the same amount of stock.

May Increase Fisher Body Stock.

A special meeting of stockholders of the Fisher Body Corporation has been called for March 6, to be held at the offices of the company in this city. This meeting is for the purpose of having the stockholders approve an increase in the company's capital stock from 500,000 shares to 600,000 shares of no par value. This stock has been offered to stockholders at $75 a share. At the same time the number of directors is to be reduced from fourteen to eleven, subject to the approval of stockholders.

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
25 railroads	96.37	95.40	95.76	+ .45
25 industrials	116.21	115.08	115.85	+ .59
50 stocks	91.29	90.21	90.89	+ .52

DAILY RANGE OF STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Feb. 15	91.06	90.75	90.98	- .08
Feb. 17	90.74	90.19	90.63	- .19
Feb. 19	90.83	90.05	90.43	- .20
Feb. 20	90.81	90.20	90.50	+ .29
Feb. 14	90.77	89.40	90.01	- .43
Feb. 12	91.01	89.89	90.44	+ .42

MONTHLY RANGE OF STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
Feb.					
*1923	91.29	Feb. 20	89.89	Feb. 1	90.50
1922	93.71	Feb. 27	86.25	Feb. 1	93.00
1921	71.76	Feb. 17	68.91	Feb. 24	69.20
1920	81.95	Feb. 2	75.45	Feb. 12	80.54
1919	83.53	Feb. 28	79.53	Feb. 10	81.36

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

*1923	91.29	Feb. 20	84.17	Jan. 17	90.50
†1922	93.23	Feb. 21	68.21	Jan. 10	72.69

Full Years.

1923	93.06	Oct. 13	86.21	Jan. 10	86.56
1921	73.13	May 6	58.35	June 21	68.50
1920	94.97	Apr. 3	67.20	Dec. 21	67.20
1919	88.47	Oct. 31	80.73	Jan. 21	80.82
1918	80.18	Nov. 19	66.12	Jan. 16	76.58

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE OF DOMESTIC BONDS.

	Net Change.	Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues	79.38	+.69	+2.59	

DAILY RANGE OF DOMESTIC BONDS.

Feb. 19	79.36	—.01	Feb. 14	79.40	+.02
Feb. 17	79.37	+.01	Feb. 13	79.35	+.11
Feb. 16	79.34	—.01	Feb. 12	Holiday.	
Feb. 15	79.35	—.03	Feb. 11	79.37	—.03

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

*1923	79.40	Feb. 14	78.81	Jan. 31	79.36
†1922	77.07	Jan. 23	75.01	Jan. 3	76.77

Full Years.

1922	86.54	Aug. 29	75.01	Jan. 3	76.19
1921	76.31	Nov. 29	67.56	June 20	75.27
1920	79.14	Oct. 21	65.07	May 27	65.07
1919	79.05	June 2	71.05	Dec. 7	72.60
1918	82.36	Nov. 13	75.65	Sep. 27	75.78

*To date.
†Corresponding date last year.

Foreign Bonds.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

	Net Change.	Day.	Week.	Month.
10 Gov't issues	89.01	+.06	—.40	+.35

DAILY RANGE 10 FOREIGN BONDS.

Feb. 19	89.85	—.03	Feb. 14	89.12	—.26
Feb. 17	89.08	+.20	Feb. 13	89.41	+.05
Feb. 16	88.78	—.06	Feb. 12	Holiday.	
Feb. 15	88.37	—.25	Feb. 10	89.36	+.26

YEARLY RANGE 10 FOREIGN BONDS

	High.	Low.	Last.
*1923	100.58	96.58	89.01
1922	104.87	96.06	99.91

*To date.
†Full year.

GAS COMPANY PROFITS FROM A RECEIVERSHIP

Stockholders of Jersey Concern Will Receive About $90 For Each Share.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Feb. 20.—Although the stockholders in a concern which passes through a receivership generally are losers, those holding shares in the Hammonton and Egg Harbor City Gas Company not only will receive the par value of their shares, but a profit of 80 per cent. in addition, according to the report of former Judge Joseph Thompson to Vice Chancellor R. H. Ingersoll. Judge Thompson was named receiver of the company four months ago.

Under the Thompson management the assets of the company turned into cash amount to $256,218.07, and disbursements to creditors to $125,131.35, leaving a balance for the stockholders of about $125,000 after expenses have been paid. The par value of the stock of the company was $30 a share, and, as there are about 1,400 shares outstanding, each shareholder will receive about $90 a share. The plant of the company was sold to a syndicate which operates the Atlantic City Electric Company.

WANT TO DOUBLE STOCK.

Phillips Petroleum Co. Directors Approve Quarterly Dividend.

Directors of the Phillips Petroleum Company at the annual meeting of stockholders to be held April 3, will recommend an amendment to the certificate of incorporation providing for an increase in the authorized capital stock to ,000,000 shares without par value, as compared with a present authorized issue of 1,000,000 shares, of which approximately 700,000 shares are now outstanding. It is reported that this action is being recommended because of the recent expansion in the company's business, and it is pointed out that an increase in capital will enable the Directors to take care of future conditions which might arise.

The board at a meeting held in the West yesterday approved the payment of the regular quarterly dividend of 50 cents a share on the capital stock, payable March 31, to stock of record March 15.

United Retail Stores Dissolution.

Steps have been taken to dissolve the United Retail Stores Corporation as soon as the necessary legal details have been arranged, according to reports in the financial district yesterday. Such action had been expected in the financial district. When the Tobacco Products Corporation took over control of the Retail Stores Company, which is a holding organization controlling the United Cigar Stores of America, and several other companies, it was intimated that the holding corporation would probably be dissolved, as its existence was unnecessary in the operation of the business.

Philadelphia Transit Shows Gain.

The Philadelphia Rapid Transit Company in a statement yesterday reported operating revenues of $3,682,077 for January, against $3,436,640 in January, 1922, and net income of $220,100, against $234,400.

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Mexican Bonds

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City of Burkburnett, Tex.
Direct Obligation 6% Bonds
To Yield 5.40*M*
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111 Broadway, N.Y. Tel. Rector 6171

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds issued in this country and in American currency values:

	Bid.	Asked.
Argentine 5s, 1945	M. & S. 81	82
Argentine 7s, 1927	J. & J. 99	99½
Belgium 6s, 1925	J. & J. 94¾	94⅞
Belgium 7½s, 1945	J. & D. 99	99½
Belgium 8s, 1941	F. & A. 98½	98⅝
Brazil Cent. Rys. 7s, 1952	J. & D. 85	86
Central Pacific 4s, 1949	M. & S. 76	78½
Chile Mortgage 6s, 1961	J. & J. 97	99
City of Bergen 8s, 1945	M. & N. 108	109
City of Berne 5s, 1945	M. & N. 111¾	112
City of Bordeaux 6s, 1934	M. & N. 103¾	103¾
City of Christiania 6s, 1957	A. & O. 72½	73
City of Copenhagen 5½s, 1944	J. & J. 89¾	90
City of Montevideo 7s, 1952	M. & N. 89½	90
Czechoslovak Rep. 8s	A. & O. 83¾	84½
Rep. of Chile 8s, 1941	F. & A. 103¾	103¾
Rep. of Chile 8s, 1946	A. & O. 103¾	104¼
Rep. of Chile 8s, 1946	M. & N. 103⅜	104
Rep. of Haiti 6s, 1952	A. & O. 96	96½
Chinese Gov. 6s, 1961	J. & J. 51¼	52
City of Christiania 5s, 1947	A. & O. 100	110
City of Copen. 5½s, 1944	J. & J. 89¾	90
City of Montevideo 7s, '52

BANK OF FRANCE ON FRENCH FINANCE

Annual Report Discusses Frankly French Government's Reduced Repayments to Bank.

GERMAN DEFAULT IS CAUSE

All Responsible Officials Agree Reduction is Temporary and 2,000,000,000 Annual Payment Must Be Resumed.

The annual report of the Bank of France discusses at some length the relaxing of the law of Dec. 31, 1920, whereby the French Government was required to reduce by 2,000,000,000 francs per annum its debt to the Bank of France, the effect of such reduction being to make an approximately equal reduction in the amount of paper currency outstanding in the form of Bank of France notes. Under the terms of that law the State's debt to the bank had been reduced during 1921 from 25,000,000,000 to 23,000,000,000 francs and the note circulation from 37,901,500,000 to 36,497,456,000. After stating the extent to which this arrangement had been affected by the default of Germany on reparations payments and the consequent greatly increased burden on the French Treasury, the Governor of the Bank of France continues:

"The fact that this relaxation in the provision for reducing the debt to the bank was imposed through force of circumstances does not, however, lessen regrettable the departure from a plan of reimbursement which was both necessary and moderate. The Government, the Parliament, the most responsible representatives of commerce and industry, still remain, like supporters of the Bank of France, convinced that monetary rehabilitation, a condition precedent to any real commercial security and to any real financial equilibrium, is the most pressing duty before us. Now that the country is no longer in danger.

A Temporary Expedient.

"Both the Bank of France and the Government authorities, in consenting to the reduction of the stipulated annual payment by the Treasury to the bank, have held that the exception character of the remission agreed to should be stipulated formally in the very terms of the agreement. This does not in any respect affect for the longer future the legal provision for reduction of the State's indebtedness as it was fixed in 1920."

Setting forth the reasons why the Treasury had not been able to continue the reduction of its debt to the bank at the rate of 2,000,000,000 francs annually, and therefore why the paper currency could not be reduced with the same rapidity as before, M. Robineau, Governor of the Bank of France, goes on to say: "Favorable circumstances in the beginning of 1922, between January and April, made it possible to reduce the total of these advances by the bank to the State from 24,000,000,000 francs to 21,000,000,000. Unfortunately, the failure of all compromises and considerations offered with a view to obtain German co-operation in the work of reparations payments occasioned a slackening of offers of capital for the public loans, and at the same time a certain reaction in business.

"From this, notwithstanding the issue in July of a second loan by the Credit National and in October of Long-term Treasury bonds by the Government, the Treasury's available resources were so far reduced as to compel the State to retrench on the agreed margin of the bank's advances. These, therefore, increased progressively to 24,500,000,000 francs at the beginning of October, and have subsequently been reduced no further than 23,000,000,000.

The Economic Outlook.

"It was evident in the middle of December that, even in utilizing 806,000,000 from the account of reserve and sinking fund, the Treasury had not in hand sufficient for its end of the year needs without recourse to the bank. The bank's council therefore advised, on the eve of the expiration of the present period, that in view of the existing situation it would consent as an exceptional measure to reduce the amount of repayment by the Treasury to the bank as applied to the year 1923 from 2,000,000,000 francs to 1,000,000,000.

Concluding its review of the French economic situation the bank's report says: "Above all, it cannot be repeated with too much insistence, it is through patient and unflagging effort, through re-establishment and methodical extension of our export trade, that in the end we shall be able by force of will and energy to remove the dead weight of past deficits and acquire again by degrees our power position as a creditor nation. In this achievement we can count on the inexhaustible richness of the nation's soil, on all the virtues of a race of indomitable courage, and also, it is not to be forgotten, on the loyal co-operation of all our colonial possessions, whose resources are immense and whose commercial outlook is unlimited."

Colorado Power Increases Earnings.

Increases in gross operating revenues and in total income, both for January last and for the twelve months ended Jan. 31, were shown in the statement announced yesterday by the Colorado Power Company, while decreases both for the month and for the year were reported in operating expenses. For January gross operating revenue stood at $65,270, against $67,020 the year before, and total income amounted to $30,172, against $45,865. For the twelve months gross amounted to $1,049,423, against $967,676, and total income was $456,811, against $449,140. Operating expenses during January last decreased $1,655 compared with the year before, while for the twelve months a decrease of $31,665 was effected.

HAS LOSS OF $12,880.

National Conduit and Cable Co. is to Sell North Plant.

A statement of earnings of the National Conduit and Cable Company covering the period from July 15, 1921, when the company was placed in the hands of a receiver, to Dec. 31, 1922, has been sent to holders of certificates of deposits, representing the first mortgage 6 per cent. bonds due in 1927, by the Bondholders' Protective Committee. This report shows that in the period mentioned a net loss of $12,880 was shown after setting aside $45,577 for inventory depreciation and other adjustments. The balance sheet as of Dec. 31, 1922, shows total assets of $8,704,142, against $8,769,191 on July 15, 1921. Current assets totaled $2,894,200 and net current liabilities $350,637, against $2,845,686 and $236,067 respectively on the earlier date. No additional reserves for depreciation have been set aside by the receiver.

The report says that "while only the rod, wire and cable mills in the South plant are being operated, they are running to capacity with a larger output than ever before and with a large volume of orders on hand. The receiver has petitioned the court for permission to offer the North plant for sale at public auction, and an order has been made by the court directing such sale, to be held on March 9, 1923. The court has fixed an upset price of $350,000."

Copper Holds Firm at 16 Cents.

Copper metal continued to hold firm at 16 cents a pound yesterday, and numerous sales were made at this price. Reports were circulated in the financial district yesterday that sales were made at 16¼ cents a pound, but this could not be confirmed. Many producers, however, are asking as high as 16½ cents a pound. Orders for many millions of pounds are in the market at a price of 15¾ cents, but little business is being done at this level.

50,000 Shares

BASSICK-ALEMITE CORPORATION

Common Stock

(No Par Value)

Application will be made immediately to list this stock on the Chicago Stock Exchange

TRANSFER AGENT: CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF ILLINOIS CHICAGO

REGISTRAR: THE NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY CHICAGO

Mr. E. W. Bassick, President of the Company, has prepared the following summary of the principal features of the issue:

Organization: The BASSICK-ALEMITE CORPORATION was organized in February, 1923, under the laws of the State of Delaware, to acquire all of the outstanding common capital stock of The Bassick Company and 5,000 shares of the common capital stock of the Bassick Manufacturing Company, constituting with 10,000 shares directly owned by The Bassick Company, the total outstanding capital stock of the Bassick Manufacturing Company.

All figures contained herein are based upon the ownership by the Company of all the outstanding common capital stock of The Bassick Company and all of the common stock of the Bassick-Alemite Corporation has been actually issued. The Company has actually acquired 29,774 shares of the common capital stock of The Bassick Company, leaving only 584 of such shares still outstanding, all but 44 of which have definitely assented to the plan.

Business: The Bassick Company, a Connecticut Corporation, is the largest producer of furniture and truck casters in the world and one of the leading manufacturers of furniture and automobile hardware. Its well equipped plants are located in Bridgeport and Meriden, Conn., and Newark, N. J. The Bassick Company, through its predecessors, has a business record extending back as far as 1878.

The Bassick Manufacturing Company, a Delaware Corporation, whose plant is in Chicago, manufactures the nationally known Alemite System for high pressure lubrication of automobiles and industrial machinery. The Alemite System has been standardized by 470 prominent automobile manufacturers and is installed on 3,000,000 cars and trucks, or in excess of 25% of the registered motor vehicles in America.

The products of the operating companies have a national distribution, the Alemite products alone being distributed by 20,000 dealers throughout the United States.

Capitalization: The authorized capitalization of the Bassick-Alemite Corporation is as follows:

	Authorized	Outstanding
7% Collateral Trust Serial Gold Notes (Secured by pledge of the Company's interest in above subsidiaries; maturities $125,000 annually beginning February 1, 1925.)	$1,250,000	$1,250,000
Cumulative 7% Preferred Capital Stock (Authorized for future capital requirements; no issuance contemplated in immediate future.)	5,000,000	None
Common Capital Stock	200,000 shs.	200,000 shs.

On the basis above stated, the foregoing comprises the total authorized and outstanding capitalization in the hands of the public of both parent and subsidiary corporations, with the exception of $1,248,000 7% Preferred Capital Stock of The Bassick Company, retired through annual sinking fund at the rate of $75,000 yearly; $195,000 Purchase Money Bonds outstanding against the plant of the Bassick Manufacturing Company, maturing serially 1923-1930; and 44 shares of common capital stock of The Bassick Company not yet acquired by the Holding Company.

Financial: In a recent appraisal, the plants of the operating companies are given reproduction values of $3,956,603.00 and sound depreciated values of $3,311,007.00. The consolidated balance sheet on the basis above stated, after giving effect to the appraisal and after appropriate deductions for all outstanding senior securities, shows net tangible assets of $3,697,952.00, equivalent to $18.50 per share of the 200,000 shares of no par value common stock of the Bassick-Alemite Corporation.

A book value of over $28.00 per share is shown, including the extremely valuable patents owned by the operating companies.

Net quick assets as shown on the consolidated balance sheet are more than five times the net quick liabilities.

Earnings: The Bassick Company and its predecessors have an earnings record extending over nearly 50 years. The Bassick Manufacturing Company was incorporated in October of 1919 and therefore has had an earnings record of 3 full years.

Net earnings for 1922, after all charges including depreciation, amortization of patents, federal taxes and charges upon outstanding senior securities were $1,082,716.00, or at the rate of approximately $5.50 per share upon the 200,000 shares of common stock of the Bassick-Alemite Corporation. Without allowance for amortization of patents, earnings for 1922 were at the rate of $6.00 per share.

For the past three years average annual earnings similarly stated were at the rate of over $3.00 per share. This period includes 1921 when, owing to the general industrial depression and inventory reductions, the Connecticut Company showed a loss.

Dividends: It is anticipated that this stock will be placed upon a quarterly dividend basis immediately, with an initial payment on April 1, 1923, of 50 cents per share.

Management: The present financing involves no change of management, the men who have successfully developed the business remain in active charge of its policies and retain a substantial interest in the new Company.

Audits by W. B. Richards & Company, New York. Appraisal by the United States Appraisal Company, Boston. Legal proceedings under the supervision of Pam & Hurd, Chicago, for the Bankers, and Pullman and Comley, Bridgeport, and Bppstein & Axman, New York City, for the Company.

Delivery of certificates in temporary form is expected on or about February 26, 1923.

We offer the above stock for subscription, subject to allotment and prior sale, when, as and if issued and received by us and subject to approval of counsel,

PRICE $27.50 per Share

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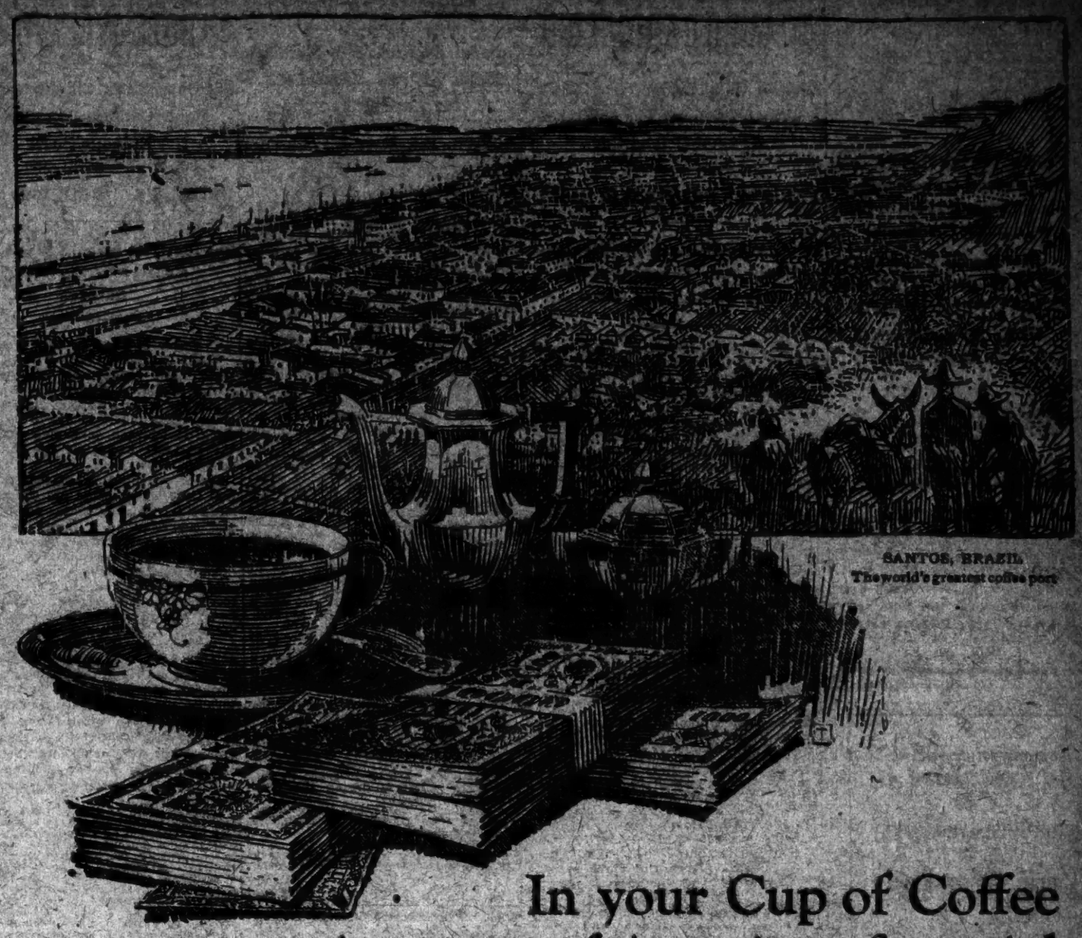
39 S. La Salle Street CHICAGO
Telephone State 6860

We do not guarantee the statements and figures presented herein, but they are taken from sources which we believe to be reliable.



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Coffee's goodness and low price have made it a universal drink. 95 out of every 100 American families use coffee. The per capita consumption is 12 lbs. each year. (In 1830 it was 3 lbs.) It takes 375 cups each year to quench the coffee thirst of the average American.

Coffee ranks third in value among American imports. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1922, the volume was 1,288,012,078 lbs. Some of America's most substantial business houses are engaged in the work of supplying you with coffee. They depend upon large volume to bring them a profit at a very low rate. That is, perhaps, the biggest reason why coffee costs you so little.

A few years ago the South American coffee merchant, like most of his fellow countrymen, had scarcely ever heard of the American dollar. He would have found it difficult to exchange dollars into his every-day currency, except at a discount as compared with sterling. Therefore, he would not accept a credit in dollars as payment for his green coffee although he readily accepted a credit in English money.

As a result, the coffee merchant of New Orleans or New York had to buy credit in sterling. He was forced to establish credit in London with which to pay the Brazilian coffee merchant.

Today is another story.

Today, the South American merchant knows and accepts American dollar credits. The development of foreign markets has carried with it the development of a world-wide market for American dollar credits as a medium for international exchange.

Today it is dollars, not pounds, that bring the bulk of the coffee to American breakfast tables and the greatest coffee consuming nation in the world largely finances its own coffee business.

* * *

Coffee is simply an incident. It illustrates how America is coming into its own. That America must be an exporting nation and play a leading part in world financial matters has been manifest for many years. And though there is many a bubble in foreign trade, there are also many substantial opportunities for conservative American finance and business.

The Seaboard, through its Foreign Department and its exceptional relations with correspondents abroad, is in a position to give discriminating service to those interested in the attractive profits to be realized in foreign trade.

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PAY IDLE IN BRITAIN TO CURB RADICALISM

Civitan Club Told of England's Way of Insuring the Nation Against Bolsheviki.

INDUSTRY PROBLEM IN RUHR

F. A. Wilson-Lawrenson Says the British Fear France Will Get Grip on Coal and Steel.

F. A. Wilson-Lawrenson, Vice President of the National Carbon Company, described the present industrial situation in Great Britain as he saw it during a two months' visit, from which he has just returned, at a luncheon yesterday of the Civitan Club at the Hotel Astor. Mr. Lawrenson is President of the club. He said that he had spoken with Cabinet ministers, bankers, business men, "bobbies," small merchants and laborers to obtain a real conception of conditions.

"The thinking men of England, talking in the clubs," said Mr. Lawrenson, "were not so much concerned with the political question of France marching into Germany and spending money, as with the fact that France, by getting control of certain territory, will, outside of the United States, control the steel, coal and coke situation of the world. The real problem that Great Britain has before her is what will happen to her industries, and perhaps American industries, with the French controlling the Ruhr."

Mr. Lawrenson quoted a Cabinet minister as telling him that "Great Britain is paying the dole to the unemployed as an insurance against Bolshevism. We have no work for these men, and a pound a week is enough for bread and lodging. If their stomachs are full they will remain sane."

At Hyde Park and other sections of London, Mr. Lawrenson said he saw dozens of speakers preaching communism to thousands of people. "One day on the Strand," he said, "I came across a veteran who was wearing three rows of war medals, including the Victoria Cross. He was selling matches. I talked with him and said he was a Major in the war and was second in command of a regiment. He was married and had three children. But that man, a hero and a leader of men, was forced to beg in the streets because there was nothing else for him to do."

Mr. Lawrenson advocated selective immigration into the United States, and asked the Civitan Club to back the bill favoring it. He appointed a committee to look into the immigration problem and report in two weeks. He appointed also a school committee and a hospital committee.

HAS $1,656,612 SURPLUS.

McCall Corporation Makes Net Profit of $911,272.

The McCall Corporation, in its annual report for the year 1922, shows net sales amounting to $6,895,139, an increase of $980,377, as compared with the year 1921. After deducting expenses and depreciation, the company showed an operating profit of $1,103,014, and net profits, after allowing for reserves and miscellaneous items, stood at $911,272. The company reported a surplus, as of Dec. 31, 1922, of $1,656,612. Total current assets were $2,171,444 and total current liabilities $498,331. Cash at banks and on hand, as of the same date, was $176,391, and accounts receivable were $2,468,382.

At a meeting of the Directors of the corporation yesterday a regular quarterly dividend of $1.75 per share on the first preferred stock and, a further dividend of $1.75 per share on the deferred dividend account of the first preferred stock was declared, payable April 1, 1923, to holders of record March 15, 1923.

Short-Term Government Obligations.

Following are the prices bid in the open market for United States Treasury certificates of indebtedness and notes of the different issues:

Month.	Year.	P.O.	Bid.	Ask.	Approx. Yield.
March	1927	5½	99⅞	100	5.43
March	1923	4½	100	100⅛	3.43
May	1923	4½	100.12	100.16	4.04
June	1924	5½	101⅞	101⅝	4.36
June	1923	5½	99⅞	100⅛	3.62
September	1923	5½	99⅝	100⅛	4.74
June	1925	4½	99⅛	100⅛	4.47
September	1926	4½	99	99⅛	4.49
December	1923	4	99⅛	100	4.58
September	1924	5½	101⅛	101⅛	4.37
March	1926	4½	100⅛	100⅛	4.50
March	1925	4½	100⅛	100⅛	4.49
December	1925	4½	99⅛	99⅛	4.47
December	1927	4½	99	99⅛	4.48

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CONSUMPTION OF WOOL NEAR PREWAR VOLUME

National Association of Manufacturers Reports Hopefulness for Coming Year.

BOSTON, Feb. 20.—The consumption of wool and the stocks of wool in hand are now nearer prewar conditions, the National Association of Wool Manufacturers was told at its annual meeting here today in the report of Secretary Walter Humphries. "While the total of wool consumption is normal as compared with 1918," he said, "that of domestic wools is distinctly higher. The consumption of carpet grades has had a marked increase, which has continued throughout the last year.

"The usual uncertainties concerning the administration of a new tariff have arisen. The regulations concerning the importation of carpet wools provoked adverse criticism. The ruling making the rate of duty on carbonized wools the same as that for tops has been justly protested by those using these wools and the most recent ruling relating to the importation of wools from Iceland is challenged, particularly as it is based upon the classification by usage rather than by blood or that accepted by the trade. Classification by usage would involve endless controversy and intolerable confusion. The final adjustment of these questions will involve much delay.

"Apart from these specific cases of uncertainty, and with the main question of the tariff settled, and because of underproduction during the last two and a half years, there is a spirit of hopefulness for a successful year to come.

"Regardless of the tariff, prices of raw wool have risen, as foreign as well as domestic markets. Tops and worsted weaving yarns were fairly stable in 1921, but throughout the year 1922 there had been a general advance in their prices. In spite of this increased cost of raw materials, the demand for lower prices for goods has been insistent.

"At the beginning of the year there was a relatively greater demand for woolens than for worsteds. This continued, but the rate of increase in the demand for worsteds during the year was much greater."

The association re-elected its officers, headed by John P. Wood of Philadelphia as President.

REDUCE PRICE, INCOME GAINS

Public Service Corporation of New Jersey Reports General Increase.

The Public Service Corporation of New Jersey yesterday issued its statement of earnings for January last, both gross and net figures showing increases over the corresponding month of 1922. The increase in gross was of particular interest in view of the lower rates charged last January for electricity and gas. The rate for gas had been reduced from $1.40 per 1,000 cubic feet to $1.25, and a 10 per cent. reduction had been made in the price of electricity.

The report, which included earnings of subsidiary companies, showed operating revenues of $7,975,412, against $7,019,118 the year before, or an increase of $956,404, while the net increase in surplus before dividends was $862,438, against $395,068, an increase of $267,370.

For the twelve months ended Jan. 31 last operating revenues totaled $78,913,456, against $75,582,699 for the corresponding period of 1921, an increase of $3,330,757, while the net increase in surplus before dividends amounted to $5,494,535, against $3,721,970, an increase of $1,772,863.

Ohio Public Service Earns $6,986,968

The statement of the Ohio Public Service Company for the year ended last Dec. 31, announced yesterday, showed gross earnings of $6,986,968, against $5,488,744 for 1921, while net earnings available for interest charges amounted to $2,482,426, against $1,774,083 the year before, an increase of $708,343. Annual interest requirements on the total funded debt amounted to $823,915.

Shawinigan Power & Light Report.

The Shawinigan Power and Light Company yesterday issued its report for the year ended Dec. 31 last, showing gross profits of $4,629,641, against $4,224,045 the previous year, and net earnings available for dividends amounting to $1,597,283, against $1,351,813 in 1921.

ASKS STATE TREATY IN BOLL-WEEVIL WAR

Harding Says the Government Alone Cannot Conquer the Ruinous Pest.

PROMISES FEDERAL AID

The President Sees the Whole World Menaced by the Insect's Ravages.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—An interstate treaty among the cotton-growing States to control the boll-weevil menace is suggested by President Harding in a letter, made public today, to Dr. Miller Reese Hutchinson, managing director of the national campaign for boll-weevil control.

The President declared that the Federal Government could not exercise full authority without State co-operation, and suggested as a treaty model the Colorado River compact among Mountain and Southwestern States.

The President's letter read:

"My Dear Dr. Hutchinson—I wish to record in the most earnest terms my interest and sympathy in behalf of the national movement for control of the cotton boll-weevil. The convention in Atlanta next week will, I am assured, be representative of the cotton-producing business, and of the vast array of industries which are directly dependent on the output of the cotton fields. It is to be hoped that a practicable plan may be wrought out for placing this warfare on a national scale and for enlisting whatever forces are necessary to insure effective results.

"The ravages of the boll-weevil have long since passed the point where they may be regarded as constituting a local, a State or a merely sectional threat at a pre-eminently important agricultural staple. The menace is now recognized as threatening our national prosperity and as threatening the whole world with a shortage of textile fabrics such as would constitute a universal calamity. Despite that much has been done by national and State authorities and by the various interests concerned in the industry, it must be recognized that the campaign against this pest has been a steadily losing one. The situation grows worse from season to season. It must be met with measures of such scope and vigor as to get the situation quickly and firmly in hand. The co-operation of science, industry and public administrations must be insured for the enforcement of whatever program is adopted. It has now become apparent that there must be unity and the fullest co-ordination among all the forces summoned to this struggle. In securing this I have no doubt that an effective correlation of the efforts of the cotton States would be a long first step, and that it would win the hearty and substantial assistance of the National Government.

"Various drastic programs have been suggested for dealing with this situation; none of which could be made effective without co-operation throughout the cotton-growing section. I venture to suggest that the Atlanta convention might well study the possibility of an interstate treaty, among the cotton States, along the general lines of the treaty or contract lately negotiated among several States of the Mountain and Southwestern regions, for conservation of common interests in the Colorado River. The Colorado River pact seems to suggest the lines of a possible agreement among the cotton States for unification of effort against the weevil. It is only through such an agreement among the States that assurance could be had of complete subordination of local interests to the common concern. Even the National Government could not, in my judgment, exercise all the authority necessary to carry forward the campaign, unless its hands were upheld by such a community of purpose among the States.

"It is not needful to assure you that every resource of the technical and scientific organizations of the Federal Government will be and are at the disposal of this crusade. I hope the convention will deal with its great problem in a broad and comprehensive way and that its deliberations may prove a milestone on the way to victory in this peculiar foe for humanity. Most sincerely yours,

"WARREN G. HARDING."

ATLANTA, Ga., Feb. 20.—As its first step to focus its fight to exterminate the boll weevil in the cotton-growing States, the National Conference at its opening session here today decided to form a committee of representatives of all the States to work out an interstate treaty, as suggested in a letter from President Harding.

Governor Thomas W. Hardwick of Georgia was named Chairman of the committee. The full membership will be announced later.

CONSOLIDATED GAS DIVIDEND

Puts New Preferred on 7 Per Cent. Basis, as Had Been Expected.

The Consolidated Gas Company yesterday placed its 300,000 shares of new preferred stock on a 7 per cent. annual basis by declaring an initial quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent., payable May 1 to stockholders of record March 15. This rate had been expected because of the participating feature underlying the issuance of the stock, which provided that holders of the preferred stock would benefit in case the dividend rate on the company's no par common stock was paid at a rate greater than $4 annually.

Four weeks ago the company placed its no par common stock on a $5 annual basis, and in keeping with the terms underlying the offering of the preferred stock an additional 1 per cent. per annum was declared on that issue. The preferred stock was sold to employes and consumers of the company, the offering price having been $50 a share. The offering, which was made on Jan. 8, was heavily oversubscribed.

GASOLINE AGAIN GOES UP.

Price Advances in South Follow Rise in Middle West.

The price of refined petroleum products has joined the movement which has been going on in the market for crude petroleum since the beginning of the year. Gasoline prices in several Southern States were advanced yesterday following the advance announced on Monday by the Standard Oil Company of Indiana covering the territory served by that company.

The Standard Oil Company of New Jersey yesterday advanced the price of gasoline in North and South Carolina one cent a gallon wholesale. At the same time the Standard Oil Company of Louisiana, a subsidiary of the New Jersey company, advanced the tank wagon prices of gasoline in its territory half cent a gallon. There have been six advances in crude oil in Louisiana since the first of the year, raising the price from $1.80 to $2.80 a barrel, but this is only the second advance in gasoline.

McCRORY SALES INCREASE.

Stores Corporation Reports $1,185,069 Net Last Year, Against $687,771

The McCrory Stores Corporation reports gross sales of $17,122,889 for the year ended Dec. 31, 1922, against $14,406,403 in the previous year. Net profits, after all expenses, interest, taxes and othtr charges, amounted to $1,185,069, against $687,771 in 1921. After allowing for dividends on the preferred stock and provision for sinking fund purposes the balance of $1,083,599 available for the $7,059,900 common capital stock outstanding was equal to $15.06 a share, against $9.10 a share on the $6,299,100 common stock outstanding in 1921. The profit and loss surplus on Dec. 31, 1922, amounted to $1,219,081 after payment of a stock dividend, against a profit and loss surplus of $1,045,416 at the end of 1921.

United Verde Mining Co. Report.

The United Verde Extension Mining Company for the year ended Dec. 31, 1922, reports gross income of $4,538,588, against $2,043,519 in 1921. After payment of all expenses and the setting aside of reserves for depreciation and depletion, there was reported a deficit of $520,831, against a deficit of $1,528,541 in 1921. During the year 1922 dividends amounting to $1,312,500 were paid, thus resulting in a deficit of $1,833,331, against a deficit after dividends of $2,578,541 in the previous year. Of the dividends disbursed in 1922, $406,317 was paid out of profit and loss surplus and $906,183 out of reserves for depletion.

APPROVE CAPITAL INCREASE

Intertype Corporation Raises Common From 40,000 to 300,000 Shares

Stockholders of the Intertype Corporation yesterday approved an increase in the company's common capital from 40,000 to 300,000 shares to be distributed to stockholders at the rate of seven for each share now held. In all 156,930 shares will be issued, 43,060 for conversion and the rest will be retained.

The 1922 statement shows net profits of $644,309 after depreciation and taxes. The surplus after dividends on all classes of stock and appropriation of $30,000 for retirement of the first preferred stock, was $707,003. The profit and loss surplus totaled $1,302,462, against $684,976 for 1921. On Dec. 31, 1922, there was $344,293 cash on hand, against $290,114 in 1921; notes and accounts receivable of $2,638,922, against $1,473,522, and inventories valued at $1,393,811, against $1,486,570. Notes and accounts payable totaled $171,982, against $244,186.

APPROVE REORGANIZATION.

Stockholders of American Public Utilities Accept Plan.

Stockholders of the American Public Utilities Company have approved the plan for reorganization of capital stock, it was stated yesterday. The present $4,268,200 of cumulative preferred stock will be retired and two other classes of stock aggregating 110 per cent. of the present preferred outstanding will be issued. This stock will serve to fund the accumulated dividends and the scrip issued in place of dividends amounting to $1,406,756, which will constitute the only present increase in the capitalization of the company.

Two classes of new preferred stock will be issued, one being a 7 per cent. prior preference preferred on which dividends will begin immediately, while the other will be at the rate of 4 per cent., then 5, 6 and 7 per cent. annually in succeeding years until the 7 per cent. return is reached.

NATIONAL SURETY DIVIDEND.

Quarterly Payment of 2¼% Announced on Increased Capital.

The Directors of the National Surety Company yesterday declared a quarterly dividend of 2¼ per cent. payable April 1 to stockholders of record March 20.

The company recently increased its capital stock from $7,000,000 to $10,000,000 through the declaration of a stock dividend which gave the stockholders three shares of stock for every seven shares of old stock held. The old outstanding $7,000,000 capital stock was on a 12 per cent. annual dividend basis, so that the new disbursement announced places the new outstanding $10,000,000 capital stock on a 9 per cent. a year dividend basis.

Motor Wheel Doubles Net Income.

The Motor Wheel Corporation for the year 1922 reports net income, after allowing for Federal taxes, of $893,334, against $301,340 in 1921.

FOREIGN STOCK MARKETS.

Firmness at London, Easier Prices at Paris—Sterling at Paris Lower.

LONDON, Feb. 20.—Prices were firm on the Stock Exchange today. Old 4½ per cent. consols, ⅝ lower at 52⅝; British 5 per cent. war loan, ⅛ higher at 101⅞; 4½ per cent. war loan, ⅛ higher at 96⅛.

Rand Mines, ¼ lower at 2⅝. De Beers Mining, unchanged at 15⅝.

PARIS, Feb. 20.—Prices were easy on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 15 centimes higher at 55 francs 10 centimes; 5 per cent. war loan, 15 centimes higher at 74 francs 20 centimes.

Exchange on London, 10 centimes lower at 77 francs 80 centimes per sovereign; American dollars were quoted at 16 francs 48 centimes, against 16 francs 58 centimes yesterday.

TO ALLOT NEW SECURITIES.

Time for Deposit of Interborough-Metropolitan 4½ Bonds Expires.

The time for the deposit of Interborough-Metropolitan 4½ per cent. bonds and Interborough Rapid Transit Company stocks, under the readjustment plan recently announced, has expired, according to announcement yesterday by Grayson M.-P. Murphy, chairman of the Interborough-Metropolitan 4½ per cent. Bond Holders' Committee. Holders of these bonds and stocks, Mr. Murphy said, have subscribed for all except $733,000 of the total of $16,500,000 of new Interborough ten-year 8 per cent. notes offered under the readjustment plan and the balance will be offered shortly to holders of the Interborough Consolidated Corporation's preferred and common stocks.

Allotments and delivery of the new securities will be made as soon as practicable after March 6, it was announced.

CLEARING HOUSE FOR CURB.

Plans Completed to Facilitate Trading—In Effect by April 1.

The New York Curb Market yesterday announced that plans have been formulated for the establishment of a clearing house for securities traded in on the Curb Exchange. The new system probably will be put into effect by April 1. It will be at 51 Exchange Place.

According to the announcement all regular and associate members of the Exchange, or their firms in New York City clearing their own transactions, will be members of the new organization. A clearing of 5 cents per 100 shares cleared, in and out, will be made.

St. Louis-San Francisco Meeting.

Stockholders of the St. Louis-San Francisco Railway Company will hold a special meeting in St. Louis today to act on the proposed acquisition of the International & Great Northern Railroad Company. No opposition to the plan of purchase is expected.

CANADA'S FISH EXPORTS

This Country Gets Major Share of $29,578,892 Shipments.

Canada, with the most extensive fishing grounds in the world, with a supply sufficient for the entire world without suffering any depletion, and with a wide variety in the fiscal year 1922 exported fish valued at $29,578,892 based on a catch of $84,651,835, or roughly about 50 per cent. of the annual catch left in Canada. Every variety of fish caught in Canadian waters was exported, the total exports being made up of comparatively small items.

Exports of halibut, haddock and cusk took the first place, accounting for $5,833,252; codfish was second with $5,509,323; canned lobster third with $3,758,442, and fishes in the old order, fresh lobsters, $1,466,297; white fish, $1,450,511; swordfish, $1,064,858; dry salted herrings, $1,000,427, and salmon, fresh, $963,372. Other items of exports were 967,100 pounds of canned and preserved whale meat, worth $140,860; 42,258 pelt skins worth $56,498, and 389,008 gallons of cod liver oil, 211,000 gallons of seal oil and other fish oils worth $140,807.

Canada's export fish trade is one that has been growing steadily for a number of years. In 1868, according to an analysis of the industry by the Canadian Pacific Railway, one year after the confederation of the Dominion, the exports of fish totaled in value $3,307,510. By 1901, these had grown to $10,730,852. Since that time the annual increments have been more or less regular. In 1905, total exports accounted for $11,114,318. By 1910, they were $16,508,102; by 1915, $19,867,086; by 1917, $24,889,253, and in 1922, $29,880,954. The small growth in imports more or less reflects the growth of Canada's population and the increase in the demand for prepared products of the fisheries. In 1901, total imports were $972,939; in 1905, $1,503,060; in 1910, $6,782,217; in 1917, $2,476,279, and in 1922, $3,071,894.

With such expansive fishing grounds it is difficult to account at first for this necessity for importing fish products. It is explained, however, on the lack of adequate facilities in the Dominion for processing and finishing the raw product for consumption. Canada is buying back in a finished state from other countries fish she could wholly supply from her own waters, and frequently the finished product which she exported in a raw state.

Plans to Increase Capital Stock.

The Sulphur Export Corporation has filed notice with the Secretary of State of the proposed increase in capital stock from $100,000 to $500,000. This action, according to report, was taken to facilitate negotiations with the Italian Government in the exportation of sulphur.

Skelly Oil Co. to Increase Capital.

Stockholders of the Skelly Oil Company, at a special meeting in Tulsa yesterday, approved the increase in the capital stock from $20,000,000 to $30,000,000, also a change in the par value from $10 to $25 a share, according to advices received in Wall Street.

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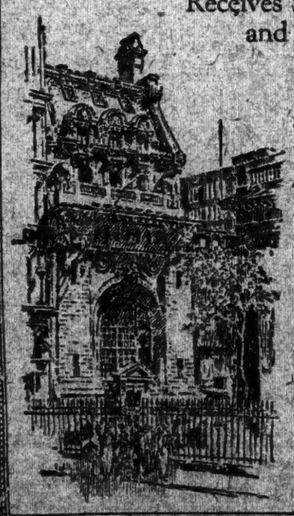

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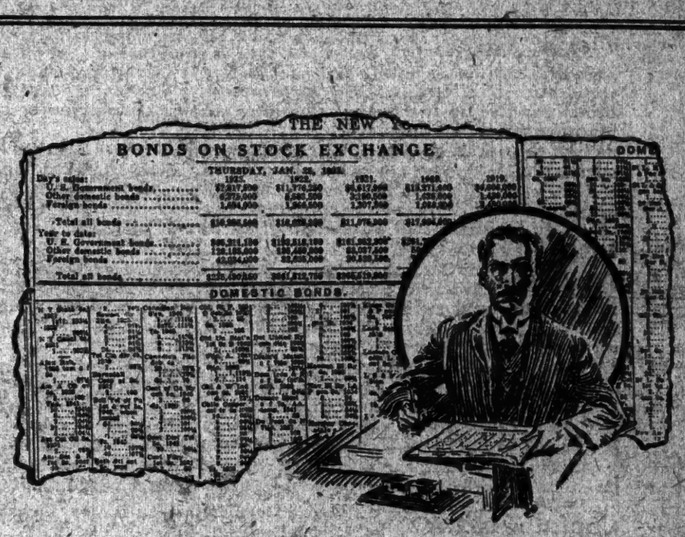

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COTTON RUSHES UP TO YEAR'S NEW HIGH

Pressure of Inquiry for May Contracts Brings a General Up-Swing — Final Prices 23 to 27 Points Higher.

Action of the March position the last few days became so impressive that an active buying movement developed in cotton yesterday. After halting for a time during the morning blocks of cotton were taken from the market, which started an excited afternoon advance at new high records for the season. A great many contracts appeared between 28.90 and 29 cents for May, but once over the even figure a rush into new high territory followed. It was reported that various interests outside of New York are becoming interested in the local stock as a direct result of the difficulty experienced in obtaining supplies at Southern points. Spot sales increased to over 15,000 bales at advanced prices. Final quotations were about top and 23 to 27 points over Monday.

While Liverpool showed little enthusiasm again, losing more than half the early advance which took place before the local opening, developments on this side appeared of the greater importance. A sharp rise in sterling to new high levels of the year had considerable influence on sentiment. An additional factor was a steady demand for March contracts, in striking contrast to the liquidation which exerted a depressing effect ten days ago. While March contracts were for sale they seemed to be taken up. Quite active buying the first half hour carried May within 3 points of 29 cents, when the sale of between 5,000 and 10,000 March by one house halted the rise. It was generally believed this sale represented actual cotton taken up in New Orleans and brought to New York some months ago. There is a great deal of high-grade cotton here, for which the demand is less active than for lower grades. But in the event of a scarcity before new cotton can be obtained, even the higher grades would be wanted. Sale of this block started a 15-point setback, with May selling as low as 28.78 before the decline was halted. On the reaction various interests bought March and sold either May or July.

As March approaches 28 ½ cents later in the morning, quotations again fell below New Orleans. At the same time July sold off to 28.30, bringing that month within 15 points of the New Orleans level for the same position. As the Southern market resisted pressure, a slow recovery developed which, brought increased activity at rising prices. With middling cotton at Atlantic markets quoted 82.00 a bale over March in New York on Monday, the fact that March will represent spot cotton on Friday attracted attention. All March contracts for sale found a ready demand about 30 points under May. When May recovered to 28.95 several large blocks were taken from the ring. This advanced all positions to highest prices of the session. As the May positions approached 29 cents, large quantities of contracts were available at each point advance. But once the cotton for sale at even figures had been absorbed, a rush of covering and new buying resulted which carried that position to new high levels for the season.

For over three weeks the market has been backing and filling after touching 29.05, the latter part of January and the rise into new ground attracted heavy commission house business. The steady demand for March kept advancing that month stimulated not only all old crop but even new crop positions. Execution of a large quantity of outside buying orders ran May to 29.22, with that month ending the day at the highest closing so far this year.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Day.
March	28.00	28.95	28.80	28.90@.94	28.76
May	28.90	29.23	28.72	29.17-.19	28.81
July	28.26	28.68	28.20	28.64-.67	28.29
October	25.98	26.34	25.84	26.15-.18	25.52
December	25.67	25.90	25.54	25.85	25.30

The local market for spot cotton was steady, 25 points advance, to 29c for middling upland.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 30c, 35 points advance; New Orleans 29c, 37 points advance; Norfolk, 29.12c, 38 points advance; Augusta 28.94c, unchanged; Memphis 29c, 25 points advance; Houston 29.15c, 45 points advance; Little Rock 28.88c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Port receipts	13,574	18,488	14,816
Exports	5,202	10,007	7,846
Exports, season	3,849,170	3,464,767	3,982,198
N. Y. stocks	70,148	80,767	72,112
Ports stocks	791,084	835,889	1,096,800
N. Y. arrivals	None	2,765	1,838

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton quiet, 6 points decline, 16.00d for middling. Sales 8,000, American 4,000, imports 4,000. American 2,000. Futures opened quiet, 6 to 10 points advance, closed quiet but steady, 6 points to 9 points advance; Prices: March, 15.54d; May, 15.42d; July, 15.22d; October, 14.06d; December, 15.74d. Manchester: Yarns dull. Cloths, small inquiry.

COMMODITY PRICES.

Spot Cotton Scores Sharp Advance—At 29 Cents, Best in Two Years.

The striking incident of the dealings in the cash markets yesterday was the advance in price of spot cotton to 29 cents, unequaled in more than two years, and an overnight gain of 55 points. Strength here, of course, followed on the sharp upturn for the contract grades in the futures market. Improvement was also reported in eggs and lard, while corn, coffee and tin shaded previous quotations.

Following are the cash prices for the principal commodities in the wholesale market at the close of business Tuesday, a week before and a year ago:

	Feb. 20.	Feb. 13.	Feb. 21.
FOODSTUFFS:	1923.	1923.	1922.
Wheat, No. 2 red	$1.31	$1.59	$1.52½
Corn, No. 2 yellow	.92½	.93½	.75¾
Oats, No. 2 white	.57	.57½	.49¾
Flour, Minn. patent	8.85	9.20	9.00
Coffee, No. 7 Rio	.13¾	.13	.09½
Sugar, granulated	.08¼	.07¾	.06
Butter, cr'm'y, 92 score	.51	.49	.37
Eggs, fresh-gathered	.32@.41	.33@.38	.33
Pork, per dozen			
Lard, Middle West	11.85	11.70	12.35
Pork, mess	28.00	28.00	26.50
Beef, family	21.00	15.50	14.00
METALS:			
Iron, 2X, Philadelphia	30.25	30.25	21.25
Steel billets, Pitts	38.50	38.50	28.00
Lead	8.25	8.00	6.70
Copper	16.00	14.87½	12.80
Tin	42.75	41.00	29.25
TEXTILES:			
Cotton, mid. upland	29.00	28.05	18.55
Print cloths	.08	.08	.06¾

Range of prices for year to date:

	Highest		Lowest	
Wheat	$1.54	Feb. 16	$1.44¼	Jan. 8
Corn	.93¾	Feb. 14	.82	Jan. 5
Oats	.57½	Feb. 20	.54	Jan. 2
Flour	7.60	Jan. 2	7.50	Feb. 2
Coffee	.13⅜	Feb. 15	.11¾	Jan. 2
Sugar	.08¼	Feb. 13	.06¼	Jan. 2
Butter	.54	Jan. 11	.47	Feb. 1
Eggs	.48	Jan. 2	.35	Feb. 2
Lard	12.30	Jan. 10	11.60	Jan. 6
Pork	28.50	Jan. 3	28.00	Jan. 10
Beef	21.00	Feb. 19	17.50	Jan. 29
Iron	30.25	Jan. 11	29.00	Jan. 2
Steel	38.50	Feb. 4	36.50	Jan. 2
Lead	8.50	Feb. 8	7.37½	Jan. 2
Copper	16.00	Feb. 19	14.25¾	Jan. 12
Tin	43.00	Feb. 19	38.25	Jan. 11
Cotton	29.00	Feb. 20	26.46	Jan. 2
Print cloths	.08	Jan. 27	.07¾	Jan. 11

AUTOCOMBINATION PLANNED

Wall Street Hears of Move to Form $100,000,000 Organization.

Arrangements have been virtually completed for the organization of a new automobile combination to be known as the Associated Industries, Inc., according to reports in Wall Street, yesterday. Plans have been in progress for about six months. The nucleus of the combination will, according to report, be the National Motor Car and Vehicle Company of Indianapolis. It is said that many accessories companies will be in the combination.

It is probable some new financing will have to be undertaken, and it is rumored that an offering of securities will soon be announced. The capital, it is believed, will be $100,000,000.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER—Receipts, Feb. 20, 10,508 packages. A slightly freer offering and rather less firm on high grades. Creamery higher than extras, pound, 51¼@52c; extras, 92 score, 51c; firsts, 48@50½c; seconds, 47½@48½c; centralized cars, 90 score, 49¾@50c; 90 score, 49@49½c; undergrades, 48½@49c; unsalted, higher than extras, 52¾@53¾c; extras, 92 score, 51½@52c; firsts, 49@51c; seconds, 47½@48½c; State dairy tubs, finest, 50½c; good to prime, 48@50c; common to fair, 42@47½c; ladles, unsalted, finest, 43c; firsts, 38½@39½c; seconds, 36c; lower grades, 27c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 37c; No. 2, 34c.

EGGS—Receipts, Feb. 20, 28,013 cases. Market strong. Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 44@45c; extra firsts, 42@43c; firsts, 39@41c; seconds, 37@38½c; dirties, No. 1, 36@38c; No. 2, 32@34c; checks, fair to choice, dry, 30@33c. Refrigerator, seconds, 35@36c; refrigerator, under grades, 31@32c; refrigerator dirties, 29@30c. Fresh, New Jersey henmery whites, unassorted, extras, 48@50c; nearby henmery whites, extras, scarce, 50c; nearby and nearby Western henmery whites, average extras, 46@47c; extra firsts, 44@45c; firsts, 42½@43½c; nearby gathered whites, firsts to extras, 42½@46c; under grades, 41@42c; mediums, 41@43c; nearby whites, pullets, No. 1, 38½@40c; No. 2, 36½@39c; Pacific Coast whites, extras, 45@46c; extra firsts, 43½@44½c; firsts, 42½@43c; mixed firsts, 41@42c; mediums, 40@41c; Pacific Coast pullets, No. 1, 39@39½c; other Western and Southern, gathered whites, 40@43c; New Jersey, henmery browns, extra fancy, 47@48c; other nearby henmery browns, extras, 45@46c.

VAGARIES OF WHEAT KEEP PIT GUESSING

Suspects the Same Interests of Selling on the Rises and Buying on the Dips.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Feb. 20.—Houses with Eastern connections sold the May wheat freely on a small advance early, which carried the price off to $1.19, at which figure offerings were absorbed on resting orders, as has been the case for some days past, and when shorts tried to cover they found offerings light until it had advanced to above $1.20 again. The selling of wheat is conspicuous, while the buying is hard to trace, although, apparently, the buying orders come from the same interests as are selling openly.

Closing trades were unchanged to ¼ cent lower, the latter on the July. The market is apparently little influenced by the news, and a decidedly bearish statement issued by Arthur W. Cutten on the world's statistical and financial position had no effect on values.

In his summary Mr. Cutten expressed the belief that the world's carryover at the end of the season would be 225,000,000 to 250,000,000 bushels, or about a pre-war average, when Russia was contributing to the world's supply.

Liverpool wheat futures were off ¼ at the last on pressure induced by freer Argentine and Indian offers, but the May delivery there is within a few cents of the best price of the season. A decline in the price is being offset to a great extent by the advance in exchange.

Export demand was extremely slow, with no sales confirmed at the seaboard. The Winnipeg-Chicago spread showed little change, although there was buying here and selling there around 4½ cents difference.

All American grain markets will be closed Thursday, Washington's Birthday.

Trade in corn and oats was much lighter than of late. Commission houses took the offerings around 75 cents for May corn, and at the last corn was ⅝ cent higher to ¼ cent lower, with May showing the most strength, and oats were ¼ cent lower. Cash corn was off ½ to ¼ cent as compared with the May, demand being less active, with receipts of 375 cars.

Export sales of corn at the seaboard were 150,000 bushels, but there was no business in the West of consequence.

A shortage of cars is developing in some sections of the West, and it is feared that some of the country dealers who sold corn for the month's shipment may have considerable difficulty in filling their contracts.

Primary arrivals of wheat today were 740,000 bushels, week ago 1,569,000, last year 842,000. Shipments were 410,000 bushels, week ago 492,000, last year 508,000.

Corn receipts were 1,838,000 bushels, week ago 2,331,000, last year 2,692,000, and shipments 567,000 bushels, week ago 1,695,000, last year 1,121,000.

Today's Chicago prices for the principal commodities were as follows:

WHEAT.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	$1.20¾	$1.19	$1.20¾	$1.20⅝	$1.48
July	1.17¾	1.16¾	1.17¼	1.17¼	1.34⅞
Sept.	1.14¾	1.13¾	1.14	1.14	

CORN.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	.77⅞	.77¼	.77⅝	.77⅞	.64½
July	.77⅛	.76	.76¼	.76¼	.66
Sept.	.77⅜	.76⅞	.77¼	.77½	.68¼

OATS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	.46¾	.45⅞	.46¾	.46⅝	.41¼
July	.45¾	.44¼	.45¼	.45¼	.42⅜
Sept.	.43¾	.43¾	.43¾	.43¾	.43½

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Year.
May	.88	.87⅝	.87¾	.88	1.03¾

PROVISIONS.

Lard—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Feb.					11.55
March	11.40	11.32	11.40	11.27	11.60
May	11.45-7	11.40	11.45	11.37	11.70
July	11.57	11.52	11.57	11.50	11.87
Ribs—					
May	10.20	10.87	10.87		11.22

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The Bank of Montreal has opened a branch in Puebla, Mexico, at Avenida Reforma 106. The bank also has branches in Mexico at Mexico City and Vera Cruz.

Chisholm & Chapman have issued a booklet entitled "The Working Dollar."

John H. Emanuel Jr. of Emanuel, Parker & Co. is on a trip of inspection through the Texas oil fields.

The Guaranty Trust Company of New York has been appointed registrar of the capital stock of the Premier Extension Gold Mining Company, Limited, consisting of 800,000 shares, par value $5 each.

McDonnell & Co. have issued a circular on Sterling Products, Inc.

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

(Quoted on a Percentage Basis.)

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Asked.
Atlan. Coast L.	1923-43	6	5.00	4.25
Do	1923-28	6	5.25	5.00
Baltimore & Ohio	1923-33	6	5.70	5.50
Do	1923-35	4½, 5	5.25	5.10
Bethlehem Steel	1923-30	7	6.75	6.00
Buff., Roch. & P.	1922-35	4½, 5, 6	5.25	5.00
Canadian Pacific	1923-27	4½, 5	5.35	5.00
Cent. R. R. N. J.	1923-35	6	5.60	5.20
Chesapeake & O.	1922-35	6	5.70	5.35
Do	1923-31	6½, 6¾	5.40	5.10
Chi. Ind. & L.	1923-35	6	5.90	5.25
Chi., Mil. & St. P.	1923-35	6	5.80	5.00
Do	1923-27	6	5.45	5.00
Chi., R. I. & Pac.	1923-34	4½, 5	5.50	5.00
Do	1923-35	6	5.65	5.40
Do	1923-35	6	5.60	5.10
Del. & Hudson	1923-35	6	5.60	5.20
Erie Railroad	1923-28	7½, 5, 6	5.05	5.25
Great Northn Ry	1923-35	6	5.60	5.20
Illinois Central	1923-27	4½, 5	5.55	4.75
Do	1923-35	6	6.00	5.10
Do	1923-35	6½, 7	5.80	5.10
Louisv. & Nash.	1923-35	6	5.50	5.20
Do	1923-35	6	5.25	5.00
Michigan Cent.	1923-35	5, 6	5.65	5.00
Do	1923-35	6	5.60	5.00
M., S. P. & S. M.	1923-35	4½, 5	5.50	5.00
Do	1923-35	6, 6½, 7	5.75	5.30
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	1923-35	5	5.60	5.35
Missouri Pacific	1923-35	6	5.80	5.30
Nat. St. Car L.	1923-28	6	6.00	7.00
New York Cent.	1923-35	4½, 5	5.50	5.00
Do	1923-35	6	5.60	5.30
Do	1923-35	6	5.55	5.10
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1922-35	4½, 5, 6, 7	6.75	5.80
Norfolk & Westn.	1922-24	4½	5.10	4.80
Northern Pacific	1923-30	7	6.30	5.00
Pacific Fruit Ex.	1923-27	7	5.35	5.10
Penn. R. R.	1923-35	6	5.45	5.00
Pere Marquette	1923-35	6	5.75	5.25
Pitts. & L. Erie	1923-35	6½	5.40	5.10
Reading Co.	1923-37	4½, 5	5.10	4.50
Seaboard Air L.	1922-37	4½, 5, 5½, 6	6.20	5.70
Southern Pacific	1922-26	4½	5.50	4.75
Do	1923-35	6	6.50	5.20
Do	1923-35	7	6.30	5.20
Southern Ry.	1922-37	4½, 5, 5½	5.40	5.10
Do	1923-35	6	5.75	5.40
St. L.-San Fran.	1923-35	6	6.85	5.50
Do	1923-37	5	5.45	5.30
Union Pacific	1924-65	7	5.20	5.00
Virginian Ry.	1923-35	6	5.25	5.40
Wabash R. R.	1923-35	6	6.10	5.70
Wheeling & L. E.	1923-35	6	6.10	5.85

SUGAR STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Monday. Bid.
Caracas Sugar	19	15	16
Central Aguirre	89	91	89½
Fajardo	105	110	105
Federal Sugar	67	70	67
Federal Sugar pf	90	100	90
Great Western	95	90	95
Godchaux	21	23	21
Godchaux pf	89	96	90
Holly	33	37	33
Holly pf	84	90	83
National	105	107	106
New Niquero, new	85	95	85
Santa Cecilia pf	16	19	16
Savannah	54	58	54
Savannah pf	104	107	104
West Indies pf	43	50	43

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.	Yld.
Allen. Co. Am.	7	Nov. 1925	102¾	103¾	5.40
Allan. Do. Am.	6	Oct. 1923	100⅛	100⅜	6.30
Am. Col. Oil	6	Sep. 1924	91	92½	
Am. Sum. Tob.	7½	June, 1925	98¾	99	7.80
Am. Ice	6	Jan. 1924	100⅝	100⅞	6.05
Am. Thread	8	Feb. 1925	102¾	103¾	5.35
Amsco. Cop. Co.	6	Jan. 1924	100⅜	100⅝	4.60
Amsco. Cop. Co.	8	Jan. 1929	103⅜	103¾	6.20
Anglo-Amer. Oil					
Co. Ltd.	7½	Apr. 1925	103	103¾	5.30
A. G. & W. I. R.	6	Apr. 1924	100⅜	100⅝	5.65
Bell Tel. of Can.	6	Apr. 1925	99¼	99½	5.80
Bell Tel. of Can.	7	Apr. 1925	102	102½	6.25
Beth. Steel	7	July 15, 1923	100⅛	100⅜	6.00
Can. Nor. Ry.	6½	Dec. 1924	100⅝	100⅞	6.30
Can. Pac. Ry.	6	May, 1924	101¼	101½	4.22
Cent. Argentine		Feb., 1927	99¾	99¾	6.40
Emp. O. & S.					
(Brng. Coke)	7	May 1925	99½	99¾	7.85
Hocking Valley	6	May, 1924	100⅝	101	6.00
I. R. T. Co.	6	Sep. 1922	98	98	
Kan. City Term.	6	Nov. 1923	100¼	100½	4.47
Kan. Cap. Co.	7	Feb. 1930	104¼	104¾	6.30
Marris & Co.	7½	Sep. 1, 30	103¾	106¾	
Nat. Leather	8	Nov. 15, 23	101¾	102	7.92
Nat. Glk. & Bulk		Sep. 1920	103¾	105¾	4.10
Nat. Sugar Ref.	6	Jan. 1923	100¼	100¾	4.53
Stinn. Co. Oil	8½	Apr. 15, 23	99¾	99¾	6.20
Sloss-Sh. Steel &					
Iron	7	Aug. 15, 23	97½	98	6.87
Solvay Co.	6	Oct. 1925	104¾	105¾	5.55
St. L. Ut. Inv.	7	Dec. 15, 23	100½	100¾	4.63
W. Bell Tel.					
con.		Aug. 1925	102¼	102¾	4.75
Stand. Oil, N. J.	6¼	May, 1933	107⅜	107⅝	5.65
Texas Co. Co.	6	Aug. 1930	107⅜	107¾	6.20
Va.-Car. Chem.	8	Dec. 1923	100	100¼	5.75

NEW YORK BANK STOCKS.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
America	226	232	Fifth Av.	1075	
Am. Exch.	220	230	Fifth	218	228
Bank of N. Y. & T.	355		First	1155	1210
Battery Park	135	145	Garfield	230	
Bowery	440		Gotham	185	195
Bryant Park	155	165	Greenwich	280	
Bway Cent.	115	125	Harriman	350	370
Bronx Boro.	125		Hanover	980	990
Bronx Nat.	150	170	Imp. & Trad.	630	
Butch. & D.	130	140	Manhat. Co.	147	152
Chase	340	342	Mech. & M.	405	410
Chat. & Phen.	226	264	Mutual	200	220
Chelsea Ex.	90	100	Nat. Amer.	133	143
Chemical	547		New Neth.	180	
City	820	828	Pacific	800	
Coal & Iron	212	220	Park	430	434
Colonial	370		Public	300	310
Columbia	225	275	Seaboard	322	
Commerce	257	300	Standard	165	175
Commonwealth	250		Times Sq.	284	303
Continental	135		24th Ward	250	
Corn Exch.	432	437	Wash. Hts.	215	
Cosmopolitan	95		Yorkville	300	
East River	175				

Trust and Surety Companies.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Alliance	93	98	Kings Co.	300	
Bk. for Savgs.	1400		Lawyers Title	160	165
Bk. N. Y. & T.	456	460	Lawyers Mtge.	169	175
Bankers	278	317	Manufacturers	290	
Brooklyn	470	500	Metropolitan	310	320
Central Union	460		Nat. Surety	147	152
Commercial	175		New York	348	352
Empire	215	225	N. Y. & M.	174	180
Equitable	197	201	People's	370	
Farm. L. & T.	537		Security Assoc.	172	178
Fid. Intl.	193	203	Title Guar.	255	
Fulton	245		Unit. States	1215	1255
Guaranty	258	264	U. S. Mtg.	312	322
Hudson	150		Westchester	160	
Irving-Col.	238	242	West. T. & T.	210	

FOREIGN SECURITIES.

	Rate.	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Arg. (unlisted)	6%	Sep. 1945	99½	99¾
Arg. (reduction)			96	97
Belgium (reg.)			96	97
Belgium (reg'd)	Sep.	1919	95	95
Brazil	8	1941	110	111
Brazil	8	1888	41½	46½
Brazil	4½	1889	41	46
Brazil	5	1913	47	52
British Victory	4	Sep. 1919	93¾	94¼
British Fund		Mar. 1960	75	81
Brit. Nat. W. B.	5½	Oct. 1927	100⅝	101⅛
Brit. Nat. W. B.	6		99⅝	100⅛
Brit. Nat. W. B.	6	1928	99½	100⅛
Brit. Exchequer	5½	1929	97½	100⅛
Canada	5	1937	101	101½
Canada	5½	Nov. 1952	103	103¼
Chile	8	1911	98	99
City of Pelotas	6	1911	60	70
Colombia	6	1911	88	92
Costa Rica	7	1911	88	92
Cuba	5	1926	91	93
French Gov. W. C.		Jan. 1921	48	47
French Loan	5	May, 1920	47	48
French Loan	7		48	49
French Loan '17	4	Jan. 1943	34½	40¼
Italy Loan	5		40¼	40¾
Paris-Orleans R.R.	6	1956	60¼	61¼
Mid. R. R. of Fr.	6	1920	55¾	57¾
Russ. External	5½	June, 1919	14	16
Do (Nat. City Bank ctfs.)			13	15½
Russ. ruble bonds	5½	Feb., 1926	5	7
Russ. External	5½	Dec., 1921	14	16
Do (Nat. City Bank ctfs.)			13	15½
Russ. rentes of 1894			2	4½
Sao Paulo		1948	103	110
Sweden	6	June, 1939	104⅜	105¼
Switzerland	5½	Aug. 1929	103¾	103¾
Uruguay	8	1946	68	71

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Maturity.	Yester-day Bid.	Yester-day Asked.	Mon-day Bid.
4½s	December, 1917	102⅝	103⅛	102⅝
4½s	July, 1957	107⅛	108	107⅛
4½s	June, 1965	107⅛	108	107⅛
4½s	May, 1963	107¼	108	107¼
4½s	May, 1957	107⅛	107⅜	107⅛
4½s	November, 1957	107⅛	107⅜	107⅛
4½s	April, 1972	102⅜	102⅝	102⅜
4½s	March, 1964	102⅛	102⅜	102⅛
4½s	March, 1962	102⅛	102	102⅛
4½s	September, 1960	102⅛	102	102⅛
4½s	March, 1960-30	100⅝	100⅞	100⅝
4s	November, 1960	99¾	99¾	99¾
4s	November, 1956	99¾	100	99¾
4s	May, 1960	99⅞	100	99⅞
4s	November, 1958	99⅝	99¾	99⅝
3½s	May, 1954	91	92	91
3½s	November, 1954	91	92	91
3½s	November, 1956	91	92	91

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

7½s	1940-1949	4.30	4.05
7s	1923-1930	4.30	4.10
6s	1940-1962	4.30	4.10
5s	1923-1939	4.35	4.15
4½s	1923-1931	4.23	4.19

CLEVELAND STOCKS.

Stocks.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
Brier Hill	100	19¾	19¾	19¾
Cedar Point	90	90	90	90
Cliffden	100	19¾	19¾	19¾
Goodyear pfd.	47	47½	47	47
Peerless	10	70	70	70
Sherwin Williams	231	29	28	29
Stearns	100	25½	25½	25½

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
160 Adams Exp.	72¾	72¾	72¾
600 Ajax Rubber	13¼	11¾	11¾
880 Allied C. & D.	17¾	17	17¾
430 Allis Chalm.	50¼	50¼	50¼
340 Am Agr Ch.	36¼	34¼	35¾
120 Do pf.	98	98	98
290 Am B Sugar	46¾	45¾	45¾
5,985 Am B Mag.	49¼	43	46½
6,125 Am Can	100⅝	96	99¾
100 Am Chicle	77¾	77¾	77¾
200 Am Cot Oil.	17¾	17¾	17¾
120 Am Drug S.	7	7	7
150 Am Interna.	27¾	27¾	27¾
120 Am Linseed	25	24¾	25
290 Am Locomo.	126¼	125¾	126
190 Am Radiator	83¼	82	82
420 Am Safe R.	9	8¾	8¾
280 Am S & C.	19	19	19
720 Am Sm & R.	64¼	64¼	64¼
160 Am Steel F.	38¾	38¾	38¾
350 Am Sug Ref	81¾	81¾	81¾
320 Am Su Tob.	53¾	52¾	52¾
245 Am T. & T.	122	122	122
60 Am Tob B.	156	156	156
1,190 Am Woolen	103¾	102¾	103¾
130 Am Zinc	18¾	18½	18¾
1,120 Anaconda C.	51¾	50¾	51
85 Ann Arb pf.	43¾	42¾	42¾
610 Asso Dry G.	71¾	70¾	71¼
420 A. T. & S. F.	102¼	101¾	101¾
2,620 Atl. R. & A.	88	86	86
480 Atl Coast L.	120¾	120¼	120¾
820 A G & W I.	27¼	25¾	25¾
60 Atlas Tack.	18¼	18

Bankers and Brokers Outside New York

Baltimore.

Richmond Washington
STEIN BROS. & BOYCE
Members Baltimore Stock Exchange
BALTIMORE, MD.
New York Telephone Broad 6760

Boston.

Richardson, Hill & Co.
Established 1870

New England Securities
Bought, Sold and Quoted

50 Congress Street, Boston
Members New Haven Portland
Associate New York, Boston and Chicago Stock Exchanges

Baker, Young & Co.
Light and Power Company Bonds
44 Congress St. Boston — Land Title Bldg. Philadelphia

THOMAS C. PERKINS
Constructive Banking
30 State St., Boston, Mass.
Underwritings and Reorganizations

Denver.

Great Western Sugar
Holly Sugar
Continental Oil
bought, sold and quoted
Wilson, Cranmer & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
Denver, Colorado
Private wires to E. F. HUTTON & CO.

Jersey City.

NEW JERSEY SECURITIES
Outwater & Wells
16 Exchange Place, Jersey City, N. J.
Phone Market 0488

Newark.

J.S.Rippel & Company
New Jersey
Municipal Bonds
18 Clinton Street Newark
Telephone Mulberry 3250

Philadelphia.

McCown & Co.
Land Title Building, Philadelphia
New York Phone:
Canal 7105 to 7109
Price Bros. & Co. Ltd. 6s, '43
Amer. Gas Co. 7s, 1928
United Pub. Utility 6s, '43
Wilming. Lt. & Pow. 5s, '60
Aug. & Savannah R.R. Stk.
S. W. R.R. 5% Guar. Stk.

BOLES & WESTWOOD
Members Phila. Stock Exchange
INVESTMENT SECURITIES
Land Title Bldg. Philadelphia
PHONE: LOCUST 4723

A SPECIAL SERVICE TO DEALERS IN PUBLIC UTILITY AND INDUSTRIAL BONDS
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Keystone Phone Main 3517
Stanley Company of America
Tenn. Elec. Pr. 2nd Pfd. & Com.
Port. Ry., Lt. & Pr. 2nd Pf. & Com.

St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS
American Stove Company
St. Louis Transit Co. 5's, 1924
Union Elec. Lt. & Pr. 5's & Stks.
San Antonio Belt & Ter. 6's, 1924
Brown Shoe Co. Pfd.
E. St. Louis & Suburban 5's, 1932
United Rys. of St. L. Bds. & Stk.
Missouri Edison 5's, 1927
International Shoe Pfd. & Com.
Mark C. Steinberg & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
Members St. Louis Stock Exchange
300 N. Broadway, St. Louis, Mo.

FRENCH PLANTS HIT BY RUHR OCCUPATION

Those of the Unoccupied Germany Are Less Hampered by Lack of Coal and Coke.

REPORTS SENT TO HOOVER

Secretary Draws No Official Conclusions, Merely Presenting the Facts as Stated.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—The latest cable dispatches from commercial attaches in France, Germany and Austria, dealing with the conditions brought about in those nations by the occupation of the Ruhr by the French, were made public today by the Department of Commerce. Secretary Hoover drew no official conclusions, merely presenting the facts for what they were worth. They would appear to indicate that the immediate unfavorable effect was felt more severely by the French industries than by those of the unoccupied territory of Germany, because of the cessation of coal shipments. As to Austria, it was noted that there were greatly reduced imports of coal from Upper Silesia and the Sarre basin because of the Ruhr occupation.

"Developments in the Ruhr are the outstanding racter in the French economic situation," Chester L. Jones, Commercial Attache, reported. "Since Jan. 13 practically no coal or coke has entered France from Germany, and the production of the Sarre Basin is reported as completely stopped, due to a miners' strike, effective Feb. 14.

"The coke shortage is more severely felt than coal, and about thirty-five blast furnaces have been shut down in Luxemburg, Lorraine and Eastern France since the middle of January. Coke prices have increased by 40 francs per ton, and coal prices are rising. Increased quantities of coal are being imported from England, and orders for coke are being placed in Czechoslovakia.

"French iron producers cannot depend upon Belgian fuel, as that country now needs its production to supply its own furnaces, and the French iron and steel market is generally slowing down. The metallurgical industries in the Lyons district continue their recovery due to activity in automobiles and electrical construction for hydraulic development, railway orders, and the general pick-up of trade in specialized machines.

"Conditions are poorer in the cotton textile industry, Mr. Jones reports. "The fall in the franc," he says, "has disorganized the purchase of raw cotton, and high prices of the latter are hindering sales of manufactured products. However, spinners claim to have sufficient cotton stocks to run them for several months and are not particularly alarmed. Business in woolen textiles has fallen off, and the future is uncertain. Manufacturers have enough old orders for ordinary woolen goods to insure operation until May and have on hand three months' supply of raw materials.

"Buyers are holding off, fearing the effect of further exchange fluctuations. Speculation and exchange fluctuations have had a bad effect on the raw silk market. Sales have fallen off, and the situation of manufactured products is not bright. The shoe business is having its slack season, as Spring buying will not start for over a month yet. Notwithstanding the lack of orders, there are few unemployed in the industry, but mills are going slow."

Commercial Attache Herring cabled from Berlin that, although no figures had been secured on the production of coal in the Ruhr valley, the entire output of coke in Germany was estimated at about 25 per cent. below December. Coke production improved, but was insufficient to meet the needs of industry, while the production of lignite remained unchanged. Concerning the general conditions in Germany, he made the following report:

"The iron and steel industry complained of a shortage of coke and iron ores during January, while coal supplies were sufficient owing to the cessation of reparations payments. The machine industries were fully occupied, while locomotive plants reported a growing dullness on account of the mark depreciation. The electro-technical industry was busy with old orders. The textile industry shows little activity beyond large purchases of raw cotton with a favorable exchange during December and subsequently the receipt of numerous foreign orders. Unsatisfactory business was reported by the leather industries.

"Business was brisk in the heavy chemical industry, particularly on account of its export sales; domestic consumers, however, are complaining that low export prices are causing a selling out to foreign buyers. The rubber industry is less active, and the immediate future is regarded highly uncertain. The glass industry is normally occupied, but export sales are disappointing. This is partly ascribed to a revival of Czechoslovak competition. Coal supplies for the glass industries are reported especially short. Good exports are reported by the paper industry, but slackened domestic sales; part-time unemployment has been introduced in some of the mills. The rubber industry is dull and is encountering difficulty in obtaining raw materials as well as coal, necessitating part-time employment, and the building industry is less active with unemployment increasing.

The changes brought about in Austria were not so severe as in Germany, according to William Ford Upson, commercial attache, although unemployment in the Vienna district increased from 90,000 at the end of December to 101,000 at the end of January, about 23 per cent. of the unemployed being among the metal workers. The total unemployment in Austria is estimated at 150,000.

Imperial Wheel Co. Plant Open.

The plant of the Imperial Wheel Company of Flint, Mich., has been placed in operation by the Hayes Wheel Company, which recently purchased the property. The purchase was financed by the sale of $750,000 of 6 per cent. bonds, underwritten by Lee, Higginson & Co., who brought out the original issue of Hayes Wheel bonds. Current earnings of the Hayes Wheel Corporation, according to interests identified with the corporation, are at the annual rate of approximately $10 per share. A $3 dividend is currently being paid.

Northern Pacific Board Meets Today

The preliminary statement of earnings during January last of the Northern Pacific Railway Company will be placed before Directors of the company, who will meet today. According to unofficial advices, gross will show an increase of approximately $2,000,000 over January, 1922, and a proportionate gain will be shown in net. At the company's offices yesterday it was stated that the company had experienced no serious setback because of the recent heavy snowstorm in the Northwest.

Oklahoma Producing Reports Gain.

The Oklahoma Producing and Refining Company reports gross income of $6,081,462 for 1922, against $5,928,804 in 1921. Net income, after all expenses, interest and taxes and other charges, amounted to $1,159,282, against a deficit of $1,365,761 after such deductions in the previous year. At the close of 1922 the company reported a profit and loss deficit of $252,133, against a profit and loss deficit of $1,574,979 at the end of 1921.

Coal Earnings Off, Due to Strike.

The strike of coal miners caused a loss of $4,100,000 in the gross revenues of the Lehigh Coal & Navigation Company during 1922 compared with the year before, says the company's statement of earnings. There was a deficit of $702,448 after payment of dividends compared with a surplus of $1,111,127 the year before. The net income in 1922 was equivalent to $7.71 a share on par value $50, against $5.28 a share in 1921.

DURANT BUYS GLASS WORKS

Acquires American Company at Kane, Pa.—Plan to Issue Stock.

W. C. Durant, head of the Durant Motors, Inc., has taken over the entire capital stock of the American Plate Glass Company, located at Kane, Pa., according to reports. The company is credited with an annual capacity of approximately 3,000,000 square feet of plate glass, an amount sufficient to meet all the requirements of the Durant organization. The transaction, it is said, has been financed privately, but present holders of Durant securities are expected to be offered stock in the company.

The Durant Motors of Michigan has issued a statement of earnings for the year ended Dec. 31, 1922. This shows net profits of $1,687,749 after setting aside $257,435 for federal, State and local taxes and $71,754 reserved for depreciation. It is reported that $1,600,316 is invested in the Michigan company and that the profits are equal to slightly more than 100 per cent. on the investment. Of the profits 60 per cent. goes to Durant Motors, Inc. for the use of the name, patents, management and other purposes, while 40 per cent. goes to stockholders.

NEW INCORPORATIONS

New York Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 20.—Seventy-nine new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $3,604,000, were chartered today. They include:

Bram Realty Co., Manhattan, $10,000; Isaac S. Abramovitz, A. J. Plecner. (Attorney, I. Rosenberg, 116 Nassau St.)

Sobel Schmierler, Brooklyn, make clothing, $5,000; L. Sobel, M. Schmierler, U. Krieger. (Attorney, N. E. Finkelstein, 51 Chambers St.)

Caravan Studios Corp., Manhattan, motion pictures, $150,000; H. Rohar, S. Serebrin, W. Skalnick. (Attorney, D. Shepard, 154 Nassau St.)

Workman & Meshel, Manhattan, make furs, $10,000; R. and B. Workman, S. Meshel. (Attorney, M. Kindler, 200 Broadway.)

Gift Shop of Fifth Avenue, Manhattan, $100,000; C. K. Ovington, La R. T. Peasl, J. B. Colgan. (Attorney, H. G. Fritsche, 258 Broadway.)

Chase Todd & Co., Buffalo, stock brokers, $100,000; P. L. Chase, A. Todd, A. Anderson. (Attorney, F. Knorr, Albany.)

Star Producing Co., Albany, petroleum production, $200,000. (Attorney, W. H. Link, T. L. Hunt, Attorney, W. M. Miller, Schenectady.)

Mogull Bros. Electrical Corp., Bronx, $30,000; C. and L. and P. Mogull. (Attorney, A. E. Kacasch, 1,162 Broadway.)

Biltwell Auto Truck and Specialty Corp., Manhattan, $50,000; L. Hiots, M. Rosenblum, R. Mesler. (Attorney, H. Rosenblum, 116 Nassau St.)

La Janet Novelty Co., Manhattan, jewelry, &c., $5,000; J. Vecchione, R. and B. Moses. (Attorney, D. Weinstein, 565 Fifth Ave.)

K. & G. Garage Corp., Yonkers, $20,000; R. Karp, W. and A. Green. (Attorneys, Zvirin & Zvirin, 140 Rivington St.)

Roosevelt Press, Manhattan, $5,000; L. M. Schachter, J. and L. Rosenberg. (Attorney, H. E. Cohen, 238 Grand St.)

Veronica A. Smith, Manhattan, beauty parlor, $5,000; V. A. Smith, H. J. Baxter, E. K. Titus. (Attorneys, Halligan, Hinkel & Ludden, 709 Broadway.)

J. King Wallace, Mineola, autos, $25,000; M. Graham, J. K. and F. T. Wallace. (Attorneys, Pallister, Greene & O'Connell, Woolworth Building.)

Walter S. Johnson Building Co., Niagara Falls, $18,000; W. S. and L. W. Johnson, C. F. Odenbach. (Attorneys, Watts, Hunt & Pindley, Niagara Falls.)

Meserole Clothes Shop, Brooklyn, $10,000; C. Goldstein, J. Blumberg, R. Weinstein. (Attorney, L. B. Freedman, 201 Broadway.)

A. Finck & Co., Brooklyn, confections, $5,000; A. Finck, W. Muster, B. Titnick. (Attorneys, Barnett & Mintz, 44 Court St., Brooklyn.)

Halperin Homes Corp., Brooklyn, $10,000; A., E. and S. Halperin. (Attorney, M. Bernstein, 1,779 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn.)

Flower on Weston Bros., Yonkers, contractors, $60,000; Flavel, Calff, and Weston. (Attorney, C. C. Beekman, 257 Broadway.)

Harmony Cloak and Suit Co., Manhattan, $5,000; F. Peragine, B. Ellis, J. Weiss. (Attorneys, Greenfield Bros., 115 Nassau St.)

Washington Heights Battery Service Co., Manhattan, $5,000; M. and G. Roberts, M. Salem. (Attorney, H. W. Kiraily, 565 5th Av.)

Romanto Realty Corp., Queens, $15,000; F. Kewton, L. F. Sniffin, K. L. Wahle. (Attorney, J. Adikes, Jamaica.)

G. & G. Tea Corp., Manhattan, $20,000; G. Pistikin, A. Rouse, P. Borak. (Attorney, H. R. Lowe, 321 Broadway.)

Y. W. Realty Corp, Manhattan, theatrical and motion pictures, $10,000; I. Greenman, M. E. Kaplan, R. Lurie. (Attorneys, Kaplan, Kosman & Streusand, 1,540 Broadway.)

Catskill Farm Products, Brooklyn, dairy, $20,000; E. D. and R. Offen, M. Shapiro. (Attorneys, Baker & Kyle, 7 East 42d St.)

Glasser Garage, Brooklyn, $15,000; S. Weinstein, L. and I. Glasser. (Attorney, M. M. Gerard, 42 Graham Av., Brooklyn.)

Olcott Beach Park Corp., Olcott, Niagara Co., $30,000; E. M. Noonan, J. W. Boeckmann. (Attorney, J. A. Noonan, Niagara Falls.)

G & S. Watch Case Co., Manhattan, $10,000; B. Glassman, H. Steffman. (Attorney, J. Burnstone, 132 Nassau St.)

Lenox Realty Co., real estate, $25,000; J. A. Styles, F. Haslon, J. A. Velten. (Attorneys, Forscher, Lilienthal & Morris, 261 Broadway.)

Rosenberg Katz, Manhattan, leather and lumber, $10,000; A. Rosenberg, M. Katz. (Attorney, H. W. Leavy, 54 Chambers St.)

E. A. Ludington, New Rochelle, plumbing and heating, $25,000; E. A. Ludington, D. Lyons. (Attorney, F. W. Hottenroth, 281 Broadway.)

Marvel Oil Corp., Manhattan, $50,000; M. Pinchesen, M. and B. Green. (Attorney, I. Neustadter, 63 Park Row.)

A. G. E. Realty Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; M. Appel, E. Grosshandler, P. Emalel. (Attorneys, Cohen Bros., 35 Wall St.)

Pictured Records of the East, Manhattan, motion pictures, $500,000; R. Wells, E. J. Egginton, C. Walton. (Attorneys, Kendler & Goldstein, 1,540 Broadway.)

Bloom & Hamburger Lumber Co., Manhattan, $20,000; M. Kutner, L. Suskind, C. Blaberg. (Attorney, J. L. Bernstein, 5 Beekman St.)

Morietta Realty and Construction Corp., Bronx, $20,000; M. and F. S. Halpern. (Attorney, B. E. Kopelman, 280 Broadway.)

Men's Wear Smart, Manhattan, $15,000; H. and C. H. and M. Levin. (Attorneys, Sliman, Lee Corn and Lewins, 133 Broadway.)

Andrew Holz Co., Buffalo, funeral furnishings, $10,000; G. H. Neuldrchen, H. A. Holz, A. W. Braun. (Attorney, Knibloe, Lindsley & Lipsitz, Buffalo.)

Peck Furniture House, Cortland, $300,000; N. J. and H. P. Peck, H. W. Pease. (Attorneys, Lusk, Buck & Ames, Cortland.)

College Amusement Corp., Bronx, motion pictures, $50,000; M. Fruhling, J. Bernstein, A. J. Granick. (Attorney, I. Steinhaus, 233 Broadway.)

Domore Corp., Manhattan, realty, $5,000; M. Castellano, J. Spinola, L. Urivetsky. (Attorney, J. E. Farrell, 220 Broadway.)

Camp Highland, Manhattan, $10,000; B. Solomon, J. A. Gilbert, H. Raskin. (Attorney, W. Koerner, 220 Broadway.)

Riverman Drug and Chemical Corp., Brooklyn, $35,000; M. Fruhling, J. Bernstein, A. J. Granick. (Attorney, I. Steinhause, 233 Broadway.)

Home-Made Food Corp., Manhattan, restaurant, $10,000; E. Chantis, F. E. and J. S. Zvirin. (Attorneys, Zvirin & Zvirin, 220 Broadway.)

Link-on Coal Corp., Buffalo, $5,000; W. C. Strasburg, W. E. Schmias. (Attorney, C. T. Hackett, Tonawanda.)

Greater Buffalo Auto Service Corp., Buffalo, $500,000; C. L. Hunt, F. A. Byerly, E. Reuss. (Attorneys, Kellogg & Wall, Buffalo.)

Paramount Chocolate Co., Manhattan, $10,000; W. L. Green(sic), R. V. Richter, R. C. Miller. (Attorney, M. J. Leboyer, 291 Broadway.)

Schnap Mfg. Co., Brooklyn, make piston rings, $20,000; W. W. Hawkins, E. Walsberg, A. E. Schnap Jr. (Attorney, F. J. Knorr, Albany.)

Fox Gelberg Holding Co., Manhattan, realty, $40,000; C. J. Fox, M. Gelberg, G. Albin. (Attorneys, Joffe & Joffe, 141 Broadway.)

Giles Clothes Shop, Manhattan, $10,000; H. Gold, C. Silverstein, J. Galiell. (Attorney, H. Wylan, 280 Broadway.)

John Adams Corp., Manhattan, realty, 200 shares common stock, no par value; active capital, $5,000; S. J. and A. P. Koblenser, A. Donegan. (Attorneys, Thomas & Friedman, 1 Reade St.)

National Yellow Bus Corp., Manhattan, $100,000; S. C. Stemm, D. V. Bailly, S. Heller. (Attorneys, Grigg, Baldwin & Baldwin, 27 Pine St.)

Italian Mineral Production Co., Queens, $50,000; C. Molinelli, C. A. Robinson, P. Addison. (Attorney, F. Klein, 277 Broadway.)

Rutland Realty Corp., Brooklyn, $5,000; A. H. Kurland, J. Alx. (Attorneys, L. Linker, 50 Court St., Brooklyn.)

Ackerman & Harris, Manhattan, women's apparel, $25,000; S. Ackerman, S. and S. Hartnick. (Attorney, J. Manicoff, 51 Chambers St.)

Globe Wire Products Co., Manhattan, $25,000; M. Gross, S. L. Reis, F. Goldblum. (Attorney, J. Iberman, 346 Broadway.)

Polo Press, Manhattan, $25,000; A. L. Davis, G. and H. G. Coleman. (Attorneys, Boyce & Walkinburg, 342 Madison Av.)

Maxal Realty Co., Manhattan, $100,000; M. Appel, E. Grosshandler, P. Emalel. (Attorneys, Cohen Bros., 35 Wall St.)

M. Smiley, I. Smith, S. Gross. (Attorney, P. Lax, 277 Broadway.)

Mrs. E. M. Hunt, Manhattan, wearing apparel, $25,000; J. G. W. Hunt, R. May, A. A. Russell. (Attorney, E. Henriques, 342 Madison Av.)

Schuman-Tigar Bearing Co., Manhattan, $70,000; M. and M. G. Tigar, H. Schuman. (Attorney, F. M. Rosenstock, 342 Madison Av.)

Syracuse Construction Co., Brooklyn, $20,000; J. Greenholf, E. Brown, G. Specials. (Attorney, A. Mades, 315 Montague St., Brooklyn.)

150 Broadway Corp., Manhattan, realty, 8,000 shares common stock, no par value; active capital, $50,000; G. F. McKinnon, J. M. Ferry, A. Denzau. (Attorneys, Alexander & Green, 120 Broadway.)

Oppenheimer Wechsler, Manhattan, woolen & apparel, 200 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 1,000 common, no par value; active capital, $23,000; B. Wechsler, J. Oppenheimer. (Attorney, J. E. Bennett, 417 5th Av.)

Arev Corporation, Manhattan, stock brokers, 10 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 1,000 common, no par value; active capital, $5,000; R. Hamilton Jr., C. Nuhns, T. O'Connor. (Attorney, M. Silverstein, 309 Broadway.)

Mars Brothers, Walton, Del. Co., farming implements, $50,000; J. D., J. M. and E. S. Kelley. (Attorney, C. Mers, Walton.)

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Hotel Supply Corp., Manhattan, $10,000 to $25,000.

Anchor Jewelry Co., Manhattan, $5,000 to $25,000.

Kingson Manufacturing Co., Manhattan, $1,000 to $50,000.

American Agriculturist, Manhattan, $100,000 to $251,000.

Lewis Wise Co., Manhattan, $50,000 to $100,000.

Myriad Manufacturing Co., Manhattan, $100,000 to $150,000.

Moritz Products Corp., Manhattan, $100,000 to $150,000.

Creo-Dipt Co., No. Tonawanda, $200,000 to $500,000.

Acme Backing Corp., Manhattan, $10,000 to $30,000.

Island Warehouse Corp., Buffalo, $500,000 to $1,000,000.

Homestead Mortgage Corp., Brooklyn, $100,000 to $200,000.

R. A. Fife Corp., Mamaroneck, $25,000 to $50,000.

A. A. Grinnell Co., office not given, $100,000 to $200,000.

East Hampton Lumber and Coal Co., East Hampton, to issue 1,050 shares common stock, no par value.

Gibraltar Trading Association, Manhattan, $10,000 to $100,000.

Bo-Clo-Pro Manufacturing Co., Rochester, $25,000 to $100,000.

Glenpool Corp., Mineola, to issue 1,000 shares common stock, no par value.

Dubois Watch Case Co., Brooklyn, $50,000 to $150,000.

Manchester Coal Corp., Aurelius, $25,000 to $50,000.

Mark Garment Co., Jamestown, $10,000 to $50,000.

Wilart Cinema Industries, New Rochelle, $1,000,000 to $1,250,000.

Longwell Roofing Co., Bath, $5,000 to $25,000.

C. W. Keenan, Brooklyn, $25,000 to $100,000.

Chapin Owen Co., Rochester, $100,000 to $200,000.

CAPITAL REDUCTION.

Agency & Investment Co., Binghamton, $157,000 to $130,000.

DESIGNATIONS.

Belmont Apartment Corp., Ve., capital not given; J. H. Carpenter, 522 5th Av.

William Ewart & Son, New York, Ltd., Great Britain; new rep., E. T. Middleton, 170 Franklin St.

Sanford Manufacturing Co., Ill., makes inks, 1,500 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 4,000 common, no par value; rep., R. Morris, 42 Green St.

SURRENDER OF AUTHORITY.

James H. Boye Manufacturing Co., Ill.

Simonds Manufacturing Co., Mass.

Edwards & Crist Co., Ind.

Lourmay, Del.

NAME CHANGES.

Mat-Z & Cohen, Manhattan, to Henry B. Cohen Drug Co.

Duane Finance Corp., Manhattan, to Duane Corp.

Stopplebein Sinclair Audit Co., Manhattan, to Stopplebein-Sinclair Company.

Segesta Pleasure and Musical Club, Brooklyn, to Segesta Athletic Club.

Bo-Clo-Pro Manufacturing Co., Rochester, to Genesee Brick and Supply Corp.

Consulting Scientific Publishing Co., Waverly, to McEwan Press.

Schules Pure Grape Juice Co., Hudson, to Hudson Valley Fuit Food Co.

Sanford Manufacturing Co., Illinois, to Redington Co.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Jans Chichester, Manhattan.

Louhey Co., Manhattan.

Zuckerman Realty Co., Manhattan.

Brooklyn Pulley Co., Brooklyn.

New Jersey Charters.

TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 20.—New charters: Warr Coal and Supply Co., Woodbridge, coal dealers, $125,000; Walter H. Warr, Woodbridge; Charles M. Peterson, Carl Lute, Perth Amboy.

Electrified Water Co., Newark, mineral waters, $75,000; Edward J. Gilhoy, East Orange; Alfred H. Brundges, John H. Yauch, Newark.

Redbook Produce Co., Perth Amboy, fruits, $50,000; Samuel Breitman, Nathan Breitman, Charles Kittler, Perth Amboy.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Feb. 20.—Charters filed today: Tampa Bay Amusement & Concession Co., Wilmington, amusements; no stock; no incorporations; $27,000,000. (Delaware Registration Trust Co.)

Caldwell Screw Co., Wilmington, $1,500,000. (Corporation Service Co.)

Allentown Warehouse Corp., Wilmington; warehousing; $1,400,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Southern Arkansas Oil & Gas Development Co., Wilmington; $1,000,000. (Corporation Service Co.)

Continental Screen Service Corp., Wilmington, advertising; $1,000,000. Colonial Charter Co.)

Burrowlite Nickel Steel Co., Wilmington; mine, smelt and refine ores, $1,000,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Community Building & Loan Association, $500,000; Samuel J. Speal, Luther S. Conwell, George J. Clark, Camden, N. J. (Samuel J. Speal, Camden, N. J.)

Kyle Co., New York; handle containing carbon oil, $500,000. (U. S. Corporation Co.)

Ultimite Motor Products Co. of New York, Wilmington, $350,000. (Colonial Charter Co.)

McKaye Harris Silver Fox Farms, Wilmington, $300,000. (Corporation Service Co.)

National Retailers' Development Co., Wilmington, $200,000. (Corporation Service Co.)

Pan American Marble and Onyx Works, Dover, quarrying, $150,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of Delaware.)

Avers Naval Stores Co., Wilmington, turpentine, $150,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Vine Street Realty Co., Wimmington, $100,000; H. G. Eastburn, Wilmington.

Kiwanis Realty Co., Wilmington, $100,000. (Corporation Service Co.)

De Witt, Moore, Davis & Steele, Dover, operate sawmills, $100,000. (U. S. Corporation Co.)

Blue Diamond Coal Sales Co., Wilmington, $100,000. (Corporation Service Co.)

Brown Window Shades, Wilmington, manufacture, $100,000. (Corporation Co. of Delaware.)

Baltinger Automatic Eat, $75,000; John M. Baltinger, Louis T. Herrmann, St. Louis; D. Du Pont, Minneapolis. (Corporation Service Co.)

Jones McCarthy Co., stocks and bonds, $50,000; J. T. McCarthy, R. E. Lee Jones, R. E. McCarthy, Houston, Texas. (Colonial Charter Co.)

Centre District Oil and Gas Co., Wilmington, $25,000. (Corporate Service Co.)

Morgan Shop, Philadelphia, women's apparel, $25,000. (Corporation Guarantee & Trust Co.)

Penn.-Kentucky Co. Ltd., Wilmington, $25,000. (P. L. Mettler, Wilmington.)

Francis G. Stewart, building materials, $10,000; Francis G. Stewart, George S. Blanchard, G. M. Benholsar, Dayton, Ohio. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

National Retailers Association, protection, no capital; John S. Jones, R. H. Jones Jr., Charles R. Jones, Atlanta, Ga. (Corporation Service Co.)

NAME CHANGES.

E. P. Murphy & Co. to Graemeyer & Murphy, New York.

Pacific Oil Co. of the Pacific to Winchester-Simmons Co. of the Pacific, San Francisco.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Dupont Motors, Wilmington, $4,500,000 to $25,000,000.

National Drug Manufacturing Co., Paducah, Ky., $1,770,000 to $11,270,000.

Winchester Gulf Coal Refining Co., Fort Worth, Texas, $2,000,000 to $4,000,000.

DURANT BUYS GLASS WORKS

Acquires American Company at Kane, Pa.—Plan to Issue Stock.

W. C. Durant, head of the Durant Motors, Inc., has taken over the entire capital stock of the American Plate Glass Company, located at Kane, Pa., according to reports. The company is credited with an annual capacity of approximately 3,000,000 square feet of plate glass, an amount sufficient to meet all the requirements of the Durant organization. The transaction, it is said, has been financed privately, but present holders of Durant securities are expected to be offered stock in the company.

The Durant Motors of Michigan has issued a statement of earnings for the year ended Dec. 31, 1922. This shows net profits of $1,687,749 after setting aside $257,435 for federal, State and local taxes and $71,754 reserved for depreciation. It is reported that $1,600,316 is invested in the Michigan company and that the profits are equal to slightly more than 100 per cent. on the investment. Of the profits 60 per cent. goes to Durant Motors, Inc. for the use of the name, patents, management and other purposes, while 40 per cent. goes to stockholders.

MADE OPERATING PROFIT.

National Enameling and Stamping Co. Had $1,982,595 Net Income.

The National Enameling and Stamping Company reports operating profits of $2,956,127 for the year ended Dec. 31, 1922, against an operating loss of $218,510 in 1921. After allowing for all charges, including depreciation, interest and taxes, there remained net income of $1,982,595 against a deficit after the same deductions of $1,358,615 in the previous year.

The net profits for 1922, after providing for regular dividends on the preferred stock, were equal to $8.32 a share on the outstanding capital common stock of the company. After payment of $238,877 as dividends on the common stock and $700,000 on the preferred stock there was a surplus of $1,043,718. In 1921 there was a deficit of $2,894,123 after dividend payments on both classes of stock. The profit and loss surplus on Dec. 31, 1922, amounted to $6,910,842 after adding the surplus for last year and transferring $1,700,000 from sinking fund reserves. The profit and loss surplus at the close of 1921 amounted to $7,063,124.

MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Monday. Bid.
Amalgamated Leather	16	17	16½
Amalgamated Leather pf.	55	64	62
Babcock & Wilcox	107⅝	109	107¾
Borden Co., The	113	114½	113
Borden Co., The, pf.	102⅜	104½	102
E. W. Bliss	33½	35	33½
Campbell's Soup pf.	107½	108	107½
Childs Co.	140	145	140
Childs Co. pf.	113	115	111
Congoleum Co., new	165	170	140
Congoleum Co., pf.	93	95	93
Guyamel Fruit Co., wi.	60	80¾	59¾
United Cigar Stores	276	278	276
Hercules	110	114	108
Hercules pf.	103	105	102
Ingersoll-Rand	120	130	104
Ingersoll-Rand pf.	104	42	104
B. Kuppenheimer	27	30	27
B. Kuppenheimer pf.	93	95	93
McCall	48	52	49
McCall Corp. pf.	110	119	110
Merck pf.	85	87½	85
New Jersey Zinc	172	175	171
Niles-Bement-Pond	41	44	40
Niles-Bement-Pond pf.	87	92	87
New York Canners	29	30	29¾
New York Canners pf.	89	95	90
Northern Securities	106	110	106
Royal Baking Powder	130	140	130
Royal Baking Powder pf.	101	103	99½
Safety C. H. & L.	93	95	92
Scovil Mfg. Co., new	153	155	155
Singer Mfg.	114	116	115
Standard Screw Co.	100	110	
United Bakeries Corp.	33	36	36
United Bakeries Corp., pf.	90	95	90
Victor Talking Machine	167	175	167
Yale & Towne	56	60	58

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

COTTONSEED OIL.

	Sales.	High.	Low.	*Close.	*Prev. Close.
Spot				11.00	11.00
Feb.				11.00	11.00
March	2,400	11.12	11.10	11.11	11.08
April				11.13	11.15
May	4,000	11.40	11.38	11.39	11.39
June				11.43	11.45
July	9,200	11.57	11.54	11.56	11.56
Aug.				11.54	11.55
Sept.	500	11.49	11.47	11.48	11.50
Total, 15,700.					

COFFEE.

	High.	Low.	*Close.	*Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	9.75	9.76	9.66	9.83	6.75
March	12.20	12.05	12.10	12.25	8.85
May	11.62	11.51	11.53	11.67	8.80
July	10.10	10.06	10.06	10.20	8.75
September	10.08	9.97	10.00	10.10	8.75

SUGAR.

	High.	Low.	*Close.	*Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	5.50	5.44	5.50	5.45	2.67
March	5.27	5.05	5.20	5.15	2.15
May	5.11	5.07	5.11	5.07	2.10
July	5.53	5.49	5.50	5.44	2.90
September	5.70	5.58	5.61	5.57	2.70

*Closing bid.

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Alpha	3	4	Gadsden	65	75
Bay St. Gas	2	3	Homa	2	3
Bohemis	80	95	La Rose	58	62
Boston Ely.	62	63	Majestic	5	6
Boston Mont.	1	2	Mason Dix.	15	16
Calaveras	2¼	2½	Nixon	6	8
Chief Con.	44	47	Onaco	45	50
Con. Copper	3¾	4	Seven Metals	2	3
Crystal	1⅝	1¾	Tonopah	1	2
Denbish	2	3	U. V. Ext.	30¾	31¼
Eagle B. B.	2	3	Yukon	70	80
Eureka Croe.	29	30			

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

COMSTOCK.			
Andes	.03	Keystone	.02
Belcher	.03	Lucky Boy	.02
Caledonia	.05	Myra	.06
Challar	.03	Northwest	.02
Concordia	.03	Red Rock King	.04
Con. Virginia	.06	Smuggler	.06
Gould & Curry	.04	Sutherland	.06
Hale & Norcross	.16	Zone	.07
Justice	.03	GOLDFIELD.	
Mexican	.05	Booth	.06
Ophir	.07	Consolidated	.07
Potosi	.04	Crackerjack	.04
Savage	.03	Development	.03
Scorpion	.04	Florence	.03
Sierra Nevada	.05	Fraction	.04
Union	.17	Grandma	.03
Utah	.02	Great Bend	.02
TONOPAH.		Jumbo Extension	.07
Belmont	1.40	Kawana	.04
Cash Boy	.10	Lone Star	.03
Crescent	.02	Red Hill	.03
Halifax	.17	Sandstorm	.04
McNamara	.03	Silver Pick	.03
Midway	.01	Westmetal	.03
Monarch	.04	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
North Star	.05	Arrowhead	.02
Rescue	.12	Boundary Mts.	.02
Tonopah Extension	3.12	Bullwhacker	.03
Tonopah Mining	.97	Cash Entry	.02
West End	1.25	Cresus	.02
West Tonopah	.90	Gold Key	.03
DIVIDE.		Hamilton	.03
Annex	.

LATEST DEALINGS IN REALTY FIELD

Sites Purchased for Several New Building Projects Involving Millions.

$1,450,000 READE ST. DEAL

Corporation Buys Buildings in Reade, Elm and Duane Streets Covering 10,000 Square Feet.

Several sales involving millions were closed yesterday, one being a Times Square project estimated at $8,000,000, involving the northeast corner of Fortieth Street and Broadway, another the purchase by the Knights of Columbus of a site for a new welfare centre to cost $2,000,000, and a downtown deal involving $1,500,000. A lease reported closed in the Grand Central zone will result in the erection of a new office building.

$1,450,000 Downtown Deal.

The Charles F. Noyes Company, in conjunction with William A. White & Sons, announced yesterday that agreements have been executed whereby the Elm-Duane Corporation acquires the buildings 6-8-10-12 Reade Street, 3 Elm Street and 43-50 Duane Street. This combined plottage covers an area of about 10,000 square feet, with four and five story buildings. The frontage is 150 feet on Reade Street, 56 feet on Elm Street and 35 feet on Duane Street. The owning company already owns the fee title to the ten-story Jones Building at 52-58 Duane Street and 5-13 Elm Street, being a corner of 9,800 square feet, and also 42, 44 and 46 Duane Street.

With this latest acquisition a plot of about 22,000 feet of ground is now controlled by the Elm-Duane Corporation, and included in this plot is the entire block front on Elm Street from Reade to Duane and the entire block front on Duane from Elm to Lafayette Street, with an outlet on Lafayette Street. This property is the largest and probably the most desirable in the new civic centre zone. The total transactions involved a ground value of approximately $1,450,000. No plans have been made for the improvement of the holdings, and the Charles F. Noyes Company, which manages the property acquired, states that the leases will probably be renewed with the tenants in the buildings just obtained. The same interests that own all of these properties control 37-41 Chambers Street, opposite the Hall of Records building, taking in the block front to Reade Street, and diagonally opposite this large plottage.

Grand Central Improvement.

Another tall commercial structure may be added to the Grand Central zone as a result of negotiations said to be pending for a lease on the block bounded by Park Avenue and the extension of Vanderbilt Avenue, and Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Streets, a site fronting 201 feet on each avenue and 124.4 feet on each street.

The New York Central Railroad is said to have leased the site for twenty-one years, with several renewals, to a group which will erect a twelve or sixteen story building. The rental is understood to be $410,000 per annum.

The Bronx Market.

Harry Cahn, operator and builder, purchased from Charles Graff the three-story garage building known as 966 Prospect Avenue, north of 163d Street, on plot 50 by 197. The premises are leased for a long term of years. Cammon, Voorhees & Flody were the brokers who negotiated the sale.

Charles A. Weber sold for Frederick Ries 435 East 136th Street, a five-story double flat on a lot 25 by 100 feet, to Robert Riehl, an investor.

M. Rutheiser, operator, purchased from Abraham Rubin, 1,421 University Avenue, northeast corner 171st Street, a five-story apartment house on plot 50 by 100, held at $96,000. Harry Burns and Louis Fine were the brokers.

John McNulty & Son sold 2,096 to 2,102 Morris Avenue, a five and a half-story apartment with 140-foot frontage to Edward H. Greenberg. The property was held at $150,000.

Nehring Brothers have sold for Maud A. Dorman to Dobry & Liff 440 to 446 East 145th Street, two five-story apartment houses with stores on a plot 75 by 100. The houses accommodate forty families, rent for $14,500 and were held at $90,000.

Business Properties.

The Baldan Realty Company, through its officers, William Dangler, President, and Louis C. Balsam, Secretary, who recently bought and sold the Marion apartment house at 2,612 Broadway, have just purchased the seven-story loft building, on a lot 25 by 92, at 47 East Nineteenth Street. The property was held at $110,000.

The Aldrich Realty Company sold through Jacob Finkelstein & Son the five-story commercial building on a lot 21 by 98 by 25, at 64 West Thirty-ninth Street, occupied by the Holmes Electric Protective Company, to an investor. The buyer is in the millinery business and will occupy the premises.

Suburban Buyers.

John Smith sold from the plans of Philip Resnyk an Italian Renaissance dwelling containing ten rooms and three baths and two-car garage to a client of Fish & Marvin. The property was held at $45,000.

The same brokers sold for Charles W. Dyer his property on Iden Avenue, Pelham Manor, to Laura T. Walsh. The plot was held at $4,000.

The Robert E. Farley Organization sold for the Scarsdale Estates a plot on Kevlin Avenue in the Greenacres section of Scarsdale, N. Y., to F. Albert Hunt, who plans to build in the near future.

Harlem Block Front Sold.

C. Bertram Hubbard, Inc., has sold for the Broadway and 125th Street Corporation, Irving Judis, President, the entire block bounded by 125th Street, Broadway and St. Clair Place, which consists of a taxpayer, containing thirty stores. The property was held at $350,000, having a rent roll of over $50,000. The same was sold to an investing client. The land was formerly owned by Mary Pinckney estate, it being sold by the Title Guarantee and Trust Company acting as trustee in June, 1921, to the present sellers. Herman Sternburgh acted as broker for the sellers.

To Build Brooklyn Market.

A large public market is to be built on a plot of ground consisting of 12,000 square feet and taking in ground on Flatbush Avenue, Snyder Avenue, a plot adjoining Erasmus High School and the Municipal Court. The property was secured about a month ago by Harold Wittemann, builder and operator. The Flatbush building will cost about $250,000 and will be built by Mr. Wittemann.

The plot to be improved measures 28 by 170 feet on the Flatbush Avenue side, 50 by 199 on the Snyder Avenue side, with an interior plot of 190 by 170.

To Alter East Side Parcel.

E. A. Turner sold for John Tillotsin Wainwright the premises at 108 East Thirty-first Street, 20 by 100, to M. Joseph Harrison, architect. Mr. Harrison owns the adjoining property, 110, which he has recently remodeled. Mr. Harrison intends to remodel the premises at 108, making apartments, stores and offices.

Trading in Brooklyn.

Realty Associates sold a new one-family brick dwelling at 200 Thirtieth Street, between Fourth and Fifth Avenues, to Herman Koerner.

The Builder & Horton Company sold a plot 50 by 100 on the north side of Eighty-eighth Street, 200 feet east of Ridge Boulevard, for M. A. Hickey to a builder for improvement.

APARTMENT HOUSE DEALS.

The Idaho, on Seventh Avenue, Sold —Was Held at $700,000.

The Idaho, a thirteen-story apartment on lot 75 by 100 at 648 to 652 Seventh Avenue, between Fifty-fourth and Fifty-fifth Streets, was bought by Samuel A. Herzog from the Rockford Realty Company. The building accommodates two families on a floor, with eight-room apartments. It rents for $100,000, and was held at $700,000.

Daniel H. Jackson purchased from Eberhard Faber, the famous pencil manufacturer, two six-story elevator apartments, 229 to 237 Cathedral Parkway, known as Cathedral Hall and the Park Parkview, on plot 125 by 71 each. They were held at $300,000. Mr. Faber bought this property twelve years ago from the builders.

Mr. Jackson also purchased 141 Cathedral Parkway, about ten days ago, which he immediately resold. L. J. Phillips & Co. were the brokers in both transactions.

The Maxree Realty Company, Max Rosenthal, President, purchased from Isidor Wasserman the Chalfonte, a six-story elevator apartment house, with seven stores, at 51 East Ninety-seventh Street, northeast corner of Madison Avenue.

The Chalfonte covers a plot 100 by 100 and shows an annual rent roll of about $43,000. Samuel Glick negotiated the deal.

The two five-story apartment houses on the north side of West 164th Street, between Broadway and Fort Washington Avenue, on plot 125 by 140 each, have been resold by the Stadler Realty Company to an investor who gave other city real estate in trade.

The Heights property rents for $125,000 a year, and was acquired by the present sellers in June, 1922, before completion from the 615 West 164th Street Corporation, composed of Abraham Bricken and others. I. Conn negotiated the present deal.

The Fredlat Realty Corporation (Herman Friedman and Abner Distillator) resold the six-story apartment, known as Seco Hall, at 812 Riverside Drive, on plot 111.7 by 129.9, near 158th Street, to the 331 Central Park West Corporation, Joseph W. Doolittle, President. The selling corporation recently bought the property from the Seco Holding Corporation.

M. Rutheiser, an operator, purchased 530 West 186th Street, a five-story apartment house on plot 50 by 100, held at $120,000. Louis Fine was the broker.

Frederick Zittell & Sons sold for Meta R. Sedgwick, 2,371-2,373 Eighth Avenue, two five-story stores and apartments, 25 by 94 each. They were held at $65,000. The buyers were Harry G. Guttman and H. Bennett Solomon.

Porter & Co. have sold for the estate of A. H. Ammidown, to the B. & E. Gordon Company, the five-story tenement with store, located at 517 West Fifty-second Street.

Edward Wolfe sold for the Lawyers Mortgage Company, to an investing client, 324 East 112th Street, a six-story apartment, 25 by 100, held at $295,000. The sellers are taking back a purchase money mortgage of $20,000 at 6 per cent. for five years, with 2½ per cent. amortization.

$700,000 BROOKLYN SALE.

Operators Buy Two Ocean Avenue Apartment Houses.

Meister Builders, Inc., have purchased from the Ocean Avenue Corporation 699 and 711 Ocean Avenue, between Beverly Road and Regent Place, Brooklyn, two six-story elevator apartment houses, on a plot 200 by 100, taking in the corner of Regent Place. These houses are tax-exempt and were finished about a year ago and are considered two of the finest apartment houses in Brooklyn. They accommodate ninety-three families and have a rental of about $115,000, and were held by the sellers at $700,000. Samuel Genish was the broker in the transaction.

Commercial Leases.

Sidney L. Waranawer leased for a term of years to the Adelphi Theatre Ticket Service for 160 West 44th Street Corporation, M. Glaser, President, a store in the Broadway (formerly Claridge) Hotel Building at 1,504 Broadway, southeast corner of 44th Street, at an aggregate rental of over $100,000. Dimensions of this store, 6 by 35 or 210 square feet, indicate a rental value of $1,700 per front foot, or close to $50 per square foot.

The same broker has also leased for Mary O. Ginger the store at 615 Ninth Avenue for a term of years, to Morris Adler, who will occupy it as a dry goods store after it has been altered.

H. & J. Realty Company, Inc., leased to Samuel Witkin and Joseph Levine a three-story garage to be erected at the southwest corner Fifty-sixth Street and Avenue A, for a term of twenty-one years at an aggregate rental exceeding $400,000. Gotham Realty Company was the broker in the transaction.

The Fenimore C. Goode Company leased in conjunction with the Charles F. Noyes Company the entire building at Twenty-seventh Street and Eleventh Avenue, known as Warehouse 13, for the Terminal Warehouse Corporation to Carman Supply Company for a long term of years.

Private House Sales.

Elizabeth A. Burggraf sold 147 East Seventy-ninth Street, a three-story private dwelling, located just east of Lexington Avenue. The new owner, Dr. Moses L. Pinco, after extensive alterations, will occupy the premises. George R. Runk was the broker.

The three-story brownstone private dwelling at 245 West 132nd Street was purchased by Jerome H. Frank from Jennie Whittemore.

Dwight, Archibald & Perry have sold for a client the three-story dwelling at 356 West Twenty-seventh Street. The purchasers are Hugh Getty & Sons, the builders, who own the adjoining forty feet on the west.

James E. Cruikshank sold to Meister Builders, Inc., the two four-story private dwellings 62 and 64 West Seventieth Street, adjoining the corner of Columbus Avenue, on a lot 18 by 100 feet each, held at $70,000. J. C. Hough & Co. were the brokers.

Bowne Residence Resold.

Frederick Browne, the operator, purchased from Mrs. Annette Bowne the four-story dwelling, on a lot 25 by 100.5 at 35 West Fifty-seventh Street, located between Fifth and Sixth Avenues. The broker in the transaction was Alfred P. Coburn. This house is one of the last on the block of a residential character and has been in the same ownership for many years. It was built by Samuel Bowne.

Parcels at Auction Today.

At 12 o'clock noon today Bryan L. Kennelly, Inc., will auction seventeen parcels in the Real Estate Exchange at 14 Vesey Street.

The properties consist of a dwelling at 83 Park Avenue; four five-story flats at Second Avenue and Sixty-fifth Street; 321 and 323 East Seventieth Street; 154 West Eighty-second Street; 255 to 259 Ninth Avenue; and 428 and 430 West Thirty-first Street; also Bronx building plots.

Buys Eighth Avenue Tenement.

The five-story tenement 2,364 Eighth Avenue, containing eight families and one store on plot 24.11 by 100, has been sold for Luis Curcio to Raymond O'Connell by the J. M. Kelly Company.

Buy Co-operative Apartments.

Douglas L. Elliman & Co. sold apartments in the new 100 per cent. co-operative building at 580 Park Avenue to Mrs. Edward Hinman and Miss Louise Ayres.

Auction Result.

AT 14 VESEY ST.
By Joseph P. Day.

78th St, 222 West, e's, 163.5 ft s of Riverside Drive, 17x102.2, four and five story dwelling; Bertha Myers against Jos. S. Schwab et al.; Myers & Goldsmith, attorneys; Emanuel Levin, referee; due, $16,654.19; taxes, &c., $1,282.83; subject to a mortgage of $22,137; to the plaintiff for $30,137.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

5% Mortgage Money
FOR GOOD LOCATIONS IN NEW YORK CITY
DOWDNEY & RICHART
141 Broadway. Rector 4975

When in Need of Rent Assignments Second or First Mortgages, Manhattan, Bronx, Brooklyn, any amts.; square dealings Brokers Protected; Quick Action
SEE S. A. ISRAEL
99 Nassau St. Cort. 8473.

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Young man with ability and ambition desired by Christian Real Estate Mortgage Brokers. Opportunity to learn business. Recent graduates of College or High School considered. Write, stating education, references, age and salary expected. I. K., 625 Times Downtown.

A Highly Specialized Service
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Business Building Management
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BROKERS' ATTENTION
In the market for
Avenue Tenements and Store Property
Blade Estate
152 West 42d St. Bryant 8470

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

BUY NEAR SUBWAY STATIONS AND YOU CAN'T GO WRONG!
PUBLIC AUCTION
BY ORDER OF HON. FREDERICK W. ROWE AND OTHERS.
WED. NIGHT, FEB. 28
at 8 o'clock, Brooklyn Real Estate Exchange 189 Montague St.
380 SUBWAY LOTS
The SCENE OF BROOKLYN'S GREATEST BUILDING ACTIVITY!
Right at Sutter Av. Subway Station
of the I. R. T. Eastern Parkway Line (Penn. Ave. Train).
Located on
RUTLAND RD., ROCKAWAY P'KWAY, WINTHROP ST., CLARKSON AV. & E. 92ND TO 98TH STREETS.
Suitable for BUSINESS, APARTMENTS, 1 and 2 FAMILY HOUSES, &c., and should appeal to the
Builder, Speculator, Homeseeker
80% on Mortgage or Monthly Payments.
Also to be sold same time and place
3 LARGE VALUABLE PLOTS
Eastern Parkway
Near FRANKLIN AV., BEDFORD AV. and SCHENECTADY AV. respectively and subway stations. Size of plots, 80x185, 90x192 and 100x120. Send name and address or Phone for maps with photos.
Hon. Frederick W. Rowe, 355 Kingston Av., Brooklyn, or
JERE JOHNSON JR. CO., Auctioneers, 193 Montague St., Brooklyn. Phone Main 1238.

TODAY
Special Sales Day
12 o'Clock Noon, Real Estate Exchange, 14 Vesey St., N. Y. C.
83 Park Avenue
SECOND AV. & 65TH ST.
321 & 323 EAST 70TH ST.
154 WEST 82D ST.
428 & 430 WEST 31ST ST.
BRONX BUILDING PLOTS
BROADWAY & 230TH ST.
RESERVOIR OVAL WEST
176TH ST. S. S.
MOSHOLU PARKWAY NORTH
BAINBRIDGE AVE.
BROADWAY & 228TH ST.
KIMBERLY PL.
BRONX PARK SOUTH
WEBSTER AV., W. S.
RESERVOIR OVAL WEST
QUEENS
13 HANSOM PLACE
Bryan L. Kennelly, Inc.
Real Estate Auctioneer
149 Broadway Tel. Cort. 1547

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204th STREET
NORTH SIDE
100' east of 10th Avenue, 150x99.11. Price $55,000, free and clear. Assessed $21,000.
BYRNE & BOWMAN
quick offer wanted.
30 E. 42nd St. Vanderbilt 2371.

265 WATER ST.
extending through to and including
244 FRONT ST.
6 and 5 story Warehouses, leased to one tenant to May 1st, 1924.
MUST BE SOLD TO CLOSE ESTATE
For particulars apply to Sole Agents
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A Wonderful Buy
Near 59th Street and 7th Avenue; modern nine-story apartment which can be purchased with $65,000 cash. Principals apply
BYRNE & BOWMAN
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WEST BRONX
Unrestricted plots, railroad siding, suitable garage or factory, 10,000-20,000 square feet and smaller; adjacent Broadway and Jerome avenue subways.
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11 Broadway, N. Y. Tel. Bowling Green 8580

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IN any business good will is valuable. In an office building, tenant good will is *invaluable* to owners and tenants alike.

Location, rental, space, light—these are self-evident tangible requirements. Good will is intangible, and it is always based on service.

Tenant good will in an office building is a rare thing, because it results not alone from willingness to give service, but also from expensive equipment and personnel without which really good service is impossible.

Discriminating business men seeking offices will invariably find it to their advantage to inquire closely into the matter of service and its inevitable result—good will. A limited amount of office space and one store site are now available in the new Borden Building at 45th Street and Madison Avenue.

BORDEN BUILDING
BRADY & BOWMAN, Inc., AGENTS
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Twelve Story
Modern Mercantile Building
65' x 92'
Fully Sprinklered—Excellent Light
Annual Rental $63,000—Price $400,000
Cash Required $75,000.
BING & BING
Corporation
119 West 40th Street Pennsylvania 4180
Or Your Own Broker

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NEW ROCHELLE
Handsome New English Timber and Stucco Home in beautiful
BEECHMONT GARDENS
Overlooking Long Island Sound
8 rooms, 3 tiled baths, gas, electricity, hot water heat, white enamel trim, hardwood floors, spacious glass enclosed porch (heated); will decorate to suit purchaser; slate roof, copper flashings, leaders and gutters. Two car "built in" fireproof garage; ½ acre land—handsome trees and shrubbery. *Built for owner's own use.*
PRICE, $32,500
Remarkable Opportunity
TO PURCHASE
CHOICE BUILDING PLOTS
with Sound and Country Views
The first SIX buyers
Will secure real bargains.
Never mind the little snow
You'll be pleased with what we show.
ULRICK ECK, Owner
24 West 57th St., N. Y. Tel. 9532 Circle or at owner's residence in Beechmont Gardens, New Rochelle, N. Y. Telephone 898 Larchmont.

Mid-Winter Bargain!
BRONXVILLE Plot: 30% LESS than last year's offered price (WAY under next spring's cash value!) ½ to 1½ acres, Bronxville's (30 minutes Grand Central) exclusive zone; every improvement, restriction; at FORCED immediate sale. Ward Carpenter & Co., White Plains, N. Y., Tel. 2442 White Plains, owner's liquidating agents. (We could arrange 75% building loan for you on THIS plot.)
Office open Washington's Birthday for appointment to show property.

Overlooking Hudson
Brand new stucco house with latest modern conveniences in one of the finest residential districts of Yonkers, convenient to the station; 7 large rooms, 2 tile baths with showers, glass enclosed heated sun parlor; cozy fireplace in living room, oak floors throughout; electric lights in closets; heated garage; situated on a lot 40x180, commanding wonderful view of Hudson and Palisades; near the exclusive Hudson River Country Club and Golf Course; change in owner's plans forces sale; only $13,750, terms to suit.
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"The Oranges to Morristown"
Many choice modern-typed homes, with 7 to 10 rooms, at $12,000 to $14,000. Attractive grounds, restricted neighborhoods.
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A client occupying the ground floor of a prominent Corner Office Building on Broadway, near the City Hall,
Desires to sublet a portion.
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Broadway above 96th St.
Good income. Reasonable net rental. $50,000 security required. Possession this year. Box V 190 Times.

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42nd STREET, OPPOSITE GRAND CENTRAL TERMINAL

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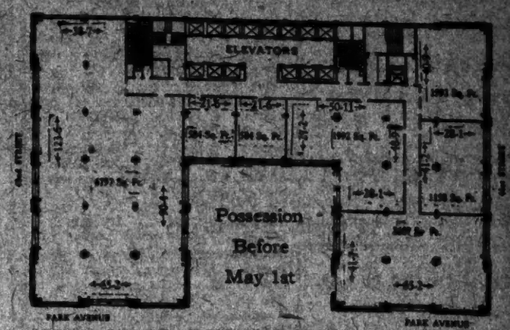

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Entire Floor
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Stores—Lofts
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Moderate Rentals
Immediate Possession
Complete Service
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1800 SQUARE FEET
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
Overlooking Madison Sq. Park.
Excellent Light—9 Windows
ALBEMARLE BUILDING
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ALBERT B. ASHFORTH, Inc.
Associates, Stephen H. Tyng, Jr. & Co., Inc.
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LOFT—4250 SQ. FEET
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Rental $5,250
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540 Fifth Ave. Tel. Murray Hill 0549
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Midtown West Side
3 Story Corner Building
50x175 yard space extra.
Will alter to suit, also divide.
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Full particulars from
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7,800 square feet. Low rent. Low insurance. Excellent light. Good service. Sprinkler. Fine location. Suitable manufacturing or showroom, etc. Immediate possession. Apply Murphy, O'Connor & Ross, 160-162 5th Ave. Phone Gramercy 5894-5893.

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14,000 SQ. FT. ON FLOOR
LIGHT ON ALL SIDES
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366 5th Ave.
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Light, Attractive Office Space
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Units of 200 to 1000 Sq. Ft.
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LOFT
45 x 100
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Store and Basement
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Newly Renovated Building
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Also Lofts
5,000 SQ. FT. ON THE FLOOR. VERY LIGHT.
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MODERN FRONT.
675 6TH AVE.
NEAR 39TH ST.
POSSESSION MAY 1ST.
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176 6th Ave. Grace 1062.
Full Commission to Brokers.

105 WEST 40th STREET
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SMALL OFFICES
200 to 1,000 Sq. Ft.
Immediate or
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Assoc.
STEPHEN H. TYNG, Jr. & CO.
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For Sale

TWO VERY FINE MANUFACTURING PLANTS in Jersey City, both plants having railroad siding, floor space of one has various buildings about 60,000 square feet, the land area being twelve acres, sprinkler system in plant. The other plant is most ideal and up to date, having floor space of 59,000 square feet with all requirements necessary; land area 3½ acres; these plants can be bought on reasonable terms by reliable people.

A FINE PLOT 200x275, ideal for manufacturing plant, centrally located Jersey City, two blocks from Penn Railroad; easy terms to responsible party.

WONDERFUL TRACT CONTAINING 68 LOTS, with 330 feet of water front on Newark Bay, railroad siding surveyed by Lehigh Valley Railroad; can get 300 feet more of water front if required; terms reasonable.

LAUNDRY IN MAPLEWOOD, N. J., fully equipped and up to date, doing business large territory; fine opportunity, and a bargain to buy whole or half interest.

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CROSS & BROWN COMPANY
18 East 41st Street Murray Hill 7100
At the Building Circle 5534

1123 Broadway
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FOR RENT—OFFICES and SHOWROOMS—large and small units—Modern fireproof buildings—Shipping facilities—Immediate possession.
BING & BING
CORPORATION
119 WEST 40th STREET
or your own broker.

$90, $110, $135
$175, $250, $350
Per month. Very few vacancies.
Lofts, Offices, Show Rooms
122 Fifth Avenue
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AN ADDRESS IN A FINE FIREPROOF BUILDING ON FIFTH AVENUE, THE FINEST STREET IN THIS WORLD, WILL HELP YOU TO SUCCEED IN BUSINESS.
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7 to 11 Spruce St.,
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Entire Floor: 75 x 75
Fireproof building; passenger and freight elevators; possession May 1st; suitable offices or showroom; no manufacturing.
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Fireproof, 100% Sprinkler. Light on Four Sides. 2-Pass., 2 Freight Elevators.
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Rapidly Filling. Rooms 1,000 to 2,000 Sq. Ft.
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19-21 W. 57 STREET
Large Display Windows, 22x20. Manufacturing Privileges.
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70,000 SQ. FEET.
WRITE FOR PARTICULARS
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Wm. A. White & Sons
Established 1868
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An Office Building For Lawyers

36 W. 44th St. to 37 W. 43rd St.

TWO OPEN FLOORS FOR COMMERCIAL USE
9,880 Sq. Ft. Each.

Sovereign & Van Alen, Architects.

Also one large store with mezzanine, and one small store on 44th St., 750 sq. ft., offered at very low rates.

Unusual light and ventilation; full elevator service Hoisting Capacity 130 lbs. per sq. ft.

CO-OPERATION OF BROKERS INVITED

Ready for Immediate Occupancy.

THE BAR BUILDING, Inc.
36 West 44th St. Phone Murray Hill 2726

1115 BROADWAY
S. W. Cor. 25th St.
Facing Madison Square

Unusual Loft

In Most Desirable Section
Entire Top (12th) Floor
21,000 sq. ft.

Light on all sides, 9 elevators, additional entrances from 24th & 25th Sts. for passengers and freight

Immediate Possession

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Tel. Lexington 2730 295 Fifth Ave.

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Jackson Heights

22 Minutes from 42nd St. Subway Station

New Elevator Garden Apartments
5 to 7 Rooms—2 to 3 Baths

Tenure-Ownership Plan—Liberal Terms *Social and Business Advantages Equalled*
Children's Playgrounds, Golf, Tennis, etc.

Take Subway to Grand Central. Transfer to Queensboro Subway (Queens Line) to 25th Street (Jackson Heights—Office Queensboro Corporation)
By Motor—59th via Queensboro Bridge, Jackson Ave. to 25th St.

For Floor Plans, Illustrated Book, Terms, etc., apply to

The Queensboro Corporation
Madison Sqre.—50 East 42nd St. Telephone, Murray Hill 7687

APARTMENTS

265 Central Park West
Corner 87th St.
6-7 Rooms, 2 baths
Special ground floor corner apartment, 7 rooms, 2 baths. Private entrance. Suitable for Doctor.

745 Riverside Drive Corner 104th St.
6-7 Rooms, 1 & 2 baths
High class elevator apartment overlooking Hudson. Decorate to suit.

789 Madison Ave. Corner 67th St.
2 Rooms and bath
With maid service. Spacious living rooms, open fireplace. Will decorate to suit tenant.

2 West 87th St.
3 Rooms, kitchenette, bath

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Will decorate to suit.
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PELDEAN COURT
High-class elevator apartments, 4-5 rooms and baths, 6 rooms and 2 baths; 2 minutes to station, 35 minutes to Grand Central.
THE JOHN T. BROOK COMPANY
Telephone 6795 Fulham, W. T.

Unfurnished—West Side.

New 14 Story
Fireproof Building
Ready for Occupancy

39 Fifth Ave.
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THREE ROOMS
$2,250—$3,000
Living Room 14'5 x 24'
Woodburning Fireplace
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Furnished and Unfurnished

BING & BING
CORPORATION
119 West 40th Street
Tel. 6180 Pennsylvania

Unfurnished—West Side.

1140 5th Ave.

6 Rooms—3 Baths, $4400
Park frontage. Excellent light.

1160 5th Ave.

READY FOR OCCUPANCY
2-7 Rooms—1-3 Baths, $1600—$4700
4 Room Apartments, $2000 and up

114 E. 40th St.

Near Park Ave. New Apartment
2, 3 Rooms and Kitchenette
$1500—$2750.
2 Doctors' Suites, separate entrances

Our aim is to make our tenants satisfied with "French" buildings. The good will of the tenant is the best asset of agent, builder and owner. Consult your own broker or

FRENCH & FRENCH, INC.
Real Estate Management
286 Madison Ave., at 40th St.
Telephone Vanderbilt 7337.

Unfurnished—West Side.

180 Riverside Drive

COR. 90TH STREET
New Fireproof Apartment Dwelling
APARTMENTS OF
One 7-Room
One 3-Room; 3 Baths

WOOD, DOLSON CO., Inc.
2240 Broadway Schuyler 2100

36 W. 59th St. Central Park
2 to 8 Rooms and 2 Baths, $3,400 to $8,000.
Splendidly Appointed—Superior Service
Resident Manager, 37.
Huberth & Huberth
9 Columbus Circle. Phone Circle 8145.

LOANS

Mortgage Loans.

A LARGE AMOUNT OF MONEY to LEND on first mortgages in Manhattan, Bronx, Brooklyn, Queens and Westchester; lowest rates; quick decisions; reasonable terms. LAWYERS MORTGAGE CO., 59 Nassau St. Cash for second mortgages, etc. Brooklyn: 181-87 Jamaica Av., Jamaica.

$5,000 second mortgage on two-family Bronx dwelling; amortized $500 annually; will make liberal discount for immediate cash. Thomas F. Carriere, 1,261 Broadway. Penn 6252.

SECOND MORTGAGE LOANS, $50,000 upwards. Principals only. ROSENBAUM COMPANY, 25 West 45th St., New York.

APPLICATIONS solicited for first and 2d mortgages; city and suburban; moderate charges. Weller Corporation, 116 Broadway, Rector 7891.

FIRST and second mortgages, money to loan, any amount, on all type of property; reasonable charges. Millgar & Hook, 180 Broadway. Phone Cortlandt 8191.

MONEY—Any amount for second mortgages; one to five years; principals only. Call 11 Wall St., Suite 1704.

I HAVE $1,000 to $4,000 for second mortgage investments; must be complete details. Mark 78 Broadway Av., Astoria.

FIRST and second mortgages promptly arranged.

ATLAS MORTGAGE CO., 51 CHAMBERS ST.

MORTGAGE investments, residential and apartment properties. A. G. Wolowitz, 1,540 Broadway, Bryant 8240.

MORTGAGE MONEY—First, second; quick action; reasonable. H. J. Sokolow, 3rd 4th Av.

FIRST and 2d mortgage money; quick action. Hermann, Times Building. Bryant 4110.

HOUSES

Manhattan For Sale.

18TH, EAST—Three-family house; good condition; price $63,000. For information phone Lexington 4979. No brokers.

19TH (Gramercy)—9 rooms, 4 baths; sell $24,000; cash $10,000. Silberstein, 29 E. 19th.

39TH ST., 15, 17, 19 WEST—Three brownstone houses, or will lease. Sheldon, 528 Market St., Newark, N. J.

468, near Lexington Av.—For sale or rent, 3-story and basement, 20x100. Phone Havemeyer 1011.

WEST 70S—Four-story and basement, 20x102, 16 rooms, 4 baths, electric lights, parquet floors; excellent condition; assessed at $20,000; will take $20,000; terms. Coughlan & Co., 200 West 72d St.

90S (near Riverside)—Unusually artistic pocket dwelling; great bargain. Murray Hill 4639.

64TH, 248 WEST—Handsome dwelling, parlor floors, electric lights; good condition; offered to settle estate. Caretaker on premises.

112TH ST., 236 WEST—Three-story House, fine residential neighborhood; all latest improvements; reasonable price. Apply on premises anytime, or 52 Dr. Schwartz, 201 Pennsylvania 2716.

DIVISION OF $25—Executors sale, front and rear house, deep lot, $26,000; cash $6,000. Lalecki, 18 Murray St.

LENOX AV., near 116th St.: $75,100, two 3-story double, all improvements, 4 stores; rents $23,700; cash $20,000. Geisler & Kraber, 1,493 Broadway.

PARK AV., NO. 1,038, AT 80TH ST.

4-STORY AND BASEMENT HOUSE.

Finest section; accessible by subway and crosstown cars; vacant; reasonable rent. Mark Rafalsky & Co., 21 East 40th St. Leon S. Aichmayer, 42 East 89th St.

AN OPPORTUNITY.

If you are looking for a PRIVATE DWELLING, 4 STORIES and basement of brownstone, you have the opportunity of purchasing NO. 73 WEST 90TH ST., Ashley, At Public Auction on Tuesday, Feb. 27, at Real Estate Exchange, 14-16 Vesey St., by Henry Brady. This house is modern, comfortable and centrally located. Communicate with SAMUEL OWEN EDMONDS, Atty., Suite 1212, Woolworth Building. Phone Barclay 0426.

THE owner of a fine private residence in the East 50s, adjoining 5th Av., desires to sell the house, completely equipped and furnished, for a fraction of its appraised value; immediate possession; extraordinary opportunity for a purchaser able to make a substantial cash outlay. Fahlmon, N.Y. Goods Co., 585-5th Av. Brokers co-operation invited.

3-STORY and basement dwelling, 11 rooms, Times Square section; 17.6x100; possession May 1, 1923; price $35,000; mortgage $15,000, 5% for 10 years; large lot; suitable for rooming house or table d'hote restaurant. John F. Peel Co., 242 West 23d.

HOUSE BARGAIN.
113th St., east of 7th Av.
9 rooms, 2 baths; perfect condition; price $22,000. Horace G. Knowles, 366 Madison Av. Tel. 5903 Murray Hill.

A. W. GALLAGHER,
Real Estate and Insurance,
153 West 71st St. Columbus 6836.

$35,000—3-story 25 ft. Murray Hill dwelling; bargain. Murray Hill 8814.

Manhattan For Rent.

80'S (west of Broadway)—15 rooms, 4 baths; rent unfurnished; immediate possession; $4,000 with purchase option; $4,000 cash. Clark Realty, 2,020 Broadway. Columbus 6814.

Bronx For Sale.

QUIMBY AV.—Three-family frame dwelling, 19 rooms, with garage; lot 50x100; exceptional large rooms; all improvements; taxes exempt; price $17,000; cash $6,000. Rizzo & Rizzo, 177th St. and Westchester Av. Phone Westchester 3566.

WEST BRONX—We have several one and two family modern dwellings; good locations; convenient transportation; $16,000 and up. SHAW, ROCKWELL & SANFORD, 1,972 Jerome Av. Tel. Bingham 2700.

Brooklyn For Sale.

FLATBUSH NEAR BRIGHTON SUBWAY—30 MIN. TO UNION SQUARE—SO RARE! Very convenient, transportation; 2-story and basement brick dwelling; 7 rooms, 2 baths; every convenience; tax exempt; price reduced to $11,500; terms. Owner, 1,218 East 21st St. Telephone Murray Hill 3836.

FLATBUSH—Two-family brick dwelling; 6 rooms, bath each; all improvements; garage; price $14,500; terms. Owner, 1,218 East 21st St. Telephone Murray Hill 3836.

PELHAM—Attractive Colonial houses from $12,800 up. Leo Smith. Telephone 1475 Pelham.

SCARSDALE—8-room house, very convenient to station; 7 bedrooms, 3 baths; large plot in fine neighborhood; bargain; $20,000. ANGELL & CO., Scarsdale, N. Y.

SUCKAHOE—6-room house, garage, one minute station, $10,000; $3,000 cash, balance mortgage; worth more; I need some cash. Emil Lund, Buckshaw Road, Suckahoe.

WHITE PLAINS—COUNTRY HOME.
Modern house, 8 rooms, bath, hot water heat, electricity, plot 300x150, garage, stable, fruit, shade, complete suburban home; price $16,000; easy terms. B. GALLI, 4 Depot Plaza, White Plains. Tel. 3857.

FOR SALE AT RYE.
Convenient to station, clubs; Colonial house, exceptionally well built; perfect condition, 8 rooms and 2½ baths, garage; large plot attached. Lester J. Nolan, Masonic Building, Rye 834, 100 Purchase St., Rye, N. Y.

AN IDEAL HOME.
Most exclusive residential section of Mount Vernon; 11 rooms, 3 baths, white pine interior, heated garage, corner plot 100 by 100; (thoroughly modern); best residential buy in Westchester County; $25,000; no brokers. Owner, R. 30 Phone.

ADJOINING Bronxville, Colonial house, just completed; 8 rooms, 3 baths, garage, 1-2 acre; 4 minutes station; $18,500; small cash payment will buy it; need money to complete; other buildings. Emil Lund, builder, Tuckahoe, N. Y.

REAL OPPORTUNITY.
Attractive Dutch Colonial home, beautifully situated on large plot; 9 rooms, 3 baths, garage; finest construction. Shown by appointment only. W. F. Ross, 25 West 45th St., New York City. Tel. 0720 Murray Hill.

SIX-ROOM COTTAGE, 3 bedrooms, bath; steam heat, electric light, village water, gas; rooms good; neighborhood; ten minutes from station. $11,500. ANGELL & CO., Scarsdale, N. Y.

For the Convenience of Homeseekers our office will remain open all day Washington's Birthday.
R. R. Ragette,
Mt. Vernon, N. Y. Phone Hillcrest 2136.

TWO-FAMILY house, modern improvements, select neighborhood, Yonkers; principals only. Box 862, G. C. Station, New York City.

New York State For Sale.

DUTCHESS COUNTY—House, 14 rooms, 4 baths, electricity, 40 acres, orchard, swimming pool, outbuildings, garage, 3 minutes stores and school. "EAGLEBROOK," STANFORDVILLE, N. Y.

EXCEPTIONAL COUNTRY ESTATE FOR GENTLEMAN'S HOME, SCHOOL OR SANITARIUM; ONE HOUR'S RIDE.
Tudor section; 100 acres; unusually fine and complete improvements; choicest surroundings; magnificent views; special bargain; brokers protected. F. M. Wallis, 115 Broadway, Rector 7851.

BEFORE YOU BUY, read our booklet: "Suburban Westchester"; it gives distances, commuting rates, population and description of each town within the forty-minute zone; sent postage, 4 cents. Private Sales Dept., 1 Madison Av., New York City.

SEND for description of millionaire's estate, 340 acres, 9 houses on 2 miles water front; Paradise, 19 Railroad Av., Kingston, N. Y.

New Jersey For Sale.

ALLENDALE, N. J.—Year around residence, 9 rooms, all improvements; fruit; outbuildings; one acre and half tract. $11,500; commuting distance. G. 838 Times.

HARRINGTON PARK, N. J.
$1,500 cash, $60 monthly, no extras, buys new 7-room bungalow, tile baths, sun parlor, fireplace, on large corner; full price $7,800.

CARLSEN & ALLEBRON, INC.,
Builders of Quality Homes,
Harrington Park, N. J. Tel. Closter 198.

HILLSDALE—House, 9 rooms, bath; heat, gas, electricity, garage; plot 60x150; fine location; $6,000. Mrs. A. J. Higgins, Hillsdale, N. J. Tel. Westwood 92.

JERSEY CITY, Cressville Section—Attractive finished two-family house; price $18,000 cash; requires $9,000; other two and three family houses from $6,000 up; open all day Thursday; take Hudson Tube to Summit Av. station, then take Jackson Av. car to my office. John V. Bridge, 408 Jackson Av., Jersey City, N. J.

LEONIA—New two-family house, five rooms and bath each floor, separate steam heat, gas and electric; open fireplaces; everything modern; price $16,000; rental $1,200; one apartment pays interest and taxes; price $18,000. Bowlby & Co., Bread and Central Aves., Leonia, N. J.

LEONIA, Roemer's Knoll, Palisades Park properties, Sale 11:00 to 2:30 Inspect large list home bargains, save time and money; ring ground, N. J. Hilda 500 5th Av., corner 42d St., Room 403. Telephone Longacre 6800.

MONTCLAIR—Homelike residence, 10 rooms, 3 baths; glass and screen porch; large closets; two-car garage; convenient to station and schools; $15,000. E. Wilson, 40 Spring St., Tel. Montclair 2782.

MOUNTAIN STATION—South Orange—14 room dwelling, all improvements; price $25,000; rent $110 per month. C. S. Thomas, 207 4th Av., N. Y. Telephone Gramercy 5185.

ORADELL, N. J.—Corner 80x150 feet, one block from station; six-room cottage; water, electricity; fine business location; price $4,000. A. Humphries, Montvale.

RIDGEWOOD—Best residential section, 8 room house, convenient to station and stores; large plot, one car garage; fine condition, all improvements; immediately available; price $11,000. Samuel Waterman, Ridgewood.

RIDGEWOOD—THE TOWN OF HOMES. Best residential schools. Lovers apply here and send for booklet. Boorsmith, Box 122, Ridgewood, N. J.

SUMMIT, N. J.—Attractive cottage, plot 70 x185; convenient; modern; room; large attic; outbuildings; garage; price $8,500; terms. Inspect this week. Owner, 24 Kent Pl. Blvd.

"TANGLEWOOD," Mahwah, N. J.—Beautiful country estate; 7 rooms, 2 baths, garage, stable, 2 acres; $12,500. Owner, 1,218 East 21st St. Telephone Murray Hill 3836.

VENTNOR, N. J.—Service handsome corner residence, beautifully furnished. For particulars write Shore Real Estate Co., 8,312 Atlantic Av., Atlantic City, N. J.

HOUSES.

Long Island For Sale.

$700 DOWN.
A most interesting and unique opportunity; only 45 minutes from city; 6 rooms, bath and acre; fine old house of late colony; sun-rounded by huge trees, apple orchard, acre of vegetables; all for $4,700; $700 cash, $4 per week. Apply to owner, 1,218 East 21st St. Phone Murray Hill 3836.

REALTY estate on the north shore of Long Island; two acres beautifully landscaped and shrubbed; remarkable and flower gardens, wonderful shade; brick house and garage; near station and bathing beach 30 minutes out; best residential section on Long Island. THOMAS O'CONNELL, Manhasset, L. I. Phone 236.

$1,500 CASH.
Some modern stucco house, 7 rooms, bath, 4 acres land; commuting distance; total price $4,500; balance monthly payments. Geo. B. Gerard, Huntington, L. I. Phone Huntington 54.

FIFTY HOUSES ranging in price from $3,000 to $60,000; fine locations; attractive terms; terms can be arranged. Thomas F. O'Connor, Jr., Lynbrook.

Westchester For Sale.

BRONXVILLE.
In the exclusive Lawrence Park section we are authorized to offer a charming Colonial home of 9 rooms and 3 baths, built by the owner, a prominent engineer, whose profession calls him West; plot 90x100, garage built in and heated; see it Washington's Birthday.

BURKE STONE, Inc.,
41 East 42d or Bronxville 1480.

BRONXVILLE.
7 rooms and 2 baths, an unusually well-planned home of the Italian type, occupying an ideal corner lot; 75x150 sun parlor, vapor heat, two-car garage; rent furnished, unfurnished, or for sale; can be inspected Washington's Birthday by appointment.
BURKE-STONE, INC.,
41 East 42d, or on Bronxville 1480.

CRESTWOOD—$1,500 cash pays 9-room house, foyer hall, fireplace, steam heat, large porch, gas, electricity, billiard room; one of the best residential sections; asking $16,000. Zamost's Office, Crestwood, Harlem Railroad.

GREENACRES—Beautiful home, 10 rooms, 4 tiled baths, modern, pre-war construction, awnings, shades and screens, rear garage; nearly one-half acre of beautifully landscaped; to be sacrificed; act quickly. Chauncey B. Griffin, 18 East 41st St. Telephone Murray Hill 6326.

HARRISON, N. Y.—House, nine rooms, bath, all improvements; lot 60x150; price $10,500; terms. Brown-Browne, Depot Square, Harrison.

LARCHMONT—For immediate sale, this Colonial cottage, beautifully furnished, practically detached, spot cash; addition of large rooms, 2 baths, hot water heat, gas, electricity, enclosed solarium, large plot, grapes, five-minute walk to station; unique plate. DRUMGOOLD REALTY CORP., 12 East 41st St. Phone Murray Hill 7883.

LARCHMONT BARGAIN.
Attractive pre-war constructed home, containing 7 rooms, 2 baths, every convenience, hot water heat, copper leaders and gutters; attractive plot, 100x150; asking $14,000; inspect and make offer. Chauncey B. Griffin, 18 East 41st St. Telephone Murray Hill 6326.

PELHAM—Built for owner's own occupancy; large plot, high location, desirable rooms, open fireplaces, three baths, garage, attractive grounds; offered at moderate price.
Country Department,
ALBERT H. ARRINGTON, INC.,
12 East 44th St. Murray Hill 1186.
Associates
STEPHEN M. TYNG JR. & CO.

PELHAM NEW—Dutch Colonial home, large plot, centre hall, living room, dining room, enclosed sun porch, dining room, butler's pantry, kitchen, maid's room, bath; second floor, 3 large bedrooms, 2 baths, garage; price $31,000. Chauncey B. Griffin, 18 East 41st St. Telephone Murray Hill 6326.

PELHAM—Attractive Colonial houses from $12,800 up. Leo Smith. Telephone 1475 Pelham.

SCARSDALE—8-room house, very convenient to station; 7 bedrooms, 3 baths; large plot in fine neighborhood; bargain; $20,000. ANGELL & CO., Scarsdale, N. Y.

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RIDGEWOOD—THE TOWN OF HOMES. Best residential schools. Lovers apply here and send for booklet. Boorsmith, Box 122, Ridgewood, N. J.

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VENTNOR, N. J.—Service handsome corner residence, beautifully furnished. For particulars write Shore Real Estate Co., 8,312 Atlantic Av., Atlantic City, N. J.

HOUSES.

New Jersey For Sale.

WESTWOOD, N. J.
$15,000, new Colonial, slate roof, hardwood floors, sun parlor, large lot; terms; $3,000 cash. Orla S. Conn, Tel. 326 Westwood.

$1,000 CASH.
balance on easy terms, will buy a charming six-room bungalow or house on large plot in the highest section of exclusive Westfield, a short distance from station, churches and schools; there are three large rooms on the first floor—living room, dining room and kitchen; on the second floor there are three exceptionally large bedrooms; electric light, steam heat, hardwood floors; shower bath; built in the most substantial manner; service via New Jersey Central; golfing open Washington's Birthday and Sunday.
ARTHUR W. PIERSON JR.,
23 Elm St., Westfield, N. J.
Phone 1045 Westfield.

HONEST sacrifice by builder; must sell at once to raising expenses. 11-room house, 3 baths and garage; plot 100x175 ft.; modern Colonial, beautifully finished and fully detached on the corner; no extras in it; $4,750 cash and $10,000 first mortgage may remain; fine private residential section west of Broadway; fine commuting service; big bargain. Contractor, 1,218 Parkside.

MODERN BRICK RESIDENCE.
First-class condition and attractive location; three baths; new heating plant; new decorations; plot 100x400; large shade and fruit trees; communication; service; bargain on unusual terms. If you care to look at this house tomorrow, Corlandt 5357.
W. N. TUTTLE, 50 Church St.

FOR SALE.
MODERN DWELLING, 11 rooms, vestibule hall, 2½ baths, hot water heat, hardwood floors; lot 125x180; garage; large trees; beautiful view; convenient to Lackawanna and Erie Railroads and trolleys; half hour from New York; owner Montclair. K. 397 Times Downtown.

$1,000 DOWN
And low monthly payments buys six-room house, on plot 50x100; big rooms, large closets, tile bathroom, tile bathroom, cretonne trim; beautiful street; 23 minutes out; in Bergen County. Rabel, Room 178, 50 Church St.

READ THIS AD!
Comfy seven-room and bath, fully modern house, decorated; hot water heat; all improvements; two-car garage; plot 70x150; price $16,500; terms; owner 426 Walton Road, Maplewood, N. J. Phone John 0478.

LITTLE cash makes you owner of beautiful modern home in Montclair, New Jersey; wonderful bargain, or for rent; lots for sale cheap. Raymond Moore, 2,097 Broadway, near 72d St. subway.

RESIDENCE, 8 rooms, bath; all improvements; 3 lots; near station; only $4,500; easy terms; $1,000. E. Bohac, 32 Cortlandt St.

Connecticut For Sale.

STAMFORD—Long, low colonial house with large living room and charming big open fireplace, four master bedrooms, two baths, maid's room, bath; garage; owner moved to distant State and will sell at low price; easy terms.
Country Department,
ALBERT H. ARRINGTON, INC.,
12 East 44th St. Murray Hill 1186.
Associates
STEPHEN M. TYNG JR. & CO.

HOUSES WANTED

HOUSE, with 10-20 rooms and improvements; Catskills preferred; near station or village; Mrs. Collins, 66 W. 94th St., New York City.

ONE FAMILY; all improvements; good location; near city. Johnson, 157 West 80th.

WHAT have you to offer real estate agent? Sokolow, 276 8th Av.

SUMMER HOMES.

Long Island For Rent.

ARCADIAN BUNGALOW, SHELTER HEAD
4-6 rooms, furnished, unfurnished; large living porch, screened; electricity; gas, sanitary plumbing; private beach; April-October. Furnished, $400-$550; unfurnished, $300-$450. Brighton railway to Shelter Head Bay station, bus to Arcadia. D 55 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

New Jersey For Rent.

ATLANTIC CITY—Owners furnished cottage, unfurnished, 12 rooms, 3 baths, 2 porches; summer; modern; $150 per month; nearly references. 106 South Trenton Av.

FREE list of houses for sale and rent. Write VAN WINKLE CO., Rutherford, N. J. Office open Washington's Birthday.

Other Sections For Sale.

MAINE—For sale or lease, farm of 150 acres, with buildings complete, shore of Belgrade Lakes, including Summer hotel, furnished and equipped; accommodates 50 guests; ideal spot for boys' or girls' camp. Full details, Dartmouth Real Estate Co., 31 Portland St., Portland, Me.

Other Sections For Rent.

SUMMER HOUSES.
SHORELANDS, Sound Beach, Conn. Mr. Adams will be on hand to show Summer homes on or near the water, Washington's Birthday, 11:00 to 2:30.

LOTS.

Bronx.

JEROME AV., near 183d St., 60x100, for sale; suitable for two buyers; widow must sell. D. E. Williams, 638 Broadway.

Westchester County.

SCARSDALE (Edgemont Estate)—Building sites available in this beautiful community. Scarsdale Edgemont Corp., 41 West 44th. Phone 1870.

ARMONKVILLE—Never again a chance to pick up such a plot as we can sell now, at such a price; a few one-third acre up plots still remain; hurried, forced sale for owner; you MUST sell; will run particulars if you'll hurry your inquiry. Weed, Carpenter & Co., White Plains, N. Y. Telephone 2442. Office open Washington's Birthday for appointment to show property.

New Jersey.

LARGE TRACTS woodland located in deer section of So. Jersey; $10 per acre. W. L. Rogers, 401 Chambers Av., Camden, N. J.

FARMS

Long Island For Sale.

COMMUTER'S FARM.
Northport—Farm 34 acres, good soil; substantial house, six rooms; barn, two poultry houses, milking for 20 cows; conditions convenient to station; price $5,500; easy terms. Francis H. Roland, 47 West 34th St. Phone Fitzroy 4982.

New York State For Sale.

HUDSON Valley farms, estates, houses. Write Dusenbury & Quick, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

New Jersey For Sale.

FARMS FOR ALL PURPOSES.
127 acres; hay, grain and fruit farm; 1,000 fruit trees; all stock and implements; residence, modern, large modern barns; reasonable price and terms.
W. N. Tuttle, 50 Church St. Cort. 8357.

GENTLEMAN'S country place, 80-acre farm, river, eastern section; 9 rooms, with tenant house; 2 stables, buildings; terms; $25,000; photos. W. L. Rogers, 401 Chambers Av., Camden, N. J.

Other Sections For Sale.

FLORIDA—Grapefruit, orange groves, bearing age; reasonable price. Hallam Co., 799 Broadway.

EXCHANGE

Real Estate For Exchange.

FOR EXCHANGE—All grades of business lots and apartment realty of any size or character. Call or write, Alice Lamphier, 189 Broadway, Manhattan.

APARTMENT HOUSES & HOTELS

Manhattan—Bronx For Sale.

69TH ST., (1st and 2d Aves.)—5-story triple; rent over $6,000; price $32,000. Joseph Cohen, 2,199 Broadway. Madison Square 0545.

80'S (west of Broadway)—Three five-story and cellar brick, tile bar alterations; sale price; principals only. 251, 1,408 St. Nicholas Av.

117TH ST. (west), 115 Av.—Modern apartment; rent $37,000; mortgage $26,000; eight years' standing. Kahn, 1,493 Broadway.

GRAND CONCOURSE (near 183d)—Service flats; finest 100x100 apartments; rental $25,000; cash $60,000; 2 years old; country completed; principals only. Call Kahn, 1,493 Broadway.

PARK AV. SECTION—Apartment house 50x75, six stories, tax exempt; fully rented; rent $19,000; cash $18,000.

FISCHER, RAMSOND & MEHRING,
280 Madison Av. Murray Hill 7600.

APARTMENT HOUSES AND HOTELS

Rates, 50 Cents Per Agate Line.

Manhattan—Bronx For Sale.

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD—Section, 180 footage; six 3 and four 2-room apartments; cash $5,000; price $24,000; cash $7,000. Goodwin, 2,242 Broadway.

WASHINGTON SQUARE SECTION—Small apartment; exceptional income. Delano, Vail Vestrand & Morrison, 32 East 23d. Madison Square 6697.

SOUND INVESTMENT.
Eastern apartment, exceptionally well constructed, all leased to desirable tenants; gross rents over $100,000; price and terms will please; safe and sound; very desirable location.

PALATIAL COUNTRY HOME
Forty minutes motor from 42d St.; fine and elegant; worth over $175,000; will sell for less to quick purchaser; $50,000 cash; full information at your office or mine; no particulars by phone.

WEST SIDE
Factory modern construction, all improvements; rents over $15,000; leased South 72d St. and West End Av.; fine investment.

PARK AVENUE HOUSE
Modern, all leased, over $100,000 gross rents; at examination will convince you its net returns are remarkable.

WALK-UPS
All over town, some with stores.

FACTS and FIGURES
Your office or mine, at your convenience.

JESSE P. MEMERON,
REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE,
15 WEST 44TH ST.
VANDERBILT 0010.

WHAT HAVE YOU FOR SALE?

INVESTORS, ATTENTION!
Vicinity 59th st. subway station; entire west side; small mortgage $19,000; equity $116,000; attractive terms.
Vicinity 181st subway station, 6-story walk-up, 54 apts.; rents $42,000; price $66,000; attractive terms.
100th near Broadway, modern walk-up; rents $15,000; one mortgage; price $70,000.
OTTO G. DIBBELT & SON, Realtors,
E. A. RIDDLETON, Manager,
2 E. 103d St., Brooklyn. Main 4000.

2-STORY mercantile apartments, two stores, two rooms from Drive; rent $2,400; price $24,000; 1-4, 1-3, 1-2; A1 condition; renting for $15,000; price $20,000; reasonable terms. Cornelius A. Co., 200 West 72d St.

STOREKEEPERS' OPPORTUNITY.
To buy 82 Av. property, above 23d, with rent assets; $6,000 cash. Bailey Co., 24 East 23d. Lenox 2244-6097.

LIST your property with us; prompt attention. Rubin & Zabin, 261 Broadway.

APARTMENT house, 100 rooms, low rental; large lots. Lakin, 101 West 42d.

Manhattan—Bronx For Sale.

4-YEAR lease; five-story building, 18x80; lot 18x100. Times Square district; sell cheap; quick buyer. Address owner, H. 51 Times.

Manhattan—Bronx For Rent.

46TH ST., 534 WEST—Rear building with driveway; 3 floors, any purpose. $50. Jacob Tabolt, 370 8th Ave. Telephone Bryant 7081.

52D ST. EAST (near 2d Av.)—4-story brick suitable light manufacturing; elevator; 14,000 sq. ft.; large lofts. Murray & Barber, Telephone Murray Hill 6780.

TIMES SQUARE, sell 21-year lease, or sublease five-story building; unusual opportunity. M. R., 701 Times.

WASHINGTON PLACE—4-story loft building in close section; large easy floors. Fatten, Inc., 44 East 8th St.

SUBLET $2,000 SQUARE FEET.
ENTIRE FLOOR; FINANCIAL DISTRICT.
Lofts leased at sacrifice in New York's finest building; sixty rooms; all light; principals only. Kerman & Cramon, 307 5th Av. Murray Hill 2133-4.

TO SUBLET FINANCIAL DISTRICT.
6,000 square feet immediately app

OFFICES

Manhattan-Bronx For Rent.

5TH AV., 500 (CORNER 42D ST.)
Mail and telephone service, $4. Suite 405. Desk, stenographic with service, $7 up.

28D ST., 2-4 EaST—Accountant's office, fully furnished, share with responsible party. Phone Ashland 1471 or call Room 400.

24TH, 47 WEST (Room 1044)—Desk room; also private office. Call afternoons.

32D ST., 130 WEST (Bush Terminal Bldg.)—In quiet, attractively furnished office, with telephone service, $20. Room 406.

32D ST., 153 WEST (Room 714)—Desk room, mahogany furnished; mailing privilege.

42D, 25 WEST, Room 428—Desk room in desirable office; $25 monthly.

42D, 220 WEST—Desk, small furnished office, $25. Suite 612, Candler Building.

BROADWAY, 233—Attractive office space; high class office building; completely furnished, stenographic services; desirable for accountant; very reasonable. Phone Barclay 8878, call Room 1146.

BROADWAY, 605—Suitable desk room in small office for rent, $25 monthly. Apply Straw Braid Exchange.

BROADWAY, 1,138—Desk room with accounting concern; complete service. Watkins 0057.

CHURCH ST., 25: Dey, 20; Cortlandt, 25—Desk room, interior building, location; furniture, service, association; reasonable. Suite 812.

CHURCH ST., 30—Desk room, reasonable. Room 506.

CHURCH ST., 35—Desk room or mail privilege; ideal location; see us. Suite 720.

DESK ROOM for real estate broker or accountant; full service. Worth 2407. Suite 1209, 299 Broadway.

FIFTH AV., 309-311, SUITE 200—Desk room, $25; exceptionally fine office. Mail and telephone service.

GRAND CENTRAL DISTRICT—Desk space with full equipment in sub-contractor's office; telephone service, messages received. Call Murray Hill 1183.

MAIL AND TELEPHONE PRIVILEGES. ONLY $3 PER MONTH.
Use of desk, space for supplies, stenography and typewriting; name on door; bulletin listing; every convenience; investigate sure. HYDE, 309-311 FIFTH AV.

MAILING privilege, Park Row building; telephone and call; messages received if desired; information, mail forwarded; name on door; $10 monthly. Phone mornings, 5611 Barclay.

DESK ROOM, $10; office, furnished, $20; mail privilege, $2... Nelse, 27 Warren.

DESK ROOM with full service, $15; mail privilege, $3. Kurlat, 321 Broadway.

DESK SPACE, downtown, with telephone service. J 726 Times Downtown.

BUSINESS PLACES (Miscellaneous)

All Sections For Rent.

FOR LEASE, NEW GARAGE, IN HEART OF CITY, NOW OPERATING; 37,500 Sq. Ft.; UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY FOR RESPONSIBLE PARTY. N. C. House, 110 West 50th St. Circle 7814.

TEN WINDOWS.
Fifth floor, all light, 2,600 sq. ft., large freight elevator, steam heat, electricity; unusual fire exits. Engineer, 207-209 East 49th St.

5,000 SQUARE FEET.
Suitable for light manufacturing or private garage enterprise; street floor; near Bridge Plaza; all modern improvements; electricity, steam heat. Astoria 0796.

GARAGE and service station, 4,000 sq. ft.; 616 East 19th St.; lease term years. Inquire on premises. Jacob Goldberg.

OFFICES, LOFTS, BUILDINGS.
Large and small units; several subleases. ARNOLD CO., 26 Nassau Street.

5TH AV. (Near 49th)—Small studio or office, $50 monthly. Murray Hill 4620.

BUILDING, 21 years' lease, 14th St., 7th Av., vacant. D 599 Times.

BUSINESS PLACES WANTED

WHOLESALE jewelry house requires about 1,500 feet square in good building between 24th and 42d Sts., in or near 5th Av. section; north or east light preferred. Telephone Fitzroy 2418 for quick action.

FURNISHED desk space or small office, downtown, moderate rental, wanted by responsible party. J 742 Times Downtown.

NEIGHBORHOOD of 42d St., about 600 ft., for light manufacturing. Snowber & Co., 860 6th Av.

GARAGE, one-story building; 1,500 to 3,000 square feet; in Manhattan, Long Island City or Williamsburg. Canal 4725.

ACCOUNTANT, public, will exchange professional services for desk room. B 321 Times.

DESK SPACE and services wanted by salesman between 42d and 60th Sts.; give particulars. Morgan, 1,674 Broadway.

WANT to lease fireproof building containing 50,000 square feet, below 42d St.; possession May 1. V 955 Times Downtown.

LARGE downtown offices quickly rented; submit details by mail only. Chester D. Clark Co., Renting Agents, 25 Broadway.

FIRST mortgages wanted, Queens, $8,000 and $6,500. Builder, 611 West 59th, Manhattan.

WANT about 1,000 feet office space, south Chambers. Modern, 945 Times Downtown.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

57TH AV., 25—To sublet at a concession, Apt. 5F; four rooms, bath; March to Oct. 1. Mrs. Craycroft. Broad 2127.

6TH, 23 EAST—Studio apartment, furnished, north light; young man wants young man preferably artist, to share expenses. Call evenings, 8 to 12.

28TH, 28 EAST—Completely furnished living room, bedroom, bath and kitchenette arrangement; everything new; all conveniences; elevator apartment. Madison Square 3188.

29TH, 103 East (The Hatfield House)—Beautifully furnished 2-room with bath apartment; very desirable.

31ST, 130 EAST—Five sunny rooms, bath, real kitchen, attractively furnished; $150. Apply Fischer. Phone Madison Square 9886.

35TH St. (Between Madison and Park)—Two rooms, bath, kitchen apartment; fully furnished; immediate occupancy; long or short lease; $160; references required. Ashland 0122.

37TH ST. (306 Lexington Av.)—Two rooms and bath; non-housekeeping; reduced rental $100. Telephone Murray Hill 2119.

49TH, 19 EAST—Large living room, bedroom, bath, kitchenette. Clarke.

55TH ST., 127 EAST—Two rooms, kitchen, bath.

60TH, 18 EAST—Single, double, two rooms, bath; day, week, month, year; special rates; sublet handsomely furnished 2-room apartment; bargain; San Jacinto Hotel.

61ST, 252 EAST—Two bedrooms, living room; $125. Miss Newlin, Plaza 1740.

66TH, 64 EAST—Two luxuriously furnished apartments; two rooms, kitchen, bath; also four rooms, large living room, two bedrooms, baths with shower, dining room, kitchen; piano, Victrola; privately owned. Rhinelander 8877 after 11 A. M.

66TH, 36 EAST—Beautifully furnished apartment; suitable for two, bachelor; one flight; shower bath; maid service; near subway.

67TH—Apartment, two rooms, kitchenette, bath, $100; bargain. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

83D ST. AT MADISON AV. (Hotel Ashton)—Hotel service, unprecedented rates, high-class room with and without bath; without, $12 up; one with bath, $15 up; also two room and bath at rates in proportion; all conveniences; subway, surface cars, bus and Park.

MADISON AV.—Two-room apartment, handsomely furnished; elevator; $150. Murray Hill 4444.

MURRAY HILL SECTION — Exclusive, furnished entire floor, private house, large light rooms, fireplace, service; references. Murray Hill 4421.

PARK AV., 375—EXQUISITELY FURNISHED APARTMENT; EIGHT LARGE ROOMS, THREE BATHS; FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED; FROM APRIL 1, 1923, TO OCT. 1, 1924, OR FURNISHED FROM APRIL 1, 1923, TO OCT. 1, 1923; CAN BE SEEN BY APPOINTMENT. RAYMOND L. BUSSEY. CIRCLE 5248.

PARK AV., 471—Two large, light rooms, attractively appointed, kitchenette, storeroom, in exclusive new building, to sublet until October, 1924; $275; highest references required.

PARK, Madison and adjoining streets; seven rooms, two baths, $2,200 up; eight rooms, two baths, $2,600; nine rooms, three baths, $4,500; immediate possession. L. M. Peck, 660 Madison Av. Plaza 5052.

PARK AV., 815—Most attractively furnished 7 rooms, 3 baths, for 3 or 8 months; rent reasonable. Agent on premises.

PARK AV.—9th: rooms, two baths; magnificently furnished; $350. Murray Hill 4444.

EXCLUSIVE "PIERRE'S."

Taking residence abroad, will sell unfurnished or rent, furnished, my co-operative apartment in "PIERRE'S," 280 Park Av., comprising four large light rooms and two baths, southeastern exposure, and own maid's room and bath. DECORATIONS AND FURNISHINGS INDESCRIBABLY BEAUTIFUL; possession in thirty days. For personal Appointment, write S 433 Times.

SUBLET
BALANCE OF LEASE
PARLOR, FOYER, BEDROOM & BATH
INQUIRE HOTEL CHATHAM,
VANDERBILT AVE. & 48TH ST.

EAST SIDE. SELECT APARTMENTS. FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED, TWO TO TWELVE ROOMS. HERBERT HECHT CO.
425 Madison Av. Murray Hill 4444-4445

WILL rent, furnished, $350 per month until May 1, very desirable, 6-room apartment; 2 baths, foyer hall; all newly decorated; large, attractive rooms; references required. Phone Rhinelander 2272.

FURNISHED apartments; all sizes and rentals. Jacoby, 50 East 42d. Vanderbilt 9007.

Furnished—West Side.

97TH ST., 17 WEST—Large studio, hall, dining room, bedroom, kitchen, bath room, for rent until September; artistically furnished; $275 monthly. Phone Stuyvesant 1031.

16TH ST., 115 WEST—3 rooms, real kitchen, very attractive, $150 per month. J. Irving Walsh, 73 West 11th St.

23D ST., 17 WEST (ABERDEEN HOTEL)—PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH, REASONABLE RATE. PHONE PENNSYLVANIA 1600. J. F. DOWNEY, MANAGER.

43D, 206 WEST—HOTEL SCARBORO; EXCEPTIONALLY DESIRABLE 2-3-ROOM SUITES, PRIVATE BATH; OVERLOOKING TIMES SQUARE; $20 PER WEEK UPWARD.

44TH ST., 210 WEST—(Westover Court)—Bachelor apartments, high-class hotel service, meals. See Resident Manager, Bryant 6800.

45TH, 319 WEST (HILDONA COURT)—Elevator apartments, one, two, three rooms and bath, showers, kitchens, kitchenettes; all newly furnished and decorated; $20 weekly up. Longacre 3560.

45TH, 119 WEST (Rialto Apartments)—High-class apartments, 2 rooms, bath; $160 monthly up; hotel service; references required.

48TH ST., 68 WEST—Beautifully furnished housekeeping apartments, three large rooms, all modern conveniences; rents $175. Apply on premises 12 to 5. Kolsby.

50S—Apartment, two rooms, kitchenette, bath; $135. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

51ST ST., 17 WEST—Personal apartment to lease by one month; can be seen 10 to 5. Superintendent.

52D, 224 WEST—Beautiful 4-room apartments; all rooms facing Broadway; suitable for roomers. Foy.

52D, 54 WEST—Studio suitable doctor, business; second floor front; reasonable rental; can lease; after 5 o'clock. Irvine.

52D, 20 WEST—Sublease at sacrifice, small apartment; steam, telephone, maid service.

54TH, 24 WEST—Unusual 2 large rooms, foyer, kitchenette apartment; charmingly furnished.

54TH—High-class elevator apartment, five rooms, bath, $250. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

55TH ST. (CORNER 7TH AV.).
THE REGAL, MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE, NEWLY FURNISHED; MAID, VALET SERVICE; ONE ROOM, BATH, $80 UP; 2 ROOMS, BATH, $125 UP; REFERENCES.

56TH ST., 206 WEST.
HOTEL THORNDYKE.
VERY ATTRACTIVE TWO-ROOM SUITE WITH PRIVATE BATH; SPECIAL WEEKLY RATES; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

56TH, 327 WEST—Small apartments, studios, remodeled; kitchen, kitchenette; elevator; desirable location.

57TH ST., 150 WEST—Beautifully furnished high-class apartment; piano, large living room, bedroom, bath, kitchenette; also large studio, bath, kitchenette, roof garden apartment; lease October or longer; $200 month, service included. Studio, $125. Boyle.

57TH ST., 118 WEST—ATTRACTIVE SUITE OR PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH TO SUBLET. APPLY MANAGER, GREAT NORTHERN HOTEL.

57TH ST., 340 WEST—2-3 rooms and bath; maid and valet service; $100 up monthly; references.

58TH, 21 WEST—Attractively furnished 2 rooms, kitchenette and bath; restaurant and maid service; shown from 10-5. Phone Vanderbilt 2068.

59TH, 38 WEST (overlooking Park)—Two, three rooms, bath, kitchenette; also sublet two months.

61ST, 10 WEST (corner of Broadway, Hotel Pasadena)—Beautifully furnished 1 and 2-room suites, with private bath, overlooking Central Park; $25 to $50 week; $100 to $200 monthly. Phone Columbus 7127.

68TH—Immense studio bedroom, kitchenette, bath apartment; piano, Victrola; $150. Columbus 1275.

68TH ST., 45 WEST—Elegantly furnished 2 rooms, bath and kitchen. Inquire premises.

69TH, 19 WEST—" Congress Hotel," high-class furnished apartment; parlor, bedroom, bath.

70TH, 255 WEST — Luxurious two rooms, bath; exclusive, exceptional. Columbus 5034.

71ST—6 rooms, 2 baths, outside, new building; grand piano, Victrola, magnificently furnished; $250; immediate possession. Columbus 1275.

71ST, 304 WEST—Large, light room, bath, kitchenette; piano; reasonable. Columbus 8316.

71ST, 167 WEST—Beautifully, newly furnished 2 rooms and bath; all modern improvements; $125.

71ST, 246 WEST—Exceptional 2 rooms, kitchenette; 3 months, longer; reasonable. Bingham.

71ST, 220 WEST—3 rooms, bath, completely furnished, elevator apartment. Beecher.

72D, 42 WEST (Royalton Apartment Hotel)—Attractively furnished two-room suites, bath; hotel service; restaurant; by month or year, from $115 per month up.

72D, 118 WEST (HOTEL EARLTON)—VERY DESIRABLE TWO ROOMS, BATH; FULL HOTEL SERVICE; WEEKLY AND MONTHLY.

72D, 210 WEST—Charming 2 or 3 rooms, real kitchen or kitchenette; phone, elevator; short lease; reasonable. La Mott.

73D, 140 WEST — HANDSOMELY FURNISHED TWO-ROOM KITCHENETTE SUITES, COMPLETE; WEEKLY; REASONABLE.

74TH, 41 WEST—ENTIRE FLOOR STUDIO APARTMENT; MAGNIFICENTLY FURNISHED; MONTHLY OR LONGER.

74TH ST., 53 WEST—Two rooms and kitchenette, beautifully furnished. Superintendent on premises.

74TH, 109 WEST—Studio with kitchen, bath; also small room; all conveniences.

76TH, 45 WEST—Attractive sunny 3-room apartment, complete. Telephone 2130 Schuyler.

77TH, 10 WEST — VERY LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED 2 ROOMS, PRIVATE BATH, SEPARATE KITCHEN COMPLETE HOUSEKEEPING; WEEKLY, MONTHLY.

77TH ST. (61 Riverside Drive)—1 and 2 room apartments, private baths, kitchenettes, maid service; wonderful view of the Hudson; telephone; suitable for physician or studio; very reasonable; concessions.

80TH—Apartment of five rooms, bath, piano; high class; $175. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

80TH ST., 257 WEST—Parlor floor, suitable professional person; moderate rent. Schuyler 5943.

80TH, 257 WEST—Two studio rooms, artistic arrangement, maid, kitchenette, piano, $225.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

86TH ST., 37 WEST—Elegantly furnished apartments, 2 or 3 rooms, kitchenette, bath. Tel. Riverside 9074.

86TH, 103 WEST—Modern suite 3 rooms; private entrance; gentlemen. Riverside 8695.

90S (Riverside)—4 rooms, 2 baths; rent $225; sell, partly furnished, reasonably; possible income $400. Clark, 6214 Columbus.

90S (Riverside)—Beautiful 6 rooms, elevator apartment, southern exposure, $175. Schuyler 1748.

91ST ST. (Broadway)—Two, three, seven rooms; well furnished; elevator. 2,493 Broadway.

93D (Broadway)—6 rooms, 2 baths; elevator; exceptionally low rental; will sell furnishings, transfer lease or rent furnished; responsible party. Riverside 5421.

93D ST., 305 WEST—Leaving city, will sublet newly furnished 3-room apartment in new building to responsible couple. Phone for appointment, Riverside 0457.

93D, 60 WEST—NEW HOUSE, JUST COMPLETED; TWO ROOMS; $50 UP; MAID AND VALET SERVICE.

93D ST. (697 West End Av.)—One and two rooms, bath and kitchenette.

94TH, 319 WEST—5 rooms; modern elevator; piano; $112. Wing, Apt. 4.

97TH ST., 305-311 WEST.
HOTEL SCHUYLER ARMS.
Housekeeping apartments, 2-3-4 rooms, kitchenette and regular kitchen, attractively furnished, including maid, linen; electricity; reasonable rates; convenient (96th) subway express station; fireproof.

101ST, 20 WEST (corner Manhattan Av.)—5 rooms; all improvements, elevator, phone.

103TH (Riverside)—2-room kitchenette, bath apartment, beautifully furnished, $100. Columbus 1275.

106TH ST. (218 Manhattan Av.)—2, 3, 4, 5, 6 room housekeeping apartments, elevator and non-elevator, $70 up; references essential. Main office, 218 Manhattan Av. Open evenings, all day Sunday. Academy 1047.

109TH, 107 WEST.
PREWAR PRICES.
2, 3 rooms, high-class, $70 up. Academy 1611. Open 9 A. M. to 8 P. M.

110TH ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.
THE CATHEDRAL PLAZA.
High-class furnished apartments of 2 and 3 rooms, with kitchenette and bath, $80 and $100; up. Phone Academy 0613. Open every day from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.

111TH ST., 257 WEST—Furnished 6-room elevator apartment for sale or sublet; Marion, Apartment 6-N.

116TH, 430 WEST—Furnished apartment to rent; two rooms, kitchenette and bath; first floor front. Superintendent.

118TH, 216 WEST (HOTEL CECIL)—AN ATTRACTIVE SUITE OF TWO ROOMS; WITH, WITHOUT BATH; SPECIAL WEEKLY RATE; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

122D, 416 WEST (Apply 52)—Heights, overlooking Morningside Park, Columbia University; two large, fresh rooms, kitchen, dressing room; fourth floor; sunshine; elevator; complete for housekeeping.

139TH, 506 WEST—Elegant 5-room elevator; piano, $125 month. Apt. 55.

147TH, 450 WEST — Beautifully furnished high-class 4-room elevator apartment; choice location, corner Convent Av.; every convenience; rental $125. Apt. 42.

182D ST. (near Riverside)—Exceptional opportunity; four-room, three-quarter apartment; all improvements; moderate rental. M 945 Times Downtown.

188TH, 611 WEST (corner Riverside Drive)—7 large rooms, 2 baths, front; elevator; fireproof; delightfully cool in summer; house, subway block; comfortably furnished; sublet until Oct.; $190 monthly. 3A, McIver.

169TH, 709 WEST—3 rooms, kitchenette; clean, complete, comfortable; river view. Superintendent.

BROADWAY, 3,117 (124th)—Private home apartment, five rooms, elevator, $110; exceptional opportunity.

BROADWAY, 2,880—Desirable suite two rooms, kitchenette, bath; abundant heat, hot water; never before rented. Apt. 5.

BROADWAY AND 55TH (Hotel Woodward)—3 rooms and bath; sublet March 1 to Oct. 1. Call between 11 and 12:30. Merchant.

PERRY ST., 28 (Greenwich Village)—Five rooms and bath; especially desirable; Mar. 1st; beautifully furnished. Watkins 3047.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 240.
Corner 96th St.
15-STORY APARTMENT.
Two rooms, foyer, bath, $1,320 up. Will rent furnished or unfurnished.
Seen any time daily, evenings, Sunday.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 37—Three-room apartments, bath, kitchenette; new, elegant furniture; lease.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 37—Studio, large room, bath, skylight; suitable artist; lease.

WASHINGTON SQUARE—Decorated own apartment, large living room, two bedrooms, kitchen, bath, newly painted and luxuriously furnished; refined people only. Plaza 0645.

WE HAVE CHOICE BARGAINS!
Everywhere, all prices, short time lease; sales for sale; inspected; service free.
METROPOLITAN APT. EXCHANGE,
2,521 Broadway, cor. 94th. Riverside 7487.
1,462 Broadway (Times Sq.). Bryant 8362.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS TO RENT FOR THREE MONTHS OR LONGER; $100 PER MONTH AND UP. APPLY SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 WEST 72D.

APARTMENT HUNTING UNNECESSARY.
CONSULT MRS. DUNGLASS.
Renting Specialist, 138 West 72d St. Col. 836.

FOR SALE, lease and furnishings, nine rooms and two baths; income from 7 rooms $83 week. Schuyler 7644.

PERSONALLY inspected apartments; all sizes. Smith-Gibbons, 508 5th Av. Murray Hill 0780.

HOMEY little apartment of 2 rooms; excellent location; well furnished. Columbus 6228.

THREE rooms, newly furnished; all improvements. Call Billings 1760.

Furnished—Bronx.

ALBANY POST ROAD—5 beautiful rooms; artistic 2-family house; fireplace, sun parlor; overlooking park; garage. Kingsbridge 1247.

Furnished—Brooklyn.

MONTAGUE ST., 161—8 rooms; consists living room, 2 bedrooms, bath, kitchenette; modern improvements; maid service; block subway.

Furnished—Long Island.

KEW GARDENS, L. I.
Newly furnished 8-room apartment, real kitchen; silver and linen included; will sublet immediately for 4 months; any reasonable offer accepted. Inquire Supt., Kew Kensington Court.

Unfurnished—East Side.

33D ST., 29 EAST.
TWO LARGE, LIGHT ROOMS; BATH AND KITCHEN; HIGHEST REFERENCE REQUIRED. APPLY SUPT., 153 MADISON AV.

35TH, 34 EAST (Murray Hill)—2 rooms and bath; non-housekeeping; reasonable rental.

114 EAST 40TH ST.
2-3 rooms, bath, kitchenette.
Dexter's offices with separate entrances.
RENTALS MODERATE; $1,500—$2,750.
Renting Agent, Room 1, or
FRENCH & FRENCH, INC.,
340 Madison Ave., at 45th St., Vanderbilt 2227

46TH, 136 EAST—5 beautiful rooms; steam, electricity, newly decorated; immediate possession.

50'S—Two large corner rooms and bath in exclusive apartment hotel; excellent restaurant; reasons to sacrifice; seen by appointment. Phone Plaza 2902 or Murray Hill 8992.

55TH and LEXINGTON AV.—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; all improvements; $70. Hardy, 130 East 55th.

58TH ST., 127 EAST—2 rooms, kitchen, bath; 2 rooms, kitchen, bath.

300 EAST 67TH ST.—The Hardenbrook. Private residence block, apartment of four rooms, every improvement; rent $1,000. Brunn L. & J. Carpenter. 3d Av. & 68th St.

77TH ST. (Lexington Av., 1,109)—Attractive four-room apartment; newly renovated, all modern improvements; steam heat, gas and electricity; ideal for bachelor or couple.

80TH, 135 EAST—Studio apartment, 2 rooms, $75; inherit exposure. Miss Zara, Rhinelander 8877 after 11 A. M.

82D, 126 EAST—2 rooms, kitchenette, bath. Superintendent, or Murray Hill 7466.

85TH ST., 4 EAST—Elegant single flat, near Central Park; six large, light rooms; steam heat, hot water; $85.

90TH ST., 107 EAST—4 room bath and kitchenette, 1st floor of private house; select neighborhood; $100. Call or phone Lenox 7003.

"AMBASSADOR."
1,391 Madison Av.
High class 9 room apartment, 2 baths; $2,100. Superintendent.

MADISON AV., 179 (Near 34th St.)—Three beautiful rooms and bath; including kitchen, maid service; rental $100. BEATTS & STARR, INC., Times Building. Bryant 4500.

152 MADISON AV., CORNER 32D ST.
TWO LARGE, LIGHT ROOMS AND BATH; ALL MODERN IMPROVEMENTS; HIGHEST AND LAST ELEVATOR SERVICE. APPLY SUPT. ON PREMISES.

MADISON AV., 1,137—6 rooms and bath, steam heat, $90.

MADISON AV., 1,138—3 rooms and bath, all modern improvements; $75.

Unfurnished—West Side.

7TH AV., 1,645 (111TH ST.).
Seven large, light rooms, modern, $1,400.
BRIGGS REALTY CO., 507 5TH AV.

7TH AV., 1,954—Three and four rooms, newly decorated. Cathedral 8462.

87TH ST., 15 WEST—3 rooms, real kitchen; modern apartment building; rent $110; seen any time. Stuyvesant 6214.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—West Side.

10TH ST. (near 5th Av.)—Modern 2-room apartment, kitchenette, bath, large closet; lease; $60. Telephone (business hours) Stuyvesant 7305, Putnam.

204TH, 462 WEST—4 and 5 rooms, all improvements; real cheap. Janitor.

207TH, 448 WEST—1-2 rooms, bath, electricity, steam; $35, $50; lease.

53D ST., 139 WEST—Eight rooms and bath, modern; $1,200. Apply Henry Brady.

44TH ST., 142 WEST—One room and bath, $40. Supt.

50TH ST., 42 WEST—High-class, 2-room studio, "one in a thousand"; telephone guaranteed. Premises, or phone Longacre 6206.

51ST ST., 315 WEST—Three-room studio, high-class elevator apartment; references required; $125; also six rooms, $160. Inquire on premises.

52D ST., 206 WEST—Five rooms, high-class elevator; references required.

53D ST.—Business woman desires share 2-room apartment with another lady; $20 weekly; references, Y 2075 Times Annex.

56TH, 327 WEST—Two, four, six rooms, studio; remodeled, elevator; desirable location.

57TH ST., 205 WEST.
Corner 7th Av.
THE OSBORNE.
Two, three and four rooms, bath, kitchenette or kitchen; from $7,500.
Liberal concession to Oct. 1.
See Mr. Miller in Renting Office.

57TH ST., 42 WEST.
Unusual apartment; two large Colonial rooms, handsome tiled bath, electrical kitchenette, parquet floors, front; ideal for bachelor or couple; $125. Apply Supt.

57TH ST., 140 WEST—HIGH-CLASS SMALL APARTMENTS, $1,200. SUPT., OR TELEPHONE LONGACRE 4204.

58TH, 34 WEST—Splendid location; 3 rooms, bath, parquet floors; elevator; paneled walls; living or studio; also 2 rooms, kitchen, bath; $1,800 up; lease. Vallgny.

58TH, 127 WEST—Seven large rooms, sublet, unfurnished, until October; assertice; elevator.

71ST, 235 WEST (Near Broadway)—Seventh floor housekeeping apartment; three all light rooms and bath; newly decorated; walls painted and paneled; new electric light fixtures; All references required; rent $2,000. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

71ST, 346 WEST—Seven, eight spacious rooms, two master baths; elevator. Tribelhorn.

71ST—Elevator apartment; eight rooms, two baths; $2,400 year. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

72D ST., 35 WEST—Two and three room apartments; new, elevator building; lease now for two years at out of season rentals and save 25 per cent., $110 to $140 monthly; every modern home improvement; open evenings.

72D, 122 WEST—Two-room, bath, studio apartment, first floor front; suitable doctor, dentist, dancing studio; moderate rent.

72D, 161 WEST—New apartments; 2 large rooms, bath, kitchenettes, ice box, shower; $100 to $125. Apply premises.

73D, 146 WEST—Elegant 5-room elevator; piano; $125 month. Apt. 55.

75TH, 158 WEST—New elevator apartment; small apartment, large rooms; immediate occupancy.

75TH—Two rooms, kitchenette, bath; bargain; $80. Elberson, 25 West 42d St.

80S (opposite Park)—Eight rooms, newly furnished; piano; immediate occupancy. Schuyler 3102.

81ST ST., 265 WEST—Eight rooms, elevator apartment, rental $2,700. See Supt., or Dershuch & Co., 26 Cortlandt.

81ST, 158 WEST—Four large, sunny rooms, beautiful kitchen; modern, fireproof apartment.

82D, 320 WEST—8 sunny rooms, private house; near Riverside Drive.

83D ST., 46 WEST—Nine-story fireproof elevator, six rooms front, two baths, at reasonable rental; immediate possession. Telephone Schuyler 5607.

85TH (near Park)—Three rooms, suitable doctor; newly decorated; $135. Columbus 1275.

87TH ST., 51 WEST—Apartment, large room, kitchenette, bath; $75.

89TH ST., 75 WEST—8 rooms, kitchenette; moderate rental. Apply on premises.

92D, 202 WEST—Living room, kitchen, bath, third floor, modern; private house.

92D, 7 WEST—Attractive 5-room apartment to let; possession March 1; rental $1,300. Apt. 34.

94TH, 104 WEST—Two beautiful rooms, large kitchen, attractive bath; plenty of heat and hot water; if satisfied, give this a look-over; $100 monthly; security 1 month in advance. Telephone Cortlandt 0383.

97TH ST., 9 WEST—Three beautiful, modern rooms, $90-$95. Inquire Supt.

98TH, 815 WEST (1 door from Drive)—Four elegant large rooms and bath in high-class elevator apartment building. Apply Janitor.

99TH, 240 WEST (5F)—4-room apartment; most desirable; new building; sun 3 sides.

101ST ST., 20 WEST—Six large rooms; elevator; $110 apartment; will sublet $100.

109TH, 200 WEST — 2 exceptionally large rooms with bath, kitchenette; all improvements. Inquire Superintendent, basement, 204 West 108th.

106TH, 322 WEST (Riverside)—Small front apartment; very large rooms; exclusive neighborhood.

109TH, 212 WEST—3 rooms, beautifully decorated, newly remodeled; improvements; $80-$85.

109TH, 212 WEST—Beautiful apartments, 4-5 rooms; all improvements; $65-$85.

110TH, 141 WEST (opposite Central Park)—Apartment, eight rooms, two baths, all improvements, elevator, newly decorated. Supt. on premises. Spring 7742.

110TH, 527 WEST—Fireproof, newly finished, living room 25 ft.; chamber 15; breakfast kitchen; spacious closets; exceptional value.

112TH, 542 WEST (Cor. B'way).—6-9 rooms, 3 baths; $1,800-$3,000. 0434 Morningside or Supt.

416 WEST 118TH ST.
6 ROOMS AND BATH, MODERN; rent $115. Apply Supt., on premises.

127TH, 609 W. (45 Tiemann Pl.)—Two large rooms, kitchenette; sublet furniture for sale. Apartment 5K. Morningside 6204.

153D, 445 WEST—Five rooms and bath, $100; elevator apartments.

160TH ST., 645 WEST.—Modern seven rooms front, two baths; large rooms; elevator; telephone; immediate occupancy; $120. Bernstein.

161ST ST., between Ft. Washington Av. and Riverside Drive—5 rooms. Apply office Hudson View Construction Co., 900 Riverside Drive, corner 161st. Telephone Wadsworth 6385.

163D ST., 600 WEST (corner of Broadway)—Desirable high-class elevator apartment house, 8 rooms, 2 baths; fronting on Broadway; price $155.

164TH, 601 WEST—4 desirable rooms, all modern improvements, elevator. Apply Supt.

181ST, 351 WEST (corner)—Eight spacious rooms, outside, two baths; elevator; $135; available May. Wadsworth 9014 (Apt. 64).

181ST, 720 WEST—Modern elevator, 2 rooms and kitchenette, $50; immediate possession.

192D ST., 600 WEST—Three to five rooms, $60 up; corner elevator apartments.

BARROW ST., 10—6 rooms and bath, with heat and light; $60. Apply janitor.

CENTRAL PARK SOUTH, 200 — THREE-ROOM APARTMENT, EACH ROOM OVERLOOKING CENTRAL PARK; LOCATION IDEAL; EVERYTHING FOR THE COMFORT OF THE MOST FASTIDIOUS. ALSO STUDIO APARTMENT. RAYMOND L. BUSSEY.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 478—Eight-room apartment, complete furnishings and lease at low price; good opportunity. Call all day Thursday, Apt. 6D.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 250 (corner 93rd St.)—Five rooms, exceptionally large, light rooms; select neighborhood; rent moderate. Apply on premises.

CLAREMONT AV., 105, Corner Tiemann Place (formerly 267th St.)—Six rooms; choice, high class; $12. Sheridan, Morningside 0484. Supt.

CLAREMONT AV., 150 (Apt. 3E).—4 light all outside rooms, facing Drive. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d.

CONVENT AV., 432 (corner 149th St.)—Nine rooms, 2 baths apartment; elevator, steam heat, hot water, electricity; $175. Superintendent on premises.

FORT WASHINGTON AV., 818 (north of 183d)—New building just completed, under the supervision of Alexander McDowell; 4 exceptionally large rooms; spacious closets; all the latest improvements; overlooking Hudson and Harlem Rivers.

GREENWICH VILLAGE—Studios with or without skylights; all improvements, tiled baths, steam heat, open fireplaces, gas, electricity, hardwood floors; rent $30 to $70. 21 Jones St., near West 4th St.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 44 (cor. 115th St.)—3 rooms, elevator apartment.

MORTON, 47 (Greenwich Village)—Handsome 6-room elevator apartment; parquet, telephone; reasonable.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 575 (corner 125th)—8 beautiful, light rooms; facing Drive; paneled, stippled; every improvement, elevator; telephones; very reasonable rent; seen day or night. Resident superintendent.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 790 (157th, Riviera).
8 ROOMS AND 2 BATHS.
$2,400. PRE-WAR RENT.
Elaborate large rooms, spacious closets.
Apply Manager on premises.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 802 (190th)—High-class elevator apartment, 11 rooms, two baths; rent reasonable. Superintendent.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 826—Beautiful studio apartment, with roof garden. Supt. on prem.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—West Side.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 790 (157th, Riviera).
5 ROOMS AND BATH.
$1,400. PRE-WAR RENT.
Elaborate large rooms, spacious closets.
Apply Manager on premises.

RIVERSIDE, 11G (94th)—3 or 6 room apartment, beautifully decorated; river view.

ST. NICHOLAS PLACE, 18-20 (Near 151st St.)—5 rooms and bath, $60; all improvements.

WEST END AV.—High-class 5-room apartment; $2,000 year. Plaza 4361.

ACCOUNT leaving for Europe will sacrifice beautiful apartment; 6 rooms, 2 baths, in exclusive building, West End Av., in Eighties; might consider selling handsome furnishings or rent furnished to responsible small adult family. Appointment Columbus 5867.

ENTIRE second floor, private house, select location; vacant March; suitable living or light business; references; $100. Schuyler 6137.

STUDIO apartment, Poplar St., 57; living room, bedroom, kitchen, tiled bath; modern improvements; zoned for professional people; possession March 1; reasonable rent.

Unfurnished—Bronx.

HARRISON AV., 1,812 (near Tremont Av.)—University Heights, Cliff Haven!—Small high-class apartment houses, first flat front, four rooms, $63; third flat rear, three rooms, $55. Jerome Av. subway (176th). University Av. and 180th St. crosstown car. Christian landlord. Bingham 0870.

GRAND BOULEVARD AND CONCOURSE, 1,425 (near 171st St.)—4 and 5 room apartments; reasonable rent. See agent.

Open for Inspection ! ! New Building.
3-4-5-6 rooms. Agent on premises.
199th St. and Sedgwick Av.

VALENTINE AV. (corner 196th)—4-5 large rooms; new, modern walk-up; reasonable.

CRESTON AV., 2,606—Three rooms to sublet; elevator apartment. Apt. 8.

FAIRMONT PLACE 785—Floor, 2-family house; improvements. Tremont 5618.

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

RIDGE BOULEVARD, 8,124, Brooklyn—Apartment to let, high class 5 rooms with bath, on beautiful Shore Road section of Bay Ridge. Apply Supt. P. Pearson.

8TH ST. (¾ block 4th Av. subway)—Five-room apartment, all improvements, now ready. Superintendent, 368 67th St., Bay Ridge.

Unfurnished—Westchester County.

APARTMENT, eight rooms, in two-family house; residential section Mount Vernon; modern improvements; front and rear porches; located near trolley, train, school; rent $110. Phone Hillcrest 1566.

MOUNT VERNON—4 or 5 exceptionally large rooms, bath; $75; residential section, modern improvements; March 1. Hillcrest 1267-W.

MOUNT VERNON, N. Y.—Sublet 7 rooms, 1 bath; residential location; near 2 stations; heat, hot water supplied; $110 month. Apply Supt., 20 East 4th, Mount Vernon.

APARTMENTS, just completed, 5 rooms, porches; Sound view; garage; $85 and $90; near depot. Emelin, 13 Mamaroneck Av., Mamaroneck. Tel. 437.

Unfurnished—Long Island.

FOREST HILLS GARDENS, L. I.
Apartments; $90 and $

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

Continued From Preceding Page.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, beginner; references; $12. Ida, 117 East Houston. Orchard 8277.

BOOKKEEPER, expert, office manager, exceptional executive ability, cultured; $50. K 97 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, eight years' manufacturing experience; capable taking charge of office; salary $40-$45. D 146 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, expert; 7 years' thorough experience; trial balances. H 100 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, COMMERCIAL EXPERIENCE, COMPETENT. E 105 TIMES.

BOOKKEEPER, knowledge stenography, expert, 10 years' experience; reliable, trustworthy; $30. Canal 5175.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, controlling accounts, &c.; 8 years' experience; $25. J 520 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 5 years' experience, double entry, controlling accounts, trial balance. E 54 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, secretary, expert; full charge; refined, reliable, efficient; references. H 96 Times.

CASHIER or clerical, young woman with experience. J., 902 Cauldwell Av., Bronx.

COMPANION MAID, refined American young woman, to elderly or young lady; best references. Bryant 10107.

COMPANION to lady, efficient, cheerful, knowledge nursing, resident position or travel; salary $25 weekly. J 544 Times.

COMPANION-NURSE to lady or light housekeeping. Miss Bennet, care of Mrs. Guyon, 540 Manhattan Av., New York City.

COOK, houseworker or chambermaid; half, part time; colored; references. Spencer, Audubon 3866.

COUPLE, butler-cook, young, colored, wishes work; first-class references. Write R. Brown, Hotel Gramatan, Bronxville, N. Y.

CREDIT MANAGER, EXPERT BOOKKEEPER, WISHES TO CONNECT RELIABLE CONCERN. D 150 TIMES.

DAY WORK cleaning; neat, reliable, white woman. Phone Westchester 2225.

DRESSMAKER, absolutely competent; also remodels, out, $6; references. Miss Fairman, Clarkson 1260.

DRESSMAKER, fine fitter; exclusive styles, ladies', children's; by day; remodeling. Audubon 3120.

DRESSMAKER, Swedish, desires work in family appreciating fine work; had own business. Write Dressmaker, 253 West 70th.

DRESSMAKER, artistic gowns, advanced styles, expert remodeling; moderate. Miss Armitage, Schuyler 10092.

DRESSMAKER - DESIGNER, high class, home or out; by day $10. Schuyler 7332.

DRESSMAKER, Viennese, competent; out by day; $5. Mrs. Gruber, 302 West 111th.

FRENCH CONVERSATION, young Parisienne diplomee. Mlle. De Sinsay, 59 West 49th. Bryant 3441.

GIRL 17, wishes office work; experienced in filing; also as telephone operator; can read and write Grman. Sutter, 330 East 123d.

GIRL, 16, attending business school, desires part time, 2-6, office work, addressing, filing; 5 afternoons, $6. Miss Helen, 115 East Houston. Orchard 8277.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK, German girl, 6 months in this country, wishes position with a small family, apartment preferred; best reference. Box 534, 852 Columbus Av.

GOVERNESS or lady's maid, educated Frenchwoman, English speaking; go to California now or later. Y 2101 Times Annex.

GOVERNESS, visiting, French-Swiss, experienced, wishes position; also lessons and sewing; references. J 498 Times.

GOVERNESS, refined, wants position; four languages, music; country preferred. Telephone Lambert 8369.

GOVERNESS or companion to young children; languages, music, sewing. M. Muller, 8 South 14th St., Flushing, L. I.

GOVERNESS, refined, experienced; foreign languages, teaching; references. Box 135, 1,089 3d Av.

GRAPHOTYPE and addressograph operator; experienced. Phone South 9873.

HOUSEKEEPER; small family; good cook; excellent references; economical. B. R., 3,525 Broadway.

HOUSEKEEPER—Elderly German widow wishes position for couple. Mrs. F. Hauber, 82 Monterverde Av., Maspeth, L. I., N. Y.

HOUSEWORKER, COLORED, DESIRES PART-TIME POSITION; REFERENCES. AUDUBON 5625.

HOUSEWORKER, neat, colored girl, half time or day worker. Paschal, 7412 Morningside.

HOUSEWORKER, colored, wants half-time, mornings or day's work; references. Audubon 9491.

HOUSEWORKER, Irish girl; six months' reference; place without washing; $45. Schuyler 10270.

HOUSEWORKER, colored, part time work. 221 West 141st. Audubon 2080, Apt. 26.

HOUSEWORKER; sleep out; colored; willing, reliable. Murray, 10 West 138th.

LAUNDRESS or cleaning; out Thursday, Friday, Saturday. 102, 219 7th Av.

LAUNDRESS, Thursday, Friday. Call after 6, Audubon 9840, Ext. 117, Apt. 55.

MAID, colored, experienced, general, mornings; references. Frederick, care of Brown, 14 Gay St.

MAID, young girl, wants position, chamber work, sewing. Box 19, 878 3d Av.

MASSEUSE (103349) would like steady position. Schuyler 4875.

NURSE—Young undergraduate wishes full charge of elderly lady or child; will travel; best references. J 538 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, experienced, knowledge of bookkeeping, desires position with opportunity; salary to start $20. J 523 Times.

OFFICE WORKER, general, experienced bookkeeping, stenography, best reference. D 126 Times.

SEAMSTRESS—Lady wishes to recommend good seamstress; $4. Schuyler 7693.

SECRETARY—Do you need a capable assistant, one who understands enough to work hand in hand with you? Expert stenographer, invaluable business experience, education, good judgment. Address H 92 Times.

SECRETARY, WITH EXECUTIVE ABILITY; TWELVE YEARS' EXPERIENCE; SEEKING REAL POSITION; BEST REFERENCES. J 712 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SECRETARY, expert stenographer, efficient bookkeeper; 9 years' varied experience; high school education; conscientious, reliable; $30. H 78 Times.

SECRETARY, seven years' insurance experience, possessing initiative; accustomed responsibility. S 493 Times.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, experienced, accurate, intelligent worker; responsible; attentive. J 517 Times.

SECRETARY, executive, expert correspondent and stenographer; salary $50. J 697 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, preferably physician's office; hospital experience; laboratory. J 737 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-CORRESPONDENT, eight years' thorough business training; high school graduate, desires position in high-class office. G., 423 Ditmas Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, office assistant; ambitious beginner, neat appearance; pleasing personality; willing earn advancement. Sophie Garrett, 1,652 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, Christian, seven years' commercial experience, desires position downtown office; salary $25; good references. K 734 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, half day only, forenoon or afternoon; uptown; Protestant; high school graduate; six years' experience. Bryant 1479.

STENOGRAPHER, three years' experience, reliable, conscientious worker. Miss Grossman, 1,568 1st Av.

STENOGRAPHER, 2 years' experience, high school graduate; $20. M 952 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, Christian, 4 years' experience, best references, desires permanent position. Miss M. Tripp, Little Ferry, N. J.

STENOGRAPHER-BOOKKEEPER, splendid education, experienced; well recommended; $25. C 1115 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER, 4 years' experience, reliable, accurate; references; $20. K 884 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, exceptionally bright beginner; high school education; $12. K 737 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER desires temporary position; rapid, accurate. Phone Cathedral 7180, Apt. 4.

STENOGRAPHER, 6 years' experience, rapid; commercial; salary $25. R., 3,824 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, six months' experience, high school graduate, $15. H 97 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced legal, commercial; understands bookkeeping. Wain, 11 West 115th. University 8063.

STENOGRAPHER, 2 years' experience, 2 years' banking; familiar all office details; excellent references; Christian. A 272 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, five years' hardware transmission experience; $30. J 750 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - TYPIST; experienced; knowledge of bookkeeping; English. H., 417 Arbuckle Building, Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, Christian; 12 years' experience; $30. S. T., 1015 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER, general office experience; $16-$20. T 994 Times Downtown.

SWITCHBOARD operator, general office assistant; courteous, conscientious; $18. K 736 Times Downtown.

TEACHER wishes first-class governess position, several children; $100. J 548 Times.

TUTOR, college student, who specializes in major subjects, desires pupils. C. C., Box 111 Times.

TUTORESS, English, for language, history and literature; also secretarial work; highest references; experienced. Kay, 3,525 Broadway.

TYPIST, expert, rapid, conscientious; assistant bookkeeper; some knowledge stenography; capable taking charge of office; $25. Telephone South 4744.

TYPIST, office assistant, four years' experience; rapid; $18. K 900 Times Downtown.

TYPIST wishes home work of any kind. J 532 Times.

TYPISTS (2), 6 years' experience; permanent position; $22. J 725 Times Downtown.

WOMAN will care for children evenings; highest reference. Downing, 1,666 Park Av.

YOUNG LADY, four years' experience, well educated, refined, knowledge typewriting, detail work, capable meeting clintele and assuming secretarial responsibilities; excellent references, E 44 Times.

YOUNG LADY wishes position, governess or nursery governess; afternoons only; highest references. Write R. R., Apt. C, 106 La Salle St., corner Broadway.

YOUNG LADY, 8 years' experience, wishes position as German, Hungarian correspondent and stenographer. Dorner, 16 Sutter Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG WOMAN, Columbia student, intends working 9-1 mornings; filing school graduate; accustomed to keep house at home; healthy constitution; object, remuneration; open to any suggestion you would consider for yourself. Apartment 55, 611 West 111th. Tel. (evenings) Cath. 7005.

YOUNG WOMAN, excellent references, wishes care children, or selling records, afternoons. Phone Schuyler 4808.

Employment Agencies.

EXECUTIVE SUPPLY COMPANY,
1457 Broadway, Times Square.
Stenographers, $15-$30; Steno-Bookkeeper, $25; Bookkeeper, $30; Steno-switchboard, $20.
NO REGISTRATION FEE.

BERTHA CARLSON'S Swedish Agencies—Excellent servants, 2,415 Broadway, corner 89th. Riverside 3491. East Side, 787 Lexington (61st).

HOUSEWORKERS (colored)—Cooks, laundresses, helpers, nurses, part-timers, Golden Rule, Morningside 0685.

OLSSON AGENCY, 151 West 71st St.—Swedish, German, Irish, &c. Columbus 7634.

TINKA ANDRESEN Scandinavian Agency, 2,294 Broadway, near 83d. Schuyler 7992.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT-EXECUTIVE.

Accountant, 36, married, resourceful; unquestioned integrity; ten years' experience as senior public accountant; capable of directing large staff; highest references; bond. D 449 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, senior, very valuable experience, who has been on both sides of the fence, tax expert, N. Y. and Esquerre graduate. D 591 Times.

ACCOUNTANT—PART TIME.
A competent accountant, at present engaged by one of the largest industrial organizations in the country, would undertake additional duties which might be performed evenings or on one or two days weekly; moderate fee; highest references as to ability and integrity. Address, stating nature of duties, P 69 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, executive, 39, thirteen years' experience manufacturing, merchandising, banking, import, export; able correspondent, balance sheets, income tax; competent handling large clerical force; highest references; available at once. G 533 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, OFFICE MANAGER, AGE 29, MARRIED, 10 YEARS' EXPERIENCE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, AUDITS, SYSTEMS, TAX REPORTS, DESIRES CONNECTION WITH RELIABLE CONCERN; A1 CREDENTIALS. Y 2111 TIMES ANNEX.

ACCOUNTANT, certified public accountant (New York), age 30; ten years' office management, public accounting experience, seeks position as AUDITOR, OFFICE MANAGER, CONTROLLER; best references. M 931 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT at your service who knows loopholes which are left by the regular audit of even the best accountants. G 521 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, New York University senior; thorough knowledge of accounting, but no public accounting experience; desires connection with reputable firm; salary secondary. J 541 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, no accounting experience; have had bookkeeping experience; senior at N. Y. U. Finkelstein, 1,059 Forest Avenue.

ACCOUNTANT, part-time, desires completion certified experience; thoroughly experienced; nominal salary; experience only object. K 898 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT-OFFICE MANAGER, experienced domestic, import, export businesses, branch offices, credits, collections. E 60 Times.

ACCOUNTANT-AUDITOR, banking, foreign exchange, public accounting, executive; experienced; salary $2,000. M 955 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, bookkeeper, office manager; reports, statements; college education; ten years' experience, three public; moderate L 41 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, CERTIFIED,
10 years' experience, desires connection as AUDITOR, CONTROLLER, TREASURER; minimum salary $5,000. E 7 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, experienced bookkeeper, third year N. Y. U. student, able to typewrite; salary secondary. H 86 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, part-time arrangements; monthly audits, systems installed, investigations. J 511 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, experienced; seeks part time engagement. L., 589 Willoughby Av., Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTANT, auditor, experienced, 25, university graduate, desires connection. E 64 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, experienced, wishes permanent position; salary secondary. D 127 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, office manager, 29, college graduate, eight years' experience, married. Room 7-67, 2 Wall St.

ACCOUNTANT, competent, thorough, 12 years' experience, desires to take charge of office. H 103 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, extensive experience, college graduate; nominal salary. M 943 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT wishes part-time work; low terms; thoroughly experienced. C 46 Times.

ADVERTISING SALESMAN
successfully selling space on a trade publication since 1919; previous experience with national advertising agency; wishes to broaden out into a bigger field; he is a young married Christian and will consider only position carrying earnings in excess of $5,000. S 491 Times.

ARTIST AND LETTERER;
proficient in advertising, makes attractive layouts; finished, line or color drawings; creator of original selling ideas; long experience. J 527 Times.

ARTIST, commercial letterer, showcards, signs, wishes work. Groesbl, 330 West 42d.

BOOKKEEPER—Not just a bookkeeper, but accountancy-trained, tactful, resourceful, executive who has made good, and can prove it, taking full charge of bookkeeping, checking credits, collection correspondence and sales promotion; 8 years' experience; starting salary secondary to opportunity. L 46 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, ACCOUNTANT, OFFICE MANAGER; EFFICIENT YOUNG EXECUTIVE, CORRESPONDENT, SYSTEMATIZER; INITIATIVE; ENTIRE CHARGE; CREDITS, FINANCIAL STATEMENTS; EXCELLENT CREDENTIALS. H 19 TIMES.

BOOKKEEPER, expert; 14 years' experience; complete charge; $40. C 1112 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, typist; experienced; capable; seeks permanent connection. M 948 Times, Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 22, five years' experience, correspondent; ability unquestioned. Greenberg, 36 Taylor, Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, 3 years; accounting student, senior; moderate salary. J 6 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, accountancy student, complete charge; working knowledge stenography. J 721 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, one year's experience, good knowledge stenography; $15. J 736 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, young man thoroughly experienced; excellent references. K 731 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 6 years' experience, double entry, controlling accounts; A1 references; salary $35. E 60 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, seven years; efficient tax reports; assume responsibility. J 728 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, efficient, reliable; assume responsibility; unquestionable references. J 727 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, capable, knowledge controlling accounts; exceptional references; moderate salary. S. Falick, 161 East 4th St.

BOOKKEEPER, correspondent, five years' experience, competent; take complete charge. J 521 Times.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced; take complete charge; correspondent. J 711 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, typist, knowledge stenography, five years' experience, references. J 732 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, office man (29), thoroughly capable, conscientious, 10 years' varied experience, desires position with future. O 41 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, expert, 30, married, full charge financial statements, income tax; $40 week. M 952 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, ACCOUNTANCY STUDENT NIGHT COLLEGE; RETAIL SELLING EXPERIENCE. D 502 TIMES.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced double entry, controlling accounts; Sabbath observer. A. Braun, 1,005 Boston Road.

BOOKKEEPER, credit man, office manager; capable, experienced; excellent credentials. D 598 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, part time work, evenings. J 720 Times Downtown.

BUTLER, valet, desires position; 10 years' references. Lass, 339 East 33d St.

BUYER, KNIT GOODS,
successful record of men's, women's and children's hosiery, underwear, sweaters and bathing suits; a number of business and promoter of sales against keen competition. Y 2109 Times Annex.

CHAUFFEUR, expert driver, shop mechanic, held one private position five years; was shop mechanic for large automobile concern in New York four years; also head chauffeur for private family 1½ years; exceptional references; (French). Henry Braito, 160 West 101st St. Telephone Clarkson 0692.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, 11 years driving private families both city and country, desires position, city or country; excellent references; neat, obliging, careful. Stuart, Morningside 7041.

CHAUFFEUR - MECHANIC, 31, married; careful, obliging; 9 years' experience, Cadillac, Packard, Lincoln; 2½ years last position; A1 reference. Halloway, 161 West 102d. Academy 6149.

CHAUFFEURS—High-class private chauffeurs supplied free. Society of Professional Automobile Engineers, 153-159 W. 64th St. Columbus 4056-6518.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, all repairs, 12 years' experience foreign, domestic cars, neat, careful driver; head chauffeur 5 cars last position. Jelineh, 453 3d Av.

CHAUFFEUR-GARDENER, single, experienced under glass and outdoor; references. H 82 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, 28, 10 years' experience. Chandler, 106 West 90th St. Riverside 9010.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, 7 years' private reference, for city, country; very careful driver; all cars. B 039 Times Harlem.

CHAUFFEUR—Employer wishes position for chauffeur; 10 years' recommendation. Phone 5392 Columbus.

CHAUFFEUR, neat appearance, reliable, trustworthy, all makes. Howard, Clarkson 1150, Apt. 20.

CHAUFFEUR—Gentleman leaving for abroad desires to place his chauffeur; very high recommendation. Tel. Murray Hill 6498.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position, private; 8 years' experience; best references. Peter Schoo, 227 East 50th St. Tel. Plaza 5314.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, 10 years' private references. Jorns, 313 West 112th. Cathedral 4317.

CHAUFFEUR wishes private job with private family. F. Kreslin, 109 West 106th.

CHEF, good; colored; best family references. Apply 145 East 62d St.

CLERICAL WORKER, age 24, desirous making connection with future; three years' managerial experience. Albert H. Goodman, 367 Quincy St., Brooklyn. Decatur 6107.

COFFEE EXPERT,
now available as manager or assistant of coffee business; preferably Greater New York; bachelor, 41; 19 years' experience buying, selling, testing, roasting and blending; highest references. L 45 Times.

COFFEE SELECTOR, expert, 30 years old, with ten years' experience, seeks position where his knowledge is appreciated and where he has good future; speaks Spanish, French, Italian and understands Portuguese if necessary in case of correspondence with South America. E 59 Times.

COLLECTOR, real estate, 21, desires connection with established organization. D 458 Times.

COUPLE, husband chauffeur, mechanic, butler; ten years' experience, Packard, Pierce, any make; wife, Southern cook; young, colored; city, country; references. Phone Harlem 2168, Apt. 17. George, 27 W. 129th St.

CREDIT MANAGER.
My present position as head of large trade organization offers no further opportunities for advancement; am therefore seeking broader fields; have had ten years' exceptional experience in credits, collections, financial and office management and am thoroughly capable of directing affairs of large organization; enjoy wide personal acquaintance in the trade and can furnish unlimited credentials. What have you to offer? Minimum salary $6,000. J 522 Times.

DENTAL MECHANIC, experienced; best of references; Christian. E 55 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, practical machinist, references; capable developing, designing, building special machines; employed; $40. J 529 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, designer, detailer, estimator; steel, concrete; part-time position. N 430 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, experienced apartment houses, country houses, code, figuring steel. H 89 Times.

ELECTRIC BULB Salesman, with considerable trade, open for engagement. L 44 Times.

ENGINEER, structural, 31, 12 years' experience on steel and building work as chief draftsman, designing and estimator; capable and efficient; permanent connection desired; references. E 67 Times.

ENGINEER, mechanical, 9 years in steam, electrical plant, having charge of maintenance, mechanical repairs and installation, wishes steady position. Sherman, 147 Pulaski St., Brooklyn.

EX-COACHMAN seeking position as chauffeur; present position fifteen years, seven years chauffeur; seeking change, elderly people, with private garage; others need not app'y. S 449 Times.

EXECUTIVE, SERVING OFFICIALLY; THOROUGHLY DEVELOPED AND COMPETENT; FUNCTIONING ALL PHASES FINANCE AND ACCOUNTING; AS GENERAL EXECUTIVE, AUXILIARY TO ADMINISTRATIVE HEADS LARGE CORPORATION; SINCERE, PRACTICE; ECONOMICAL BROAD EXPERIENCE; PARAMOUNT CREDENTIALS; OPEN FOR PERMANENT CONNECTION; SUBSTANTIAL SALARY. L 31 TIMES.

EXECUTIVE ASSISTANT OR SECRETARY, YOUNG MAN, 27 AND SINGLE. GOOD EDUCATION AND BUSINESS TRAINING. THOROUGHLY DEPENDABLE, NOT OF THIS CITY. Y 2110 TIMES ANNEX.

EXECUTIVE, foreign; American, age 29; eight years Western Europe and Balkans, accounting, banking, consular service; French, Italian, German; would travel. H 96 Times.

EXECUTIVE, college graduate, 25 years old, five years' experience general trading, well equipped to assist high-grade executive; interview requested. K 739 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE—Young man, 24 years old, six years' credit experience, credit investigating, collecting, passing on credits, other experience. James Loughlin, 1,308 2d Av.

EXPORT MAN, stenographer, American, 29, married, widely traveled, several languages, now stranded, seeks hard job with future; living wages to start. Sheehan, Meyer's Hotel, Hoboken.

GAMEKEEPER, Scotchman, young, married, one child, wishes situation in U. S. A.; experienced rearing pheasants and wild ducks. Apply G, Livingstone, Gamekeeper, Midton Cottage, Kilkerran, Maybole, Scotland.

GARDENER, married, experienced, wishes charge country estate; trustworthy; references. E 56 Times.

HEATING, ventilating estimator, solicitor, laying out, superintend construction; many years known in the trade; reasonable salary. D 138 Times.

INDUSTRIAL engineering graduate seeks opportunity to demonstrate ability. J 738 Times Downtown.

JAPANESE, experienced cook, butler; most reliable, competent man; assume entire charge bachelor's apartment; best references. Matsu, Apt. 63. Telephone 7467 Columbus. 245 West 75th.

JAPANESE, young man wishes position general housework; reference. Mido, 724 Lexington Av.

JAPANESE, general housework; good experience; cook; neat; reference. H 81 Times.

MANAGER, married man, 37, holding responsible financial position with large corporation, wants management of estate in the Adirondacks; familiar with the mountains, can furnish any references required. G 496 Times.

MAN wants a position where his ability as an executive, taking complete charge or control of a business or estate, is backed by 26 years' experience in a 34-year-old body; mind and physical body as alert as always; one competent to adjust himself to any condition or business; familiar with accounts, handling of securities and can have handled over $500,000 yearly for 10 years; possessing ripe judgment and with a deep regard for the rights of both employer and employe; activity in my present line has ceased and I seek an avenue for the outlet of my energy; nothing too difficult or strenuous can be offered; credentials of exceptional merit. G. S., Y 2106 Times Annex.

MAN, experienced in railroad office work, checking, listing, routing, &c., desires an opening; also some experience in the accounting department; excellent references as to character and capability. J 549 Times.

MAN, housekeeper-secretary, educated, American, seeks position with bachelor or small family; home desired more than salary; 10 years last place. H 85 Times.

MAN, 36, former physician, excellent personality, desires business position. L 33 Times.

MAN, respectable elderly gentleman with 36 years' business experience in export, import and finance; desires suitable position; knowledge of German and Spanish. 77 Times 165 Broadway.

MAN, cook, light porter work; sleep in. Harlem 1187, Apt. 18.

MECHANICAL engineering graduate, some experience, any production work. J 509 Times.

MOTION picture operator, nonunion, who takes pride in his work. Address F. Hoffman, 170 Marcy Av., Brooklyn, or phone Stagg 3200.

NURSE, graduate of Europe, or butler, first-class references, seeks position in refined family; speaks German, Hungarian, Russian and Serbian; moderate salary. Call Schreiber, 80 East 164th.

RESIDENT SALESMAN wants line for Eastern Pennsylvania. Lester Levy, 560 West 165th.

SALES EXECUTIVE.

Competent to handle difficult sales propositions; organizing and personal sales ability; experience in mechanical and security lines, L 36 Times.

SALES EXECUTIVE, office manager, capable handling complete details sales, office, routine, staff, credits; highest credentials. V 416 Times.

SALESMAN, sweaters; young man, age 24, five years' experience; acquainted with office trade; has thorough knowledge of all inside work; desires good connection; best of references. J 530 Times.

SALESMAN with 10 years' selling experience; ability proven; pleasing personality, desires good staple sales proposition. C 28 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced; recommended young man desires connection with reputable concern where honest endeavor is appreciated. J 551 Times.

SALESMAN, 29, traveling Eastern territory, wants Middle West territory with reliable concern; salary and commission basis. H 98 Times.

SALESMAN, aggressive, experienced, producer, 30, married, seeks staple line. G 520 Times.

SALESMAN, married, formerly in business, wishes outside position, city or travel; best of references. J 550 Times.

SALESMAN, car, married, represent manufacturer, jobber; salary, drawing account. E 51 Times.

SALESMAN, 22, with clerking experience in clothing line, desires position, store or traveling. Eglor, 7,609 13th Av., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN, plenty of pep and ambition, dissatisfied with present position, desires to make a change. L 34 Times.

SALESMAN, ribbons, has following cutting-up trade, desires to connect with good house; salary and commission. D 148 Times.

SALESMAN, 24, wishes position with some reliable concern, at anything. A. Lucks, 1,551 Avenue A.

SALESMAN (22), wholesale, retail merchandise; experienced secretary-stenographer. B 1045 Times Harlem.

SALESMAN will represent manufacturer, jobber, full time. Kay, 194 New Jersey Av., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN, 25, desires connection growing firm; houseman or outside. G 519 Times.

SECRETARY, STENOGRAPHER, &c., first-class, seeks responsible position. 88 N. Y. Times Branch, Flushing Av. and Bridge.

SILK SALESMAN catering to the cutting-up trade for 5 years, including 2 years in business for himself, desires to connect with reliable silk house. H 97 Times.

SILVERSMITH, experienced, specialist in mounted glassware and hosiery, wants position. Address L. Austerlitz, Vienna, 16 Roterd Str. 10, Austria.

STATISTICIAN—Recent college graduate, thorough knowledge of economics, business principles, accounting and statistics, seeks opportunity to translate statistics into profits. J 739 Times Downtown.

STEEPLEJACK and rigger, expert; will work anywhere. K 741 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY (22), thoroughly experienced, efficient, intelligent; selling experience. O 42 Times.

STEWARD wants position country club; very good caterer and buyer; best references. Hamilton Grange P. O. Box No. 7.

STEWARD, 29, hotel or club, 2 years last position. Hansen, 140 West 109th.

TRAFFIC MANAGER—Can you use in your organization a young man, well educated, of creative ability, who is an expert in traffic management, a good correspondent, with a working knowledge of the import and export business, one who has had some selling experience? Highest references, covering both character and ability, can be submitted. Address E. G. H., 73 Dey St., New York City.

TRAFFIC man, experienced, shipping, warehousing and claim adjusting; moderate salary to start. M 943 Times Downtown.

TRANSFER MAN, German, educated, little English, wishes position. Miller, 120 East 126th St.

YOUNG MAN, 27, college education; 5 years' experience in export, banking credits, insurance, claims, hard worker, trustworthy, ambitious, with creative and executive ability; willing to start at low salary to business and capital opportunity for advancement; highest references; no selling. M 949 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, Christian, 28, wishes position as assistant office manager and bookkeeper; honest, faithful and trustworthy; employed 7½ years in present position; Notary Public. K 738 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, experienced in advertising, selling, credit, collection, production, statistical and factory management, wishes position where efficient work is rewarded. M 954 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 24, American, desires any kind of employment; fair education; seven years' experience, Wall St.; salary $40-$45. Write James McTernan, 61 Tillary St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

YOUNG MAN, Christian, 29, knowledge business methods and accounting, executive ability, desires responsible connection. J 531 Times.

YOUNG MAN, with railroad experience, desires position with shipping or construction company; best reference furnished. X 2407 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, 30, ten years' experience purchasing and sales, proven executive ability, responsible position with manufacturer or jobber. K 834 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 25, executive ability, steady, wishes to connect with firm where ability is recognized; best references. Mannini, 411 East 106th St.

YOUNG MAN, 25 years old wishes employment for the evenings after 5:30; state nature of work and salary. 89 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

YOUNG MAN, 22, Christian, intelligent, refined, college and newspaper training, seeks position at anything with opportunity; must have at least $25. G 522 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 22, wishes position where he can advance himself; reference. Kuhlmann, 202 East 31st St., care of Gallagher.

YOUNG MAN, high school graduate, experienced, knowledge bookkeeping, typewriting. J 519 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 23, high school graduate, five years' business experience, desires position. M 947 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 22, industrious, wants steady, reliable position. 81 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

YOUNG MAN, 22, liberal education, desires part-time work, clerical or commercial; salary secondary. B 1040 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, 23, ambitious, wishes position with future; willing to work and learn; sales experience. J 524 Times.

YOUNG MAN, student, wishes position evenings, all day Saturday, Sunday. Plaza 3880.

YOUNG MAN, 25, position evening, 6-12, anything. J 730 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, cost 2 years, bookkeeping 3 years. Michel, 68 St. Nicholas Av.

YOUNG MAN, 19, intelligent and competent, desires responsible position. J 547 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, ambitious, desires position with reliable firm. L 40 Times.

WEST POINT graduate desires connection with concern, either here or abroad, where hard work and ability is limitless; graduation; was Captain since 1917. E 62 Times.

HIGH school graduate, good appearance, wishes position with reliable firm. James Killion, 189 East 64th St. Rhinelander 3704.

Employment Agencies.

PACE AGENCY has an application from a man of exceptional ability and personality, experienced in engineering, accountancy, and finance, who seeks connection with firm of bankers or financial institution; applicant is capable of taking full charge of financial investigations, appraisals, and all technical detail involved in bond issues, mergers, and consolidations; applicant is at present senior member of successful accountancy firm. Pace Agency for Placements, Inc., 8th floor, 30 Church Street; telephone Cortlandt 1465.

PORTERS, handy men, elevator, switchboard operators, references. Square Deal Agency, Morningside 2252.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER,
experienced, wanted by large manufacturing concern; one having high school education, knowledge of stenography preferred. S 424 Times.

AUDIT clerk, refined; accurate, rapid; department store experience preferred. J 523 Times.

BILLING CLERK; must be rapid typist, familiar and accurate with figures; good, permanent position for bright energetic girl; state full particulars, including salary desired. W 747 Times Downtown.

BILL CLERK and typist for large wholesale house; state age, experience, salary, telephone. S 498 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, competent and efficient, to take complete charge of books; must be thorough, dependable and furnish references; salary to start $35; please write in detail. S 428 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER
in small office of manufacturing establishment; long experience; required to understand double entry, control methods; salary $30. W 730 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, must be capable of assisting as model for fur and coat manufacturer; call before 9:30 A. M., or after 5 P. M. National City Audit Co., 1,133 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant; one who can do billing on Underwood typewriter; give experience and salary expected. W 722 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, small office, import house; about $28 to $30; state experience, age, religion. M 956 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, thoroughly experienced, to take charge of office; excellent opportunity; state experience and salary. Box 465, Realservice, 15 East 40th.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, double entry, knowledge stenography; state experience, salary. S 436 Times.

BOOKKEEPER to take charge of double entry set of books. G. G. Podesta, 507-509 West Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER must be experienced ready-to-wear line; good penman. Jess Dress, 3d St. 4th Av.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, experienced, intelligent; five-day week. Box 36, Station B, N. Y.

BOOKKEEPER—Thoroughly competent; one who has knowledge of stenography. S 469 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced; double entry, controlling accounts; state salary. V 962 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer, wholesale fur house. Harry H. Hertz Co., 37 West 28th.

BOOKKEEPER—State experience; permanent position; give references; wages $25. L 42 Times.

BURROUGHS calculating machine operators for permanent position, Brooklyn office; two years' experience required. Reply, giving experience, age, salary desired and date able to start work, Box 456, Realservice, 15 East 40th.

BUYER women's hosiery, underwear and gloves. Diskon's, Paterson, require thoroughly capable woman with good record and references. Apply at once.

CASHIER. NEAT APPEARANCE. EXPERIENCED; REFERENCES. SCHRAFFTS, 47 WEST 22D.

CLERICAL workers, good handwriting; good at figures, filing, knowledge adding machine helpful; $20-$14. Apply after 9:30. Miss Moore, 4th floor, 236 West 37th.

CLERKS AND TYPISTS WANTED.

Girls, 17 years of age and over.

Hours, 9 to 4:30 o'clock.

Saturday, 9 to 12 o'clock.

Early advancement; luncheons served free.

Free classes conducted in typewriting, stenography and dictaphone operating.

Apply in person between 8 and 4:30 o'clock, Room 1, Metropolitan Building, 1 Madison Av., at 23d St., New York City.

CLERK wanted in checking department of advertising agency; steady position for sensible young woman; salary to start $14; write, stating experience, religion, &c. K. P., T 577 Times.

CLERK wanted to operate Moon-Hopkins billing machine; good pay; good opportunity. Apply Scott & Williams, Inc., 866 Broadway, N. Y.

COOK, experienced, wanted for tea room. Write, giving reference and particulars, Mrs. C. Brush, 41 Cedarhill Av., Nyack, N. Y.

COOK, experienced Hungarian and German. R. Green, care Schneider, 1,063 Simpson St., Bronx.

DECORATOR on glass lamps wanted by the Metropolitan Art Glass Co., 125 Baxter St.; Franklin 2.

DIRECTORY COMPILER, or experienced similar line; start $25 a week; permanent; advancement. Call Wednesday 10 A. M., with references. Consolidated Radio Call Book Co., 98 Park Place, N. Y. C.

FILE CLERK AND TYPIST
for position in a large downtown bank; must be experienced, accurate in her work and of neat appearance; position offers opportunity for steady work; state age, education, experience and salary desired. G. B., 887 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, $25 TO START.

Experience unnecessary, but perfect knowledge of Bohemian language required; steady position. Diskant, 287 Broadway, Room 403. Worth 1710.

STENOGRAPHER—Young lady as stenographer, typist and assist with clerical work; in large downtown printing and publishing office; state age, nationality, experience, references, salary desired. J 731 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER (SPANISH),
experienced, rapid and accurate in Spanish dictation; splendid opening, with good salary for high-class, intelligent girl who speaks and writes Spanish fluently; hours 9-5. W. R., 280 Times.

STENOGRAPHER—Competent law stenographer; neat, refined and industrious; state in detail age, nationality, education, experience, references and salary des

Closing Hours for Advertisements

Sunday Edition

TOMORROW, THURSDAY, FRIDAY—Resorts, Steamships, Hotels, Resorts and Amusements.

TOMORROW, THURSDAY, MIDNIGHT—Display Apartments and Real Estate with text, cuts, photographs, matrices or drawings.

FRIDAY, 5 P. M.—Undisplay classifications of Real Estate.

FRIDAY, 6 P. M.—Advertisements for Editorial Section.

SATURDAY, 1 P. M.—Undisplay classified advertisements (Business Opportunities 11 A. M. Saturday).

Daily Edition

If received after 4 P. M. on date preceding publication, classified advertisements for daily edition are subject to omission. Final closing time 5 P. M.

Classified Advertising Rates

Count six words to an Agate Line. (Minimum space two lines.) Agate Line

Situations Wanted	40c
Furnished Rooms, Rooms Wanted	45c
Boarders and Board Wanted	45c
Help Wanted	60c
Real Estate, &c.	35c
Lost and Found	35c
Apartments to Let and Wanted	35c
Country Board	60c
Mortgage Loans	65c
For Sale	65c
Automobile Exchange	65c
Agents Wanted	65c
Employment Agencies	75c

Per Word

Business Opportunities (Caps, 20c)	15c
Buyers' Wants—Offerings to Buyers.	15c
Book Exchange (Sunday)	12c

Lost and Found, Deaths, Marriages and Births accepted up to midnight.

Errors avoided by delivering advertisements well in advance of closing time.

MALE HELP WANTED.

BOOKKEEPER-CASHIER, 25-35, competent of taking charge of complete set of books of medium-sized concern; must be able to check credits and handle collections, as well as correspondence; must know how to use typewriter. Apply by hand-written letter to Tobler & Hoenig, 460 Fourth Av., New York City, giving full information as to training, experience and salary expected.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER in accountant's office; must be good penman; state age, religion, experience, salary desired in letter, own handwriting. K 883 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, with established downtown supply house; collections, statements, correspondence; $35. Address G. Walsh, 122 Willoughby Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, NOT LESS THAN 10 YEARS' EXPERIENCE WITH IMPORTING HOUSE, TO HAVE ENTIRE CHARGE OF BUSY OFFICE. H 40 TIMES.

BOOKKEEPER wanted, meat business, experienced; references required. Apply 176 Fort Green Place, Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry; state experience; good opportunity for the right party. D 54 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

BOYS WANTED.

A large financial institution has openings for a few boys, 17 years of age or over; high school training preferred; all advanced positions in the company are filled by promotion and there is opportunity for a good future for any boy who is selected for one of these positions who will show himself to be earnest and industrious. Apply in person between 9 and 4:30 o'clock, Room 1, Metropolitan Building, 1 Madison Av., New York City.

BOYS—STOCK AND SHIPPING.

Large wholesale dry goods house can use a number of boys in different departments; opportunity to learn business; also a few large and strong boys as shipping assistants. ADDRESS COMMERCE,

BOY—Advertising agency has good opening for boy or young man to learn the business; salary to start $12 per week; apply in person, Wednesday morning, 10 to 11 o'clock, 23 East 26th St., Room 1015.

BOY, bright, industrious, willing worker; excellent opportunity for advancement in fancy goods house. Apply after 10 o'clock, Hessenberg, 25 East 24th.

BOY wanted as assistant in stock department; must be experienced in fancy goods business. Pacific Novelty Co., 41 East 11th St., New York.

BOY, general office work insurance broker's office; salary, in own handwriting, stating age, nationality and salary expected. Y 2115 Times Annex.

BOYS, willing; fine opportunity to advance; work in stock. Campbell Metzger Jacobson, 8 East 20th St.

BOY; errands and stock room; some musical knowledge required. McKinley Music Co., 1,468 Broadway, corner 51st St.

BOY, for office work, errands, with importers, exporters. W 743 Times Downtown.

BOY for errands in advertising agency; opportunity for alert, smart boy; salary $9. Room 901, 110 West 40th.

BOY, office, who desires opportunity to learn insurance brokerage business. Apply in writing to K 742 Times Downtown.

BOY, bright; experience not necessary; state age, education, salary expected. K 728 Times Downtown.

BOY in office of importing house; reply in applicant's handwriting, stating salary expected. M 963 Times Downtown.

BOY, errands, general office work; references required. Room 706, 9 Maiden Lane.

BOY, small; law office. Apply Room 1800, 31 Nassau St.

BOY, bright, willing, for work in men's club. J 724 Times Downtown.

BRIGHT OFFICE BOY wanted; apply Cosmopolitan News Service, 21 Spruce St., 8th floor.

BUYER OF COATS AND SUITS MAN WHO KNOWS HIS BUSINESS. H. WOOLNER, 11 EAST 26TH ST.

CABLE CLERK.

Young man experienced in foreign banking and in coding and decoding cables is wanted by large downtown financial institution; salary $1,400 per annum with lunches; state education, experience, positions held and references. Write Box J. K., 1111 St. Paul Bldg., N. Y.

CASHIER—One who has had experience in a provision house; must be accurate at figures; steady position for right man; state experience, salary expected. Box 65, 2,288 24 Av.

CASHIER for film exchange; state experience and age. Box 787, 2301 World Tower Building.

COLLECTOR wanted; must produce new business; salary and commission; splendid future for right man. Address Insurance. W 745 Times Downtown.

COLLEGE YOUNG MAN,

recently graduated, wanted by large company to train for indoor position for which previous experience is unnecessary; good opportunity for advancement. Reply, giving salary, expectations and full particulars, S 476 Times.

CORRESPONDENT.

One possessing sales instinct, to enlarge distribution by mail; take charge of entire correspondence and all office routine; this position with paper manufacturer has good future for right man; application to receive attention must state fullest particulars and salary required. R. D., 474 Times.

COUPLE, (English), care of residence; make themselves useful; two rooms provided; state wages, references, particulars. H 70 Times.

COUPLE, experienced, English or Scotch, to take entire charge in family of three. Telephone Englewood 28 between 10 and 12 Thursday.

CREDIT REPORTER; PART TIME; WELL KNOWN ESTABLISHED AGENCY. J 722 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

DECORATOR on glass lamps wanted by the Metropolitan Arts Glass Co., 125 Baxter St. Franklin 3766.

DESIGNER AND PATTERN MAKER, experienced in making better grade house and porch dresses and bath robes, unusual opportunity to parties qualified to fill vacancy with long established concern; apply in writing, giving full details; all communications will be held in strict confidence. Albert Rosenblatt & Sons, 338 7th Av.

DESIGNER on furs, only first-class need apply. C. Glunk & Weingold, 44 West 28th.

DRAFTSMEN (2),

familiar with industrial building construction and capable of detailing and checking. Box 140, 2501 World Tower Bldg.

DRAFTSMAN, tracer, experienced in small mechanical and electrical instruments; Brooklyn resident; state experience and nationality. 91 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

DRAUGHTSMAN wanted on scale drawings; salary, $45 week. C 1114 Times Harlem.

DRESSER wanted, colored; references required. B. Turner, 236 7th Av., Brooklyn.

ELECTRICAL ESTIMATORS.

Experienced in house and factory wiring, salary, commission or bonus. Call Goldenberg Brothers, 307 Nostrand Ave.

ESTIMATOR for electrical construction company for field and office; must be accurate and a go-getter; state past experience and connection. S 574 Times.

FACTORY SUPERINTENDENT, experienced, practical, for rapidly growing electrical goods factory; write fully, giving experience. J 709 Times Downtown.

FOOD CONTROLLER, experienced; none other need apply. J 813 Times.

HANDKERCHIEF man, who can produce (through contacting) salary. Y 2049 Times Annex.

INVESTIGATOR, insurance and credit, must type reports; state age, experience; Christian firm. P. O. Box 1081, City Hall Station.

LECTURERS to speak on health subjects; only men of experience need apply. Call at health lecture store, 44th St. and Broadway, ask for Mr. Greene.

MAN, nationally known chain store organization requires services of a man with car to do special location work in the field; references required; no selling. Apply to Mr. Bennett, 9 to 12, 221 West 57th, 5th floor.

MAN wanted, who has his own car, to drive in city; steady work; give phone. L 88 Times.

MAN, experienced in cotton goods, must know buying, selling and knowledge of converting. Y 2112 Times Annex.

MANAGER for bureau of credit information; large and successful organization of national scope desires to secure the services of a man who is experienced in the assembling of credit data and competent in the management of a large department; salary commensurate with ability and excellent possibilities for the future. X 2414 Times Annex.

MANAGER—Live wire, energetic young man as manager for cash and credit retail ready-to-wear store. Only experienced men need apply, 9 A. M. to 10 A. M., care of Goldman & Berman, 143 West 23d St.

MANAGER for hair-dressing department; must be first class, capable and courteous; able to do hair dressing himself out-of-town store. Apply by letter, T 569 Times.

MASTER FOR BOYS' CAMP.

A young man interested in boys, for master or undermaster in large Summer camp in Maine; preference given to man with influential preparatory school connections, who can begin early in season to secure reasonable quota of boys for coming season; salary and commission basis. Address Camp Director, 447 Ashland Av., Detroit, Mich.

MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMAN, experienced, with establishment; must be capable of handling work from sketches to working drawings; state age, experience and salary expected. K 732 Times Downtown.

MESSENGER, boy or man, for errands; must be reliable; state age, salary expected. K 728 Times Downtown.

MESSENGER, boy, 16 to 18

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

Rate 15 cents per word.

Bank and business references required under this classification.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

GROUP OF ADVERTISING MEN WISH TO PURCHASE OUTRIGHT AN ADVERTISING AGENCY THAT IS NOW FUNCTIONING WITH FULL NATIONAL RECOGNITION; NUMBER OR SIZE OF ACCOUNTS NOT VITAL, BUT FULL RECOGNITION ESSENTIAL. OUTLINE ALL DETAILS IN REPLY, WHICH WILL HAVE STRICTEST CONFIDENCE. P 80 TIMES.

TWO excellent caterers, $10,000 cash, want big A1 improvable proposition; long lease; trial; particulars. T 900 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, with knowledge complete of sweaters, bookkeeping and inside selling, with $2,500, wants connection; any line. S 460 Times.

MONEY for short time secured loans; $10,000 to $100,000; acceptances, notes bought. Call 11 Wall St., Suite 1706.

SPOT CASH paid for electrical supplies. Write or call 9 to 11 mornings, Room 608, 33 Union Square, City.

YOUNG MAN with business experience will invest as partner or consider purchase of established business. J 518 Times.

CAPITAL WANTED.

GOING manufacturing concern ready to enter into extensive merchandising campaign needs additional capital to be used for raw materials and filling orders now on hand and increasing sales; unable to fill orders promptly in the past; $10,000 needed now to balance production; attractive proposition to one or more who can put up this amount; highest references. W. D., 272 Times.

CAPITAL required to market automobile steering wheel lock, just patented, underwriters' approval; cheap manufacturing proposition; controlling interest to reliable party. Further particulars, apply H. Cogshall, Attorney, 35 Nassau St., N. Y. City.

A PATENT for sale, or will consider partner capable handling sales force; moderate investment. Joe. Hren Mfg. Co., Booth 2, 1,108 Grand Central Palace.

WANTED immediately several aggressive young men, single, with $1,500 to invest; principals only need call. Pennsylvania 9744, Room 943, for interview.

PARTNER or buyer wanted for retail clothing store 60 miles from New York; must have $5,000. Inquire 64 University Place. Epstein Clothing Co.

ELECTRICAL lamps and fixture manufacturer, with established and profitable business, needs partner with $10,000 to expand; highest references. L 39 Times.

TREASURER for new corporation; $1,000 required; unusual opportunity for experienced export man; particulars at interview. H 101 Times.

PARTNER with investment $3,000 for expansion; exceptional opportunity with established firm manufacturing automobile necessities. G 466 Times.

WANTED capital to finance high class useful automobile invention; patented; particulars. Littwin, 1,540 Broadway, Manhattan.

WANTED, gentleman, German speaking preferred, with $10,000 to buy interest in very profitable invention. Write J 523 Times.

PARTNER, $20,000, for established real estate and mortgage business; handle your own funds. K 860 Times Downtown.

PARTNER with $10,000 or $15,000, for lighting fixture plant equipped for 100 men; best offer. D 159 Times.

EIGHT PER CENT. paid on loans of $100 to $5,000. Repayment guaranteed by rated financial institution. G. P. O. Box 486.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS.

LEATHER GOODS JOBBER, with big outlet and strong selling organization, wishes to combine with ladies' bag manufacturer; wonderful opportunity for right party who is capable of running an up-to-date shop; we would also consider a combination of a live salesman and a good mechanic; all correspondence treated confidentially. S 468 Times.

BUILDER, highest references; practical all branches; twenty years' experience finest buildings New York and vicinity; capable of securing important work; desires connection executive capacity with established firm of builders; would consider purchase of substantial interest. Y 2102 Times Annex.

MANUFACTURERS of aluminum ware, enamelware, chinaware, pottery; if you are interested to make good connections to be represented for the large trade only; prices must be right, please apply for more details. X 2313 Times Annex.

JOBBER in Southern California seeks connection with manufacturers of new brands work shirts, overalls, khaki pants and underwear; act quickly. Ike Harrison, care M. Harrison, 1,155 3d Av., New York. Rhinelander 2623.

IF YOU WANT Montreal business correspond with John E. Turton & Son, Manufacturer's Agents, Mappin Building, Montreal, Experienced Specialty Salesmen; let us represent you.

SILK AND RIBBON MANUFACTURERS, ATTENTION!

Live selling organization factored by prominent commission house is interested in representing responsible mills. T 570 Times.

BROKER or promoter wanted by new motor corporation, handle local stock issue; territory prepared; attractive proposition to right man. Area 14, 577 East 163d.

BUSINESS MAN, trustworthy, experienced European buyer, selling shortly, will execute commissions for importers, jobbers, manufacturers. H 74 Times.

PARTNER with capital procured for manufacturers, wholesalers, jobbers; no charge unless successful. Tarter's Exchange, 9 Vesey. Orchard 2674.

OIL burner agency wanted; information required on oil burners for suburban residences. H 35 Times.

BUSINESS connections with Europe established. European Advertising Headquarters, 508-286 5th Av.

EUROPE—Gentleman sailing soon will undertake any commission. Jordon. Telephone Plaza 6928.

VALET, apartment house; over $300 monthly; low rent. X 2409 Times Annex.

COLLECTOR, rents; for 2%; bond furnished; experienced. H 80 Times.

FOR SALE.

GARAGE, Manhattan, $40, cash $15,000; Yorkville, $36, $12,000; several in construction; security only. Garage Real Estate, 140 West 42d.

MOVIE, with 800 seats, Brooklyn; thickly populated neighborhood; long lease; large profits weekly; $15,000 cash required. Steel Realty, 152 West 42d St. Bryant 5341.

GARAGES, all sizes, all sections, under construction or established; $3,000 and upward required. Garage Realty Co., 1,457 Broadway.

PAYING BUSINESS FOR SALE.
Would you buy a big paying business? Henry Rubin, P. O. Box 217, Charlottesville, Va.

MOVIE, 1,000 seats, 1,200 airdrome, doing $1,700 weekly business; $1,200 expenses; long established; good neighborhood; $35,000 cash required. Kriger, 1,482 Broadway.

MERCANTILE employment agency with established following; audit invited; owner leaving city. S 448 Times.

MULTIGRAPH business, established trade, bargain, excellent opportunity to right party. Barclay 6041.

MUSIC STORE, good Harlem location; very live, well established; moderate rental. B 1042 Times Harlem.

INFANTS' wear store, $150; rent rooms; $600 weekly income; sacrifice, $6,500. Sanders, 152 West 42d.

FOOD SPECIALTY FACTORY, equipped with vacuum dryers, will be sacrificed. Y 2163 Times Annex.

GARAGE, 80s; storage $2,600; rent $710; cash $15,000. Die Piero Adams Joslin. Flek Building, Broadway at 57th St.

21-YEAR lease Times Square, apartments, large store, sale or lease; big profits; cash required $5,000. Sells, 110 West 40th.

CANDY, soda and ice cream store in the very best location in New Haven; long lease. A. Podoloff & Sons, New Haven, Conn.

GARAGE, Manhattan, 90 cars, average $30; long lease. J. King, 1,457 Broadway.

207TH, 200 WEST—Eight rooms, furniture, lease; good income; no dealers. Foster.

FOR SALE.

SPECIALTY SHOP—We have one booth left on an arcade in an office building, running through from 43d to 44th St.; the shops now leased carry exclusive concessions, as follows: Cigars, books and stationery, lunchonette; flowers, fruits and candy; the one remaining shop is held at $1,000 per year; wonderful location. Apply renting office, 26 West 44th St.

ON ACCOUNT of proprietor's illness, manufacturer of men's clothing will sell merchandise on hand, good-will, fixtures, &c., loft about 1,500 square feet, on 5th Av., near 14th St.; fireproof building; low rent; excellent opportunity for those desiring to purchase an established business reasonable. L 47 Times.

DEPARTMENT STORE SPACES
in one of the largest department stores in Bay Ridge to lease for stationery, cigars, cigarettes, soda fountain, candies, drug or perfumery. Lyndon Department Store, 5,208 3d Av., Brooklyn. Telephone Sunset 5281 for Mr. Finkelstein.

DEPARTMENT STORE SPACES
in one of the largest department stores in Bay Ridge to lease for retail dress goods, notions, domestics, infants' wear and millinery. Lyndon Department Store, 5,208 3d Av., Brooklyn. Telephone Sunset 5281 for Mr. Finkelstein.

HOTEL lease for sale or trade for property and some cash; ten miles from New York; 90 rooms, fully furnished; over $10,000 yearly profit; $20,000 cash required; an exceptional opportunity for steady income. Verdiguel, 152 West 42d.

FOR SALE—A fair-sized novelty, pin and fastener manufacturing plant; factory well located for labor and market conditions; this is an excellent business opportunity. Address communications care of X 2315 Times Annex.

FOR SALE—Old-established printing business, well equipped and with good trade, on account of death of owner; cheap; splendid chance. Inquire S. L. Post, 582 Bay St., Stapleton, Staten Island.

CLOAK plant for sale; showrooms and office; 14 machines; ready for immediate possession; good light loft; will sell reasonable. 147 West 35th St., top floor.

DOCTOR (specialist) established 35 years, on account of old age, wishes to retire; annual receipts near $25,000; a real bargain. Box R. E., 10 Union Square.

RETAIL store, 20 years established, perfumery, sporting goods, &c.; best downtown location; rent reasonable; lease. J 704 Times Downtown.

HIGH-GRADE cafeteria in 30s; price reasonable if sold at once. J 512 Times.

GARAGE, Bronx, 120 cars filled, one floor, $7,500. Phillips, 47 West 42d.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CLOAK and suit and kindred line department for rent in medium size department store, New York State, doing about $100,000 on percentage basis. Box 826, 131 West 38th.

BUSINESS LOANS.

BUSINESS AND PERSONAL LOANS.
Loans to $5,000, one year or less, weekly or monthly payment plan; no chattels, no pawns, no salary assignment; character and earning power the basis of credit.
THE MORRIS PLAN COMPANY,
Resources over $13,000,000,
Main Office, 261 Broadway.
268 Grand St. 26 Court St., Brooklyn.
361 East 149th St. 1,668 Pitkin Av., B'klyn.
1 Union Square. 804 Manhattan Av., Bk'lyn.

MONEY! MONEY MAKES MONEY!
Money loaned in any amount on diamonds, jewelry, silverware; safe deposit vaults; special rate for short-time loans.
EQUITABLE PLEDGE SOCIETY, INC.,
3 EAST 14TH ST.

LARGE FINANCIAL INSTITUTION WILL ENTERTAIN APPLICATIONS FROM DISTRIBUTERS OF NEW AUTOMOBILES FOR EXTENSIVE DISCOUNT FACILITIES; REQUIREMENTS ARE INTEGRITY, BUSINESS CAPACITY AND GOOD CAR LINE. Y 2,015 TIMES ANNEX.

LOANS up to $5,000, weekly payment plan, short term notes purchased; accounts receivable, securities, endorsements, mortgages, &c., accepted as collateral security, interviews invited. Confidential.
CLEVELAND FINANCE CORPORATION,
170 BROADWAY.

APEX FINANCE CORPORATION OFFERS TO BUSINESS FIRMS AND SALARIED INDIVIDUALS A CONFIDENTIAL, NON-NOTIFICATION FINANCE PLAN. WRITE 342 MADISON AV., OR PHONE MURRAY HILL 9915.

CASH advanced to manufacturers and jobbers on accounts receivable, non-notification, trade acceptances, notes, merchandise in warehouse, and assignments of rents; transactions strictly confidential; low rates. 1,457 Broadway, Suite 903.

WE WILL ASSIST WELL-ESTABLISHED CONCERNS SECURING CAPITAL FOR LONG TIME PERIOD ON THEIR OWN COMMERCIAL PAPER AT NOMINAL CHARGE. C. D., 195 TIMES.

EMERGENCY LOANS to automobile owners at once; confidential; representative calls. Bryant 2885.

LOANS on mortgages, rents, accounts receivable; other collateral. Bauerdorf, 17 East 42d St. Vanderbilt 10390.

WE will loan on mortgage or unlisted bonds and stocks at reasonable rates in large or small amounts. W 708 Times Downtown.

CONFIDENTIAL loans; second mortgages; accounts receivable; jewelry, other collateral. Suite 709, 3 West 29th.

BUSINESS SERVICES.

REAL PUBLICITY SERVICE BACKED BY OVER 10 YEARS OF SUCCESS.

Active newspaper men, wide experience, prepare:
TELLING SALES LETTERS, PROSPECTUSES,
BOOKLETS, ADVERTISING COPY,
PERSONAL BUSINESS ORGANIZATION PUBLICITY.
JOHN W. SMITH ASSOCIATES,
Consulting Experts in Newspaper and General Publicity,
119 NASSAU ST., NEW YORK CITY.
TELEPHONE CORTLANDT 8338.

OLD MAILING LISTS ARE WASTEFUL. Your circulars addressed from guaranteed lists of rated department, dry goods stores or ready-to-wear shops, $4 per thousand. REX SERVICES, 1,658 Broadway. Circle 3660. (Direct mail advertising specialists). Multigraphing, printing, addressing.

MY SALES LETTERS bring results because they are scientifically written. Durant, 161 Water St. John 4194.

MONEY loaned to business people on chattel mortgage, Schwartz & Co., 624 Madison Av., Room 406.

ACCOUNTANT, expert, books opened, closed, taxes, firms without bookkeepers; reasonable. M 941 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING SERVICE — Barclay 5767. Copy, plans, advice; for small accounts.

ASKS LABORATORY TO END FLOOD LOSS

Engineer Declares Damage to Property and Human Suffering Can Be Checked.

BILL PENDING IN CONGRESS

Suggests Man of Engineering Type as Secretary of the Interior.

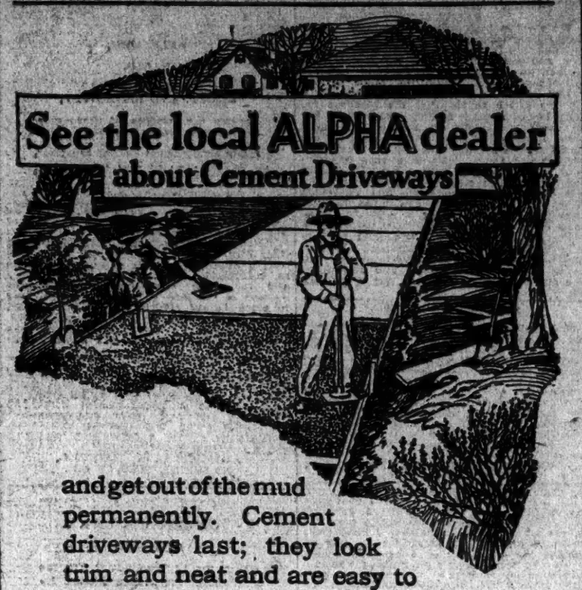
Establishment of a national hydraulic laboratory to eliminate the heavy loss of life and property resulting each year from floods was urged by J. Parke Channing, Vice President of the Federated American Engineering Societies, at the annual business meeting of the American Institute of Mining and Metallurgical Engineers at the Engineering Societies Building, 29 West Thirty-ninth Street, yesterday. A bill to establish such a laboratory has been introduced in Congress by Senator Joseph E. Ransdell of Louisiana.

"The United States and several States are spending annually from $70,000,000 to $100,000,000 on river improvements of various kinds," Mr. Channing said, in urging the passage of the bill. "Each year there is a large property loss and much human suffering due to floods. The most adequate solution of the many problems incident to river flow and flood control has not been determined. In fact, there is a marked difference of opinion among eminent engineers as to the best measures to use."

Mr. Channing said that American engineers were interested in bringing about the appointment of "a man of the engineering type of mind" as Secretary of the Interior, as this department deals largely with engineering problems.

E. F. Mathewson of New York was elected President of the Institute to succeed Colonel Arthur S. Dwight. T. T. Brewster of St. Louis and Frank M. Smith of Spokane, Wash., were elected Vice Presidents, and these three officers and W. H. Aldridge of New York, G. H. Clevenger of Brookline, Mass., A. N. Diehl of Pittsburgh, Reno H. Sales of Butte, Mont., and Seeley W. Mudd of Los Angeles, were elected Directors. The Directors re-elected F. F. Sharpless Secretary and Charles E. Rand Treasurer.

In the afternoon the members of the institute attended a reception at the home of former Senator William A. Clark of Montana, 962 Fifth Avenue. The institute will hold its annual dinner tonight at the Waldorf-Astoria. Prince Gelasio Gaetani, the Italian Ambassador, who is a member of the institute and a graduate of the Columbia University School of Mines, will be the guest of honor.



and get out of the mud permanently. Cement driveways last; they look trim and neat and are easy to keep clean.

The ALPHA information on cement driveways, which the local ALPHA dealer will gladly give you, shows a variety of designs for your selection. These helpful suggestions cost you nothing.

Alpha Portland Cement Company
EASTON, PA.
140 S. Dearborn St., CHICAGO.
New York Boston Philadelphia Pittsburgh
Baltimore St. Louis Battle Creek, Mich.
Ironton, Ohio.
Plants at: Cementon, N. Y., Jamesville, N. Y., Alpha, N. J., Martins Creek, Pa., Manheim, W. Va., St. Louis, Mo., La Salle, Ill., Ironton, Ohio, Bellevue, Mich.

use Alpha Cement

When the consumer unwraps your package

When you pay money for advertising space, all you buy is a chance to tell a great many people what you sell and why it is to their interest to buy it.

If you send out goods in packages, such a chance is yours for nothing—for you can use space that costs you nothing.

A printed slip or folder enclosed with the goods will go directly to the men and women who open your packages. It can suggest that they buy those goods in larger units or buy other goods which are part of your line.

This enclosure should be prepared with as much care and thought as your most important magazine or newspaper advertisements.

In your advertisements you know the value of good typography and clear, attractive printing. In package enclosures Better Printing on Better Papers is equally worth while.

A package enclosure telling an interesting story to a selected group of people at a ridiculously low cost to you is only one of several printed items which can help your business grow.

better paper ∞ better printing

In telling your customers and prospects what you want them to know about your goods, you may use house organs, broadsides, envelope enclosures, illustrated letters, folders or booklets. How should these items be prepared? S. D. Warren Company is publishing a series of instructive books which you may obtain free as they are issued from the distributors of Warren's Standard Printing Papers.

S. D. WARREN COMPANY · BOSTON, MASS.

WARREN'S
STANDARD PRINTING PAPERS

Warren's Standard Printing Papers are Distributed by

HENRY LINDENMEYR & SONS - *Telephone: Spring 9600*
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THE ALLING & CORY CO. - *Telephone: FitzRoy 2117*
313-321 WEST 37th STREET, NEW YORK

Final LOW Prices

now governing all of our

Hart Schaffner & Marx Winter Overcoats and Suits

Suits that were originally $55 and $50..... $42.00

Overcoats that were originally $65 and $60..... $47.50

Overcoats originally up to $85; Suits originally up to $75..... $59.50

World's Finest Overcoats originally $110, $100 and $90..... $67.50

$35
Big Clearance Savings

Many choice Winter Overcoats, and Spring and Fall Weight Suits are now grouped at this wonderfully low clearaway price—$35.

Wallach Bros.

Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th

246-248 West 125th
3d Ave., cor. 122d

"Yes Sir, this is the Speed Shave"

3 *things*
in a shave, you've never had before

First—a super-velvet shave, going over the face *one time*. No scraping.

Second—a quick shave. 78 seconds from lather to towel.

Third—a 78 seconds velvet shave *every day*.

A Face Saver
—the world's fastest shave

78 seconds from lather to towel. And the skin smooth as a baby's. A new delight for men

78 seconds from lather to towel! It takes a super-keen blade to do it. That's the whole story.

We've processed a barber's edge—the keenest cutting edge known—on a safety razor blade.

A new era

It took us years to perfect it. The result is the greatest shaving delight men have ever known.

No scraping. No after-smart. No shaving lotions needed to protect the face. Once over the face—that is all.

Thus you reduce shaving time one-half. And save your face, for dull-edged blades ruin the skin.

This new blade changes the whole shaving situation. Already millions of men are enjoying it. We invite you to try it.

Constant keenness

We recommend your using our famous strop for the same reason a barber strops his razor. It keeps up the keenness. It works as a part of each razor.

It's there if you care to use it, or if you choose, you can just insert new blades as you feel the need.

Self-stropping is a patented feature of the Valet AutoStrop. It helps to give you the world's fastest shave every day.

Our proposition:

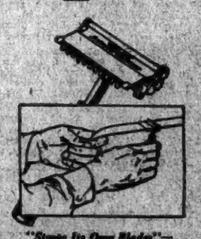
Pick up a Valet AutoStrop Razor at your dealer's today. You can obtain for $1.00 a Valet AutoStrop Razor set, which consists of a highly polished nickel-plated razor, leather strop and three blades, in a metal case, velvet lined.

Gold and silver plated fitted sets—ideal for gifts—are priced up to $25.

Whichever one you choose will do the work—it will give you the world's fastest shave.

Make the test. It will amaze you.

$1.00 Complete



"Strops Its Own Blades"—Shaves, clears, strops and renews the blade

Valet Auto-Strop Razor
REG. U. S. PAT. OFF.

Sharpens its own blades—quick, economical 78 seconds from lather to towel